# Volume 18

TRANSCRIPT Boston, Mass.

# Religion Today

God Over a Governor on Beacon Hill

N the eve of the inauguration of James M. Curley as Governor of Massachusetts, a woman of the Oxford Group arose in a meeting of teammates in Cambridge and asked that a prayer be offered for the incoming administration and for the person of the Chief Executive-elect. The leader of the team, which was called together to plan a public meeting in Newton Center for next Wednesday night, and not for any religiopolitical purpose, asked the lady herseli if she would make the prayer, which she did. In less than two hundred words she prayed as simply and directly as one expects such petitions to be in this worldwide movement.

Religion on her lips was something deep and large as well as perso 'l.

These people do not pray at a fixed place in a given order of worship, as the churches do. There is a need, of course. that in an institution there should be appointed times for performing all the accepted devotional ministries of religion. One cannot find fault with order and regular recurrence.

But a movement is different. As the Spirit prompts one, one speaks, under guidance, as they all say who are caught up in this awakening, just as they still do in a Quaker meeting and as they once did in the class meeting that gave much of the power that remains in the Metho dist Episcopal Church.

Now the prayer for Mr. Curley was as real as the ceremony on the following day was real. What must have impressed the attentive and thoughful hearer was that this lady was doing what few of the churches did last Sunday. Certainly the writer in his conduct of regular worship never thought of it; he heard no comment among ministers that they had concerned themselves in prayer before their congregations about the well-being of the Commonwealth the next two years under the leadership of one who is able, sensitive, and powerful with his eloquent suasion over the masses. And it is no secret that there are doubters of Mr. Curley, They range from severity of criticism of his sircerity of purpose to mild cynicism about any good that he declares he will do for the people, especially the tens of thousands who live without work and go lower and lower in the scale of morale for their dependence upon spiritually devastating relief.

It is not so in the Oxford Group. Doubts never enter the circle of their radiant faith. They believe. How they believe! In Mr. Curley's case there was -and is-a test of the group's Christian quality. He is a Roman Catholic, and on that account, in the ordinary Protestant attitude, of no religious concern to the non-Catholic. His church will look out for him in its own ancient fashion.

#### Essence of Religion Here

Indeed, there remains to this day such a lack of understanding of the Catholic Church's care of the single person, it is not uncommon for people to disregard its incomparable individual ministry altogether. Take, for instance, the confessional. This is one of the most personal, prophylactic and therapeutic agencies in the Catholic communion. It is sound in principle, as no intelligent Protestant will

Certainly the Oxford Groupers have taken up the idea with zeal and potency in their practice called sharing. With them prayer is a way of reaching the individual that leads to their own kind of confession. It is not, however, a relation operative between a penitent to an absolving and authoritative institution speaking through a priest. Sharing is a mutual exchange of spiritual experience, including clearly recognized sins and other shortcomings. The spirit of equality. of brotherhood, characterizes the two participants who make no pretension to any special authority over each other but merely believe they are guided by God to speak out their innermost souls together for the good it will do them both. In other words, sharing is the common means by which the person who has surrendered himself to the will and way of God reaches others and delves the depths of his own life.

With continual prayer and increasing sensitiveness to the things that bar the person's progress to spiritual release and power, these Christians of the Oxford Group are seeking the same personal objective that the Catholic Church has preserved through the centuries. When the fervent prayer was spoken the other night, there was not an intimation of lack what has become the central power of Curley was spoken in this spirit.

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Albert C. Dieffenbach 

in the forthcoming Governor. The negalive or critical attitude was not in the utterance at all. The solemnity of the office of Executive of a great State was impressed by simple words upon the heart of the hearer, and the Almighty was besought to give Mr. Curley an understanding of his spiritual responsi-

There was not only a carrying quality in the prayer; it had continuance in it. People will remember it, and repeat it in the subsequent days of the administration. God over James M. Curley on Beacon Hill! That is what these people were saying in their quiet and firm response, 'Amen!"

Religion in its essence was in this brief incident. There was first the focussed mind and heart of a hundred people as one upon a person. Prayer was not for a multitude nor an event; it was not for situation of pomp and circumstance celebrated in the abstract sonorousness that one finds in majestic liturgles. Prayer that night was for an individual chosen by the will of a majority of the people to perform a vast public service. This was the elemental truth.

Here was recognition that everything in religion and everything in life comes down and goes up to a person. Governor Curley is the object of prayer.

In an extraordinary degree during the coming two years what this one man does will be observed by the spiritually minded, for they know whatever he decides in his own mind as an individual will be done for weal or woe throughout the Commonwealth. They understand that there is not much sense in praying for a legislature or a political party or a State; indeed, the church itself, including all its various denominations, is not to be prayed for unless it is distinctly explicated that the church is just so many persons imbued in greater or less degree with the spirit of the Founder and Builder. After all is said, what is the church? It is Christ. It is a person. To be like him is the prayer and ideal of each sincere Christian.

#### Not New, Only Forgotten

How many people think that way? Are there not those who still believe that a mystical and distinct something subsists in an organization of any kind, that there is a character in it separate and different from the persons who compose it? It is true there is a spirit in one kind of organization that differs from the spirit of another kind of organization, but it is the person who brings the spirit to each organization after its kind. The spirit does not hover disembodied above the place of meeting nor brood in the quiet of the members' absence, according to the reasoned judgment of intelligent people.

Today in religion these simple but obscured truths are coming to life again. The Oxford Group Movement is responsible in a high degree for the reawakening minds of tens of thousands of admirable and earnest people all over the planet. Religion-which in its practical meaning is just the summation of anyone's life-is personal. But that does not mean it is something unsocial or antisocial. As sin has been defined as that which separates a person from other persons and from God, so religion, or the spirit of holiness, is that which unites a person with other persons and with God. The very soul of religion is unity with brethren. The fellowship is infinite, a complete society. Even the monk in his cell by the pious imagination of his prayerful life is one with his Creator and his kindred, for though he does not mingle in the flesh with the world he believes it is not necessary that he do so because being in the spirit he is in harmony with the universe around him and all the people in it. It ought to be clear that what is written here is not to extol a crusade as though it were the carrier of something new in the spiritual The Oxford Group has not a single idea that has been absent from Christianity since its beginning. Any person of religious background would find that which he had been taught from his childhood, only he had probably forgotten it for a long while. These people have made alive a dormant reality, and

they find their chief joy in re-creating

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their beings the central power in other individuals.

In going about their mission they are being increasingly invited by understanding ministers into churches where people congregate, not with the expectation of doing anything really lasting by the mass method of speaking to many hearers but with the hope that single persons listening to the message may present themselves or, otherwise be reached for the intimate and final and necessary change of the individual life to something more nearly like the image of God as they conceive the Supreme Spirit of Love.

It happens that in this country and in a more marked degree in Europe, Roman Catholics are interested in the Oxford Group Movement, as they may be consistently with their vows as Catholics, because the Movement is not an organization at all, but merely so many individuals who speak not about doctrine or authority in any churchly way but about the spiritual fundamentals that any priest is ready to discuss with his Protestant or Jewish neighbor.

Such a community of religious interest is bound to make one not less but more devoted to one's own faith and tel cwship, for never a word is uttered of argument about inevitable differences in religious institutions. That would be a fatal blunder, in all ways; it would make of the Movement just another addition to the many varieties of religious body; it would cut itself off as a sect with no reason for being.

6000 Awakening Is Due in 1935

But this Group power does mean to bring new life into the world. One observer gives his witness at the beginning of 1935 that within the year there will be much progress toward a religious awakening such as the country has not known in a generation. All the conditions are at hand. The fields are white. In an informal canvass of the several denominations of the country, one finds Discontent, feeling of stalemate. with a new purpose, is abroad. Impatience to move is a state of mind noticeable particularly among the ministers. Certainly the people who have been trying to shoulder the burdens of life these five years and more are coming to be-lieve that nothing is ever settled until it is settled spiritually. To think otherwise is to think materialistically. All methods except those of religion are imperfect and transient. A reading of the leading church papers gives little assurance that the churches' massed assault of words and resolutions upon the corporate evils in the world, which they have been issuing for a generation, have greatly changed the moral character of men taken one by one, and who would say that in the aggregate, whether as industrial corporations, educational institutions, political govern all the rest, there has been satisfactory advance?

There must be a revival of religion in each one. The emphasis of this necessity in conversations with many ministers and active laymen has met uniformly with agreement. Here is the Oxford Movement through its workers going after individuals to change them from sloth to diligence, and keeping their eyes upon men in high places, such as the new Governor himself, and being ready to speak to him directly about his religious obligations in his office.

It is an auspicious day for Mr. Curley. The people recognize his talents, and they greatly desire that the best in his character manifest itself. And it is a day of promise in the churches. The coming meetings this year in some of them are placing at the heart of their programs a consideration of the religion of the individual. That idea is to be commended to every public gathering of all the churches, Catholic, Jewish and Protestant, throughout the present year. They will not blunder if they put this first thing first; neither will they fall into the abysmal error of losing sight of the world-changing function of the in-dividual's religion. They will make the spiritual revolution come first into his single life, where it must be, in order that at once and with power it may accomplish the spiritual revolution of the world and all the things that come naturally after personal righteousness. Reaching out to every one of life's salients, this truly changed man, woman, youth, child, must change everything. morning there will be a new heaven and a new earth, wherein dwelleth righteousness. This is the divine event toward which each one moves with all the others. The prayer for Governor TRANSCRIPT Boston, Mass.

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By E. B. Sargent

Proceedings designed to remove Eugene C. Hultman, former police commissioner of Boston, and now chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission, were instituted today by Governor James M. Curley. The status of Police Commissioner Joseph J. Leonard, who succeeded Hultman as police commissioner, may also be questioned in connection with the action. Governor Curley before his election had repeatedly declared that he would discharge Hultman from the public service.

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The governor sent a letter to Attorney General Joseph E. Warner requesting him to bring full "quo warranto" proceedings in the Supreme Court in an effort to bring about Hultman's removal from his present office, to which he was appointed in the last-minute scramble by former Governor Joseph B. Ely and the executive council to fill all vacant State offices before the new administration came into power.

"On Dec. 27, 1934," Governor Curley's letter said, "Eugene C. Hultman was appointed chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission' and shortly thereafter undertook to qualify by taking the oath of office. Mr. Hultman, prior to and at the time of such appointment, was police commissioner of the city of Boston, which office he did not resign until after his appointment as chairman of the Metropolitan District Commissioner.

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JAN 5 1935

#### **Boston Could Be** Noiseless, Hotel Leaders Are Told

Question Now One of Enforcement, Says Dr. Henry A. Christian

OSSIBLY the public does not real-ize that there is sufficient law on the statute books to make Boston a noiseless city. The real question at of enforcement. This was the is that of enforcement. This was the word which Dr. Henry A. Christian gave to the City of Boston Hotel Association at its Parker House meeting this week, in an address in which he praised the hotel men for taking up the crusade with the determination to see it through to a successful conclusion. successful conclusion.

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"You don't have to explain the meaning of noise to a dweller in a large city," Dr. Christian said. "But perhaps it is not generally known that Boston is terribly noisy, exceeded only by Chicago and equalled only by two or three other cities. If you listened to the noise demonstration over the radio recently you would have noted that while Chicago registered more noise than the other cities, Boston's noise sounded the worst."

Dr. Christian then explained the éfects of noise on the nervous system, particularly when sleep is broken. From the medical point of view, he said, it has been demonstrated that the person who works in noisy surroundings is not seefficient as the person working in comparative quiet. Some of the largest firms, investigating the subject, found that by reducing noise the work of their typista increased ten or fifteen per cent. But it is also of great interest to realize that the fellow who actually sleeps throughnoise suffers from a faster pulse and higher blood pressure.

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It was in 1931 that Mayor Curley appointed a committee to study the classituation. This committee, with Dr. Christian, chairman, made recommendations but the mayor did not feel like sponsoring an appropriation to provide for a commissioner on salary. The movement was left in the hands of the health department and there is at present a bureau there to act as a clearing house for all complaints. When Mayor Mansfield took office the advisory commission lapsed, and it was only recently that the mayor named his own committee, comprising Dr. Christian as chairman Miss Mary A. Barr, Joseph A. Tomasselo, Elizabeth M. Herlihy, Robert J. Watt and Thomas J. Donnellon.

"Just what the advisory committee will accomplish I don't know," said Dr. Christian. "We haven't any authority and I don't know that we need any. If we accomplish anything it will be by arousing public sentiment. There are two plans in mind. The first is to secure legislation or ordinances for city or State to forbid the using of auto horns from 10 P M. to 7 A. M. In London such a regulation has not only reduced noise but the number of accidents. In Finland the anti-horn rule is in effect day and night. The second plan is to secure an interpretation of the laws that now exist. We have pretty good anti-noise laws. If the registrar of motor vehicles will rule against the blowing of automobile horns at night, except in an emergency, no other legislation would be needed. Then all we would have to do would be to get the new police commissioner to put the rule into effect."

William P. Lyle, chairman of the anti-noise committee of the City of Boston Hotel Association, spoke of publicity as the greatest aid in the campaign, saying that "if we can inform the public that it can appeal to a bureau with its complaints, the campaign is bound to go ahead. Already, scores of communications

them."
The hotel men discussed a new phase of the fee system applying to Sunday entertainments in hotels, Judge Louis L. Green, the association's counsel, reading the law, in existence since 1909, that licenses for Sunday entertainments shall need the supplier of the sunday entertainments shall need the supplier of the supplier of the sunday entertainments shall need the supplier of the supplier Green, the association's counsel, reading the law, in existence since 1909, that licenses for Sunday entertainments shall be on such terms as the mayor shall prescribe. In addition to the two dollar fee imposed by the State commissioner of public safety, the city has just imposed a three dollar fee for supplying music in the hotel dining room on Sunday. Judge Green said that nobody had discovered until now that the extra fee could be imposed and expressed the opinion that posed and expressed the opinion that next year it might be higher. It was voted that a committee, comprising Glenwood J. Sherrard, Bradbury F. Cushing and Judge Green be appointed to confer with the mayor.

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The association voted \$50 as its contribution to the New England Council and Mr. Sherrard reported on the recent conference which Mayor Mansfield had with leading business interests of the city on the subject of a sales tax. It was voted that the annual meeting would be held at the Hotel Touraine Jan. 21.

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#### Controlling Our Railroads

It was more than appropriate that Governor Curley should say something about the New England railroads in his inaugural address. The railroad problem in much its present form has been with us ever since the war. It is still unsolved. A New England governor with the interests of New England at heart is not likely to ignore the future of the railroads, and the present plight of many who directly and indirectly are the own ers of railway securities. But Mr. Cy ley did not set forth his ideas on subject with his customary clarity. instance, there is confusion in his reference to "trunk line service" in one place and "consolidation" in another, and his statement concerning the "retention of control that would safeguard the interests of New England" calls for amplification as to ways and means.

To begin with, "trunk line service" is capable of more than one meaning. Massachusetts has trunk-line service by the New York Central system as lessee of the Boston & Albany railroad. Such relationships, however, would not seem to be what the governor proposes, for in his next sentence it is with reference to "consolidation" that he speaks of safeguarding New England interests by retention of control. The idea of New England control after consolidation is accomplished is on a par with the idea of the tail wagging the dog. But. in action preceding consolidation, the New England States might obtain agreement to conditions that would go far to safeguard their interests. Presumably this is what is in the gubernatorial mind.

It may be assumed that Governor Curley will further set forth his attitude on the railroad question, but it is plain that, under proper terms, he favors making the New England roads integral parts of the steel networks that the great systems have thrown over the land. He is aligned with those who have all along maintained that, with railway consolidation elsewhere to the extent contemplated, the logic of the situation made it poor policy to consider New England as a region-or a province-set apart. Mr. Curley took this attitude as mayor. He reaffirms it as governor.

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Dr. Christian then explained the effects of noise on the nervous system, particularly when sleep is broken. From the medical point of view, he said, it has been demonstrated that the person who works in noisy surroundings is not so efficient as the person working in comparative quiet. Some of the largest firms, investigating the subject, found that by reducing noise the work of their typists increased ten or fifteen per cent. But it is also of great interest to realize that the fellow who actually sleeps through noise suffers from a faster pulse and higher blood pressure.

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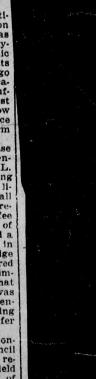
TRANSCRIPT Boston, Mass. JAN 5

# Curley Won't Fire Racing Commissio

Says He Will Support Members as Long as They Conduct **Affairs Properly** 

Questioned as to what action would taken on the petition for the removal of the members of the State Racing Commission, which filed yesterday by Con-rad W. Crooker, Governor Curley indicated that the commissioners would have his support as long as they performed their duties properly,

"There is no middle course to take," "The people have the governor said. voted and as long as the commission conducts its affairs as they should be conducted they should be permitted to go ahead."



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**Boston Could Be** Naisoloss Hatel

certain offices created by the Crown the early days of the Massachusetts Ba Colony and the officials who took sucpositions did so not for salary, but for the honor, as they did in enlisting for military service. The case of Commissioner Hultman, the governor declared, "is clearly a violation of the old Crown proviso under which our law was established." He further said that a precedent for the present proceedings had been established in Rhode Island, where a removal of an official was ordered on similar grounds.

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"Just what the advisory committee will accomplish I don't know," said Dr. Christian. "We haven't any authority and I don't know that we need any. If we accomplish anything it will be by arousing public sentiment. There are two plans in mind. The first is to secure legislation or ordinances for city or State to forbid the using of auto horns from

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William P. Lyle, chairman of the anti-noise committee of the City of Boston Hotel Association, spoke of publicity as the greatest aid in the campaign, saying that "if we can inform the public that it can appeal to a bureau with its complaints, the campaign is bound to go ahead. Already, scores of communications have been received from noise sufferers, indicating that public interest has been aroused. People don't know what they can do to abate the nuisance and, therefore, it is up to us to inform them."

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with the mayor.

The association voted \$50 as its contribution to the New England Council and Mr. Sherrard reported on the recent conference which Mayor Mansfield had with leading business interests of the city on the subject of a sales tax. It was voted that the annual meeting would be held at the Hotel Touraine Jan. 21.

Press Clipping 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> TRANSCRIPT Boston, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### **Controlling Our Railroads**

It was more than appropriate that Governor Curley should say something about the New England railroads in his inaugural address. The railroad problem in much its present form has been with us ever since the war. It is still unsolved. A New England governor with the interests of New England at heart is not likely to ignore the future of the railroads, and the present plight of many who directly and indirectly are the own ers of railway securities. But Mr. Ci ley did not set forth his ideas on subject with his customary clarity. instance, there is confusion in his reference to "trunk line service" in one place and "consolidation" in another, and his statement concerning the "retention of control that would safeguard the interests of New England" calls for amplification as to ways and means.

To begin with, "trunk line service" is capable of more than one meaning. Massachusetts has trunk-line service by the New York Central system as lessee of the Boston & Albany railroad Such relationships, however, would not seem to be what the governor proposes, for in his next sentence it is with reference to "consolidation" that he speaks of safeguarding New England interests by retention of control. The idea of New England control after consolidation is accomplished is on a par with the idea

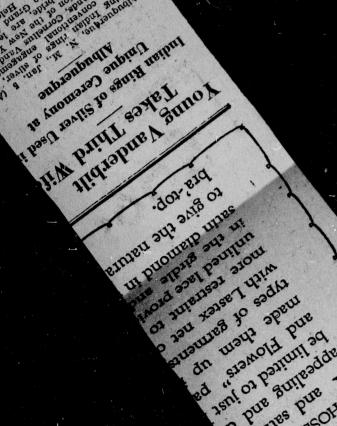
> TRANSCRIPT Boston, Mass.

## Curley Won't Fire Racing Commiss

Says He Will Support M bers as Long as They Cond Affairs Properly

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Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

TRANSCRIPT eston, Mass.

me Removal of Hultman

Continued from Page One

politan District Commission and I re-

politan District Commission and I request you to do so."

The letter was addressed to Attorney General Warner because the newly elected attorney general, Paul A. Dever, does not assume office until Jan. 16.

Besides citing the law which he held was applicable to the case the governor said that Mr. Hultman was clearly occupying two offices at the same time and that since the earliest days of Massachusetts officials were not permitted to do any other work until the end of their term and were forbidden from entering another position until the expiration of their term in the preceding one.

The governor asserted that there were

2 Park Square BOSTON

> TRANSCRIPT Boston, Mass.

**Boston Could Be** Noiseless Hotel

JAN 5 1935

pertain offices created by the Crown the early days of the Massachusetts Ba Colony and the officials who took such positions did so not for salary, but for the honor, as they did in enlisting for military service. The case of Commissioner Hultman, the governor declared, "is clearly a violation of the old Crown proviso under which our law was established." He further said that a precedent for the present proceedings had been established in Rhode Island, where a removal of an official was ordered on similar grounds.

hotel men for taking up the crusade wit the determination to see it through to

successful conclusion.

"You don't have to explain the meaning of noise to a dweller in a large city."

Dr. Christian said. "But perhaps it Dr. Christian said. "But perhaps it not generally known that Boston is not generally known that Boston is to ribly noisy, exceeded only by Chicago al equalled only by two or three other cities. If you listened to the noise demonstration over the radio recently you wou have noted that while Chicago register more noise than the other cities, B ton's noise sounded the worst."

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HERALD Boston, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

# **CURLEY LOSES** HIS FIRST TILTS WITH COUNCIL

Goodwin Appointment and Suspension of Rules Are Refused

## SHEEHAN FOR JUDGE; SULLIVAN ON FIN COM

By W. E. MULLINS

Gov. Curley yesterday elevated Special Justice Joseph A. Sheehan of Boston to the superior court bench and nominated E. Mark Sullivan of Boston to the vacancy on the Boston finance commission created by the resignation of Judge Sheehan from that body. The Governor at the same time lost his first two skirmishes with the executive coun-

The two nominations were submitted to the councillors at a special meeting called by the Governor. Under the statutes seven days must elapse between nomination and confirmation of an appointment to the judiciary, but on the Sullivan nomination the councillors rejected Mr. Curley's request for a suspension of rules to provide for immediate confirmation.

Sullivan, corporation counsel of Bos ton during Mr. Curley's second administration as mayor, will be made chairman of the finance commission in place of Judge Jacob J. Kaplan, if and when he is confirmed by the council. Confirmation is expected to be voted at Wednesday's regular weekly council ssion. Sullivan was Mr. Ourley's se

(Continued on Page Four) cepted the advice of the councillors as final and an indication that they will not permit him in the future to reward Goodwin with a state position of any description. This probably means that Goodwin cannot be made insurance commissioner. Mr. Curley made no comment on the situation.

In the past Goodwin has directed occasional bitter attacks at Councillor Coakley, particularly during the course of the 1932 election campaign, when he supported the late Lt.-Gov. Youngman's candidacy for the governorship. This accounts for Coakley's objections.

BOLTED G. O. P. Sullivan was formerly a Republican and probably continues to claim enrolment in the G. C. P., but he became a voluntary outcast from the party last October when he publicly bolted Mr. Bacon's candidacy and announced himself as a supporter of Mr. Curley. In 1932, as an unsuccessful candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor, he was a militant supporter of Mr. Bacon's candidacy for Lieutenant-Governor.

Although Sullivan always has been a bitter political foe of Alfred E. Smith, Councillor Coakley, one of the former New York Governor's staunch supporters, indicated last night that he would make no attempt to interfere with Gov. Curley's appointments to the public ser-vice because of this political differ-

The five Republicans voted against the Governor's suggestions for a suspension of rules to permit immediate confirmation of Sullivan's nomination. The nomination to suspend was offered by Councillor Coakley and supported by his three party associates

his three party associates.

Judge Sheehan's nomination can not be considered by the council before Friday and the chances are it will not come up for confirmation until the regular meeting on Jan. 16 to avoid the heressity of calling another special meeting. He has been a special justice of the supplicition of the property of the supplicition of the supplicition of the special court for more than of the municipal court for more than 20 years and a member of the finance commission for more than 10 years. Former Gov. Foss appointed him to the judiciary and former Gov. Cox put him

on the finance commission.

Judge Sheehan will fill the vacancy on the superior court bench caused by the death Sunday of Judge Elias B. Bishop of Newton.

SUITABLE QUARTERS

In discussing the current administrative set-up in the executive department at the council meeting, Gov. Curley agreed to give the councillors the services of a stenographer and to provide Lt.-Gov. Hurley with a state chauffeur. He also agreed to provide the councillors with suitable quarters where they may assemble for caucuses. In return the councillors agreed to approve funds for the services of additional clerks for the executive departional clerks for the executive departs tional clerks for the executive depart-

The Governor submitted the nomina-

The Governor submitted the nominations of the members of his official family whose appointments he previously announced. Miss Marie J. O'Leary of Melrose, a stenographer, and Mrs. Mabel H. Hayes of Cambridge, telephone operator, are the only holdovers to be retained from the former clerical staff.

Mr. Curley's aides will be: William L. Reed of Brockline, secretary to the executive council; Richard D. Grant of Boston, secretary to the Governor; Mrs. C. Rowland of Arlington and William A. Bodfish of Boston, assistant secretaries to the Governor; Karl V. Schriever of North Attleboro, stenographer; Frank T. Pedonti of Boston, executive messengers. executive messengers.

These nominations will be confirmed at Wednesday's council session.

In spite of their different party allegiances in the past, Gov. Curley and





Left to right—James J. Brennan of Somerville, Lt.-Gov. Hurley, Frank A. Broks of Watertown, and William G. Henenessey of Lynn, at the first meeting of the new council yesterday.

Sullivan always have maintained friendly relations. The finance commission shake-up was not unexpected. In his campaign for the governorship Mr. Curley promised to abolish the commission but temporarily he apparently proposes to reorganize it as far as possible.

TO DEMOTE KAPLAN

The Sullivan appointment, however, cannot interfere to any great extent with the current investigation being conducted by the commission into some of the financial aspects of the city of Boston in recent years, because the

Boston in recent years, because the four associate members now serving are committed to finish their probe.

When the Sullivan nomination is confirmed, Gov. Curley will have the authority to designate him at once as chairman, a procedure that will automatically demote Judge Kaplan to associate membership. The precedent for this was established last April by former Gov. Ely when he demoted Goodwin. It was confirmed by the supreme court on an appeal by Goodwin.

The four associate members to serve under Sullivan are Joseph Joyce Donahue, Charles M. Storey, Alexander Wheeler and Judge Kaplan, all of whom twee appointed by former Gov. Ely. The chairman is the only salaried member. Prior to the meeting of the council, a delegation of members of the Massachusetts Law Society, headed by former Councilor James H. Brennan of Charleston asked Gov. Curley to aspoint

Councilor James H. Brennan of Charlestown and Judge William G. Rowe of Brockton, asked Gov. Curley to appoint Judge Thomas H. Dowd of the municipal court to the superior court.

The Governor expressed admiration for Judge Dowd's capacity as a jurist but explained that he already had decided to give the appointment to Judge Sheehar.

NATIVE OF BOSTON

Judge Sheehan Has Served City for Many Years

Judge Joseph A. Sheehan, recipient of Gov. Curley's first appointment to the superior court bench, is a soft-spoken white-haired native of Boston who has served his city for many years both as a public official and a private citizen in charitable and welfare organizations

citizen in charitable and welfare organizations.

He was born in Boston 60 years ago, graduated from English high school, and took his degree from the Boston University law school in 1897. He was admitted to the bar the same year. He later received a degree of master of arts from Boston University.

His law practice was begun in association with Francis Burke and John V. Beal, and about 15 years ago he left the firm and engaged in practice alone. Most of his cases in court have been in the civil sessions.

His entrance to politics was in 1904, when he was elected to the old 24-member Boston school board, the only elective office he has ever held. He served on the final 24-man board, which was succeeded by the smaller school committee in 1905.

Former Gov. Foss appointed him a special justice of the municipal court in 1913, a position he has held since that time. He has served for more than 10 years as an unpaid member of the Boston finance commission. A Demo-

that time. He has served for more than 10 years as an unpaid member of the Boston finance commission. A Democrat, he was first appointed to the commission by former Gov. Cox, a Republican, and was successively reappointed by former Govs. Fuller and Ely.

Active in the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters, he is its corporation counsel. He has been president of the Cathedral branch of the St. Vincent de Paul Society, a charitable organization, for many years. He is a member of the Charitable Irish Society, the Boston Catholic Union and the Boston Bar Association. He is a director of the Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and of the Massachusetts Humane Educational Society.

He was married in 1924 to Mrs. Stella He was married in 1924 to Mrs. Stella G. Lombard, with Cardinal O'Connell performing the ceremony. They live at 3 Cortes street. Judge Sheehan's sister, Miss Mary A. Sheehan, makes her home with them with them.

with them.

Quiet and retiring, Judge Sheenan
said last night that he had "no hobbies
in particular." He declared, "I like to
read when I can, particularly histories
and biographies. I don't care much
for novels, they don't make much impression on me."

He played the violin once, but "gave

pression on me."

He played the violin once, but "gave it up about 15 years ago and I probably couldn't play a note now." The judge said he played baseball when he was a boy, but "I've only seen one professional baseball game in my life."

"I liked it," he said, "but I don't find much time to get to see such things." He plays no golf.

PROMINENT REPUBLICAN Sullivan Was Former Corporation Counsel in Boston

E. Mark Sullivan, appointed yesterday to the Boston finance commission, was born at Ipswich 56 years ago and was graduated with honors from Boston College in 1901. After attending the Harvard law school two years, he was admitted to the Essex county bar and later to practice before the United States courts.

States courts.

In 1909 he was married to Catherine M. Sullivan of Newton Upper Falls. They have four children and reside at 25 William Jackson avenue, Brighton.

From the beginning of his career sullivan piayed a prominent part in Republican campaigns. Appointed assistant United States district attorney under Asa P. French, he stayed in that service until he tendered his resignation in 1913 to engage in private practice.

Two years later he was discussed for the Republican nomination as Lieuten-ant-Governor. On Oct. 25, 1918, he was elected exalted ruler of Boston lodge

In 1922 Mayor Curley appointed him In 1922 Mayor Curiey appointed han corporation counsel of Boston, with an annual salary of \$9000, in which office he carried on the fight of the city of Boston against the telephone company in an attempt to obtain lower rates for

On Dec. 1, 1925, he tendered his res nation as corporation counsel with the explanation that he wished to resume his private practice. Mayor Curley de-

## State House Briefs By FRED M. KNIGHT

Dist.-Atty. William J. Foley has the distinction of being the first to take Dist.-Atty. William J. Foley has all distriction of being the first to take the oath of office from the new Governor. The formality was performed without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State House for this unannounced appointment with Foley after a late afternoon lunch. Keeping his overcoat on, the Governor stepped into the council chamber, administered the oath, signed the book, and immediately departed for the day.

lations yesterday on his 38th birth-

Axel E. Zetterman of Ashland, president of the Massachusetts Selectmen's Association, caused no little comment among his friends in the State House when he appeared yesterday to preside at a meeting of his organization wearing long pants instead of his customary knickers.

of Lawrence.

Permission to hunt on Armistice

day, now prohibited in Massachusetts, was asked in a petition for legislation filed by the council of Sports-

Representatives Thomas Dorgan and

Establishment of a state lottery com-mission with power to conduct lotteries for the purpose of raising money for the benefit of state funds, is sought in a bill filed with the clerk of the House

the benefit of state funds, is sought a bill filed with the clerk of the Ho on the petition of Fred G. Bushold.

men's Clubs of Massachusetts.

The Suffolk county prosecutor was accompanied by his son, William, Jr. Councillors Joseph B. Gressman and Frank A. Brooks, who happened to be in the chamber at the time, witnessed the formality of the district-attoricy succeeding himself.

Conrad W. Crooker, Boston attorney, acting on behalf of William H. Gardener of Medford, petitioned Gov. Curley and the executive council for the removal of the state racing commissioners and for another public hearing. William L. Reed, executive secretary to the excutive council; Miss Mark J. O'Leary of Melrose, stenographer, and Mrs. Mabe. H. Hayes of Cambridge, telephone operator, will be the only employes in the executive department relationship over by the new administration. Gov. Curley arrived at his office at 10:55 A. M., for his first full day's work,

The Governor will hold a press con-ference at noon each day. Mr. Reed has been at the State House for 32 years. Mrs. Hayes, who is now serving under her seventh governor, has held the same position since 1916. Miss O'Leary joined the staff in 1929, serving during the ad-ministrations of former Govs. Allen When Senator James G. Moran, the presiding officer, called the Senate to order at 11 o'clock, only a dozen Senators were present. Others came later, but Senator Moran, after making a few remarks, which included an expression of hope that the Senate "would be able to work in peace and harmony in the future," called a recess until Monday at 2 P. M., exactly as was expected.

The salaries for the new members of Gov. Curley's staff of secretaries and office assistants will not be fixed by the executive council until the appointments come up for confirmation next week. State Senator Roy L. Fernald of Winterport, Me., visited the Senate chamber and was introduced to the legislators present.

Gov. Curley was so busy with the first meeting of the council and the routine of getting settled in his new office that he was unable to see a number of persons who called yesterday.

Adj.-Gen. William T. Rose received a telegram of thanks from T. A. Schmidt of the American Air Lines for the assistance which the 26th division aviation squadron gave in helping to locate and bring relief to the plane recently lost in the Adirondacks.

recently lost in the Adirondacks.

William F. Callahan, public works commissioner, said yesterday that no final action has been taken toward obtaining \$100,000 for theft-proof automobile registration with the clerk of the Senate on behalf of W. Edwin Ulmer of Boston, seeks legislation to allow the commonwealth to acquire the Boston Elevated by eminent domain.

The 10,000 theft-proof plates now in circulation will be given a sufficient trial to determine their worth before officials of the public works department take further steps. The department spent approximately \$40,000 supplying these new plates.

Arthur T. O'learning the substitution of the death penalty. This is provided in a petition of the Massachusetts Council for the Abolition of the Death Penalty, submitted yesterday.

Representative Samuel Cohen of Boston introduced a measure of the public works department take further steps. The department spent approximately \$40,000 supplying these new plates.

Representative Samuel Cohen of Boston introduced a measure which would repeal a section of the milk control act permitting the state milk control board to regulate and fix wholesale and retail prices of milk in Massachusetts. Arthur T. O'Leary, state trooper who has been named bodyguard for Gov. Curley, has been in the state service for two years. He came to the State House, following his appointment yesterday, from troop D at West Bridgewater, where he had been assigned to Legalized bowling Sundays between 2 and 11 P. M. in cities and towns that accept such a law, is sought in a bill filed by Representative Thomas J. Lane the radio and teletype division.

The Governor's new bodyguard is 24 years old. Before joining the state police, he was employed as a newspaper man for seven years, starting as an office boy in 1926 and becoming a reporter in 1930. His home is at 104 Church street, Winchester. John F. Aspell of Dorchester filed so bill providing for the retirement of policemen and firemen in cities and towns of Massachusetts after 25 years of services.

Senator William F. Madden of Roxbury, one of the leaders in the Senate filibuster, was receiving congratu-

clined to accept the resignation, except on the condition that he accept a contract to serve as special counsel of the city.

Under the terms of the contract, was to receive \$15.000.

Robert J. Watt, legislative agent of the State Federation of Labor, yesterday endorsed the major recommendations by Gov. Curley in his inaugural address. Watt said the federation will support the labor provisions.

Under the terms of the contract, was to receive \$15,000 annually, w

Under the terms of the contract, was to receive \$15,000 annually, wan initial payment of \$5000 as a retaining fee. The expenses for assistar and traveling costs were to come from a sum of \$10,000 set aside by the council to carry on the fight against telephone company.

Two weeks later the finance commision undertook an investigation of the contract signed by Mayor Curley in employing Sullivan as special counsel. No report on the investigation was issued, although in September of the following year the commission held up the payment of a fee of \$5000 to him with the explanation that before paying the bill the members wanted more information on the work he had done.

Soon after he took office as mayor, in January, 1926, Malcolm E. Nichols declared the city's contract with Sullivan was void and removed him from office.

Mr. Curley denounced the action as

declared the city's contract with Sainvan was void and removed him from office.

Mr. Curley denounced the action as "an outrageous surrender to the telephone company, calculated to deprive the people of the services of the best informed man to defend them."

In October, 1928, Sullivan attacked the Boston speech of Alfred E. Smith, then candidate for President, as "offering nothing helping to solve the question of obtaining adequate control of public service corporations."

July 7, 1932, Sullivan announced he was a candidate for the Republican nomination as Governor. He said: "There is no leadership in the Republican party in Massachusetts and the state committee is in a deplorable condition. Somebody will have to weld all the elements together."

He announced he favored repeal of prohibition, old age pensions and a pay-

prohibition, old age pensions and a pay-as-you-go policy in government.

In November of the same year he urged support of Bacon as Lieutenant-

Governor. Last October he issued a supporting Curley as candidate for Governor, lauding Curley's support of the Roosevelt administration.







E. MARK SULLIVAN Nominated by Gov. Curley to membership on the Boston



JUDGE JOSEPH A. SHEEHAN from the finance committee, was to the superior court bench.

TOWN WITH ST. ST. ST. ST. WOY Day A stagent and treeted by who was a stage to the court of the court DID I I do tall to Satinava and mo-When you entered the house, did your HILL I WOLLD BY THE TRANSPORT TO STREET DATE OF THE Conficence and the first peckees any from the first between the fi confirm cruses to Confirm

first correct in the law with the correct of the law with the correct of the law with the correct of the law with the law

Goodwin or Suspend Rules

(Continued from First Page)

choice for the \$5000 post on the finance commission. The Governor's original intention was to restore Frank A. Goodwin to this job from which he was ousted last April by former Gov. Ely, but he found the councillors lined up 5 to 4 against Goodwin, with no amount of persuasion sufficient to break down their unalterable opposition to him.

Although party lines were followed in the official vote against suspension of the rules to permit confirmation of the Sullivan nomination, Councillor Frank A. Brooks of Watertown a Republican, was willing to accept Goodwin as finance commission chairman. This appointment was blocked, however, by the refusal of Councillor Daniel H. Coakley of Boston to vote for Goodwin. Gov. Curley discovered the hostility to the proposed Goodwin appointment by taking an unofficial poll of the councillors. When he found the opposition too strong to be overcome, he substituted Sullivan. He discussed the Goodwin Proposal with the councillors individually in his private office.

He found Lt.-Gov. Joseph L. Hurley and Councillors Brooks, William G. Hennessey of Lynn and James J. Brennan of Somerville ready to acquiesce with his plans, but that Councillors Coakley, J. Arthur Baker of Pittsfield, Winfield A. Schuster of East Douglas, Edmond Cote of Fall River and Joseph B. Grossman of Quincy would vote against Goodwin's confirmation, if the nomination should be submitted to them.

The Governor made no protest two suggestions. Apparently, be accepted to the supparently be against the refusal to accede to his first two suggestions.

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BOLTED G. O. P.

Sullivan was formerly a Republican and probably continues to claim enroland probably continues to claim enrol-ment in the G. O. P., but he became a voluntary outcast from the party last October when he publicly bolted Mr. Bacon's candidacy and announced him-self as a supporter of Mr. Curley. In 1932, as an unsuccessful candidate for the Republican nomination for Gover-nor, he was a militant supporter of Mr. Bacon's candidacy for Lieutenant-Gov-ernor.

ernor.

Although Sullivan always has been a bitter political foe of Alfred E. Smith, Councillor Coakley, one of the former New York Governor's staunch supporters, indicated last night that he would make no attempt to interfere with Gov. Curley's appointments to the public service because of this political difference.

Friday and the chances are it will not come up for confirmation until the regular meeting on Jan. 16 to avoid the incressity of calling another special meeting. He has been a special justice of the municipal court for more than 20 years and a member of the finance commission for more than 10 years. Former Gov. Foss appointed him to the judiciary and former Gov. Cox put him on the finance commission.

Judge Sheehan will fill the vacancy on the superior court bench caused by the death Sunday of Judge Elias B. Bishop of Newton.

SUITABLE QUARTERS

SUITABLE QUARTERS

In discussing the current administrative set-up in the executive department at the council meeting. Gov. Curley agreed to give the councillors the services of a stenographer and to provide Lt.-Gov. Hurley with a state chauffeur. He also agreed to provide the councillors with suitable quarters where they may assemble for caucuses. In return the councillors agreed to approve funds for the services of additional clerks for the executive department.

The Governor submitted the nominations of the members of his official family whose appointments he previously announced. Miss Marie J. O'Leary ly announced. Miss Marie J. O'Leary of Melrose, a stenographer, and Mrs. Mabel H. Hayes of Cambridge, telephone operator, are the only holdovers to be retained from the former clerical staff. Mr. Curley's aides will be: William L. Reed of Brookline, secretary to the executive council; Richard D. Grant of Boston, secretary to the Governor; executive council; Richard D. Grant of Boston, secretary to the Governor; Artin, C. Rowland of Arlington and William A. Bodfish of Boston, assistant secretaries to the Governor; Karl V. Schriever of North Attleboro, stenographer; Frank T. Pedonti of Boston and Robert W. Gallagher of Newton, executive messangers.

at Wednesday's council session.

In spite of their different party allegiances in the past, Gov. Curley and

executive messengers. These nominations will be confirmed



Sullivan always have maintained friend-Sullivan always have maintained friend-ly relations. The finance commission shake-up was not unexpected. In his campaign for the governorship Mr. Curley promised to abolish the com-mission but temporarily he apparently proposes to reorganize it as far as pos-sible.

TO DEMOTE KAPLAN

The Sullivan appointment, however, cannot interfere to any great extent with the current investigation being conducted by the commission into some of the financial aspects of the city of Boston in recent years, because the

Boston in recent years, because the four associate members now serving are committed to finish their probe.

When the Sullivan nomination is confirmed, Gov. Curley will have the authority to designate him at once as chairman, a procedure that will automatically demote Judge Kaplan to associate membership. The precedent for this was established last April by former Gov. Ely when he demoted Goodwin. It was confirmed by the supreme court on an appeal by Goodwin.

The four associate members to serve under Sullivan are Joseph Joyce Donahue, Charles M. Storey, Alexander Wheeler and Judge Kaplan, all of whom were appointed by former Gov. Ely. The chairman is the only salaried member. Prior to the meeting of the council, a delegation of members of the Massachusetts Law Society, headed by former Councilor James H. Brennan of Charlestown and Judge William G. Rowe of Brockton, asked Gov. Curley to appoint Judge Thomas H. Dowd of the municipal court to the superior court.

The Governor expressed admiration for Judge Dowd's capacity as a jurist but explained that he already had decided to give the appointment to Judge Sheehan.

The five Republicans voted against the Governor's suggestions for a suspension of rules to permit immediate confirmation of Sullivan's nomination. The nomination to suspend was offered by Councillor Coakley and supported by his three party associates.

Judge Sheehan's nomination can not be considered by the council before Friday and the chances are it will not come up for confirmation until the regular meeting on Jan. 16 to avoid the necessity of calling another special meeting.

Judge Sheehan Has Served City for Many Years Schmidt of the American Air Lines for Many Years

Judge Joseph A. Sheehan, recipient to Gov. Curley's first appointment to Gov. Curley's first appointment to of Gov. Curley's first appointment to of Boston by North Air Council before supperior court bench, is a soft-spoken white-haired native of Boston by North Air Council before the superior court bench, is a soft-spoken white-haired native of Boston white Adirondacks.

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ganizations.

He was born in Boston 60 years ago, graduated from English high school, and took his degree from the Boston University law school in 1897. He was admitted to the bar the same year. He later received a degree of master of arts from Boston University.

His law practice was begun in association with Francis Burke and John V. Beal, and about 15 years ago he left the firm and engaged in practice alone. Most of his cases in court have been in the civil sessions.

His entrance to politics was in 1904,

Most of his cases in court have been in the civil sessions.

His entrance to politics was in 1904, when he was elected to the old 24-member Boston school board, the only elective office he has ever held. He served on the final 24-man board, which was succeeded by the smaller school committee in 1905.

Former Gov. Foss appointed him a special justice of the municipal court in 1913, a position he has held since that time. He has served for more than 10 years as an unpaid member of the Boston finance commission. A Democrat, he was first appointed to the commission by former Gov. Cox, a Republican, and was successively reappointed by former Govs. Fuller and Ely.

Active in the Massachusetts Catholic Order of Foresters, he is its corporation counsel. He has been president of the Cathedral branch of the St. Vincent de Paul Society, a charitable organization, for many years. He is a member of the Charitable Irish Society, the Boston Catholic Union and the Boston Bar Association. He is a director of the Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and of the Massachusetts Humane Educational Society.

He was married in 1924 to Mrs. Stella

He was married in 1924 to Mrs. Stella G. Lombard, with Cardinal O'Connell performing the ceremony. They live at 3 Cortes street. Judge Sheehan's sister, Miss Mary A. Sheehan, makes her home with them.

Miss Mary A. Sneenan, makes her holds with them.

Quiet and retiring, Judge Sheehan said last night that he had "no hobbies in particular." He declared, "I like to read when I can, particularly histories and biographies. I don't care much for novels, they don't make much impression on me."

for novels, they don't make much impression on me."

He played the violin once, but "gave it up about 15 years ago and I probably couldn't play a note now." The judge said he played baseball when he was a boy, but "I've only seen one professional baseball game in my life."

"I liked it," he said, "but I don't find much time to get to see such things." He plays no golf. office.

PROMINENT REPUBLICAN Sullivan Was Former Corporation Counsel in Boston

E. Mark Sullivan, appointed yesterday to the Boston finance commission, was born at Ipswich 56 years ago and was graduated with honors from Boston College in 1901. After attending the Harvard law school two years, he was admitted to the Essex county bar and later to practice before the United States counts.

In 1909 he was married to Catherine M. Sullivan of Newton Upper Falls. They have four children and reside at M. Suilivan of the control of the control of the career Sullivan played a prominent part in Republican campaigns. Appointed assistant United States district attorney under Asa P. French, he stayed in that service until he tendered his resignation in 1913 to engage in private practice.

tice.

Two years later he was discussed for the Republican nomination as Lieutenant-Governor. On Oct. 25, 1918, he was elected exalted ruler of Boston lodge

of Elks.

In 1922 Mayor Curley appointed him corporation counsel of Boston, with an annual salary of \$9000, in which office he carried on the fight of the city of Boston against the telephone company in an attempt to obtain lower rates for service.

On Dec. 1, 1925, he tendered his resignation as corporation counsel with the explanation that he wished to resume his private practice. Mayor Curley de-

State House Briefs By FRED M. KNIGHT

lations yesterday on his 38th birth-

Gov. Curley arrived at his office at 10:55 A. M., for his first full day's work,

Representatives Thomas Dorgan and John F. Aspell of Dorchester filed a bill providing for the retirement of po-licemen and firemen in cities and towns of Massachusetts after 25 years of ser-

Dist.-Atty. William J. Foley has the distinction of being the first to take Dist.-Atty. William J. Foley has the distinction of being the first to take the oath of office from the new Governor. The formality was performed without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State Without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State without any pomp at 4:45 P. M. yesterday. Gov. Curley returned to the State with lunch. Keeping his overcoat off, and the book, and immediately departed for ber, administered the oath, signed the book, and immediately departed for

The Suffolk county prosecutor was accompanied by his son, William, Jr. Councillors Joseph B. Gressman and Frank A. Brooks, who happened to be in the chamber at the time, winessed the formality of the district-attoriey succeeding himself. the day.

Conrad W. Crooker, Boston attorney, acting on behalf of William H. Gardener of Medford, petitioned Gov. Curley and the executive council for the removal of the state racing commissioners and for another public hearing. William L. Reed, executive secretary to the excutive council; Miss Marle J. O'Leary of Melrose, stenographer, and Mrs. Mabel H. Hayes of Cambridge, telephone operator, will be the only employes in the executive department held over by the new administration.

The Governor will hold a press con-ference at noon each day. when Senator James G. Moran, the presiding officer, called the Senate to order at 11 o'clock, only a dozen Senator in 1929, serving during the administrations of former Govs. Allen and Ely.

The salaries for the new members of Gov. Curley's staff of secretaries and office assistants will not be fixed by the executive council until the appointments come up for confirmation next week.

Gov. Curley was so have with the senator James G. Moran, the presiding officer, called the Senate to order at 11 o'clock, only a dozen Senators were present. Others came later, but Senator Moran, after making a few remarks, which included an expression of hope that the Senate "would be able to work in peace and harmony in the future," called a recess until Monday at 2 P. M., exactly as was expected.

State Senator Roy L. Farnell.

State Senator Roy L. Fernald of Winterport, Me., visited the Senate chamber and was introduced to the legislators present. Gov. Curley was so busy with the first of getting of the council and the routine of getting settled in his new office that he was unable to see a number of per-sons who called yesterday.

Axel E. Zetterman of Ashland, president of the Massachusetts Selectmen's Association, caused no little comment among his friends in the State House when he appeared yesterday to preside at a meeting of his organization wearing long pants instead of his customary knickers. William F. Callahan, public works commissioner, said yesterday that no final action has been taken toward obtaining \$100,000 for theft-proof automobile registration plates for 1936, despite reports to the contrary.

The 10,000 theft-proof circulation of the plane wearing long pants wearing long pants wearing long pants.

A petition, filed with the clerk of the Senate on behalf of W. Edwin Ulmer of Boston, seeks legislation to allow the commonwealth to acquire the Boston Elevated by eminent domain.

Another effort will be made to abolish imprisonment by substitution imprisonment.

The 10,000 theft-proof plates now in circulation will be given a sufficient trial to determine their worth before officials of the public works department take further steps. The department spent approximately \$\frac{40}{3},000\$ supplying these new plates.

This is provided in a petition of the Massachusetts Council for the Abolition of the Death Penalty, submitted yes—trial to the public works department spent approximately \$\frac{40}{3},000\$ supplying these repeal a section of the milk control act

Representative Samuel Cohen of Boston introduced a measure which would repeal a section of the milk control act permitting the state milk control board to regulate and fix wholesale and retail prices of milk in Massachusetts. Arthur T. O'Leary, state trooper who has been named bodyguard for Gov. Curley, has been in the state service for two years. He came to the State House, following his appointment yesterday, from troop D at West Bridgewater, where he had been assigned to the radio and teletype division. Legalized bowling Sundays between 2 and 1 P. M. in cities and towns that accept such a law, is sought in a bill filed by Representative Thomas J. Lane

Permission to hunt on Armistice day, now prohibited in Massachusetts, was asked in a petition for legislation filed by the council of Sportsmen's Clubs of Massachusetts. The Governor's new bodyguard is 24 years old. Before joining the state police, he was employed as a newspaper man for seven years, starting as an office boy in 1926 and becoming a reporter in 1930. His home is at 104 Church street, Winchester.

Senator William F. Madden of Rox-bury, one of the leaders in the Sen-ate filibuster, was receiving congratu-

clined to accept the resignation, except on the condition that he accept a contract to serve as special counsel of the city.

Under the terms of the contract, was to receive as a special countract, and the contract, and the contract is contract.

city.

Under the terms of the contract, was to receive \$15,000 annually, wan initial payment of \$5000 as a retaining fee. The expenses for assistant and traveling costs were to come from a sum of \$10,000 set aside by the council to carry on the fight against the contract signed by Mayor Curley in employing Sullivan as special counsel. No report on the investigation was issued, although in September of the following year the commission held up the payment of a fee of \$5000 to him with the explanation that before paying the bill the members wanted more information on the work he had done.

Soon after he took office as mayor, in January, 1926, Malcolm E. Nichols declared the city's contract with Sullivan was void and removed him from office.

Mr. Curley denounced the action as Establishment of a state lottery commission with power to conduct lotteries for the purpose of raising money for the benefit of state funds, is sought in a bill filed with the clerk of the House on the petition of Fred G. Bushold.

Mr. Curley denounced the action as

office.

Mr. Curley denounced the action as "an outrageous surrender to the telephone company, calculated to deprive the people of the services of the best informed man to defend them."

In October, 1928, Sullivan attacked the Boston speech of Alfred E. Smith, then candidate for President, as "offering nothing helping to solve the question of obtaining adequate control of public service corporations."

July 7, 1932, Sullivan announced he was a candidate for the Republican nomination as Governor. He said: "There is no leadership in the Republican party in Massachusetts and the state committee is in a deplorable condition. Somebody will have to weld all the elements together."

He announced he favored repeal of prohibition, old age pensions and a payas-you-go policy in government.

In November of the same year he urged support of Bacon as Lieutenant-Governor.

Last October he issued a statement supporting Curley as candidate for Governor, lauding Curley's support of the Roosevelt administration.

NOMINATED BY CURLEY TO IMPORTANT POSTS



E. MARK SULLIVAN inated by Gov. Curley to membership on the Boston



JUDGE JOSEPH A. SHEEHAN Who resigned from the finance committee, was appointed to the superior court bench

#### HERALD Boston, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

# **CURLEY LOSES** HIS FIRST TILTS WITH COUNCIL

Goodwin Appointment and Suspension of Rules Are Refused

#### SHEEHAN FOR JUDGE: SULLIVAN ON FIN COM

By W. E. MULLINS

Gov. Curley yesterday elevated Special Justice Joseph A. Sheehan of Boston to the superior court bench and nominated E. Mark Sullivan of Boston to the vacancy on the Boston finance commission created by the resignation of Judge Sheehan from that body. The Governor at the same time lost his first two skirmishes with the executive coun-

The two nominations were submitted to the councillors at a special meeting called by the Governor. Under the statutes seven days must elapse between nomination and confirmation of an appointment to the judiciary, but on the Sullivan nomination the councillors rejected Mr. Curley's request for a suspension of rules to provide for immediate confirmation.

Sullivan, corporation counsel of Boston during Mr. Curley's second administration as mayor, will be made chairman of the finance commission in place of Judge Jacob J. Kaplan, if and when he is confirmed by the council. Con-firmation is expected to be voted at Wednesday's regular weekly council

Sullivan was Mr. Ourley's second

(Continued on Page Four)

(Continued on Page Four)

and Suggestions. Apparently he accepted the advice of the councillors as final and an indication that they will not permit him in the future to reward Goodwin with a state position of any description. This probably means that Goodwin cannot be made insurance commissioner. Mr. Curley made no comment on the situation.

In the past Goodwin has directed occasional bitter attacks at Councillor Coakley, particularly during the course of the 1932 election campaign, when he supported the late Lt.-Gov. Youngman's candidacy for the governors-in. This accounts for Coakley's objections.

#### NEW MEMBERS OF THE GOVERN



eft to right—James J. Brennan of Somerville, Lt.-Gov. Hurley, Frank A. Bi nessey of Lynn, at the first meeting of the new cor

Sullivan always have maintained friend-Sullivan always have maintained friend-ly relations. The finance commission hake-up was not unexpected. In his ampaign for the governorship Mr. Juriey promised to abolish the com-nission but temporarily he apparently proposes to reorganize it as far as pos-

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The Suffolk county prosecutor was a companied by his son, William, Councillors Joseph B. Gressman a Frank A. Brooks, who happened to in the chamber at the time, witness the formality of the district-attorn succeeding himself.

William L. Reed, executive secreta to the excutive council; Miss Marie O'Leary of Melrose, stenographer, a Mrs. Mabel H. Hayes of Cambrid telephone operator, will be the only e ployes in the executive department h over by the new administration.

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> HERALD Boston, Mass.

1935 JAN 5

# MAY

# RELIEF FUNDS **SOUGHT FOR 355** CITIES, TOWNS

Club Deputes Mansfield to Lay Situation Before Curley

5-YEAR SALES TAX OF 2 PER CENT. URGED

President Begged Not to End ERA Until Alternate Plan Is Ready

A demand that the state should borrow \$25,000,000 at once for distribution to the 355 cities and towns for welfare relief in 1935 was made by the Mayors Club of Massachusetts without a single dissenting vote yesterday.

Mayor Mansfield of Boston was designated head of a committee instructed to wait on Gov. Curley this week to carry to him personally the request to give every community in the state this immediate financial assistance.

Interpreting President Roosevelt's speech of Friday as an indication that the ERA might be abolished, the mayors, on motion of Mayor Mansfield, sent a telegram to the President begging him not to end that type of relief until he take completed plans for an ade quate substitute.

The \$25,000,000, which represents two-thirds of the increase in welfare and soldiers' relief expenditures by the 355 citles and towns from 1928 to 1934, would be borrowed on long-term notes and would be paid back by the state through revenue from a state-wide release tax of 2 per cent. for five years, worker the plan adopted unanimously under the plan adopted unanimously

by the mayors.

Additional revenue would be obtained through an additional tax imposed on 1934 and 1935 taxable incomes, of 3 per cent. on interest and dividends, of

(Continued on Page Twenty-two)

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> HERALD Boston, Mass.

JAN 5

## Courageous Woman

Rewarded by Curley

Gov. Curley related an amusing story vesterday.

Shortly after he became a candidate for Governor he received a silver half-dollar dated 1835 and the person who gave it requested that it be given to the person who, after his inauguration—when the half-dollar was 100 years old—first asked him for a handout.

No one made such a request yesterday, but at the inaugural ball he was sitting with Mrs. Raymond Fales, wife of the acting commander of the 1st corns cadete and she confided in him that she had just finished coding "Anthony Adverse."

The Governor said he immediately decided that she should have the halfdollar and gave it to her for her "courage and persistency" in reading the 1400-page book which he admitted he had himself read.

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> > TRANSCRIPT Boston, Mass.

1935 JAN 5

## **Curley Acts to Save** Portrait of Adams

Govrnor Curley took steps today to safeguard a valuable oil painting of Samuel Adams, fourth governor of the Commonwealth, which hangs in the executive office at the State House. Governor Curley said that three years ago he had pointed out to his predecessor that the painting was in danger of being destroyed by the heat from a wall radiator over which it is directly suspended. The heat caused the paint to crack and peai. The governor today directed superintendent of buildings Fred H. Kimbail to in a hood over the radiator and the other oil paintings in the executive chamber be given a retouching.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

> **GLOBE** Boston, Mass.

JAN 5

# BODYGUARD TO GOV CURLEY PROMOTED

Trooper Arthur T. O'Leary Made Sergeant

Trooper Arthur T. O'Leary of the State police, who was appointed body-guard to Gov James M. Curley, to-day was promoted to the rank of sergeant by Paul G. Kirk, commissioner of public safety.

Charles Mannion, chauffeur to the Governor, was appointed to the grade of special officer sergeant in the State police.

Sergt O'Leary has been a member of the State police force two year He was formerly a member of Boston Globe staff. His home in the state of the staff of the staf

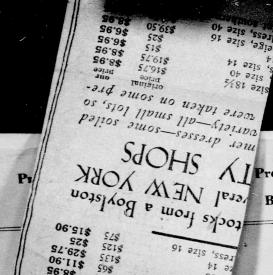
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> GLOBE Boston, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

#### WOMEN'S ITALIAN CLUB I PLANS PRESIDENTS' DAY

The Women's Italian Club, Mrs Felix Forte, pres, will hold Presidents' Day at the Hotel Somerset Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Mrs Charles McSweeney, chairman of the music committee, has prepared a pleasing program, which includes the E. R. A. chorus of 100 voices under the direction of Frederick Lamb. Frank Zecchino, boy violinist, will render selections accompanied by Mrs Gladys Ondricek, The guests of honor will be Miss Mary Curley, Mrs Frederick Mansfield, Mrs Armao, wife of the Italian consul general; Mrs Robert J. Culbert, president of the Boston City Federation; Miss Mary D. Clare, sixth district director, and Miss Clara Forte, president of the Junior League of the Women's Italian Club. Mrs Joseph A. Tomasello of Jamaica Plain heads the reception committee and Mrs Ralph Cangiano is chairman of the hospitality committee. of the music committee, has prepared



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HERALD

Boston, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

'ssalp ladost alio Contageous Woman

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nunicipalities whose ability to bear

The commonwealth has done belittle to aid the municipalities to bear the tremendous welfare load cast upon them. New sources of revenue are necessary to forestall virtual bankruptcy in many communities.

Massachusetts welfare costs have been mounting at a rapid rate. Public welfare and soldiers' relief exic welfare and soldiers' relief ex-penditures by the cities and towns of the commonwealth amounted in 1928 to about \$8,000,000. The best 1928 to about \$8,000,000. The best available data indicate that in 1934 these expenditures were approximately \$48,000,000, or nearly six times the expenditures of 1928.

The result of this situation is that tax rates have risen materially in

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

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the commonwealth. Approxitely 107 cities and towns had a tax e in 1934 of between \$30 and \$34: a tax rate of between \$35 and \$39: and 30 a tax rate of \$40 or over.

Although there have been indications of improvement in business conditions during the past year, there is

ditions during the past year, there is reason to believe that the welfare load in 1935 will not be substantially less than in 1934 and that the load will continue to be heavy for a number of years to be the past years. ber of years to come. While many persons now on relief may obtain employment, there is likely to be added to relief rolls many who cannot find employment and whose meagre sav-ings will have been exhausted. National recovery will probably be slow

and gradual.

Your committee believes that addi-

tional sources of revenue must be made available to the cities and towns of the commonwealth not only for the current year but for at least an ap-preciable period of time It is very doubtful, as a practical matter, that the Legislature will enact a law making available new sources of revenue prior to late in March of this year or that such new taxation as might be imposed will be operative prior to April of this year. It is therefore improbable that revenue from any law which will afford substantial revenue relief can be estimated in time to enable it to be taken into account in fixing the rate for 1935.

In view of this, your committee recommends that the Legislature be requested to raise by borrowing and to grant to the cities and towns of the state a sum equal to two-thirds of the increase in the amount expended by them for welfare and soldiers' relief in 1934 over the amount so expended by them ir. 1928. While this will leave a substantial part of the increased burden with the local communities, it will nevertheless afford them real assistance.

Such a grant, however, would merely afford assistance in 1935, and, if new sources of revenue are not furnished, the payments which must be made by the commonwealth on account of its borrowings will be assessed upon the cities and towns and must then also be met from property

After careful consideration of possible new sources of revenue, your committee is of the opinion that, in view of the constitutional limitation in this commonwealth upon graduated in this commonwealth upon graduated income taxes, an increase in the state income tax alone will not furnish additional revenue sufficient to meet present needs. Your committe is further of the opinion that the only substantial and feasible source of new revenue adequate to meet the requirements of municipalities, is a retail sales tax. Your committee accordingly recommends that a retail sales tax be enacted for a period of five years at a rate of 2 per cent. and that the revenue derived therefrom be distributed to the cities and towns of the commonwealth to be used for the purpose of taking care of welfare needs and debt created to meet welfare expenditures. Some form of sales tax is now in force in approximately one-half of the states of the union.

We believe that if these recommendations are adopted the position of the municipalities of the commonwealth will be vastly improved and that the burden of real estate taxation can be appreciably lightened.

Mayor John J. Irwin of Medford, who said he feared that in some cities the taxpayers might never realize the benefit of such relief from the state, brought about an amendment to the committee's recommendations which specified that none of the cities and

towns should use the money except for Mayor Frederick L. MacDonald

Waltham and Mayor James E. Hagan of Somerville urged the other executives to arouse their communities to the necessity for a sales tax and thereby have ther united support when the bill call-ing for such legislation came under

\$6.8\$ 54.65\$ ess, size 16 e crepe sleeveless 54.61\$ some previous to our purchase. - many for Southern wear - stall small lots, be early.

Welfare Relief Funds Sought to Aid 355 Cities And Towns

(Continued from First Page)

three-quarters of one per cent, on annuities and taxable earned income, and of one and one-half per cent, on gains from sales of securities.

The Mayors Club, which met in special session at the Parker House, went on record as unanimously in favor of a 2 per cent, sales tax throughout the state, with exemptions which would include food, gasoline and alcohol.

Estimating it would take the best part of the year to put through sales tax legislation, the mayors decided to demand the immediate assistance for 1935 through the proposed \$25,000,000 borrowing by the state. The money would be an outright gift to the municipalities by the state and would be distributed in the same proportion as the income tax.

If a sales tax were inaugurated late this year or early in 1936, the state would have little difficulty repaying the \$25,000,000 loan in the mayors' opinion. It was estimated by the mayors that a state-wide 2 per cent. sales tax without exemptions would produce \$20,000,000 a year in additional revenue, but with planned exemptions of food, gasoline and alcohol from the sales tax, an annual revenue of \$12,000,000 would be received. Gasoline and alcohol already are taxed.

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Establishment of a sales tax, the
borrowing by the state of \$25,000,000
and an additional income tax all were
and an additional property by a comand an additional income tax all were recommended to the mayors by a committee which they appointed to study such possibilities for immediate relief and additional revenue several weeks ago. Mayor Mansfield, Mayor Andrew A. Casassa of Revere and Mayor Robert E. Greenwood of Fitchburg headed the committee.

the committee's recommendations, which were adopted in entirety and without opposition by the mayors, about 30 of whom were present at yesterday's session, were:

A study of the financial condition of the cities and towns of the commonwealth leads us to the conclutant unless additional revenue is nished by the commonwealth Machusetts municipalities will be able to continue to shoulder heavy financial burden imposs current relief needs except at the of impending financial collapse.

From the beginning of the depression the cities and towns of the commonwealth have willingly and generously provided the necessities of life to all persons who have been unable to make provision for themselves. Except to the extent, however, that the work relief program of the federal relief administration has overwhelming burden of carine. fare expenditures, the continuing and overwhelming burden of caring to the needy and unemployed is now being borne almost exclusively by the real estate taxpayers of the various

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JAN 5 1935

# GOV CURLEY BUSY ON FIRST DAY IN OFFICE



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# CHARGES HULTMAN IN POST ILLEGALLY

# Gov Curley in Move to Oust Former Police Commissioner

Striking at the action of Ex-Gov Ely and last year's Council in appointing Eugene C. Hultman as chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission and Joseph J. Leonard to succeed him as Police Commissioner, Gov Curley today sent a letter to Atty Gen Joseph E. Warner asking for an opinion as to the legal status of the two. The Governor gravely questions the proceeding of Dec 27 when Mr Hultman resigned as Police Commissioner to become chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission and Mr Leonard quit the chairmanship of the Finance Commission a day later to accept the police commissionership. police commissionership.

In the Governor's opinion it hinges largely on Mr Haultman's term. He was appointed for five years and had he not resigned he would have served

as Police Commissioner until May 1 of this year. Could he legally accept another State position before he had finished his full term as Police had finished his full term as Police Commissioner and before his successor was actually appointed? That's what the Governor wants the Attorney General to tell him.

If Gov Curley finds he has contended soundly in this matter the removal

of Mr Hultman would follow. would happen to Mr Leonard remains to be seen.

#### Governor's Letter

Gov Curley's letter to Atty Gen Warner follows:

"On Dec 27, 1934, Eugene C. Hult-

Curley

Continued on Page 2

mannest duty in accordance with the provisions of Section 12. of Chapter 249, of the General Laws, to proceed in the Supreme Judicial Court by way of an information in the nature of quo warranto to determine Mr Hultman's right to hold the office of chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission, and I request you to do so."

do so."

The Governor said that since the earliest days of Massachusetts officials were not permitted to do any other work until the end of their term of office and were forbidden from entering into one position until the completion of their term to the preceding one.

"The removal is based upon these grounds," he said.

He added that it has been customary for officials given positions in the State service to have as their object not the receiving of a salary, but the honor which would be derived in filling the position properly.

#### **GOV CURLEY TO BACK** RACING COMMISSION

The members of the newly-created State Racing Commission will have the support of Gov Curley as long as they conduct their affairs properly. This was the statement made by the Governor today when asked what action would be taken on the petition of Conrad W. Crooker and others, filed with the Governor recently, asking for the removal of the membership.

the Governor said. "The people have voted. As long as the commission conducts its affairs as they should be conducted they should be permitted to go ahead."

Eight Below Zero in Acton

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# **DEMOCRATS PLAN BATTLE MONDAY**

Will Try to Elect Own Senate President

## Failing That, They Expect to Back Moran

Gov Curley does not propose to interfere in the election of a president of the Massachusetts Senate. After he had been interviewed at noon yesterday by a group of Senate Democrats, headed by James C. Scanlan of Somerville, the Governor said to the reporters, "I informed

Scanlan of Somerville, the Governor said to the reporters, "I informed them I did not believe it my duty to interfere in the affairs of the Legislative branch. I believe they can work out their own salvation."

Senator Scanlan was accompanied by Senators William F. Madden of Roxbury, William S. Conroy of Fall River, James P. Meehan of Lawrence, Thomas M. Burke of Dorchester and Joseph A, Langone Jr of Boston. Boston.

Senator Scanlan said the Democrats would attempt next Monday to elect a Democratic president.

a Democratic president.

"And if you can't, what then?" he was asked.

"We will try for the next best thing," the Senator replied.

Asked if that meant Senator James G. Moran of Mansfield, the Republican member who has been presiding over the Senate since it convened last Wednesday, Senator Scanlan said, "That seems to be the consensus of opinion among the Democratic members."

The Senate, which has been dead-locked over choosing a president, came in for a few moments yesterday. Senator Angier L. Goodwin, Rep. of Melrose, doubted the presence of a quorum. Senator Moran announced there was no quorum and declared a recess until Monday afternoon at 2.

The protest of the Democratic mem.

The protest of the Democratic mem-The protest of the Democratic members has been based on the refusal of Senator Erland F. Fish of Brookline, president in 1933 and 1934 and the choice of the present Republican members, to promise an equal distribution of committee chairmanships between the two parties.

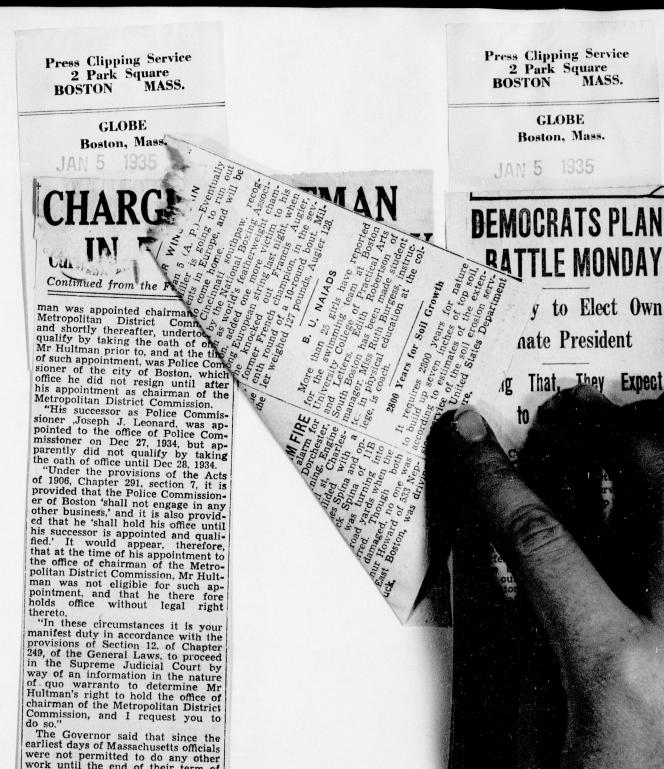
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He set forth his plan to have regular broadcasts from the State House every Tuesday evening at 6:15 to discuss major recommendations of his inaugural address. In these talks the people will be urged to discuss with their Senators and Representatives the Governor's proposals and the measures before the General Court.

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"It was the intention of Mr Bodfish," the Governor said, "that I bestow the coin on the first person who 'touched' me after my inauguration. When, however, Mrs Fales told me she had finished reading the book I thought she was entitled to the coin."

When Gov Curley looked at the chair in his private office, he noted it was not the one used by Gov Ely. The Governor was informed his predecessor had taken away the other when he retired from office, whereupon Curley said he would have a new chair "of the type in keeping with the office."

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William J. Foley of Suffolk County.
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of Winchester was named yesterday
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member of the Boston Globe editorial staff, Mr O'Leary succeeds Sergt Desmond Fitzgerald, who was body-guard during the Allen and Ely administrations.

He is a son of Mr and Mrs Arthur H. O'Leary, 104 Church st, Winches-ter. He has been in the State Police Patrol two years, stationed recently at the West Bridgewater barracks.

#### FEDERATION SUPPORTS CURLEY LABOR PROGRAM

Robert J. Watt, Legislative agent, State Federation of Labor issued a statement yesterday which said:

"The major recommendations contained in the inaugural address of Gov Curley should meet with the vigorous approval of the average citizen. The organized wage earner citizen. The organized wage earner greets with enthusiasm his proposals for legislation on the misuse of injunctions, a State recovery act, school leaving age, and workmen's compensation as well as other recommendations which would protect

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#### **Editorial Points**

Apparently what Mr Roosevelt has done is to move way over to the right, taking the left and middle with him.

"Three cheers for the best Governor we ever had!" shouted an enthusiast at Gov Curley's inaugural reception. What did he mean "had"? We only just got him.

Somehow in this matter of choosing a new football coach it does not seem to be the Harvard men, but everybody else, who is afflicted with Harvard indifference.

Gov Ely has opened new law offices on Federal st, close to the business heart of the city.

Congressmen Russell and Casey of Massachusetts have been unable to find places to live in Washington, but they got themselves into the predicament for running for their jobs in the first place.

The shortest biography put into the Congressional Directory is that of Senator . . . "Joseph F. Guffey, Democrat, Pittsburg, Penn, unmarried." Unmarried, but elected.

Only 10 men who were in Congress when George Holden Tinkham was first elected 20 years ago still are there, and not many of those are big game hunters.

A temperature of 76 below zero, recorded at Great Bear Lake, Edmonton, Can, on New Year's Day sets a record for low temperatures up there. Certainly a record that should stand for some time if there is any luck.

"Morgan and Company assets increase \$30,029,513" . . . headline. Three cheers for the New Deal!

The betting is probably even that the Provincetown fisherman who was washed off the deck of his boat by one wave and washed on again by the next, losing his false teeth meanwhile, will keep his mouth closed the next time he goes overboard.

A ship's cabin wants carbon dioxide tanks carried on ships with which to put out fires. But it might easily put the firemen out, too, wouldn't it?

Reports of a meteor seen flashing its pale green radiance over Cape Cod Thursday night calls attention to the unusual number of meteors seen recently, especially in this part of the world. What's up, anyway?

Gov Curley has given the Legis-lature prenty to do and now all he lature does it, so his work is before him.

Abyssinia has appealed to the League of Nations, under Article XI. against the aggressions of Italy threat to peace and that puts the League on the spot again.

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JAN 5 1935



GOVERNOR CURLEY GOES TO SCHOOL: The Rooseveltian idea of calling in experts and taking lessons has been adopted in toto by the new Massachusetts Governor. From all over the country some of them have come to put in a little private tutoring on the intricacies of modern economics.

Well, for instance, though his name has never been mentioned before, and is probably unknown in these parts, there is the distinguished and exhaustive, and very professional Samuel S. Wyer, consulting engineer of Columbus, O.

Wyer, consulting engineer of Columbus, O.

Mr. Wyer is a technical gentleman whose stuff is bereft of the usual "social justice" phraseology and crammed full with the facts on what to do about it. Mr. Wyer has charts and diagrams and graphs to clarify his meanings. He's not radical, rather he's simply factual and informative.

The picture we got is that Teacher Wyer pulled his diagrams down from a wall hook in a Ritz-Carlton suite here, like so many window shades, and went deep and clearly into his lesson for the edification of the new Governor. He even used a long pointer.

But of course, the new Governor is no school boy and sometimes the teacher gets as good a lesson as he gives.

SCANDAL: The Izzy Zarakovs (you remember the football hero) went and got themselves as blue-blooded an Irish setter as the most carefully studied pedigrees among dog fanciers afforded. What a setter!

Every whim that Irish setter ever had that was good for it was indulged. And it had some rather whimsical caprices. You know bluebloods! Well, time came for it to bring up a family and the Zarakovs took it down to the Angell Memorial Hospital. Two veterinarians were put in attendance. There may even have been twilight sleep.

Imagine the horror of the Zarakovs when the Irish setter was discovered to have a healthy, but positively scandalous litter of police dogs.

WHAT'S IT MATTER?—Governor

have a healthy, but positively scandarous litter of police dogs.

WHAT'S IT MATTER?—Governor Louis J. Brann of Maine just promised Fred E. Mann when he comes to the Boston City Club Thursday, Jan. 10, for the "Night in Maine" show, he'll be wearing his hickory shirt. . . Hale Power presented B. Loring Young to Governor Curley just after the inaugural, which produced from the Ropes, Gray, Boyden and Perkins lawyer the enthusiastic remark: "Mister Governor, that was the best inaugural I ever heard." . . The New England Hardware Associates had among their members the other night a perfectly mild, pleasant, gentle, tolerant gentleman whose high-tension electric name was Hitler. . . The most sophisticated Boston theatre-goers are confusing Leslie Howard with Noel Coward, getting tickets for one show when they mean the other. . . And then there are those of us who say: "Before prohibition," when, of course, we mean: "Before repeal."

PARADE OF THE JUDGES-It's all over now, and we suppose it can be told. For it happened at the gubernatorial inaugural the other day that the Massachusetts Supreme Judicial Court

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JAN 5 1935

# GOV CURLEY IN COUNCIL CHAMBER



Lieut Gov Joseph L. Hurley (left) and Gov Curley at their places at session of Governor's Council yesterday.

GLOBE Boston, Mass. JAN 5 1935

# ASK \$25,000,000-LOANS BY STATE and a committee were chosen to wait on Gov Curley in the immediate future and urge that the State loan the money, if asked for. The burden of the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on incomes in 1934 and 1935 of three on incomes in 1934 and dividended to the state of the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on incomes in 1934 and dividended to the state of the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on incomes in 1935 of three one of the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on incomes in 1935 of three one of the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on incomes in 1935 of three one of the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on incomes in 1934 and dividended to the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on incomes in 1935 of three one of the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on incomes in 1934 and dividended to the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on incomes in 1935 of three one of the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on incomes in 1935 of three one of the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on incomes in 1935 of three one of the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on incomes in 1935 of three one of the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on incomes in 1935 of three one of the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on incomes in 1935 of three one of the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on incomes in 1935 of three one of the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on incomes in 1935 of three one of the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on incomes in 1935 of three one of the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on the loans will be

Mayors Seek Money for on incomes in 1934 and 1935 of three percent on interest and dividends, of Assistance to Cities

## Approve 2 Percent Sales Tax for Next Five Years

Interpreting President Roosevelt's message as an indication that Federal relief would soon be slashed, the Mayors' Club of Massachusetts advocated stringent measures to raise additional funds yesterday, including a 2 percent sales tax for the next five

Mayors

Continued on Page 36

Both suggestions were approved unanimously by the club at the meeting yesterday. Mayor Mansfield city of Boston, and hinted that simiadequate rener can be planned.

and a committee were chosen to wait

three-quarters of one percent on annuities and taxable earned incomes, of one and a half percent on gains from sales of securities.

In the report that recommended the sales tax, the exemption of food, liquor, newspapers, water, low priced magazines and gasoline was urged. With no exemption, the sales tax would bring in an estimated sum of \$20,000,000; with exemptions it would bring in about \$12,000,000.

#### Fear Effect of Income Tax

In speaking of the additional income tax the committee suggested that it have but two years duration, fearing that any longer period would tend to drive people out of the State, or at least change their legal residences elsewhere. Such a tax may have an ill effect on local business, the committee also pointed out. It would drive people to invest in taxexempt securities, rather than in local, taxable developments.

lar conditions might prevail in other big cities. To restore the cuts to the employes would, he said, add \$3 to the tax rate of the city. The rate is al-ready looming near the \$40 mark, he said.

The figures from which the loans will be approximated are as follows. Massachusetts expended In 1928, Massachusetts expended approximately \$8,000,000 on soldiers' and welfare relief. In 1934 the expenditure had risen to \$48,000,000, a sixfeld increase. Two-thirds of this increase would be in the vicinity of \$25,000,000.

The Mayors' Club will prepare its annual bill in the near future, and file it with the Legislature for its deliberation. A committee consisting of Mayor Mansfield, Mayor Greenwood of Fitchburg, and Ex-Mayor Casassa of Revere will file the bill.

#### EVERETT MOTOR CHASE ENDS IN YOUTH'S ARREST

EVERETT, Jan 5-After a chase through the Whidden Hospital district, in which several shots were fired, police late tonight captured Stanley Nicewicz, 16, of 51 Broadway, Chelsea, charged with unlawful appropriation of an automobile. Police said they recovered two automobiles, both stolen in Chelsea, near the place where Nicewicz was standing when the chase began. and another hov were

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JAN 5 1935

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# SHEEHAN NAMED TO SUPERIOR BENCH, SULLIVAN TO FIN COM

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Boston, Mass.

These two were the most important These two were the most important in the list of nominations which the Governor sent to the Council yesterday. They were the first nominations the Governor has made and yesterday's meeting was the first the Council of 1935 has had.

Sullivan for Chairman

It is said that, if the nomination of Mr Sullivan is confirmed, he will be appointed chairman of the Finance

Curley

Continued on Page 2

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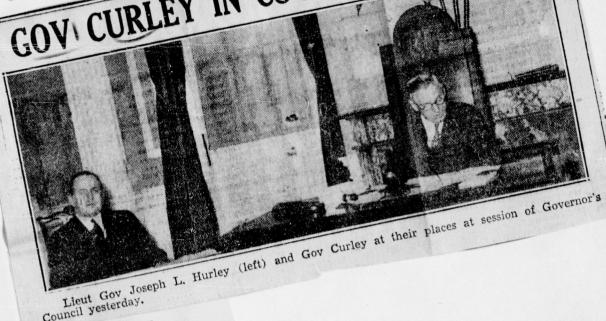
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GLOBE

GOVI CURLEY IN COUNCIL CHAMBER



Council yesterday.

**GLOBE** 

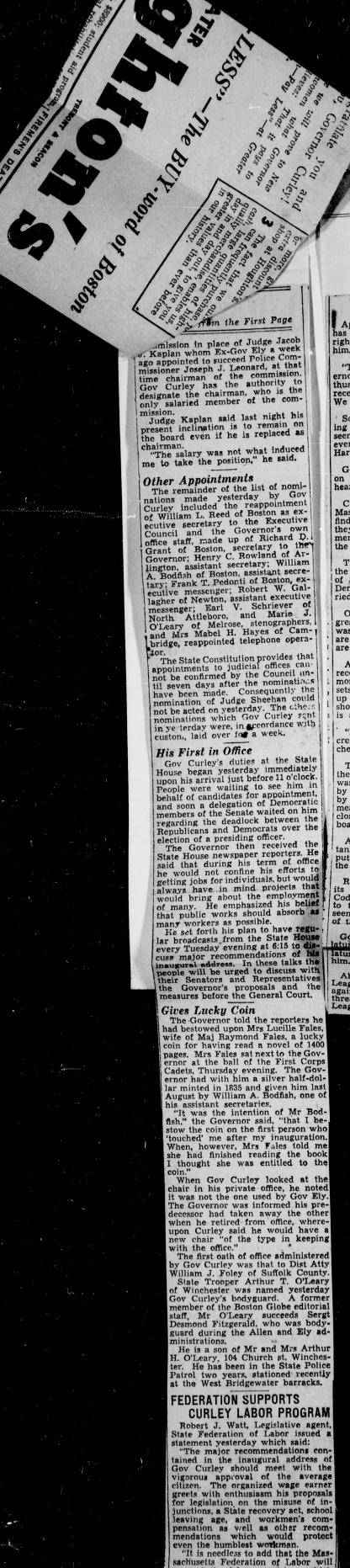
# ASK \$25,000,000-

Mayors Seek Money for

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Interpreting President Roosevelt's message as an indication that Federal message and indication of the additional inspectation of the ad



sachusetts Federation of Labor will support the labor provisions which we so long have urged, and that with the popular mandate so clearly given Gov Curley the General Court can hardly fail to enact."

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JAN 5 1935

#### Editorial Points

Apparently what Mr Roosevelt has done is to move way over to the right, taking the left and middle with him.

"Three cheers for the best Governor we ever had?" shouted an enthusiast at Gov Curley's inaugural reception. What did he mean "had"? reception. What did h We only just got him.

Somehow in this matter of choosing a new football coach it does not seem to be the Harvard men, but everybody else, who is afflicted with Harvard indifference.

Gov Ely has opened new law offices on Federal st, close to the business heart of the city.

Congressmen Russell and Casey of Massachusetts have been unable to find places to live in Washington, but they got themselves into the predicament for running for their jobs in the first place. the first place.

The shortest biography put into the Congressional Directory is that of Senator . . . "Joseph F. Guffey, Democrat, Pittsburg, Penn, unmarried." Unmarried, but elected.

Only 10 men who were in Congress when George Holden Tinkham was first elected 20 years ago still are there, and not many of those are big game hunters.

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Gov Curley has given the Legis-lature piemy to do and now all he lature does it, so his work is before him.

Abyssinia has appealed to the League of Nations, under Article XI, against the aggressions of Italy as a threat to peace and that puts the threat to peace and that League on the spot again.

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WHAT'S IT MATTER?—Governor.

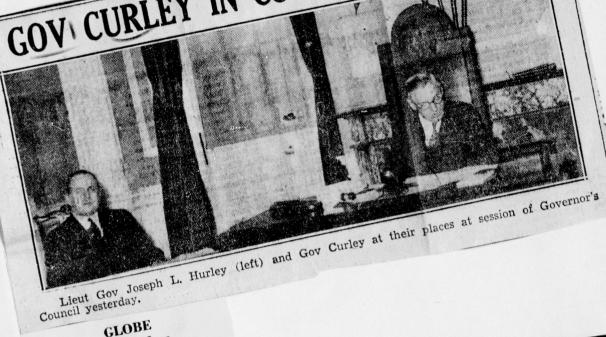
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# GOVI CURLEY IN COUNCIL CHAMBER



GLOBE

# ASK \$25,000,000-

Interpreting President Roosevelt's Fear Effect of Income Tax message as an indication that Federal In speaking of the additional relief would soon be slashed the

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Approve 2 Percent Sales

The provided that the examption of one examption, the examption, the examption of selection would bring in about \$1.200,000.000; with examption of the measurement of the sales as an indication that Federal message as an indicatio

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JAN 5 1935

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# SHEEHAN NAMED TO SUPERIOR BENCH, SULLIVAN TO FIN COM

Gov Curley Makes His First Appointments-No Action by Council Till Next Week

Gov Curley yesterday nominated, Judge Joseph A. Sheehan, now a special justice of the Boston Municipal Court and a member of the Boston Finance Commission, to succeed the late Judge Elias B. Bishop of the Superior Court. The Governor nominated E. Mark Sullivan to succeed Judge Sheehan on the Boston Finance Commission.

Mr Sullivan was Corporation Coun-sel of the city of Boston during the Governor's second term as Mayor.

These two were the most important the list of nominations which the Governor sent to the Council yesterday. They were the first nominations the Governor has made and yesterday's meeting was the first the Council of 1935 has had.

Sullivan for Chairman

It is said that, if the nomination of Mr Sullivan is confirmed, he will be appointed chairman of the Finance

Curley

Continued on Page 2

A. Bodfish of Boston, assistant secretary; Frank T. Pedonti of Boston, executive messenger; Robert W. Gallagher of Newton, assistant executive messenger; Earl V. Schriever of North Attleboro, and Marie J. O'Leary of Melrose, stenographers, and Mrs Mabel H. Hayes of Cambridge, reappointed telephone operator.

The State Constitution provides that appointments to judicial offices cannot be confirmed by the Council until seven days after the nominations have been made. Consequently the have been made. Consequently the nomination of Judge Sheehan could not be acted on yesterday. The others nominations which Gov Curley sent in ye terday were, in accordance with custon, laid over for a week.

#### His First in Office

Gov Curley's duties at the State House began yesterday immediately upon his arrival just before 11 o'clock. People were waiting to see him in behalf of candidates for appointment, and soon a delegation of Democratic members of the Senate waited on him regarding the deadlock between the Republicans and Democrats over the election of a presiding officer.

The Governor then received the State House newspaper reporters. He said that during his term of office he would not confine his efforts to getting jobs for individuals, but would always have in mind projects that would bring about the employment of many. He emphasized his belief that public works should absorb as

many workers as possible.

He set forth his plan to have regular breadcasts from the State House every Tuesday evening at 6:15 to discuss major recommendations of his

the Congressionar that of Senator . . . "Joseph F. Guffey, Democrat, Pittsburg, Penn, unmarried." Unmarried, but elected.

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JAN5



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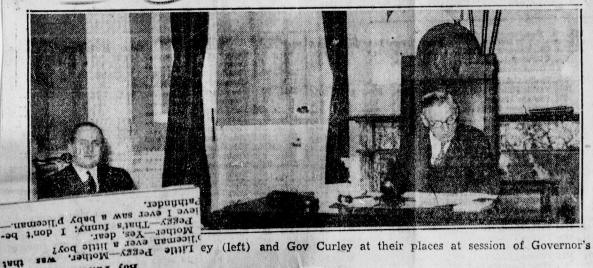
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JAN 5 1935

# GOV CURLEY IN COUNCIL CHAMBER



that Boy Patrol?

jeorge E. Deering, formerly of Lynn, jeorge E. Deering, formerly of Lynn, jeorge E. Deering, formerly of Lynn, day observed their golden wedding littery, ar their home at North Citiery, wor meny years he engreed in the shoe business in Lynn, ageged in the shoe business in Lynn, while she foundry on the Lynn, while the couple were merried by hev A. Julians, pastor of the Lynn, while of Code Ladies of Lynn, while wife is sillisited with Arbutus of the Christian Church. The couple have one daughter, Mrs Ernest of Mystillians, pastor of the Lynn, The couple have one daughter, Mrs Ernest of Mystillians, pastor of the Lynn, The Julians and Julians and

years and the borrowing of \$25,000,000 by the various cities from the State.

The report, which was submitted by Mayor Mansfield on behalf of the committee appointed by the club, said that the sales tax was urged as a last resort. In the present situa-tion, with cities like Boston faced with a \$40 rate for the next year, it was deemed necessary.

In recommending the borrowing of the millions of dollars, the committee advised that the amount be approximately two-thirds of the total expended in soldiers' and welfare relief in 1934 above the total expended in 1928. These loans would be slowly paid off by the sales tax proceeds.

#### Favor Continuation of E.R.A.

So critical do the Mayors consider the situation which would be caused by the termination of the E. R. A., a step strongly hinted at in the President's address to Congress, that they will send a telegram to the President asking that it be continued until adequate relief can be planned.

Both suggestions were approved unanimously by the club at the salary cuts of the employes of the meeting yesterday. Mayor Mansfield city of Boston, and hinted that simi-

and a committee were chosen to wait

on Gov Curley in the immediate future and urge that the State loan the money, if asked for.

The burden of the loans will be further abated by an additional tax on incomes in 1934 and 1935 of three persons on incorrect and divide the second of the second percent on interest and dividends, of three-quarters of one percent on annuities and taxable earned incomes, of one and a half percent on gains from sales of securities.

In the report that recommended the sales tax, the exemption of food, liquor, newspapers, water, low priced magazines and gasoline was urged. With no exemption, the sales tax would bring in an estimated sum of \$20,000,000; with exemptions it would bring in about \$12,000,000.

#### Fear Effect of Income Tax

In speaking of the additional income tax the committee suggested that it have out two years duration, fearing that any longer period would tend to drive people out of the State, or at least change their legal residences elsewhere. Such a tax may have an ill effect on local business, the committee also pointed out. It would drive people to invest in taxexempt securities, rather than in local, taxable developments.

lar conditions might prevail in other big cities. To restore the cuts to the employes would, he said, add \$3 to the tax rate of the city. The rate is already looming near the \$40 mark, he said.

The figures from which the loans will be approximated are as follows. Massachusetts expended approximately \$8,000,000 on soldiers' and welfare relief. In 1934 the expenditure had risen to \$48,000,000. a sixfeld increase. Two-thirds of this increase would be in the vicinity of \$25,000,000.

The Mayors' Club will prepare its annual bill in the near future, and file it with the Legislature for its deliberation. A committee consisting of Mayor Mansfield, Mayor Green-wood of Fitchburg, and Ex-Mayor Casassa of Revere will file the bill.

#### EVERETT MOTOR CHASE ENDS IN YOUTH'S ARREST

EVERETT, Jan 5-After a chase through the Whidden Hospital district, in which several shots were fired, police late tonight captured Stanley Nicewicz, 16, of 51 Broadway. Chelsea, charged with unlawful ap-propriation of an automobile. Police id they recovered two automobiles, both stolen in Chelsea, near the place where Nicewicz was standing when the chase began.

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POST Boston, Mass.

# HANDS OFF BY GOV. CURLEY

#### Won't Enter State Senate Presidential Dispute

Governor Curley yesterday declined to enter into the controversy in the State Senate over the election of a president of that branch of the Legislature.

Headed by Senator James E. Scanlan of Somerville, Democratic floor leader, a delegation of Democrats conferred with the Governor yesterday afternoon, seeking advice with reference to the situation.

"I informed them," said the Governor.

seeking advice with reference to the situation.

"I informed them," said the Governor, "that I did not believe I should interfere with the affairs of a legislative branch and that I believe they can work out their own salvation. They are quite competent to do it."

Accompanying Senator Scanlan at the conference with Governor Curley were Senators William F. Madden of Roxbury, William S. Conroy of Fall River, James P. Meehan of Lawrence, Thomas M. Burke of Dorchester and Joseph A. Langone of Boston.

"The pian of the Democratic members of the Senate is to try to elect a Democrat as president on Monday," said Senator Scanlan. Asked what would happen if they failed in that attempt, Senator Scanlan replied that they will try for the next best thing.

"Does that mean that you will continue to try for the election of Senator James G. Moran of Mansfield, Republican," he was asked, and he replied: "That seems to be the consensus of opinion among the Democratic members."

# GOV. CURLEY IN NEED OF CHAIR

#### Finds Only Worn Out Model Left to Him

Governor Curley is in the market for a good chair "of a type in keeping with the office" of the Chief Executive of the Commonwealth, he declared yesterday when he found a worn out model wait-ing at his desk in the executive cham-her.

He was told that the Bay State tradi-tion is for the outgoing Governor to take his chair with him, and that for-mer Governor Ely had decided to keep as a treasure the luxurious chair which had been presented to him a few years ago by his alma mater, Williams Col-lege.

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POST Boston, Mass. JAN 4 1935

# 'DAD'S DAY,' MISS CURLEY CALLS IT

First Lady of State Triumphs in Her Debut, But Gives All Spotlight to Father



MISS MARY CURLEY

Shown in the dress she wore at the inauguration of her father yesterday. The gown was of black velvet with Queen Anne collar of white taffeta.

## BY GRACE DAVIDSON

The Commonwealth's First Lady characterized yesterday as "Dad's Day." She attempted in every way to minimize her own importance of her first day as First Lady, but the chic of her black velvet inaugural costume with its Queen Elizabeth collar and her princess gown of white satin for the inaugural ball could not help stealing away the spotlight from her father's show in spite of the fact that the Governor's Staff were wearing the most magnificent uniforms of royal blue and gold braid in the history of the State.

### DENIES ENGAGEMENT

DENIES ENGAGEMENT

When Governor Curley appeared at his daughter's luncheon at the Copley-Plaza for a few moments, he admitted in greeting his daughter and her fair guests that even the splendor of the new uniforms of his staff could not compete with the feminine array of grandeur. Yet, Miss Mary Curley accepted the compliment for herself and her friends with quiet modesty, still insisting it was "Dad's Day."

And she laughed away the many rumors circulating around that she will become the June bride of a Back Bay young man, Edward C. Donnelly, whose admiring glances have long been focused on her, according to her most observing friends.

Doesn't Take Self Seriously

Doesn't Take Self Seriously

"No," she smiled, Miss Mary Curley will remain Miss Mary Curley for the present. This she announced almost two months ago, but as every administration should have its romance, Miss Curley accepts the ever current rumors with resignation, and even with a sense of humor she cannot hide. And, in the midst of all the excitement and congratulations of the inaugural festivities, she could laugh and see the fun of it all in the less serious moments.

She reiterated, however, that she is guite satisfied to remain her father's First Lady for some time to come. However, it is encouraging to report that the First Lady of the Commonwealth, perhaps the youngest in several years, is not given to formidable affirmation of her views. She does not take herself too seriously, even though she now has a social secretary. This social secretary, Miss Dorothy Mullin, was another reason so much of the limelight flooded Miss Curley's activities. Miss Mullin, too, enjoyed her first official day. She is a petite figure, dressed attractively in a violet blue frock, with matching hat with a pert little veil worn at a winsome angle that might well be written down in the copy books of secretaries.

No Liquor Served No Liquor Served

Miss Mullin relieved Miss Curley of routine duties. She saw to it that all the guests were seated in the proper the guests were seated in the proper seats, and was responsible for the social events of Miss Curley's first day being conducted in clock-like precision. All of the guests at the head table with Miss Curley were presented with old-fashioned bouquets of yellow roses. Miss Mullin saw to that detail. She also saw to it that the luncheon menu was as Miss Curley ordered it.

to it that the luncheon menu was as Miss Curley ordered it.

Miss Curley ruled that there were to be no cocktails, no wine at her luncheon. And, not even a glass of sherry was served. The luncheon included Miss Curley's favorites. These appeared to be clear bouillon of strained petite marmite, stuffed squab with mushroom sauce, broccoli with Hollandaise, and macaroon and fruit ice cream with cream sauce with a rum flavoring. macaroon and runt ice cream with cream sauce with a rum flavoring. But, one was informed, that in accordance with Miss Curley's wishes, the flavoring was synthetic. Wears Huge White Gardenias

Wears Huge White Gardenias
She began her day in the early morning with a visit to the Calvary cemetery where her mother rests. She accompanied her father. On her return to their home she took up the duties that a few years ago she thought would always belong to her mother. Friends were waiting for her. Shortly after 10 o'clock she rode to the State House in an automobile with her brother George and little Francis. It is the custom that the First Lady be accompanied only by her aides. panied only by her aides White gardenias, so huge that they

looked waxlike, were pinned to her velvet frock of black with the Queen Elizabeth collar, framing her face. Over it she wore a cape of silver fox. She wore white gloves and black suede pumps. Later, she was presented with orchids. Most of the women chose black and white. Her school friend, Miss Loretta Bremner, who was the fiancee of her late brother, James Michael Curley, Jr., wore black and gold, a black dress with a gold tunic. Mrs. Joseph L. Hurley, the wife of the Lieutenant-Governor, chose black, and the only touch of color were some vivid purple orchids that she wore as a corsage.

Distinguished Women Guests

Distinguished Women Guests
At the head table at her luncheon
were Mrs. Joseph L. Hurley, Mrs. Levereit Saltonstall, wife of the Speaker
of the House; Mrs. Frederic W. Cook,
wife of the Secretary of State; Mrs.
Homer Phillips of Washington; Miss
Marie Dever, sister of the attorney
general; Mrs. Thomas H. Buckley, wife
of the auditor; Mrs. Frederick W.
Mansfeld, wife of the Mayor of Bos-

Marie Beerl, Sark H. Buckley, wife of the auditor; Mrs. Frederick W. Mansfield, wife of the Mayor of Boston; Mrs. Erland F. Fish; Mrs. Dwight L. Hoopingarner of Washington; Mrs. Fox Conner, wife of General Fox Conner, and Mrs. Charles F. Hurley, wife of the State treasurer.

At other tables were seated Miss Curley's personal friends. They were Miss Jane Anne Smythe, Miss Mayline Donnelly, Miss Ellen O'Donnell, Mrs. Stanton R. White, Miss Anne Kliegl, and Miss Dorothy F. Mullin, her social secretary. Also present were Mrs. Paul Rust, Mrs. Dorothy Whipple Fry and Mrs. Robert E. Rogers. All in all, some 67 guests were present.

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JAN4 1935

# SENATORS' FIGHT GOES ON MONDAY

Deadlock on Naming President Still Unbroken

After a two-days' deadlock over the election of a president, the Massachusetts Senate abandoned its efforts to reach an agreement until Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Continued on Page 15-Third Col.

Governor Ccurley. He said the senate was debating a purely subsidiary motion, and he moved that the body at once proceed to ballot for president so that the eSnate might participate in a constitutional manner in the inauguration ceremonies.

tion ceremonies.

Senator William S. Conroy of Fall River, Democrat, was on his feet immediately and Senator Moran, completely ignoring the motion of Senator Goodwin, recognized the Fall River man, who began another speech, declaring that although Senator Goodwin thought he was clever, the Democrats would see to it that the Republicans "did not duck the responsibility of keeping the Senate from the inauguration of the great Democratic Governor, James M. Curley."

#### Refuses to Put Motion

vain Senator Goodwin protested that Senator Moran put the question on his motion to proceed to ballot, Good-win rushed to the president's platform

and entered into a heated argument with Senator Moran, demanding that his motion be put before the Senate. Senator Corroy continued his speech, while several Republican Senators were shouting that the Democrats refused to take a ballot on the presidency and thus they were responsible for the delay in the proceedings.

A short while later. Senator Moran made no answer and Senator Conroy continued his speech,

defeated, 20 to 17.

Shortly before noon a committee of the House entered the Senate chamber

Senator Moran replied that the Senate A short while later a motion to take a recess until 2:30, which would have enabled the Democrats to attend the ceremonies in the House chamber was sensitive Martin Hays of

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JAN5 1935

# GOODWIN IS BARRED BY COUNCIL

Refuses to Confirm Him for "Fin Com" Chairman

**GOVERNOR GIVES PLACE** TO E. MARK SULLIVAN

udge Sheehan Named for Vacancy in Superior Courts

BY ROBERT T. BRAD

That the Republican memb the executive council intend to their teeth" to Governor Curl evidenced yesterday, when, first meeting of the Govern Council, the efforts of the Go to reinstate Frank A. Good chairman of the Boston Finance mission were blocked and his for suspension of the rules firm E. Mark Sullivan as a of that commission was refu

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during conversations opening Saturday.

# SESSION OF NEW COUNCIL TODAY

Governor to Submit Name of Court Justice

Governor Curley and the new Executive Council sworn into office yesterday will meet for their first session at 1 o'clock today, when it is believed that the Governor may submit his first appointments, including that of a justice pointments, including that of a justice of the Superior Court in place of the late Justice Elias H. Bishop. The Governor has declined to indicate whom he will appoint. There has been some talk about Professor Frank L. Simpson, who was prominently active in the election campaign of Governor Curley, but it was stated last night that Professor Simpson does not care for a place on the Superior Court.

POST Boston, Mass.

JAN 5

adventures. ... was there ever another Congressman to match him.

Brighton and othe members of the House came into the Senate and when rst major apHays was informed by Senator Erland tion of Judge for president, that he and his followers the Municipal intended to remain in session, Representative Hays announced that the House intended to go ahead with the Shechan's elemanguration ceremonies.

Inauguration ceremonies.

It was not long afterward, however, until the Democrats, on a plea that they wished to hold a caucus, got through a motion for a recess until 3 o'clock. It was 4 o'clock, however, before the Senate was called to order again, and at that time the agreement was reached to declare a cessation of hostilities until to declare a cessation of hostilities until

Monday.

If Senator Francis M. McKeown of Springfield, Democrat, who has not been at any of the sessions because of illness, is able to come to Boston today, he can be sworn in as a member day, he can be sworn in as a member of the Senate by Governor Curley and the executive council and be ready for service at the Monday session.

HITLER HITS AT FOES

ERLIN, Jan. 3 (AP)—Nazi notables in tilly and mysteriously assembled here tonight heard Reichsfuehrer Adolf Hitler scathingly assail "stupid and impertinent lies" spread abroad concerning the Nazi regime.

## TERRORISM IN ALBANIA

ATHENS, Greece, Jan. 3 (UP)-The newspaper Typos printed another despatch from Corfu today, reporting terrorism apreading throughout Albania.

long delayed. outstanding ive been overige.

is that Judge dest man, re-If forward or b so. He has aking a record and efficiency e high respect

ularly pleased and so fine a cehan has rerard. It is to at credit that cognize Judge for the higher



Although a session of the body is necessary under the law today, it will be of a purely perfunctory char-Senator James G. Moran, presiding by reason of the fact that he is the senior member of the new branch in point of service, will rap the gavel at 11 o'clock this morning, but under an agreement made by Democrats and Republicans yesterday, some other member present will immediately move to adjourn until Monday afternoon.

Vesterday's session of the Senate was another display of the filibustering which has characterized the proceedings there since it was first called to order at 11 o'clock Wednesday morning. The body convened yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, after its practically all night session Wednesday, and one of the first moves was made by the Republicans.

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Brighton and othe members of the House came into the Senate and when Hays was informed by Senator Erland F. Fish, regular Republican candidate for president, that he and his followers intended to remain in session, Representative Hays announced that the House intended to go ahead with the inauguration ceremonies.

It was not long afterward, however, until the Democrats, on a plea that they wished to hold a caucus, got through a motion for a recess until 3 o'clock. It was 4 o'clock, however, before the Senate was called to order again, and at that time the agreement was reached to declare a cessation of hostilities until Monday.

If Senator Francis M. McKeown of

If Senator Francis M. McKeown of Springfield, Democrat, who has not been at any of the sessions because of illness, is able to come to Boston today, he can be sworn in as a member of the Senate by Governor Curley and the executive council and be ready for service at the Monday session.

#### HITLER HITS AT FOES

BERLIN, Jan. 3 (AP)—Nazi notables hatily and mysteriously assembled here tonight heard Reichsfuehrer Adolf Hitler scathingly assail "stupid and im-pertinent lies" spread abroad concerning the Nazi regime.

#### TERRORISM IN ALBANIA

ATHENS, Greece, Jan. 3 (UP)—The newspaper Typos printed another despatch from Corfu today, reporting terrorism spreading throughout Albania.

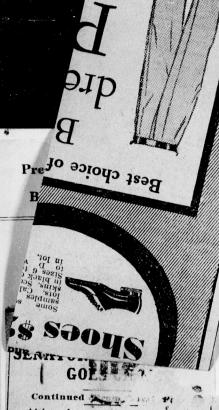
of All frontiers are closed.

and entered into a heated argument with Senator Moran, demanding that his motion be put before the Senate. Senator Moran made no answer and Senator Conroy continued his speech, while several Republican Senators were shouting that the Democrats refused to take a ballot on the presidency and thus they were responsible for the delay in the proceedings.

A short while later a motion to take a recess until 2:30, which would have enabled the Democrats to attend the ceremonies in the House chamber was

defeated, 20 to 17.

Shortly before noon a committee of



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Probably the reason is that Judge Sheehan is a most modest man, reluctant to push himself forward or allow his friends to do so. He has just gone on quietly, making a record for judicial fairness and efficiency that has earned him the high respect

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The Post is particularly pleased that so able a man and so fine a character as Judge Sheehan has received his overdue reward. It is to Governor Curley's great credit that he was so quick to recognize Judge Sheehan's qualifications for the higher



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Continued From First Page

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It is understood that Frank A. Brooks, Republican councillor from Watertown, was ready to vote for Goodwin's confirmation, but the combination of the other Republican councillors and Councillor Coakley would have made rejection of such an appointment certain.

Therefore, after a consultation in the Governor's office, the Governor decided to substitute Sullivan's name, Councillor Coakley agreed to Mr. Sullivan at once and when the Governor requested confirmation for Sullivan at the regular meeting, Coakley moved suspension of the rules for immediate confirmation. He was supported in that motion by Lieutenant Governor Hurley, Councillor James J. Brennan of Somerville, all Democrats.

Councillors Brooks Edmond Cote ille, all Democrats, Councillors Brook

Councillors Brooks, Edmond Cote, Joseph B. Grossman, Winfield A. Schus-ter and J. Arthur Baker, all Republi-cans voted against immediate confirma-

Council Cool Towards Governor

Although Although there appears to be little doubt of Sullivan's confirmation at next Wednesday's meeting of the council and the commission of the commission in the commission. Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

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2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

TRAVELER Boston, Mass.

NEWS EVENTS, PERSONAGES AND SCENES SHOT—LIGHTED BY TRAVELER (



New members of the executive council take hold on Beacon Hill. Shown just after being sworn in are, left to right—James J. Brennan, Somerville; Lt.-Gov. Joseph L. Hurley, Fall River; Frank A. Brooks, Watertown, and William G. Hennessey, Lynn.



His Excellency, James Michael Curley of Boston, Massachusetts' 53rd Governor, at his desk in the State House. Behind him, the famed Governor's chair.

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JAN 5 1935



Military aides in fancy dress uniform form a line to hold back the crowds of merrymakers at Gov. Curley's inaugural ball Thursday night at the First Corps of Cadets' armory. Everybody looks happy here.

LEDITED BY A. P. AND BOSPON HERALD CAMERAMEN!

Tark Dynard BOSTON

z Park Square

TRAVELER

Boston, Mass.

JAN 5

TRAVELER Boston, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

**Curley Has Adams** Portrait Repaired

# **CURLEY MUST SIGN** FOOD RELIEF GRANT

Gov Curley was called upon today to sign for the first time for grant of commodities from the Federal Surplus Relief Corporation, providing food valued at \$425,000 to the state. These grants have been coming regularly and must have the approval of the Governor of the commonwealth.

Gov. Curley gave orders today that the portrait of Samuel Adams, fourth Governor of Massachusetts, hanging ing the private office of the Governor in the State House, should be retouched and revarnished. He said that several months ago he called to the attention of Gov. Ely that the Adams painting was hanging over a radiator and the heat had caused it to crack.

radiator and the heat had caused it to crack.

The Governor has also directed that the furniture of his office be re-arranged with a new and fitting chair constructed for himself to match other chairs in the office. A Queen Anne chair and a couch, which has been in the office for many years, are to be removed. The Governor does not see any use in sight for the couch. couch.

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1935 JAN 5

## **Racing Commish** \* to Remain-Curley

Gov. Curley indicated today that he would not acede to the request of Conrad W. Crooker who filed a petition yesterday with the Governor and council seeking, through a public hearing, the removal of the state racing commission.

Harlow B. Daly, be defeating George Sturgis in the last round of the city of Boston chess championship tourney, won first place with a score of 12-2. Oscar Shapiro finished second, 11-3. William the removal of the state racing commission.

The Governor said "There is no mid-dle ground on this matter. The people voted to permit racing in the commonwealth and so long as the commission conducts itself as it should they will be so conduct themselves they should and permitted to go ahead. If they do not will be removed.

# **Daly Wins Boston Chess Tournament**

The event began Oct. 12 with 16 entries in the master class and 40 in the minor division.

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JAN 5 1935

# CURLEY SHAPES **ORGANIZATION**

Undisturbed by Losing Council Tilt to Name Goodwin to Fin Com

Undisturbed by a defeat in his first engagement with the executive council, Gov. Curley continued today whipping into shape the lines of his administra-

into shape the lines of his administration.

At a special meeting of the council yesterday the new Governor nominated Special Justice Joseph A. Sheehan to the superior court bench and E. Mark Sullivan of Boston to the vacancy on the Boston finance commission caused by Judge Sheehan's resignation.

But the council refused to suspend rules and confirm Sullivan so that he might be made chairman immediately and also made it emphatic that Frank A. Goodwin is "out" as far as they are concerned. Gov. Curley wanted to name Goodwin to the finance commission and finally make him chairman.

Seven days must pass before the council can confirm an appointment to the judiciary and it is probable that the nomination of Judge Sheehan will not be finally acted upon until the regular meeting, Jan. 16. It is probable that Sullivan, who was corporation council of Boston during the second Curley administration, will be confirmed next Wednesday. Gov. Curley will then name him chairman of the finance commission, demoting Judge Jacob J. Kaplan, who was placed in the position by former Gov. Ely. The chairmanship pays \$5000 a year. It is the only salaried position on the commission.

An unofficial poil of the council by Gov. Curley showed unalterable contains.

mission.

An unofficial poil of the council by Gov. Curley showed unalterable opposition to Goodwin. Goodwin was thrown out as finance commission. Chairman last April by former Gov. Ely Party lines in the council were broken over Goodwin. Councillor Frank A. Brooks of Watertown, a Republican, was willing to accept Goodwin. So were Lt.-Gov. Hurley and Councillors William G. Hennessey of Lynn and James J. Brennan of Somerville. But Councillor Daniel H. Coakley of Boston, Democrat, joined with Councillors J. Arthul Baker of Pittsfield, Winfield A. Schuster of East Douglas, Edmond Cote of Fall River and Joseph B. Grossman of Quincy against Goodwin.

On the question of suspension of rules Republican.

On the question of suspension of rules Republicans joined solidly against the move, thus defeating it.

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# HULTMAN SHIFT ILLEGAL- CURLEY

By DONALD R. WAUGH

Steps to bring about the removal of Eugene C. Hultman, chairman of the metropolitan district commission, which may also bring about the removal of Police Commissioner Joseph J. Leonard of Boston, were taken by Gov. Curley today. Both were appointed by former Gov. Ely.

The Governor sent a letter to Atty. Gen. Joseph E. Warner asking him to institute quo warranto proceedings to have Hultman removed from office on the grounds that he was improperly appointed. Similar action against Leonard is expected.

The Governor contends that Hult-man had no right to take over the jub on the metropolitan district commission until his successor as police commissioner had taken office.

Both Hultman and Leonard were appointed to their present positions during the closing days of the Ely administration, Hultman giving up the position of police commissioner and Leonard his previous place as charman of the Boston finance commission, much to Boston finance commission, much to the annoyance of Curley, who was then Governor-elect, and Curley said he would remove the two officers at his first opportunity.

Atty-Gen elect, Paul A. Dever does

Atty.-Gen.-elect Paul A. Dever does not take office until Jan. 16, so the Governor's request was addressed to

The text of the letter sent to Atty.-Gen. Warner today by the Governor follows:

Gen. Warner today by the Governor follows:

On Dec. 27, 1934, Eugene C. Hultman was appointed chairman of the metropolitan district commission and shortly thereafter undertook to qualify by taking the oath of office. Mr. Hultman prior to, and at the time of such appointment, was police commissioner of the city of Boston, which office he did not resign until after his appointment as chairman of the metropolitan district commissioner, Joseph J. Leonard, was appointed to the office of police commissioner, Joseph J. Leonard, was appointed to the office of police commissioner, Joseph J. Leonard, was appointed to the office of police commissioner on Dec. 27, 1934, but apparently did not qualify by taking the oath of office until Dec. 28, 1934.

Under the provisions of the acts of 1906, chapter 291, section 7, it is provided that the police commissioner of the city of Boston shall not engage in any other business, and it is also provided that he "shall hold his office until his successor is appointed and qualified." It would appear, therefore, that at the time

of his appointment to the office of chairman of the metropolitan district commission Mr. Hultman was not eligible for such appointment, and that he therefore holds his office without legal right thereto.

In these circumstances it is your manifest duty in accordance with the provisions of section 12, of chapter 249, of the general laws to proceed in the supreme judicial court by way of an information in the nature of quo warranto to determine Mr. Hultman's right to hold the office of chairman of the metropolitan district commission, and I request you to do so. to do so.

#### OLD CROWN PRECEDENT

Some confusion was caused in the matter by the nature of the discussion amplifying the letter which the Governor had with the press at the regular press conference. The Governor in this press conference. The Governor in this discussion did not mention either Hultman or Leonard by name, but talked about "the police commissioner." The nature of the discussion was such as to indicate that the present steps were aimed directly at Hultman, who had been police commissioner when the alleged illegal action was taken. The discussion also indicated the movement is indirectly aimed at Leonard also.

also.

The Governor related that he had asked the attorney general to institute quo warranto proceedings based on the ancient practice of certain officers being appointed by the crown to serve without other business and during a term of office.

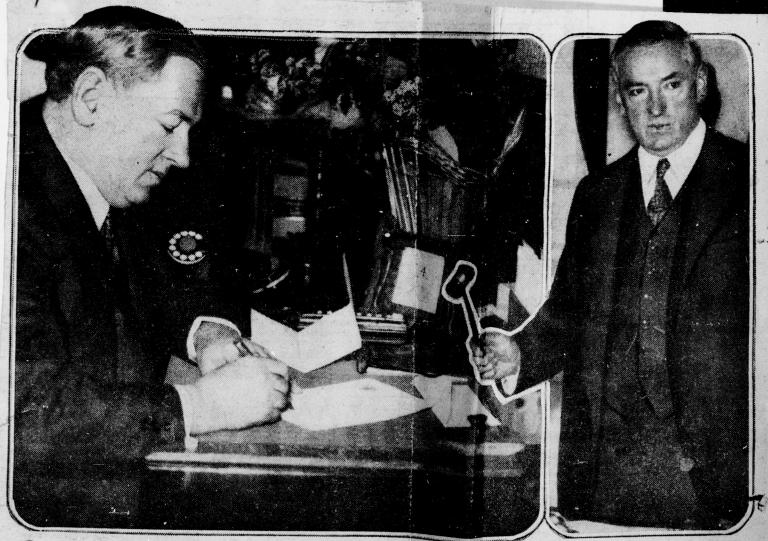
The Governor pointed out that the

The Governor pointed out that the service of these officers was similar to military service and undertaken for the honor rather than the salary attached.

(Continued on Page Two)

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RECORD Boston, Mass. JAN5 1935



Governor Presides! Governor James M. Curley, presided over the first session of the executive council. He shown at left, at his desk in is holding the gavel that has been used by many past governor the executive offices in the State House and at right as he executive of the executive council. the executive offices in the State House, and at right, as he | ernors.

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JAN 5 1935

# \$50,

# TO ADVOCATE INSTITUTIONS BE EXPANDED

## State Hospitals and Prisons Would Be Benefited

By HAROLD BENNISON

The most ambitious building program ever advocated will be urged upon the state by Gov. James M. Curley. It will rur into many millions of dollars, prob-ably as much as \$50.000,000, and if through will provide adequate housing facilities for every one of those persons now being care; for by the

THE GOVERNOR'S PROGRAM

The program which Curley has in shortly advise the Legislature, will include:

Further buildings at the Norfolk prison colony.
More state hospitals for chronic

More state hospitals for chronic diseases.

Additions to present institutions to care for those mentally ill.

The new building will accomplish much which Gov. Curley believes should be accomplished.

It will provide work and wages for large number of men, and primarily will provide work for those in the building trades who have had but little work for many months.

It will relieve the overcrowded conditions in many of the state institutions. Conditions in some of the institutions for the insane are said to be unbelieved able. Overcrowding of patients who are cared for by undermanned staffs are two big factors which have caused much comment.

two big factors which have teacher comment.

Charlestown state prison has been an eyesore to every executive of the last eyesore to every executive of the last decade. No one seems to think it should be retained in its present form. Curley be believes that the prisoners should be sent to Norfolk. That plan necessitates sent to Norfolk. That plan necessitates the addition of several new buildings the house the prisoners and further addition to care for the increased number of guards and attendants, and equiponent to feed and care for the increased number.

MOST INSTITUTIONS CROWDED

The same picture holds in the matter of other state institutions. Most of them are overcrowded. To relieve the twenty overcrowded, additions will have to be overcrowding, additions will have to be made to care for the increased to be made to care for the increased number of attendants. If the Curley 44-hour-week plan is put into effect, about 2000 more persons will have to be employed.

The whole picture calls for more building than has ever been underbuilding than has ever been undertaken by any one administration and taken by any one administration and will result in wholesale employment during the building and afterwards.

Gov. Curley has already conferred at some length with the financial authorities in the State House about the methods of financing the building, and with department heads. He will shortly explain to the people of the state the facts which make him believe such action is necessary.

He believes that the people will over-

facts which make action is necessary.

He believes that the people will overcome any objections which legislators may raise to his program and will "go over the heads of the Legislature to the people" any time he believes that step people" any time should be taken.

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> RECORD Boston, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

# RLEY NAMES JAN 5 193 SULLIVAN TO N. COM. POST By BEP ROCKBANK

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In a swift series of moves which surprised observers, the Governor drove home the opening wedge which he hopes will force Judge Jacob J. Kaplan from the chairmanship of the Boston Finance Commission, to which he was appointed by Governor Ely in the closing days of his administration. The prediction was that if the two appointments are confirmed by the Executive Council at its next week's session, Governor Curley will name Sullivan as chairman of the Finance Commission, thus regime.
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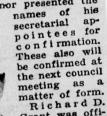
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JAN5 1935

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TRAVELER Boston, Mass.

RECORD Boston, Mass. JAN 5 1935

# CURLEY OPENS WAR TO OUST ELY'S

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# INSTITUTIONS BE EXPANDED

### State Hospitals and Prisons Would Be **Benefited**

By HAROLD BENNISON

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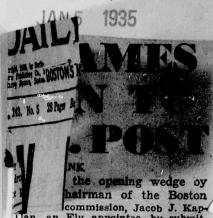
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## CURLEY'S DAY IS FULL **OF**SURPRISES

Continued from Page 2

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One of the re-appointments which was generally hailed was that of William L. Reed as secretary of the Governor's Council. Reed had seen 33 years' continuous service in the executive office under 14 Governors, and has served 11 years as executive secretary.

State Trooper Arthur T. O'Leary

retary.

State Trooper Arthur T. O'Leary of Church st., Winchester, former Boston newspaperman, was chosen as Gov. Curley's personal bodyguard, succeeding Sergt. Desmond Fitzgerald. This appointment is considered one of the highest honors that can be conferred on a member of the state police.

police.

Shortly after the executive council adjourned, Gov. Curley left the State House, and it was said he would not return until today. The pressure of his first day in office had caused him to forego his lunch, preferring to finish his work first.

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## Lauds Mary

The attitude of Miss Mary Curley in omitting cocktails and wines from the menu at her first social function, a luncheon to wives of high state officials, was highly praised by Rev. Roland D. Sawyer, representative from Ware, yesterday, in addressing the Marshfield Women's Club.
"In these days when there is a startling increase in drinking

a startling increase in drinking in the home, at social functions and among women and youth, we cannot praise too highly the attitude taken by Miss Curley," he said.

Schate Row will have to settle itself without his intervention, Gov. J.

M. Curley told Bert Brockbank, left, Daily Record political expert, at yesterday's first press conference at State House. "Mike" is in room from which Curley will broadcast to electorate each Tuesday. (Daily Record Photo)

BOSTON

MASS.

## **BOSTON REVIEW** Boston, Mass.

1935 JAN 5

#### PRESS CLIPPING SERVICE 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

#### **BOSTON REVIEW**

Boston, Mass.

## MRS. BLAKE SAYS SEWING MACHINE IS FAR MORE IMPORTANT THAN TELEPHONE

Admitting That She Has Latter In Her Home, She Neglects To State When She Last Operated Former—Says Those Who Insist World Is Growing Better Confirms Her Theory That Feeble-Mindedness
Is Becoming Normal Condition—Her Opinion Of Stream-Line Trains, Passenger Airplanes And Excursion "Subs" Is Beyond Expression.

By Harriet F. Blake

You may consider me old-fashioned, and you may say aloud that I am, for all that I care, but I still consider that the sewing machine was a greater invention than the telephone and I am a firm adherent of the theory that more women would be operating their own machines and making their own garments if the telephone had not been invented and women had not discovered that they could fritter away valuable time by holding silly conversations over the 'phone with their friends and preventing other persons from transacting necessary or useful business over the same wires.

I know that, because I have said what you have just read, I shall arouse the ire of not a few people whose ire is aroused on the slightest provocation, but I shall not take it back. I am firmly convinced that, although the telephone was invented in Boston and the first conversation ever held through its aid was a Boston conversation, the world would be better off today if the telephone were merely in the future and destined to remain there.

Do not misunderstand me. I use the telephone, and I have one in my home. I once owned telephone stock and saw it climb to 300-plus. But I believe that there would be less wasteful rushing here and there for no obvious reason, except the modern aversion to remaining quiet for a little vhile, if Alexander Graham Bell had ot been able to convert a dream into

a fact. Indeed, I am reactionary enough to believe that the invention of the telegraph was one of the causes of our present inability to meet life's haps and mishaps with comparative calm. As for stream-line trains, passenger airplanes and submarine excursion boats, words are inadequate to express what I would like to say.

Did I hear somebody insist that the world has become better because of the great inventions and discoveries? That seems to confirm my opinion that feeble-mindedness is becoming a normal mental condition as we speed up our conversational transportation facilities.

The inauguration of Governor Curley and the inaugural ball were, of course, all that they should have been, and the reporters hardly did justice to either. I don't know whether it is Governor Curley's fondest wish to be a brilliant luminary where the socially elect gather, but I have an idea that he submits to certain social usages and splurges, not because he is naturally fond of them, but because it is the right thing to do at certain times and because it cannot injure him politically in the slightest degree to be photographed in correct evening garb and in a throng of fair women and brave men. I have used the word "brave" because it is the right word to use. Only brave men make a specialty of full dress displays in these days.

There was a time, I am told by Amos Allen of our staff, when a loyal Boston Democrat of the aggressive type would have thought twice before consenting to don the conventional garb for upper-crust evening wear, for there was danger in it. I refer to political danger. Men were called "A. P. A.'s" in years not long since fled for daring to hire for a few hours' use the kind of clothes that the better element wore after sundown as a matter of course and fashion.

It is different now, according to Amos Allen. The change was obvious when prominent Boston politicians began to frequent the golf links and to do so as bravely and calmly as if they had been brought up on the ancient game. There were dark political threats at one time against a Bostn alderman because he donned knick-

ers before going out to the country dub, but he was re-elected, although ly a narrow margin. And now the olitician who tries to win votes by addressing an outing of city employes n overalls and jumper is in danger of being hissed off his feet. "The world do move."

regime, and the word is used advised-

ly, dwell on that eminence. Some have

ition

gone to homes still higher and even nore salubrious, let us hope, and others have forsaken the Hill solely because it is not what it was when they were socially prominent and physically free from rheumatism and arthritis. And while those who carol on Beacon Hill in this second third of the Twentieth Century may not have as clear a comprehension of the English language, as it was spoken by the patricians of the Hill, their heart and their voices are in the right places.

But why omit mass singing on Beacon Hill to Christmas eve? The General Court of Massachusetts will soon be in session. Would not choral singing outside of the State House, between the hours of eight and eleven P. M. have visible effect on the legislative work and decisions of the following day? For example, both branches could be induced to meet evenings if it became known that their debates and arguments would be accompanied by impressive vocal music, and as a result the length of the annual sessions would be considerably shortened and, possibly their cost might be lowered.

Perhaps Governor Curley can be induced to interest himself in the proposition in spite of the fact that already he has been called on to interest himself in no fewer than fifty-seven varieties of propositions, none of which interests anybody except its promoters and, possibly their families.

## BOSTON REVIEW Boston, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

# HOW ABOUT REPUBLICAN PARTY IN THIS FORMERLY GREAT STRONGHOLD?

Leadership Will Now Require New Methods And Less Reliance On Mistakes Of Democracy—Blow Sustained In November Was Worst Received Since Party Gained Commanding Position In Commonwealth—Governor Curley Has Demonstrated His Ability To Lead—Opposition To His Policies On Beacon Hill Will Hardly Prevail.

By BEACON HILL

There are those who predict that the Republican party, as a national institution, has not long to survive, but I do not entirely agree with that opinion. It will not survive unless some plan is devised by which those who are opposed to the control of the party by highly selfish interests can be brought back into the fold and urgent measures taken to put the national organization on other than a defensive basis. That has served more than once when the party has been in control of the government, but it is utterly useless when a party is out and trying to get in. Then it must take the offensive, and at the present time it has no actual foundation for effective attack.

In our own Commonwealth the condition of the party is due to a lack of intelligent, cohesive leadership and a consolidated following. Whether, with such a leadership as is required, the Governor. necessary following could be obtained is problematical. As conditions now are, the Democratic party is more than likely to retain control of the State until the Republicans, unused to being battered for any length of time, gradually become less and less effective as a political unit, even of opposition. The Democracy has been used to that kind of treatment and has survived it for a long time. The Republicans, to use a familiar saying, "cannot take

Now, as the New Year opens, conditions in Massachusetts are all the more interesting, if I may use a very mild word, owing to the fact that we have in Washington a Democratic President whose authority is almost unlimited and a Democratic Congress that thus far has been willing to serve as an echo for the President. There is nothing coming to Republican leaders and their followers from the nation's

capital except a realization that their party is competely down and out, as far as the loaves, fishes and ice cream are concerned.

We have just seen installed a Governor who should have little or no difficulty in obtaining from the new General Court almost everything of importance that it has power to give, and the fact that he is able, resourceful and highly experienced in the art of doing things and getting things makes it highly probable that, if any opposition to his policies and purposes develop on Beacon Hill whatever strength it may possess will be due to Governor Curley's foemen in his own party, rather than to any masterly leadership or strategy on the part of Republicans. I do not now look for any opposition to manifest itself which will be much of a hindrance for the

We are told—and it is true in a measure-that Governor Curley owes the fact that he is Governor to the immense popularity and prestige of President Roosevelt and to the fact that, as a candidate, Mr. Curley made it very plain that he was running as a supporter of the Rooseveltian policies from beginning to end. But in November, 1936, when Roosevelt and the Governor, in all probability, both go before the people for an indorsement of their respective administrations, Governor Curley's appeal will then be based, very naturally, on his record as Governor. What will the Republicans be doing in order to offset that appeal, no matter how strongly it may be backed by the official records for the coming two years.

Owing to long years of control, the Republican leaders-and there are leaders of a sort-have become sluggish, selfish and complacent. For years, even when a Democratic Governor was at the helm, they held the General Court and complete control of the Governor's Council. They profited for years by the inefficiency of the Democratic opposition, which at times was a seriously divided opposition. But now there is no political capital or reasonable hope of profiting by that in the near future. Governor Curley has his Democratic foemen, but today he is the unchallengtd leader of his party and, owing to the lack of Republican leadership of the right kind, he will have back of him, in carrying out any reasonable and constructive policy, thousands of Republicans. His leadership, it may be added, was not impaired in the slightest degree by the methods employed by Governor Ely

during the closing days of his administration.

Is it possible for the Republicans of Massachusetts to regain enough of their lost strength to become a party of real opposition and finally, onge more, a party that can win election, That remains to be seen. When the leadership of other days yielded to thi demand for direct nominations, the felt and admitted privately that thewere transferring the party control from the party's chosen leadership to those who were responsible only as far as they could muster votes in behalf of their ideas. In spite of the primary act, however, and because of intelligent leadership, the party did not lose its grip, except at intervals and in a limited way, for many years. But the greatest defeat that Massachusetts Republicans have sustained for years became painfully effective this week.

Thus far there are no signs of an attempt of the Republican leaders to get together and prepare for work that will have to be done if the party is to be of any large importance in the next State election. It is too early, of course, to say who should be nominated for Governor in 1936. In some important details, there will have to be a "new deal," and it will have to be an appealing one. Just now certain Republican leaders whose leadership has not been conspicuous for its lavish use of gray matter, say that Governor Curley's administration will in due season give them all the material they need for a powerful and victorious attack. That kind of talk is familiar. Let us do nothing and trust to the errors of our Democratic foemen to provide ammunition for our batteries."

Has it occurred to any of those advocates of discredited and outmoded campaign methods that James M. Curley, as a Democratic leader, has demonstrated that he does not rely thany marked extent on what was fellow

merly considered good campaign material? Are the Republicans going to slip back into the feebly critical position so long occupied by the Massachusetts Democracy?

ARLE CITY SOLICITOR

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> **BOSTON REVIEW** Boston, Mass.

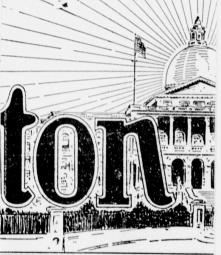
> > JAN 5

## THOSE WHO ENVY BOS! MUST NOT I

Comparisons With First Corps Ofew a very instructive paper for inence In Connection With Inspired, Of Course, By Del Unit That Has Been Powerful tween Our Own Nation And Protected.

By OLIVER PETERS

As a member in good standing of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company, I desire to put an end once and for all to certain malicious statements that have been in circulation during the latter part of the present week. A few members of military units having no particular standing, and certain heads of fraternal and insurance orders who occasionally make feeble and pitiful attempts to lead parades, have been chuckling and chortling because, as they say, the First Corps of Cadets walked away with the military honors in connection with the inauguration of our new Governor and left the Ancient and .



Boston, Mass., Sat

# Govern

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ESTABLISHED 1913 PUBLISHED WEEKLY 6 Beacon Street, Boston

Richard T. Howard

TELEPHONE-CAPITOL 1122

SUBSCRIPTION: FIVE DOLLARS

ed at the Boston (Massachusetts) to him?



SATURDAY, JANUARY 5, 1935

#### AS WE GO TO PRESS

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In some details the substitutes for old-fashioned dole are so much like Claus, while visiting Boston, left his the original as to be almost doleful.

Governor Curley has a record for keeping his appointments. But as for those recently made by his immediate predecessor, well, that's another story.

There is no Santa Claus without money. He must be an international banker and ought to be investigated.

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PARKER HOUSE ROLLS

## **BOSTON REVIEW** Boston, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

# HOW ABOUT REPUBLICAN PARTY IN THIS FORMERLY GREAT STRONGHOLD?

Leadership Will Now Require New Methods And Less Reliance On Mistakes Of Democracy-Blow Sustained In November Was Worst Received Since Party Gained Commanding Position In Commonwealth-Governor Curley Has Demonstrated His Ability To Lead-Opposition To His Policies On Beacon Hill Will Hardly Prevail.

By BEACON HILL

There are those who predict that the Republican party, as a national institution, has not long to survive, but I do not entirely agree with that opinion. It will not survive unless some plan is devised by which those who are opposed to the control of the party by highly selfish interests can be brought back into the fold and urgent measures taken to put the national organization on other than a defensive basis. That has served more than once when the party has been in control of the government, but it is utterly useless when a party is out and trying to get in. Then it must take the offensive, and at the present time it has no actual foundation for effective attack.

In our own Commonwealth the condition of the party is due to a lack of intelligent, cohesive leadership and a consolidated following. Whether, with such a leadership as is required, the Governor. necessary following could be obtained is problematical. As conditions now are, the Democratic party is more than likely to retain control of the State until the Republicans, unused to being battered for any length of time, gradually become less and less effective as a political unit, even of opposition. The Democracy has been used to that for a long time. The Republicans, to use a familiar saying, "cannot take

Now, as the New Year opens, conditions in Massachusetts are all the more interesting, if I may use a very mild word, owing to the fact that we have in Washington a Democratic President whose authority is almost unlimited and a Democratic Congress that thus far has been willing to serve as an echo for the President. There is nothing coming to Republican leaders and their followers from the nation's

capital except a realization that their party is competely down and out, as far as the loaves, fishes and ice cream are concerned.

We have just seen installed a Governor who should have little or no difficulty in obtaining from the new General Court almost everything of importance that it has power to give, and the fact that he is able, resourceful and highly experienced in the art of doing things and getting things makes it highly probable that, if any opposition to his policies and purposes develop on Beacon Hill whatever strength it may possess will be due to Governor Curley's foemen in his own party, rather than to any masterly leadership or strategy on the part of Republicans. I do not now look for any opposition to manifest itself which will be much of a hindrance for the

We are told—and it is true in a measure-that Governor Curley owes the fact that he is Governor to the immense popularity and prestige of President Roosevelt and to the fact that, as a candidate, Mr. Curley made it very plain that he was running as a supporter of the Rooseveltian policies from beginning to end. But in kind of treatment and has survived it November, 1936, when Roosevelt and the Governor, in all probability, both go before the people for an indorsement of their respective administrations, Governor Curley's appeal will then be based, very naturally, on his record as Governor. What will the Republicans be doing in order to offset that appeal, no matter how strongly it may be backed by the official records for the coming two years.

Owing to long years of control, the Republican leaders-and there are leaders of a sort-have become sluggish, selfish and complacent. For years, even when a Democratic Governor was at the helm, they held the General Court and complete control of the Governor's Council. They profited for years by the inefficiency of the Democratic opposition, which at times was a seriously divided opposition. But now there is no political capital or reasonable hope of profiting by that in the near future. Governor Curley has his Democratic foemen, but today he is the unchallengtd leader of his party and, owing to the lack of Republican leadership of the right kind, he will have back of him, in carrying out any reasonable and constructive policy, thousands of Republicans. His leadership, it may be added, was not impaired in the slightest degree by the methods employed by Governor Ely

during the closing days of his administration.

Is it possible for the Republicans of Massachusetts to regain enough of their lost strength to become a party of real opposition and finally, onge more, a party that can win election, That remains to be seen. When the leadership of other days yielded to thi demand for direct nominations, the felt and admitted privately that the; were transferring the party control from the party's chosen leadership to those who were responsible only as far as they could muster votes in behalf of their ideas. In spite of the primary act, however, and because of intelligent leadership, the party did not lose its grip, except at intervals and in a limited way, for many years. But the greatest defeat that Massachusetts Republicans have sustained for years became painfully effective this week.

Thus far there are no signs of an attempt of the Republican leaders to get together and prepare for work that will have to be done if the party is to be of any large importance in the next State election. It is too early, of course, to say who should be nominated for Governor in 1936. In some important details, there will have to be a "new deal," and it will have to be an appealing one. Just now certain Republican leaders whose leadership has not been conspicuous for its lavish use of gray matter, say that Governor Curley's administration will in due season give them all the material they need for a powerful and victorious attack. That kind of talk is familiar. Let us do nothing and trust to the errors of our Democratic foemen to provide ammunition for our batteries."

Has it occurred to any of those advocates of discredited and outmoded campaign methods that James M. Curley, as a Democratic leader, has demonstrated that he does not rely f any marked extent on what was for

merly considered good campaign material? Are the Republicans going to slip back into the feebly critical position so long occupied by the Massachusetts Democracy?

ARLE CITY SOLICITOR

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JAN 5 1935

# THOSE WHO ENVY BOSTON'S "ANCIENTS" MUST NOT IGNORE CERTAIN FACTS

Comparisons With First Corps Of Cadets, Based On Latter's Prominence In Connection With Gubernatorial Inauguration, Were Inspired, Of Course, By Deliberate Purpose Belittle Military Unit That Has Been Powerful Factor In Preserving Peace Between Our Own Nation And Others Less Well Defended And Protected.

By OLIVER PETERS

As a member in good standing of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company, I desire to put an end once and for all to certain malicious statements that have been in circulation during the latter part of the present week. A few members of military units having no particular standing, and certain heads of fraternal and insurance orders who occasionally make feeble and pitiful attempts to lead parades, have been chuckling and chortling because, as they say, the First Corps of Cadets walked away with the military honors in connection with the inauguration of our new Governor and left the Ancient and 

Honorable Artillery Company in the position of an expeditionary force that had lost its way while retreating from or following the enemy.

Some of my comrades have told me that I should not pay the slightest attention to such unfair and untruthful gossip, but my devotion to the oldest military company in New England will not permit me to remain silent. First of all, I desire to explain that the First Corps of Cadets and the Ancients occupy entirely different positions as organizations pledged to defend the Commonwealth from armed invasion. The First Corps of Cadets are a part of the Commonwealth's military establishment and are responsible directly to the Governor whenever he may call on them for service in peace or war. He is their commander-in-chief, and it was in honor of their commander-in-chief that the inaugural ball was held.

On the other hand, the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company is an independent military organization. It is not part of the militia forces, although far more stimulating as an inspiration to patriotic service than any other military body in New England. It is not, of course, subject to summenses to duty on the occasion of riots, conflagrations, armed invasion or political primaries, but its record for patriotism is such that mere requests are considered by it when emanating from high authority as equivalent to orders and edicts.

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### **BOSTON REVIEW**

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ence to the fact that those who are envious of the Ancients' prestige ar saying that the First Corps of Cadet is composed mainly of blue-bloods and that the Ancients compare very un favorably with the Cadets when the Cocial Register is examined alongside the muster rolls of both companies All of which is buncombe. There was RS a time, of course, when the First Corps was composed largely of those who to him? were then called Back Bay and Beacon Hill "dudes," but time makes great changes. The First Corps of Cadets today has more than a few members of Milesian origin, if not of birth, and where a man lives has not the slightest effect on the result of selections to fill vacancies.

This may not sound like praise for; the First Corps, but it is not intended to be. I merely desire to emphasize the fact that the most important military movement in Boston this year will be the annual parade and dinner of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery ly Company, and it will be the occasion of special tributes of esteem for Comrade Curley. I have just been asked r to make a point of the fact that King ce George of Great Britain and Ireland, il. who is also Emperor of India, is also an honorary member of the Ancients, or but that fact is of no importance ex- is cept that, while Comrade George car- 1ries more initials after his name, his 's actual position is of far less executive importance than that now held by Comrade James M. Curley.

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# The Governor's Council

Any clash between the Chief Executive and the Governor's Council forebodes a sad situation in this Commonwealth. It would ultimately lead to a lowering of the dignity and prestige of the executive branch of the government.

The history of the Governor's Council dates back to Colonial days when it was the Supreme Judicial Court as well as having its powers and privileges. As time went on it won for itself unusual high esteem and respect.

The spectacle presented in the last few weeks was all wrong. It lacked high purpose of service and should not be repeated.

It will be a sad day indeed when this time honored Governor's Council would be abolished by a Constitutional Amendment.

The founders who made sacrifices for ideals tried to check unlimited power of the Executive and created this Council for the definite purpose of having a check and a balance to the Chief Executive. They wanted and provided for this body in the Constitution and gave it added power and responsibility with the Chief Executive so that only fit and competent men and women might be appointed and confirmed for positions of trust.

The Boston Review would be remiss in its duty if it looked on silently and without comment at the manipulations which took place last week.

There was an encroachment upon executive powers and rights when the Governor's Council dictated certain appointments in return for other confirmations. We are willing to forgive and forget the mistake made in its haste and undoubtedly in its partisanship. For the good of all, it ought not to happen again.

"As a nail cleveth between two stones, so doth sin in the midst of a trade."

The appearance of a trade is apt to result in an attack upon the Governor's Council which may lead further than is warranted. We believe that the character of the members is high and honorable. They made a mistake.

This is a plea to the new Governor's Council to step along safe grounds. The members have rights and privileges, which should be exercised only for the best interests of the Commonwealth. The members should be real counsellors and advisers of the Chief Executive. If a rejection is made of an appointment by the Governor, it should be because of honest convictions of unfitness, and for no other reason. Then all will be well.

The Chief Executive, we feel quite certain, will co-operate with and respect the honest decisions of his Council.

Massachusetts needs harmony in the Executive Chamber in these days of change and fate. "Come let us reason together," should be the keynote of the new administration, especially when a sorely tried people wait and hope for "Work and wages."

C. S. MONITOR Boston, Mass.

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## Ely Appointments Threatened Peace Treaty Revision Is Urged Boston Mayor Going 'On the Air'

**Today in Greater Boston** 

And a Few Other Points in New England

#### Curley Strikes

Swiftly invoking an ancient crown statute, dating back to pre-Revolutionary days, Governor Curley fulfilled a preinaugural threat, and took steps to reverse two eleventhhour appointments: Eugene C. Hult-man, Metropolitan District Commis-sion chairman, and Joseph Leonard, police commissioner.

Said the Governor: The old Crown law required that an appointee hold his office throughout its full term. If this be valid, the resignations of Mr. Hultman and Mr. Leonard from their former positions would be illegal. Mr. Curley set machinery in motion for a Supreme Court test at once.

He also invoked a state law passed in 1906, indicating that a police commissioner of Boston can-not engage in any other business. The removal procedure on this tack

The removal procedure on this tack set by the Governor and his legal advisors will be entirely up to the Attorney General and the State Supreme Court, from this point on. Governor Curley intimated today that if this plan to remove the two men failed, he would be relentless in his efforts to remove them on other grounds, because he felt them both incompetent. Governor Ely should

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The two "last-minute political deals by both Governor Ely and his council members" were declared by Governor Curley at that time to be direct attempts to spike his administration before it ever got under way. He threatened to remove these men as quickly as possible.

Yugoslavia Discussed Yugoslavia's treatment of minorities and of Hungarians in particular was unanimously termed a live danger to peace, and even a firebrand, by three speakers before the Foreign Policy Association, today. Their agreement on the necessity for protecting these minorities was made more striking, in view of widely differing attitudes of the

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Mrs. Vera Micheles Dean of the association's research staff, insisted that the League's settlement of the dispute averted hostilities that threatened to break out into a war "in defense of national honor." She admitted, however, that the fundamental problem of the Yugoslav minorities remains essentially unremains essentially

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(Continued on Page 2, Column 1)

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Bureau of Foreign and Domestic
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Over in Holland, there is a law
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Try it, says the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. It didn't suggest the refrigerator as an alternative, but that might be worth a try, too.

Theft-Proof Plates Costly

Theft-proof automobile license plates are the vogue these days—but they may prove to be more expensive to install than it would cost to supply new plates. supply new plates to a car fro which the plates have been stolen.

Ten thousand theft-proof plates cost the State \$40,000 for 1935. The State Department of Public Works is expected to make an overture to the Legislature for an additional \$100,000 to supply the whole State with such plates in 1936.

William P. Callahan, public works commissioner, said yesterday that before he asked for the additional sum he wanted to see just how efficient the new theft-proof plates turned out to be. "And," declared the commissioner, "this is no challenge to thieves either."

Welfare Costs Rise

For the first time in several months Boston welfare expenditures for the week ending Dec. 29 exceeded those of the corresponding week in 1933. Last week the welfare department spent \$243,000, whereas last year in the same period \$233,000 was spent. The total of the welfare cases for the week ending Dec. 29 reached \$30,700, while only 29,900 persons were on the rolls a year ago.

Mowever, the welfare department finished the year under its appro-priation of about \$13,000,000, with an actual surplus of \$54,700. During the year over \$1,500,000 has been the year over \$1,500,000 has been saved in the welfare department over the year previous—through

economies and by the help of the

More R. I. Rails Sought Rhode Island's triumphant Demo-

Rhode Island's triumphant Democrats, wasting little time on gnats and swallowing political camels by the score, today seemed about to woo a second and third railroad for Providence. With a long standing complaint against monopoly as a backlog, they would give the Boston & Albany and Boston & Maine trackage rights over a route that has trackage rights over a route that has always been exclusive New York, New Haven & Hartford territory. Providence would be connected via Worcester, with northern New England, Albany and the West—independently of New York City and the New Haven lines.

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## HERE'S A BRAND NEW CANDIDATE FOR A NEW AND VERY IMPORTANT POSITION & REVIEW

Desires To Serve Governor Curley As Historical Secretary And Submits Ample Evidence That He Could Perform Duties In Manner Which Would Make Gilded Dome Glow With Warm Appreciation, He Submits A Sample Proclamation For The Proper And Long-Mishandled Observance Of Washington's Birthday.

By HERBERT H. WILLIAMS

I desire at this time and with the consent of the editor of The Boston Review to explain my position as candidate for the responsible duties of historical secretary to the honored Governor of the Commonwealth. I have long been interested in the history of Massachusetts. I had ancestors among the early settlers of Charlestown, and my grandfather was a member of the Charlestown Fire Department at the time of the big Boston fire. Therefore, I feel that I have something of a claim, as you might say, on the position which I seek.

I have watched City Hall closely for some years, and I find that our various mayors, one by one, have not improved their prestige or enhanced their standing by their selection of secretaries. I do not care to go into detail, for I am willing to let the dead past remain dead and buried, but in my opinion the immediate appointment by Governor Curley of a historial secdeal of work off the Governor's should-

ers, for I could address gatherings of those queer folk who are interested in nothing but the historic past. I have a fund of information concerning the past, nearly all of which is entirely original and is intended to strengthen the popular belief that the past is just as well past as it would be if present. Thus, by performing such really impressive if not important duties, I would permit the Governor to devote more time to attend public and semi-public functions and to become better acquainted the men and women whom later he will represent in Washington as the junior Senator from Massachusetts. I have already written a proclamation for Washington's birthday which I enclose, and I shall see that the Governor receives his copy before the public reads it. That is only fair and in accordance with the best usages. I may say right here that when it comes to taking care of the best usages and seeing that they retary like myself would take a great are not overlooked or neglected, I defy any one to outclass me.

Saturday, January 5, 1935

nerely scratched the right of way beore unloading it on Uncle Sam.

There was a time when it looked is if it would become a burden on our axpayers, but the great war came, and one result of that war was the purchase of the ditch by the Federal government and its conversion into a anal. Millions have been expended ince then and many more are needed.

Five millions are now sought to 'complete the improvement." There must be a mistake somewhere. As soon as one allotment for "completion" is disposed of, it is discovered that the work is not quite finished. Thankful? The yeomanry of Massahusetts do not realize how thankful they ought to be because they are not paying the entire cost of completing a canal that, apparently, canot be completed.

In spite of reports to the contrary, here are hundreds of Republicans in loston and the suburbs who have not informed Governor Cur longer. lready

ley that, tired of the lack of real leadership in their own party, they not only voted for him in November, but worked day and night in his behalf during the campaign preceding the election. There is more than a suspicion that among those who have tried to convince the Goevrnor that they were, in large part, responsible for his triumph, there are a few-possibly a very few-who, until election day, were proclaiming loudly their fealty to Candidate Bacon.

I was assured by a well-known Democrat who enjoys almost confidential relations with Mr. Curley, inasmuch as the latter always speaks to him quite affably when they pass each other on the street, that, if it is impossible to find deserving Democrats in sufficient numbers to fill all the positions that the Governor will be able to fill. he may or may not consider the candidacies of those Republicans who have suddenly discovered that they were Curley men all the time and even

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THE ---

PRESS CLIPPING SERVICE 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

## **BOSTON REVIEW** Boston, Mass.

1935 JAN 5

ure Maines or used them. I desire to urge upon you at this time that, in celebrating the anniversary of his birth, you do so not because he was the Father of His Country, for there were, in his day and preceding him, several fairly good men who might have disputed the claim of fatherhood which has been urged for him since his decease, and not, especially, because of the popular impression that he was "first in war, first in peace and first in the hearts of his countrymen." I will not enter into any argument at this time concerning the three firsts which are

## over. If any man at any time in the HERE'S ONE MAN WHO history of the world was ever tem with inducements to slop over, he was only for POSTMA the man, but he never slopped. Of how many political, military and eduhistory of the world was ever tem cational leaders can that he said? Let

Compares Him More Than Favore us of Massachusetts devote half an Who Hamper President Politica hour, at least, on the day devoted to Like Democrat Of Old School singing the praises of George Wash mand for More Millions With ington, to pendering on the fact that Canal—Number Of Republicatione of his greatest glories and one Curley Is Almost If Not Quite that has not been suitably recognized

By MATTHEW COTTON

One of the favorite winter sports if it be not too late. in anti-administration circles is that "Washington never slopped over of hurling verbal brickbats at Post Let that sink into your minds and reholiday season, I

#### THE BOSTON REVIEW

President of our nation. I have not

the time nor the inclination to do that.

I am asking it because I think such a

request is now more than ever time-

ly, is to observe Washington's Birth-

day this year, if never again, as that

of the great leader who never slopped

in the past was that which all of us

should endeavor to emulate and equal,

"Washington never slopped over!

"What I am asking you to do, and

merely scratched the right of way before unloading it on Uncle Sam.

There was a time when it looked as if it would become a burden on our taxpayers, but the great war came, and one result of that war was the purchase of the ditch by the Federal government and its conversion into a canal. Millions have been expended since then and many more are needed.

Five millions are now sought to "complete the improvement." There must be a mistake somewhere. As soon as one allotment for "completion" is disposed of, it is discovered that the work is not quite finished. Thankful? The yeomanry of Massachusetts do not realize how thankful they ought to be because they are not paying the entire cost of completing a canal that, apparently, cannot be completed.

there are hundreds of Republicans in suddenly discovered that they were Boston and the suburbs who have not Curley men all the time and even informed Governor Cur longer. already

ley that, tired of the lack of real leadership in their own party, they not only voted for him in November, but worked day and night in his behalf during the campaign preceding the election. There is more than a sus picion that among those who have tried to convince the Goevrnor that they were, in large part responsible for his triumph, there are a few-possibly a very few-who, until election day, were proclaiming loudly their fealty to Candidate Bacon.

Saturday, January 5, 1935

I was assured by a well-known Democrat who enjoys almost confidential relations with Mr. Curley, inasmuch as the latter always speaks to him quite affably when they pass each other on the street, that, if it is impossible to find deserving Democrats in sufficient numbers to fill all the positions that the Governor will be able to fill. he may or may not consider the can-In spite of reports to the contrary, didacies of those Republicans who have

claimed for the commander of our forces in the Revolution and the first



#### C. S. MONITOR Boston, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

## Ely Appointments Threatened Peace Treaty Revision Is Urged Boston Mayor Going 'On the Air'

**Today in Greater Boston** 

And a Few Other Points in New England

#### Curley Strikes

Swiftly invoking an ancient crown statute, dating back to pre-Revolutionary days, Governor Curley ful-filled a preinaugural threat, and took steps to reverse two eleventhhour appointments: Eugene C. Hult-man, Metropolitan District Commis-sion chairman, and Joseph Leonard, police commissioner.

Said the Governor: The old Crown law required that an appointee hold his office throughout its full term. If this be valid, the resignations of Mr. Hultman and Mr. Leonard from their former positions would be illegal. Mr. Curley set machinery in motion for a Supreme Court test at once.

He also invoked a state law.

He also invoked a state law passed in 1906, indicating that a police commissioner of Boston can-not engage in any other business.

The removal procedure on this tack set by the Governor and his legal advisors will be entirely up to the Attorney General and the State Supreme Court, from this point on. Governor Curley intimated today that if this plan to remove the two men failed, he would be relentless in his efforts to remove them on other grounds, because he felt them both incompetent. Governor Ely should The removal procedure on this tack

incompetent. Governor Ely should never have appointed them, he said.

The two "last-minute political deals by both Governor Ely and his council members" were declared by Governor Curley at that time to be direct attempts to spike his administration before it ever got under way. He threatened to remove these men as quickly as possible.

Yugoslavia Discussed Yugoslavia's treatment of minorities and of Hungarians in particular was unanimously termed a live danger to peace, and even a fire-brand, by three speakers before the Foreign Policy Association, today. Their agreement on the necessity for protecting these minorities was made more striking, in view of widely differing attitudes of the speakers.

Mrs. Vera Micheles Dean of the association's research staff, insisted that the League's settlement of the dispute averted hostilities that threatened to break out into a war "in defense of national honor." She admitted, however, that the funda-mental problem of the Yugoslav mi-norities remains essentially unchanged.

Mr. Francis Deak maintained that immediate revision of the treaties, involving the cession of former Hungarian land by Yugoslavia to Hungary, is the only way to put out the firebrand. His position was supported by Edgar J. Fisher, formerly of Roberts College, Istanbul, Turkey.

Mansfield to Go on Air President Roosevelt's frequent use of the radio to review and explain

(Continued on Page 2, Column 1)

#### THE CHRISTIAN

### **Monitor Radiocast** On World Trade

THE series of weekly feature programs of selected stories The Christian Science from The Christian Science Monitor and its Weekly Magazine Section will be continued on Saturday, Jan. 5, at 7:45 p. m., eastern standard time, over Stations WBZ, WBZA and W1XAZ, Boston and Springfield, Mass.

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Necessity has mothered a new
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Over in Holland, there is a law preventing bakers from working after 8 p. m. and before 5 a. m. How, then, to get yesterday afternoon's bread to the consumer with just that humid softness that spells fresh bread, just out of the oven?

The bright idea for solution finally came with the advent of dry ice, that solidified gas that now has become a commonplace in keeping ice cream frozen. Some clever Dutch baker threw a few cakes into a bread chest, and behold—next morning the bread still had that

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## More R. I. Rails Sought

Rhode Island's triumphant Demo-Rhode Island's triumpinant Democrats, wasting little time on gnats and swallowing political camels by the score, today seemed about to woo a second and third railroad for Providence. With a long standing complaint against monopoly as a backlog, they would give the Boston & Albany and Boston & Maine trackage rights over a route that hos trackage rights over a route that has always been exclusive New York, New Haven & Hartford territory. New Haven & Hartford territory. Providence would be connected via Worcester, with northern New England, Albany and the West—independently of New York City and the New Haven lines.

For years, Providence business men have complained that they have been hampered by lack of competi-tion in the transport field.

Embargoes and high rates, they say, have militated against their exports. Car delays are said to be longer in Providence than in other cities. Automobile and truck com-petition can easily drive deep wedges into this vulnerable railroad weak-ness, thus still further imperiling the railroad's willingness to grant

THE

## ments Threatened

# Treaty Revision Is Urged

# Boston Mayor Going 'On the Air'

(Continued from Page 1)

governmental happenings and poli-cies has widely spread into local government as a regular practice. So when Mayor Mansfield goes on the air some evening in the near fu-ture, as he planned today—to review his first administrative year and to his first administrative year and to outline his plans for 1935—radio listeners will hardly be astonished at this mayoral precedent. No other Boston Mayor has reviewed his administrative record in this manner, although the now Governor Curley, when he was Mayor inaugurated a when he was Mayor, inaugurated a weekly radio broadcast at City Hall.

#### Curley Wins and Loses Gov. James M. Curley came out of

his first Executive Council meeting late yesterday afternoon with a .500 per cent average.

He secured the confirmation of his appointment of Special Justice Joseph A. Sheehan to the bench of the State Supreme Court to fill the va-cancy left by the passing of Judge E. A. Bishop. But he failed to win the councilors over when he submitted the name of Frank A. Goodwin as chairman of the Boston Finance Commission.

Justice Sheehan, until he resigned yesterday, was chairman of the Finance Commission. Mr. Good-win until he was removed by formerwin until he was removed by former-Governor Ely last year, was chairman of the Finance Commission. The Governor's plan was to secure the resignation of Mr. Sheehan and replace him with Mr. Goodwin. The Council, led by the stormy Daniel H. Coakley, refused the Goodwin nomination but accepted the name of E. Mark Sullivan, former Boston Corporation Counsel, who bolted the Republican party to support Governor Curley in the last election. Confirmation of these two appointees along with the confirmation of the Governor's secretarial staff is expected at the next regular Council

expected at the next regular Council meeting Wednesday. According to rule all appointments must hold over a week before confirmation.

The Sullivan appointment, how-

ever, cannot interfere to any great extent with the investigation being conducted by the Finance Commission into some of the financial activi-ties of Boston during the past few years. It has been the new Goveryears. It has been the new Governor's desire for years to have this commission abolished. Until he can feel out the Legislature to see whether or not they will abolish it, the next best move is to have one of his own men at the kelm. Such are the careful tactics of an astute politician.

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Providence's destination as a seaport seemed fulfilled just before the World War when the Central Vermont, then a subsidiary of the Grand Trunk, began the building of a line from Palmer, Mass., to Providence. The coming of the war forced abandonment of the project after the roadbed had been graded and numerous bridges built. The Canadian National Railways which took over the Grand Central did not favor continuance of the project. Various attempts ance of the project. Various attempts then were made to revive the Palmer to Providence project but failed. The aim was to make Providence a warm water port for Canadian grain ship-

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Press Clipping Service Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> **AMERICAN** Boston, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

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## CURLEY SAYS JOB ILLEGAL

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In a letter to Attorney-General Joseph E. Warner, Governor Curley asked proceedings be started immediately in Supreme Court for removal of the former police head from the new post given him by

Ely on December 27.

The move also aroused speculation as to the legality of Joseph J.
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His letter to the attorney-general

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"On December 27, 1934, Eugene C. Huitman was appointed chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission and shortly thereafter undertook to qualify by taking the oath of office.

"Mr. Huitman prior to, and at the time of such appointment, was police commissioner of the city of Boston, which office he did not resign until after his appointment as chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission.

"His successor as police commissioner, Joseph J. Leonard, was appointed to the office of police commissioner on December 27, 1934, but did not take the oath of office until December 28, 1934.

"Under the provisions of the Act of 1906, Chapter 291, Section 7, it is provided the police commissioner of the city of Boston 'shall not engage in any other business' and it is also provided that he 'shall hold his office until his successor is appointed and qualified."

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"It would appear, therefore, that at the time of his appointment to the office of chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission Mr. Hultman was not eligible for such appointment and that he, therefore, holds said office without legal right thereto. "In these circumstances it is your manifest duty, in accordance with the provisions of Section 12, of Chapter 249, of the General Laws, to proceed in the Supreme Judicial Court by way of an information in the nature of quo warran to determine Mr. Hultman's right to hold the office of chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission and I request you to do so."

Attorney General Warner said he had not received the Governor's letter. For that reason, he said, he declined to comment.

Warner's term is due to expire a week from Tuesday, when Paul A. Dever takes office.

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> AMERICAN Boston, Mass.

1935

charge of murdering Jack Darrish Revere bootlegger, was continued by Judge Samuel R. Cutler until

a hostile executive council, the governor had these two things to say, but no threats or warnings for the recalcitrant councillors.

Headed by Senator James E. Scanlan of Somerville, the Democrats called upon the governor to see what he was going to do about the Senate election deadlock. He told them:

"I do not believe that I should interfere with the affairs of a legislative branch. I believe the senators are quite competent to work out their own salvation."

The governor then told the press representatives that he hoped to get a chair "of the type in keeping with this office." He said the one he found there was a worn-out model.

Governor Curley was told that, according to tradition, the outgoing governor took his chair with him

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The governor's pian to reinstate Frank A. Goodwin to the Beston Finance Commision was blocked by Councillor Daniel H. Coakley and the Republican councillors, although G. O. P. Councillor Frank A. Brooks was with the governor. E. Mark Sullivan, nominally a Republican, but a Curley supporter, got the appointment and will be designated chairman, demoting Judge Jacob J. Kaplan.

The council made no objection to the choice of Special Justice Joseph A. Sheehan to be judge in the superior court. The council, however, cannot confirm any appointments until seven days have elapsed.

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BOSTON MASS.

**AMERICAN** Boston, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

## **CURLEY PLEDGES**

Race Boards Support

The state racing commission, headed by General Charles H. Cole,

headed by General Charles H. Cole, will not be interfered with by Governor Curley, as long as the commission functions properly.

When asked what action he would take on the request of Attorney Conrad W. Crooker for a public hearing looking to the removal of the three commissioners, Governor Curley said:

"There is no middle course to take. The people have voted to permit racing. As long as the commission conducts its affair as it should, they will be permit ted to go ahead."

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

**AMERICAN** Boston, Mass.

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## Party Honors George Curley

The Misses Ann and Mary Holland, attractive debutante daughters of the Daniel J. Hollands of Jamaica Plain, will be hostesses this evening at their home on Moriane street, at a farewell party for George Curley, second youngest son of Governor James M. Curley, who returns to his class at Andover tomorrow evening.

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A large group of the younger set will attend, including, the Misses Edith Frances Dooley, Elean or O'Neill, Margaret Rooney, Jean and Betty Fitzsim mons, Rita Maloney, Gertrud McCourt and Mr. Joseph Grode, Francis J. X. Holland, Jam Graham, Edward O'Brien, Frees McCourt and Clifford Abrose.

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1935

## GES Curley Wants New Chair, Smiles at Council Tilt

Governor Curley won't et mixed up in the State Senate row over who shall be s president, and he would like a new chair for his offic

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Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON

> **AMERICAN** Boston, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

# HUBBY No HER

By Sheilah Graham Wife W

Once upon a time there l weighed 250 pounds.

He was married to a slim littl hardly more than a third of that

## Cunning Gingham

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. **BOSTON** 

> FREE PRESS East Boston, Mass.

JAN 5

congress snall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof. Article 1, Bill of Rights.

#### GOVERNOR CURLEY'S MESSAGE

Governor Curley in his first message shows again that comprehensive grasp of governmental problems which grasp of governmental problems which always surprises even though it is generally known that he is a master in statecraft. He points the way to reform in the executive and judicial branches of the government and he does it so simply and eloquently that he proves his case. The changes he suggests will come without much delay, for he is a man of action and the people are with him.

Verily, a new day is here!

#### Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

BEACON Dorchester, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

# Senate Filibust Fails to Disconcert Governor Curley

Oath Administered by Secretary of State Cook-Many Remedial and Constructive Suggestions in Inaugural Address

At 12:15 o'clock Thursday, January 3, | Miss McGee was the escort of Mrs the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, in Boston. and was sworn into office, in an unprecedented ceremony, by Secretary of State, Frederic W. Cook, in the absence of a president of the Senate.

It was estimated that ten thousand people, few able to get seats, jammed



GOV. JAMES M. CURLEY

the corridors and entrances in the largest inaugural ever witnessed Beacon Hill.

For the first time in history the State Senate was not present for the inaugural address in the House of Representatives. They were closeted in their own chambers in another part of the State House trying to work out a mutually agreeable platform before either side would elect a Senate President.

His Excellency's inaugural address began at 12:33 and concluded at 1:55. With a clear forceful voice the new Governor delivered his address which was filled with constructive suggestions for the good of the Commonwealth.

Foremost among the measures he asks to be written into law are the reduction of the size of both State Senate and House of Representatives, the abolition of the Governor's Council and of the Boston Finance Commission which he branded as a "political nuisance."

The relief program of the Governor took up a considerable part of his speech and was received with real enthusiasm by the audience, as was the Governor's call for the creation of a State Department of Justice under the Attorney General to engage in a war against the criminal element.

In accordance with a traditional custom, Ex-Governor Ely walked alone down the stairway from the Governor's Chamber and down the steps of the State House, signifying his return to private life. At the first arch of the State House he was met by his wife, son and daughter in law, who accompanied him to a waiting car midst the applause of thousands who awaited this ceremony.

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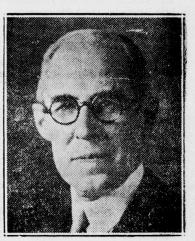
Every member of the House of Representatives from Dorchester's wards was on hand for the inaugural ceremonies. These were Thomas J. Hannon and George F. Kilgoar of Ward 13, Julias Soble and Hyman Manevitch of Ward 14. Timothy L. Murphy and Francis P. Coyne of Ward 15, Joseph L. Murphy and Beranrd P. Casey of Ward 16, Frank McFarland and Thomas Dorgan of Ward 17.

Miss Dorothy McGee a girl scout and member of the senior class of Dorchester High School was assigned to escort Miss Mary Curley, first Lady of

the Commonwealth, at the inaugural.

James M. Curley became Governor of Franklin D. Roosevelt during her stay

The legislators from the Dorchester wards have all voiced their confidence in the fact that His Excellency will heartily approve legislation for the improvement of the Dorchester Waterfront and other important measures ef fecting the welfare of the residents of this section. His words during his



SECRETARY FREDERIC W. COOK

inaugural address have hopes of the thousands of users of gas and electricity in Dorchester for lower rates. It is believed that the new Governor is bent on accomplishing this immediately by quick legislation.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> **AMERICAN** Boston, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

> BEACON Dorchester, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

## Around Cambridge

By THE RAMBLER

Cambridge firemen deserve some word of praise for their valiant work at the Trowbridge street fire . . . We agree that an investigation as to the cause of delay in getting water on the blaze should be made, but every fireman in the department cannot be held responsible . . . The fact that the men battled the blaze in below freezing temperatures, rescued several occupants and remained on duty all night shouldn't be overlooked.

Cambridge Woman Appointed in Governor's Office

Miss Mabel H. Hayes of 30 Langdon street was reappointed yesterday as executive telephone operator in the Governor's office . . . The appointment was made by Governor James M. Curley . . . Miss Hayes has been the Governor's telephone operator for the past 18 years . . She has served under seven governors . . . She was first appointed by Governor McCall . . . And then she served successively under Governors Coolidge, Cox, Fuller, Allen, Ely and now Governor Curley . . . Her duties are to handle all telephone calls coming into and going out of the Governor's suite . . . The post is not under civil service . . . The outgoing governor has always recommended Miss Hayes highly to his successor . . . Miss Hayes has lived in this city for the past 16 years. preence

School Teacher's Engagement Is Announced

The engagement of Miss Kay Myles, Cambridge school teacher, to Frank J. Lyons of Boston has been announced... Announcement of the betrothal was made by Mrs. Jessie M. Myler, Miss Myler's mother, at a bridge party given at her Inman street home... Guests at the party

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establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise the of. Article 1, Bill of Rights.

## GOVERNOR CURLEY'S MESSAGE

Governor Curley in his first message shows again that comprehensive grasp of governmental problems which always surprises even though it is generally known that he is a master in statecraft. He points the way to reform in the executive and judicial branches of the government , and he does it so simply and eloquently that he proves his case. The changes he suggests will come without much delay, for he is a man of action and the lay, for he is a man of action and the

people are with him.

Verily, a new day is here!

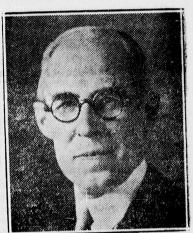
# bust & & & Disconcert ernor Curley

Secretary of State Cook--Constructive Suggestions in

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GOV. JAMES M. CURLEY

the corridors and entrances in the largest inaugural ever witnessed Beacon Hill.

For the first time in history State Senate was not present for the inaugural address in the House of Representatives. They were closeted in their own chambers in another part of the State House trying to work out a mutually agreeable platform before either side would elect a Senate Presi-

His Excellency's inaugural address began at 12:33 and concluded at 1:55. With a clear forceful voice the new Governor delivered his address which was filled with constructive suggestions for the good of the Commonwealth.

Foremost among the measures he asks to be written into law are the reduction of the size of both State Senate and House of Representatives, the abolition of the Governor's Council and of the Boston Finance Commission which he branded as a "political nuisance."

The relief program of the Governor took up a considerable part of his speech and was received with real enthusiasm by the audience, as was the Governor's call for the creation of a State Department of Justice under the Attorney General to engage in a war against the criminal element.

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JAN 5 1935

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## GOV. CURLEY'S SPEECH

**Inaugurated With Impressive Ceremonies Before** the Largest Gathering In the Hsitory of the State — Urges Many Reforms In Address Covering the Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments.

The Hon. James M. Curley, former Congresman, and former Mayor of Boston for 12 years, was inaugurated Governor of the Commonwealth on Thursday with impressive ceremonies. Never were there so many people at

as Governor Curley, and the message

proves him a master.

Governor Curley in the message makes plain his reasons why he would raise the school-attendance age to 16, raise the school-attendance age to 16, give additional financial protection to labor by revision of the workmen's compensation act, have fewer automobille insurance zones, fight crime more efficiently, cut the legislative membership 50 per cent, abolish the Governor's council, county government, the Boston finance commission and the state commission on adminand the state commission on administration and finance, abolish the board of tax appeals and the pre-primary convention, give cities the right



LIEUT.-GOV. JOSEPH L. HURLEY

to name their own police officials, restore party government to cities, for-bid associate justices from acting as

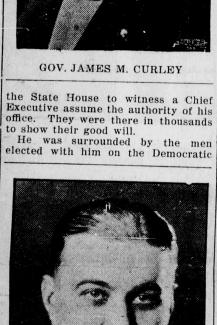


counsel in their own courts, establish an appellate division in the superior court to relieve the supreme judicial



AUDITOR T. H. BUCKLEY

court of much work, stop coddling prisoners and pardoning the un-worthy, relieve real estate owners by increasing the income tax.



ATTY.-GEN. PAUL A. DEVER

ticket. Lieut. Governor Joseph L. Hurley, Atorney General Paul A. Dever. Treasurer Charles Hurley, and Auditor Thomas Buckley.

THE INAUGURAL MESSAGE

Governor Curley's message was long, covering with great detail the affairs of the State. It was well received by those who heard it in the hall of the Representatives. It was generally approved by the press and the people. It promises reform all along the line, and plenty of action. Few men know Government so well

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## POLITICAL SPARKS

Be of Good Cheer!

Gov. James M. Curley.

Gov. Curley's address was splendid and finely delivered.

The suggestion of a Constitutional Convention is a good one. It will bring the document up to date.

Governor Curley's message to the people of the State is generally ap-proved. They will help him with his reforms.

Governor Curley's reforms for the Judiciary meet with the approval of the members of the Bar. They will be adopted.

Everything that we do with intent to increase the security of the individual will, I am confident, be a stimulus to recovery.—President Roosevelt

Rhode Island is a free and independent State at last. The rule of the "rotten boroughs" is over, and the will of the people will prevail here-

A report on the United States attorney general's desk showed more anti-trust law suits brought in eight months than in a previous three-year period

Work relief is harder to provide than an outright dole and will require more careful planning but its benefits will more than repay the effort.— Cedar Rapids Gazette

The crowd at the State House to itness the inaugural of Governor witness the inaugural of Governor Curley surpassed anything in the his-tory of the Commonwealth. There was a fine holiday spirit over all.

The crime conference has been successful in creating public sentiment in favor of a movement which is capable of driving out much of the sort of crime associated with the past decade in America.—Washington Star

Governor Curley announced Wednesday that a 15-minute radio broadcast will be given from the State House every Tuesday night. He himself ex-pects to speak once each month. Sec-retary Grant will talk on the other occasions.

The extent to which the legal profession dedicates itself to the enact-ment of the reforms which the crime conference finds desirable in the war on crime, insofar as they are reasonable and just, will largely measure the good that comes out of it.—Baltimore

After taking the worst wallop in its history, the furniture industry has been recuperating this year with surprising speed and enters 1935 in splendid condition, with every expectation of a prompt comeback the current year has seen an increase of 33 1-3 per cent and there is every indication volume will be increased even more than that in 1935.—Furniture Age.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

> RECORD Chelsea, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

Keep Your Name and **Business Before** the Public

## **Professior**

DR. J. SEIDENBERG

date and overwhelmingly Republican, its membership consisting, for the most part, of lawyers and gentlemen

The Democratic victory last November has changed all this and at the present time the ratio of partisanship is Republicans, 21, Demo-crats, 19.

#### ESSEX COUNTY

Of the 40 members, one Albert Cole, Republican, of Lynn, is sitting with the proverbial sword hanging over his head. The ballots in his contest on the recount showed him a winner by five votes. They will be recounted by the Senators within a few weeks to finally determine whe her former Senator Joseph Clancy won this contest. Clancy won this contest.

Where Essex County was formerly represented two years ago by regular Republicans, today it has four new Senators out of five. They are, in addition to Cole, Senators Albert Pierce of Salem, Charles A. P. Mc-Aree of Haverhill, and James P. Meehan of Lawrence, who succeded to James E. Warren's seat following his appointment by former Gov. Ely.

#### SENATOR TO DOORKEEPER

In Bris'ol County, L. Theodore Woolfenden returned to the State House, but not as a Senator. He was defeated by a Democrat and was appointed a Senate doorkeeper. Today, voting with the filibustering Democrats is Walter L. Considine of New Bedford.

Hampden Coun'y has also contributed to this change in membership, but her new member, Francis M. Mo-Keown (Democrat), Springfield, is

Middlesex County immortalized by Paul Revere, too, has joined the Democratic columns, where formerly Democratic columns, where formerly the three members were of the party of Calvin Coolidge and Herbert Hoover. Charles T. Daly of Medford and William F. McCarthy of Lowell are members of the party of Frank-lin D. Roosevelt and Woodrow Wilson.

And so on down the list, P. Eugene Casey of Medford, Frank Hurley of Holyoke and John F. Donovan of Chelsea. Is it any wonder that the Senate is occupying the limelight of publicity throughout the Common-

Of particular interest is this Dem-

Press Clipping Service **BOSTON** 

> GAZETTE So. Boston, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

## Hon. James M. Curley Takes the Oath as Governor of State

Memorable Inaugural Speech Will Go Down in History as One of the Best Ever Given

Ex-Mayor James M. Curley became written pages to carry the Governor's the Governor of this Commonwealth at noon Thursday in the presence of the largest gathering ever assembled



GOV. JAMES M. CURLEY

to witness an inauguration of a State Governor. The ceremony took place in the State House and had Boston Garden been used instead, wouldn't have been room enough there for the gathering despite the splendid system that had been arranged.

Governor Curley was sworn into his office by Secretary of State, Frederic W. Cook. A fine ceremony followed the administering of the oath and then the former Mayor took up his inaugural address. It was the longest but yet the most constructive address that any Governor had ever delivered. It required close to 60 type

plans and suggestions to the newspapers and it required time and study to get out the important points, because the entire address was so important. Following along the lines of President Roosevelt, he spoke in praise of the great leader. He told of the struggles that the President had and he referred to some that he had expected himself. He asked that those hearing him and that every citizen of the State remain loyal until they gave him a fair chance to show himself as a Governor. He asked all to pray that the Almighty would guide him in his every act and that his every act would be for the best interests of the State.

He asked that legislation be passed which would rid the State of the Gov ernor's Council, which he asserted had long since proved it was of no value. further had recommendations about the Boston Finance Commission.

Every sentence was well balanced in constructive thought, giving doubt to the great throng that listened that Governor Curley will be a leader among men and that his program will meet with the brains of the Republicans that are now in control of the Senate and House of Representatives, even though their majority be the smallest in the history of the State.

James M. Curley was cheered to the echo when he finished his address. Later he shook the hands of many who crowded about him in an effort to express confidence in his ability and his leadership.

All look forward with him for a successful administration in which "work and wages," his campaign slogan will play a most important part.

#### Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

REVIEW Winthrop, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

## IS RELIEF ON THE WAY?

Governor James M. Curley, among other things in his inaugural address, sounded a pleasing keynote to the average real estate taxpayer when he focused attention to the burden which this class of citizens are carrying. Regarding this equal burden, Governor Curley stated:

"The special legislative commission on taxation of 1927-1929 in its report stated:

"In the last ten years the taxes paid locally on real estate and tangible personal property have increased from approximately \$122,000,000 to approximately \$205,000,000, an increase of 67 per cent.

"At the same time, intangible property has been rapidly increasing until this class of property is probably five times as great as all the real estate and machinery. This class of property has been paying less and less of the total tax, until now real estate and machinery, constituting perhaps a fifth or a sixth of the entire wealth of the State, pay about two-thirds of the entire tax; while intangibles, representing perhaps five-sixths of the entire wealth, pay less than one-tenth of the tax.

"In 1916, when the present law for tax incomes went into effect, the average tax rate upon real estate was approximately \$18 per thousand. At that time it was determined by the Legislature that the rates of taxation for incomes, which would compare favorably with the existing real estate tax of \$18 per thousand, should be as follows: 6 per cent on income from taxable intangibles, partnerships, etc., 11/2 per cent on incomes from professions, employments, annuities, etc.; and 3 per cent on gains from the purchase and sale of stocks and bonds.

"Since 1916, the tax rate on real estate has steadily increased until in 1934 the average tax rate throughout the State was about \$34 per thousand.

"The home owner today pays nearly twice as much as he paid in 1916, while the income taxpayer has been able to prevent any increase of the original 1916

"This is a manifest injustice and I ask you to give serious consideration to the increase of income tax rates to a level that will bring them into balance with the increase in real estate tax rates since 1916. In view of constantly increasing expenditures, one way in which tax relief can be secured for owners of real estate and for business and industrial enterprises is by a transfer of the tax burden from those who today are unfairly burdened to the owners of intangible personal property who now escape a just share of the taxes required for the conduct of government.

"The investigation conducted by the Federal government in the cases of individuals and corporations guilty of tax evasions has been most startling, and leads me to believe that results similar to those which have been secured in the case of the Federal government are possible in the case

of the Commonwealth.

"The Wisconsin Legislature in 1925 enacted a law authorizing the Tax Commissioner to investigate the question of underpayment of income taxes during the ten preceding years. This law was amended in 1927, reducing the period from ten years to three years. As a result of this enactment \$16,933,000 of additional taxes were paid into the State treasury at a cost to the State for auditing, investigation and legal expenses of but \$951,000.

"In my opinion the enactment of similar legislation in Massachusetts might be productive of even greater results than were possible in the case of the State of Wisconsin, and I accordingly recommend that the required legislation be adopted making provision for the conduct of this investigation through the office of the Attorney General, and that sufficient funds be available to cover the cost of the same.

"The enactment providing for an additional one cent tax on gasoline under the laws as enacted will expire in 1935 unless extended. The demands for the extension by the Commonwealth of money for the assistance of cities and towns for welfare relief in all probability will be equally as great during the coming year as in either of the past two years. I accordingly recommend the extension of the tax for one year from the date of expiration."

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square **BOSTON** MASS.

> GAZETTE Chelsea, Mass.

## RIGHT OFF THE BAT

It will be President Hanlon, now.

The Writing letters is a bad habit. They get you into trouble sometimes.

t t t

Did somebody say the Chelsea

North Bridge was going to be repaired?

Representative McDonald served as secretary of the Democrtaic House caucus.

† † † Thanks, Joe, for that nice New Year's card, and may we extend to you our sincere greetings for the New Year.

† † President Shannon of the Board of Aldermen retires to the floor, but he has the satisfaction of knowing that he always tried to be fair and impartial in his rulings.

Be ready to expect anything this year. All kinds of things are in the offing. Larry is set, and they say he is going to take the opportunity to slide a few more things over if the board will let him.

Many people believed that the mayor and Hanlon were not friendly, but the fellows who watch things say this supposed animosity was simply for effect, in other words to fool the public. A little later one will be given the opportunity of finding out whether this is so.

Was there anything left in the city treasury when the Board of Aldermen completed its business for the Year 1934 Thursday evening? asked one citizen. We don't know for we haven't had time to talk it over with City Treasurer Hederson. We hope there was.

Representative Melley was nominated for minority leader at the caueus of the Democratic members of the Legislature, but withdrew in favor of Representative Edward J. Kelley of Worcester, a most popular member of the House, who was chosen by his colleagues,

Never before in the history of the State has there been such a crowd at the State House to witness the inauguration ceremonies as was there for Governor Curley, and the police had all they could do to keep the crowds moving. It was a great tribute to the popularity of the governor.

What would Senator Donovan have done had he won the Republican nomination for senator and had been elected on both the Democratic and Republican tickets? Where would he have landed in the present jam that is going on in the Senate? Perhaps it was lucky for John that he did not win the Republican nomination, for now he can vote as a Simon-pure Democrat.

Governor Curley didn't make a hit with a majority of the members of the Legislature when he advocated biennial sessions and reducing the number of representatives one-half. It would put a lot of the Boston Democrats out of a job if this took place, as well as in other parts of the State, and if there is anything that causes a Democrat to weep it is to lose a good political job.

† Duffy, the Tommy referee and umpire, announces his candidacy for alderman-at-large at the next city election. Tommy is one of the best known sporting men hereabouts and has a large number of friends who will do their bit to put him over. He has always been ready to do his part in every activity for the common good. He is a member of Chelsea Lodge of Elks and other organizations.

#### Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

RECORDER Cambridge, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

#### UNNECESSARY DEATHS

N his inaugural address Governor Curiey declared that the apalling list of highway tragedies could be markedly reduced by rigid adherence to the laws governing traffic on our highways. He likewise hit out against the practice of fixing cases. The worst feature of this last indictment is that the power to obtain the squashing of complaints brought by police officers, rests in the hands of a comparative few; the others, less influential, have to "take the rap."

While the actual figures are not yet available, the automobile death rate in the nation for 1934 will be about 20 per cent higher than that of 1933. There has been a startling increase in every kind of automobile ac cident, and a variety of causes are responsible. Thousands of automobiles now in use are in such poor condition that they are a constant menace on the roads; the modern machine is capable of extremely high speed, but unfortunately the human factor at the wheel does not work as speedily and as efficiently as the motor he is attempting to guide.

Another element that must be taken into consideration more and more is the drunken driver. He presents a problem that is difficult to handle because ninety-nine times out of a hundred he is not discovered until he has done serious damage.

The automobile accident problem is grave and complex, and the list of deaths from motor vehicle accidents during the past year in this Commonwealth reached the terrifying total of 921. If the problem is to be solved the aid of every person must be listed in a great war upon unsafe machines, the reckless, the incompetent and the drinking driver, and complaint fixing must be abolished. Only such a campaign can make the highways safe.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

NEWS Mattapan-Milton, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

## The New Deal

The address given by Governor James M. Curley at the inauguration this week was essentially a spending message. It was also curious to note, that except for the reduction in the representation of the Legislature in biennial sessions and the abolition of county government, there is no mention of economy in the State administration.

Governor Curley feels, according to his inaugural address, that the depression is man made and is directly responsible to the wave of technocracy that has enveloped the world. The governor favors further labor legislation, particularly along lines extending the benefits of workmen's compensation.

His program for rehabilitating our penal institutions is in line with the ideas of experts. The chief executive also recommends action on the railroad problems and State institutions.

The basic result of Governor Curley's address should be, however, conclusive proof to the most credulous doubter of the aggressive administration that they will expect. The message also reveals that the governor has a thorough knowledge of his job.

If Governor Curley's program, which he outlined so extensively, is fulfilled, the Commonwealth of Massachusetts will receive one of the most efficient administrations in its history.

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2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

GAZETTE Chelsea, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

Governor Curley was inaugurated chief executive of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Thursday noon, with all the pomp and ceremony befitting such an occasion. His inaugural address contained numerous recommendations, some, to say the least, were drastic, but were in keeping with his campaign pledges made last fall. He will have the best wishes of the people in general for a successful administration.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> RECORD Chelsea, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

# TESTIMONIAL FOR CASASSA

REVERE—A testimonial banquet will be held tonight in City Hall in honor of Mayor Andrew A. Casassa, who on Monday will retire as chief executive of this city, after having served three terms.

About 400 friends of the mayor plan to present him with a gift as a token of their esteem.

Among those invited to attend is Gov. James M. Curley, former Mayor of Boston.

vade - SUN Lowell, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

## House Chamber Is Outmoded as Setting for Gubernatorial Inaugural Exercises

## Hall Accommodates Only 500 or 600 Spectators--A Few Sidelights on Thursday's Ceremonies.

By CHARLES E. GALLAGHER.

Thursday was a great day for the Democrats at the State House in

They

majestic flocked to the building atop Beacon Hill in droves and they stayed until they had squeezed the last iota of thrill and exultation from the ceremonies that attended James M. Curley's becoming the 53rd governor of the commonwealth.

They cheered, they shouted, they chatted, they laughed and they prayed as the day wore on. Most of them were excited and all were filled with eager expectation. Men who had labored all summer and right through the chill days of the fall in Jim Curley's cause were there to witness the culmination of their hopes and dreams. Women who had preached the Curley gospel through the heat of summer, who had organized committees, who had pulled doorbells and registered voters by the dozen, who held neigh-borhood rallies in their homes, and who dashed madly from one part of their city or town to the other on primary day and again on election day to garner votes for their beloved Curley—they were all there, too. Some of them were almost hysterical with excitement, others complacently happy—all of them eager for the arrival of the magic hour of noon when their idol would be solemnly sworn in as the new executive of old Massachusetts— Massachusetts of the sacred cod, the blue stocking, colonial tradi-tions, of fine old Yankee and Irish families who had worked together to make the commonwealth the

Arrive at 7.30 a. m.

leader among all the states of the

As early as 7.30-unheard of hour on ordinary days on Beacon Hilltne faithful began assembling around the entrances of the Capitol if awed -diffedent at first, as by the solemn splendor of the great building, but gradually gaining confidence and marching right up to the doors, awaiting the arrival of astonished employees and attendants, who usually have the State House approaches to themselves early in the day.

Soon after 9.30, when this correspondent arrived on the scene

with Representative Thomas A. Delmore, himself a good Democrat, it was easy to see that this was to be no ordinary day in State House Even then the corridors were well filled and several hundred people were seated in the Gardner auditorium and at other vantage points where an elaborate loudspeaker system was to carry exercises to those for whom there was no room in the chamber of the House of Representatives, the focal point of the day's unfolding drama. In the lobbies and in the elevators, veteran legislators and others who have been about the State House for years were talking not about the impending inaugural, but about the wrangle in the Senate where the Democrats refused to

give way to the Republicans until the latter promised them some committee chairmanships. "I was here until 3 this morning," one grizzled member of the upper branch remarked as he rode with us in the elevator, prepared for another gruelling session despite his brief slumber. The Boston reporters complained too of the long grind. plained, too, of the long grind. Visitors Had Only One Thought.

The crowds of visitors, the holiday arrivals, were blissfully anaware, however, of the Senate drama. They were there for the aware, however, of the Senate drama. They were there for the inaugural and it mattered not to them if both houses of the General Court were deadlocked for a week. They wanted a glimpse of Jim Curley on his great day; they wanted to hear his voice and—if the gods were good—to grip his hand—the hand of a governor. That would be something to tell the folks at home about, an experience to recount to their children and grandchildren as one of the highlights of their careers.

Any reporter covering the events f Thursday at the State House would have needed the eyes of an Argus to do his task justice. The Boston papers each had four, five and even six men and women on the job and the news agencies an almost equal number. It took a bit of journalistic organizing to do the job properly. There was the Sen-ate fuss to watch out for. There was the arrival of the governorelect and his meeting with Governor Ely in the executive offices. was the assembling of the various functionaries awaiting the signal for the inaugural procession. There was a crowd of 12,000 people storming for admission to a chamber which could exceed the could be seen to be a chamber which could be seen to be seen to be a chamber which could be seen to be seen to be seen to be a chamber which could be seen to be which could accommodate a 600 of them at the most. And then there was the incomparable pageantry of the inauguration itself.

In the press room on the fourth floor typewriters were being pounded madly for early editions of the afternoon papers. In the press gallery of the House of Representatives, where the LEADER representatives, where the LEADER representatives, where the LEADER representatives are the controlled to the controlled t tative had a ringside view of ceremonies. desks were being pushed back to the wall as phtog raphers and their assistants sought to get their cameras focussed on the speaker's rostrum below. Down on the floor, the morning sunlight streamed through the lofty windows of the chamber and played among the semi-circular rows or desks of the representatives, the whole scene reminding one of an extra-large

schoolroom.

House Members Arrive.
As early as 10 o'clock some of the members of the lower house had taken their seats although the day's session was not to open until an hour later. The sergeant-at-arms and his assistants at the entrances in the rear chatted amiably with one another or with the legislators members they arrived. New made themselves immediately con-spicuous by hunting confusedly for

their desks and often finding them

only with the assistance of one of the pages or attendants.

On either side of the chamber extra seats had been placed for the accommodation of invited guests and it soon became evident that even the aisles between the rows of desks were to be used because of the extraordinary demand for accommodations.

Promptly at 10.20 o'clock the gal-

lery, with perhaps 500 seats, was opened and in seven minutes it was opened and in seven minutes it was filled. A majority of the guests were women, some of them elaborately gowned for the occasion. There was a sprinkling of escorts, a few of them wearing conventional magning clothes but most of them morning clothes, but most of them in business attire. The hum of conversation grew

louder and stronger. Women in the gallery shouted greetings to friends on the opposite side of the chamber or even called to relatives or friends sitting sedately at their desks on the floor of the House.
The press gallery was filling, too.

Photographers, feature writers, sob sisters and the regular State House reporters' crowded in to get a glimpse of what was going on. Next to the LEADER representative sat an attractive woman feature writer who recently had returned from an assignment in Paris. She chatted about meeting a man on the Ile de France who was supposed to have been the "brains" of the Yugo-Slo-vakian assassinations, but for some reason or other no one had ever printed her story

At 11.03 o'clock the House was called into session. There was a prayer by the chaplain and Speaker Leverett Saltonstall, a tall, spare Brahmin, read a few routine orders which were adopted without the slightest show of interest on the part of members of the House. He then declared a recess.

Mary Curley Appears At 11.40 there was a stir when a door in the rear of the speaker's gallery, directly opposite the press gal-lery, opened and Miss Mary Curley, lery, opened and Miss Mary Curiey, daughter of the incoming governor was escorted to a seat in the front row by a military attendant. Miss Curley, wearing a black velvet suit with a white and gold Elizabethan ruff and a saucy black velvet turban a corsage of orchids on her a corsage of orchids on shoulder, was given a tremendous ovation as the crowd, at first dazzled by her appearance, finally rec-ognized her as the new first lady. She smiled and bowed several times as the applause persisted.

Then came Mrs. Frederick W.

Mansfield, wife of the mayor of Boston, and wives of other officials, to-gether with Rt. Rev. Francis Spellman, auxiliary bishop of Boston, Rev. James F. Kelley, pastor of Mr. Curley's home parish in Jamaica Plain, and the governor's sons.

One sharp-eyed reporter noted that one chair in the front row of the guests' box was vacant throughout the exercises. He suggested that it might have been reserved in memory of the governor's wife, now dead, while a less sentimental observer pointed out that Leo, one of the governor's sons, was not in the box and that the vacant seat had been planned for him.

Invitations Meant Nothing Soon after the official guests had en seated, Speaker Saltonstall been called the House to order again. The crowds outside the House chamber were trying vainly to get in and one particularly vigorous sortie would have succeeded had not a strong-armed state trooper snapped a lock-People bar in place just in time. with engraved invitations from the new governor could not understand why they should not be admitted to the scene of activities, but as one of the newspapermen observed: "Those invitations don't mean a thing

And yet every new governor is expected to issue them. Every one expected to issue them.

to whom he feels under the slightest obligation is sent one. The re-sult is obviously disastrous on the morning of inauguration day. ernor Curley took more pains to ac-commodate the public than any of his predecessors, but the mere sound of a voice is cold comfort to admirers who have travelled miles to see their hero in the high hour of taking office. Eventually, of course, inaugural exercises will be transferred from the State House to a building large enough to accommodate more than a few hundred spectators.

With the reconvening of the House came the appointment of appointment of traditional committees, one to wait upon the Senate and notify it that the House was ready to proceed with the transaction of business in a joint session, another to wait upon the governor-elect and lieutenant governor-elect and to notify them that the House was ready for the mittees solemnly filed out of the chamber, led by a silk-hatted attendant carrying a stave. There is inaugural ceremonies. These comjust a touch of comic opera about the whole business.

The committee sent to confer with

in 1780.

the Senate came back pronto with the report that the upper house had not organized and therefore was not ready to proceed with its business in joint session with the lower house. Speaker Saltonstall then delved into the law and read sundry chapters from the Constitution which provide for just such an emergency. It seems that although the Constitution provides that the oath of office shall be given to the governor by the president of the Senate in the presence of both branches of the General Court, nevertheless the oath can be given by the secretary of the

commonwealth in the presence of the House of Representatives and such members of the Senate as may And that is exactly be present. what happened Thursday by virtue of a provision approved away back

Members of Judiciary Arrive.

Soon after 12 o'clock the ser-geant-at-arms announced the ar-

rival of the chie. justice and the associate justices of the Supreme

and Superior courts of the common-These officials strode solwealth. These officials strode solemnly down the aisle to seats reserved for them, Mr. Justice Stanley E. Qua of Lowell taking part in the procession. Then came a group of foreign consuls, some of them in glittering military uniform.

Finally at 12.10 a great cheer was heard in the 15thbies and one sees

heard in the lobbies and one sees the reflection of photographers' flash bulbs through the windows in the swinging doors at the rear of the chamber. A voice boomed from the entrance: "The governor-elect, the lieutenant governor-elect and the councillors-elect." Speaker Salthe councillors-eject." Speaker Saltonstail recognized the arrivals and a tremendous cheer went up as Mr. Curley came into the chamber with members of his military staff. He waved to his family in the gallery and acknowledged the crowd's greeting with bows and smiles. He and Lt.-Gov.-elect Hurley proceeded to the speaker's rostrum, where they were greeted by the speaker, Sen ate and House counsel and other of-

The governor arose to receive the oath of office from Secretary of the Commonwealth Cook and raised his hand a battery of flood-lights on either side of the speaker's desk threw their glare on the scene and cameras began clicking from all parts of the chamber. Above him were the American flag on the right and the state flag on the left. Three microphones carried every word of the ceremony to listening thousands and loud-speaking apparatus transmitted the solemn phrases of the oath to every part of the State

Governor Raps for Order.

Then came a similar ceremony for the lieutenant governor and the for the lieutenant governor and the members of the new Executive Council. When the last of these had been sworn in, Speaker Saltonstall presented the new executive, addressing him as "Governor Curley" for the first time and expressing his "personal pride" in the privilege of introducing him. The governor arose, put on his glasses governor arose, put on his glasses and proceeded to the reading of his inaugural address. But it was not to be so simple as that. At the mention of the magical words, "Gover-nor Curley," the crowd cheered and applauded persistently until the governor himself, after a whispered conference with the speaker, took the latter's gavel in his hands and pounded three times for order. He got it, cleared his throat and was entering upon the introductory sentences of his address when a robust male voice shouted:

"James M. Curley, governor of Massachusetts, next United States senator and future president of the United States. Hip, hip hooray!"
And the gathering responded with three lusty cheers.
At last the new executive was permitted to continue with his address and for the next hour and a

half he told his vast audience, seen and unseen, something about his conceptions of government and his of the commonwealth of Massachusetts in the next two years.
"Jim" Curley had become

ernor and his host of admirers had experienced the thrill of a lifetime.

## Nelson's Store in Palmer Street

A concern, which is well known to Lowell persons, and which formerly conducted a business in Merrimack street for 21 years, will open today at 19 Palmer street. It is today at 19 Palmer street. Nelson's Candy Kitchen and is op-erated by A. M. Nelson, who needs introduction to Lowell candy buvers.

The new store will continue the policy which Mr. Nelson conducted for so many years in a successful manner here and will feature only pure, high grade candies at popular prices. The new store is opposite the Palmer street entrance to the Pollard store and has suitable space for the making of all candies on the premises.

emises.-The famous Nelson candy will the famous that be again available at prices that should prove popular to all persons who care to avail themselves of the opportunity of taking a few steps down Palmer street from Merrimack

## Absentee Reports He Isn't Missing

Charles H. Leduc, aged 46, of 299 Shaw street, whose family sought police help in locating him after presumably disappeared last Sat-urday, notified Capt. Charles F. Sharkey last night that "I'm not missing and you can stop looking for me." He volunteered no in-formation on what his family told police was a disappearance case.

"A thing may not happen in a year; and yet may happen within two minutes."

We don't know whether or not the coiner of this maxim had the possibility of fire in mind, but his proverb certainly applies to fires.

Insure today and be sure of tomorrow.

## NORCROSS. & LEIGHTON

53 CENTRAL ST.

Tel. 147

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

PATRIOT-LEDGER Quincy, Mass. JAN 5 1835

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Never before had such crowds flocked to the State House for an inauguration of a new governor. The people seemed to sense something unusual and they were right—the unusual happened.

The new governor established a record by reading a 12,000 word mes-

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TRIBUNE & interest Cambridge, Mass.

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He showed consistency by favoring the return of home rule as concerns the appointments of police commissioners. This would allow the naming of the Boston police commissioner by the mayor of that city.

He also recommended the abolition of the State Board of Tax Appeals, offering sound reasons. Covering every phase of state legislation, his speech consumed more than one hour and a quarter, and he was accorded a huge ovation at its cessa-

tion. As remarked by many at the close, it was regarded as an epochal Curley climax to his already colorful career

TERRY DOWNEY

#### CURLEY AND LIGHTNING

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SHIN Lowell, Mass.

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Lowell, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

# GOV. CURLEY TO REMOVE HULTMAN

## Monday—Curley Names E. Mark Sullivan to Finance Commission.

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The council, however, refused the governor's request for suspension of rules to enable immediate confirmation. chairmanships. rules
Failing to elect one of their own tion.

BOSTON, Jan. 5 (P).—Politics party as president Monday, Senator was at a standstill on Beacon Hill today, that is formally. But rumblings were heard beneath the surblines G. Moran of Mansfield, senior Republican member.

Lack of a quorum yesterday pre- was his nomination of E. Mark Sul-The 19 Democratic senators Judge Joseph J. Kaplan, an Ely

### COURIER-CITIZEN Lowell, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

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slogan "work and wages" can be put into immediate effect, as our progressive contemporary the Evening Leader thinks it can be, much may be done these next two years toward improvement of the face of the commonwealth. Performed under public auspices, and often by unskilled labor directed by politicians rather than by experts, such work will be relatively costly, and some of it will not be 100 per cent necessary. Since, nevertheless, those who without such relief would normally be unemployed must be carried by the community or by charitable associations or individuals, it is obviously better that the state should get some value for the expenditure of funds in aid of distress. A good state road made by hand labor, with little use of labor saving machinery, will cost more than it should per mile, but it will give employment and circulation of wages, which is what the Evening Leader rightly senses to be still important in the existing emergency. Every citizen meantime, ought, of course, to await eagerly the return of a time when again work will be offered and wages paid by the worker's natural employer, the alert business man, who has sensed an opportunity to make a little money and who has gone to it with businesslike initiative and energy.

# Atty. Gen. Warner Is Asked to Take **Necessary Action**

Hultman Recently Appointed to Metropolitan District Commission by Former-Governor Joseph B. Ely.

Curley called on Attorney General Joseph E. Warner today to start immediate legal proceedings to bring about the removal of Eugene C. Hultman as chairman of the Me-tropolitan District commission.

Hultman, then Boston police com-sioner, was appointed to the chair-manship of the commission by former-Governor Ely during the final days of his tenure of office. Curley previously had declared that one of his first official acts after inauguration would be removal of Hultman, then Boston police com-Hultman.

Curley apparently was stalemated in his intention to remove Hultman by the police commissioner's resignation and acceptance of the new position. Joseph J. Leonard, former chairman of the Boston Finance commission, was appointed to succeed Hultman.

In his letter to Warner, the governor said Hultman had occupied two positions at one time, and that he did not resign as police commis-sioner until after being sworn in as chairman of the Metropolitan Dis-trict commission.

BOSTON, Jan. 5 (U.P.). Governor I WI AND TOLICE

ader SUN Lowell, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

## Moran May Be Elected President of the Senate

Senior Republican Member May Be Chosen Monday—Curley Names E. Mark Sullivan to Finance Commission.

BOSTON, Jan. 5 (P).—Politics party as president Monday, Senator was at a standstill on Beacon Hill James G. Scanlan (D) of Somerville today, that is formally. But rumblings were heard beneath the sur-of James G. Moran of Mansfield,

Monday the Massachusetts Senate was scheduled to take up the fight again for the presidency of that body, election to that office having been thwarted since Wednesday by Democrats.

Lack of a quorum yesterday prevented resumption of the battle opened Wednesday by a Democratic filibuster in opposition to the re-election of President Erland F. Fish (R). The 19 Democratic senators have opposed Fish's re-election because the Republicans, 21 in all, have refused to share committee

Failing to elect one of their own tion.

senior Republican member.

Meanwhile, Governor James M. Curley, who said he would not enter the scrap, began efforts to replace

appointments made by his predeces-sor, former-Governor Ely.

Most important of his changes was his nomination of E. Mark Sullivan of Boston, to the executive council, as a member of the Boston Finance commission. Political analysts saw this as a move to replace Judge Joseph J. Kaplan, an Ely apponitee, as chairman.

The council, however, refused the

governor's request for suspension of rules to enable immediate confirma-

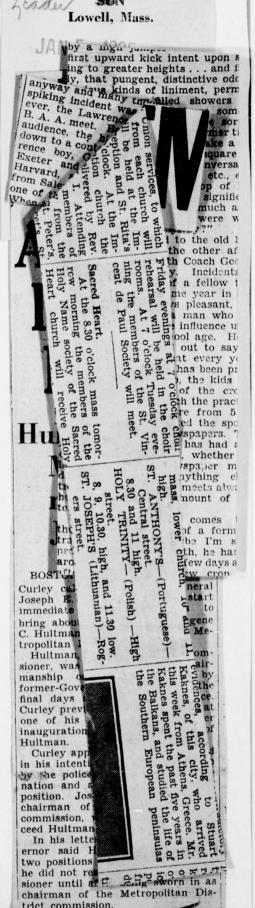
COURIER-CITIZEN Lowell, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

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SHN Leader Lowell, Mass.



Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

COURIER-CITIZEN Lowell, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

on the lid. This city is the property of its people, and not the plaything of such few a for the moment to be little in the City Council.

Some of the new govern r's ideas would clearly be a backward step if adopted—reviving old evils by obliterating the methods at opted to cure them. That seems to us to be especially true of his demand that such bodies as the Boston Finance commission, the State Board of Tax Appeals, and the pre-primary convention be done away. As remedies, these have their defects; but they are not such as to make us yearn to have the troubles back again which these expedients were intended to remove. Much that the governor said one may endorse cordially enough-but by no means all his recommendations appear sound. Biennal sessions would commend itself, for example, but there is much more doubt of his theory that would cut the number of legislators in half—possibly cinching the urban domination of the state.

It strikes us that some of the proposals of Governor Curley get at problems from the wrong end. Instead of abolition of the mary convention, we be pre-priconvention, believe it would conduce to much better nominations to revert to the convention system outright and to forsake forever the direct primary which has given us nothing but increasingly worse tickets ever since it was in-stituted. It is also a tenable proposition that instead of abolishing the Finance commission of Boston, it should be given more power. If it is presently ineffective it is because its chief function is to scold, without power to do more than that. The former-mayor of Boston found it a hindrance and a source of constant criticism of his workso of course he'd like to abolish it. We are not so sure that his reasoning is sound. Much that has been alleged against the Curley administration has never been answered, and firing the Fin. Com. certainly

wouldn't answer it. Similarly the new governor would like to abolish the Governor's Council, which he calls a heritage from colonial times, in part, we suspect, because he can see how its powers of withholding confirmation and ratification of his acts might be bothersome to him. Give Curley the power, seems to be the one outstanding plea; do away with whatever checks and balances he might find embarrassing. One expected all that. It's quite in character, and very human; and distinctly commonplace, one might add. In the course of a few months, a large majority of the people of this strange be looking on such things as a Governor's Council as the or ulwark left against gubernato. I recklessness.

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BOSTON MASS.

SUN Lowell, Mass.

JAN 4 1935

## THE GOVERNOR'S INAUGURAL

Despite its unprecedented length, we liked the inaugural address of Governor James M. Curley. The speech was long on recommendations, but short on ballyhoo. Reading between the lines, one was impressed with the apparent sincerity of the man who composed them. There were no flowery phrases, no useless wordage and no meaningless expressions. The governor evidently meant every word he uttered; and while it is doubtful that all of his reforms will be realized during the next two years, several of them are worthy of deepest consideration.

The new governor left no subject to the imagination in his discourse. He touched on labor, law enforcement, the constitutional convention, state administration, the judiciary, renal institutions, taxation, recreational development and war memorials, treating each with grace, dignity and precision

As usual, Mr. Curley did not mince words. Since amouflage is not a part of his makeup, he used characteristic every-day language. He hit straight from the shoulder, as is his wont, and nobody who heard him had to soour a dictionary afterwards to interpret his utterances. We strongly suspect that, as governor, His Excellency will continue to carry on an energetic, two-fisted fight to bring his plans to fulfillment.

While it is impossible, because of lack of space, to ditorialize on the entire Curley address, we would like to take this occasion to say that we were impressed by that part of his introduction appertaining to the labor problem in his city.

"Industrial prosperity," he said, "is vital to Massachuetts, and the conservation of industries now located here and the development of new industries as a means of providing work and wages for the people are as essential a part of the work of the law-making body of the commonwealth. In an the endless measures of a trivial character to which ime and energy have been devoted. Certain lines of activity have long been regarded as solely the property of the commonwealth and its people, namely, textiles, leather, wool, boots and shoes, and fish; yet the intensity of competition both at home and abroad plus the improved methods of transportation make these no longer the sole property of any community. Only by research and planning can we hope to retain a position of pre-eminence in these fields in the uture."

Another item which should strike home with Lowell Democrats—in view of recent traitorous proceedings—concerns the governor's recommendation for abolition of the governor's council, which he characterized as "an expensive and unnecessary institution."

"The governor's council is a relic of the days of royaly," Mr. Curley remarked, "and it has long since ceased to serve the purpose for which it was created, namely, an opportunity for social aggrandizement of favorites of the ruling power. The council as at present constituted, thanks to the unconscionable system of gerrymandering created to obtain and retain control by what was at one time the major political party in Massachusetts, serves today as an obstrucive force in making difficult, if not impossible, personal esponsibility upon the part of the individual elected as thief executive of the commonwealth, regardless of the particular party which he is chosen to represent. It is an expensive and unnecessary institution, the abolition of which would be a contributing factor to the honest, efficient and economical administration of state government."

In the above statement, the governor was never more

right in his life.

#### Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

**NEWS-TRIBUNE** Waltham, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

Asking Too Much

If the long message of Governor Curley to the legislature has done nothing else, it has furnished material for controversy, for there is hardly a proposal put forward which will not be vigorously opposed, whether it is one that would benefit the state if accepted or whether it would prove detrimental. In proposing a multitude of innovations, the governor has jeopardized his program. There are so many destructive suggestions that antagonism against the whole may easily be aroused in a legislature one branch of which is still dominantly Republican and probably still more dominantly indisposed to make such riotous alterations in the framework of the state government as those recommended.

Without the excuse that President Roosevelt had when he took over the reins of government, Mr. Curley has asked the legislature to confer on him powers never before granted to a governor. He asks them, not as an emergency measure, but as a permanent freedom from the wise restrictions now imposed on a governor's authority. The abolition of the governor's council would leave the executive at liberty to appoint the unfit men and pay political debts without restraint. Coupled with the authority to name the heads of the administrative departments and the complete control of the board of administration and finance through the state auditor, the governor would be little short of a dictator.

Aside from the danger of entrusting an executive with such sweeping powers as Governor Curley asks, the efficiency of the state departments in a large measure depends on the continuity of the policies pursued in their conduct. If any change is to be made in the tenure of office of the administrative heads, it should be in the direction of longer rather than of shorter terms. That the department of the secrétary of the commonwealth has been so admirably conducted is due, at least in part, to the infrequency of the changes in the office. An inefficient administrator could undo in a single term, what Secretary Cook has built up during his years of intelligent and energetic direc-

If every recommendation of Governor Curley reaches the floor of the House of Senate for debate, the legislature of 1935 bids fair to be one of the longest in history. It is improbable that they will. It is difficult to envision a legislature that will give prolonged consideration to some of the governor's proposals. There are, on the other hand, a number of recommendations that are deserving of earnest study. Several of them could be adopted with benefit to the state.

A citizen may dispute his tax bill but he can

#### Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

**NEWS-TRIBUNE** Waltham, Mass.

A Smaller Legislature

Governor Curley is wise enough to know that the legislature will not take the initial step toward cutting itself in half. It is quite possible that a Constitutional Convention would hesitate to make such a change in the system of representation. There is much to be said in its favor and much against. In a legislature half the present size, the complaint the cities have made for years, that they were dominated by the rural legislators, would be reversed; for it is almost inevitable that any redistricting which made the reduction proposed by the governor would give the cities a preponderant influence.

From the standpoint of economy the change is no doubt desirable. It is also true that a small body of legislators can get through more business in the same time than a large one. We believe that the Nebraska experiment of a single chamber of fifty members will prove that superior efficiency can be attained and more satisfactory legislation passed than is possible under our present system. But we

prefer that Nebraska should try it first.

It goes without saying that the proposal of Governor Curley will be opposed by the friends of the representatives who would lose their jobs, and by the friends of those who have the jobs in mind. There are also those who, with no personal interest in the matter, sincerely believe that the representatives from comparatively small districts are closer to their constituents and more accurately represent their opinions than is possible in a larger division. In this they are undoubtedly right. The question is whether the advantages of a small district are not outweighed by the other advantages a larger district possesses.

The Boston Transcript takes the ground that the governor's recommendation, whether adopted or not, will have the effect of causing the legislature to regard with greater favor that for biennial sessions, not only because the question is put more prominently before the public but also because the legislators are likely to take favorable action in the hope the public will be satisfied and not demand

that half of them surrender their jobs.

The Transcript says:-

Governor Curley favors biennial sessions of the General Court. He aligns himself with those of his predecessors who have also looked upon annual sessions as relics of the past. Mr. Curley gives added interest to his own recognition of the wisdom of the proposed change by coupling it with a recommendation that the membership of the General Court be cut in half. There would then be 120 members instead of 240 in the House of Representatives, and twenty senators instead of forty.

Especial significance attaches to the second proposal as coming from the present governor. As mayor of the State's largest city he has seen the tendency to smaller legislative bodies in municipalities, and has doubtless reached the conclusion, shared by many others, that the substitution of the smaller for the larger has been attended with good results. There would seem to be reason for the belief that what has been proved good for the cities in this respect would be good for the States. However that may be, the governor has given Massachusetts something to think about. His proposal should be productive of discussion. Let the debate be-

Into consideration of this two-fold recommendation respecting legislative sessions and the Legislature itself there intrudes an element of humor. Last winter the General Court had an opportunity to take action which would give the people an opportunity to vote upon the substitution of biennial for annual sessions. The opportunity was withheld. Had it been granted and the process of amending the Constitution thus begun, a new governor might have hesitated to complicate the issue. In that case there would have been no proposal that the jobs of half the members of the General Court be abolished, no chance for ironical critics to say that quality in the membership might be doubled if size were reduced by 50 per cent. The laugh would seem to be on the

Legislature.

This new element in the situation may serve to facilitate the adoption of biennial sessions. It is conceivable that the General Court will experience a change of heart, and hasten to do its part in pruning the sessions before there is time for the creation of a demand sufficiently strong to bring about the pruning of the membership. Certainly Governor Curley, whatever may be thought of the reduction of the membership of the General Court, has kept alive the issue of the adoption of biennial sessions, and has in so doing served a desirable end.

TIMES Woburn, Mass. JAN 5

# IEHAM, READING,

There will be a meeting of the police and fire chiefs of the state at the Parker House in Boston on Jan. 16th to take some action relative to the large number of false alarms which are being sounded all over the state. Last year in Winchester four false alarms were sounded which was an increase of two over the year before.

Among the invited guests at the luncheon tendered his staff by Governor James M Curley at the Copley Plaza on Thursday was Sergeant John F. Dempsey of this town who is connected with the State Police with his headquarters at the State House.

NEWS Quincy, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

## Curley Calls His Council To Meet

Boston, (UP)-With his inauguration scarcely over, Governor Curley vigorously began his new duties to-day. He called a special meeting day. He called a special meeting of the new executive council for this afternoon.

Reports were that Frank A. Goodwin, who ran against the chief executive in the gubernatorial election and was deposed as chairman of the Boston Finance Commission by for-mer Governor Ely, would be re elevated to the chairmanship by

Curly.

This, according to reports at the state house, would involve demotion of Judge Jacob J. Kaplan, present chairman, and one of Ely's appointees during the closing days of

Special Justice Joseph A. Shee-han will resign from the commis-sion to make a place for Goodwin. political observes believed, and in turn will be elevated to the superi-or court bench to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Superior Judge Elias B. Bishop. Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

> ITEM Lynn, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

## EAST LYNN

Boy Evangelist to Preach at Essex Street Union Baptist Church Sunday Evening

Arthur Robinson, "boy evangelist" and radio singer of spirituel songs, will be at Essex Street Union Baptist church Sunday evening, when he will preach, sing hymns, and several musical instruments



ARTHUR ROBINSON, "Boy Evangelist."

during the service. The young man's subject will be "The Old Time Re-

subject will be ligion."

Mr. Robinson is probably one of the best known of the younger evangelists. He has conducted several successful revival campaigns throughout New England, and his appearance in churches has been welcomed by large congregations.

MISSIONARY MEETING Sunday evening's meeting of the Christian Endeavor society of Bethany Congregational Christian church, will be in the form of a missionary meeting. Liembers participating will talk on the lives of missionaries. Rev. Mr. Withington will preach.

Rev. Mr. Withington will preach.

BETHANY K. O. K. A.

Plans for the new year's conclave

Wednesday evening Jan. 9, at 7.45
o'clock, were made last night at a
meeting of Bethany Castle Knights
of King Arthur. A social hour will
follow the meeting, and refreshments
will be served by the committee,
Richard Johnson, Frank Dushuttle,
and Louis Coates. Sir Pendragon,
Robert Corson will preside, and Harold J. Dunn, merlin will have
charge of arrangements.

PRESENTED WITH RING

PRESENTED WITH RING
Ernest Freeman, popular director
of the chorus at Essex Street Union
Baptist church, was presented with
a ring during the week by his friends,
the presentation being made by Miss
Ruth Bishop. Rev. Herbert E. Levoy
pastor of the church, in a brief address paid tribute to Mr. Freeman,
expressing his appreciation of his
work as director of the chorus for
several years.

GREATER LYNN CIRCLE
The entertainment committee of
Greater Lynn circle, C. F. of A. will
hold a public whist party Monday
night at the home of the chairman,
Mrs. Mildred Guerrero, 128 Jackson
street. The hostess will be assisted
by Mrs. Helen Davis, Mrs. Rose
Chase, Miss Catherine Coen, Mrs.
Alice Cleval, Miss Lillian Legassee,
Mrs. Louise Noonan, and Mrs. Han-GREATER LYNN CIRCLE Mrs. Louise Noonan, and Mrs. Han-nah Flynn.

LYNN C. E. UNION
The Missionary department of
Lynn Christian Endeavor Union will hold a sunshine service at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon at the home for Sunday afternoon at the home for Aged Women Breed street, in charge of Jean Surprise, missionary chairman. The song service will be in charge of Robert Goldthwait, advisor of the union, and Elber Potter of the First Baptist church C. E. society will be the speaker.

MISSIONARY SOCIETY MISSIONARY SOCIETY
Mrs. Bertha Gosse was leader at
the meeting of the Women's Missionary society of the Church of the
Nazarene Friday evening. After receiving reports from committees relative to relief work during the holiday season, members discussed plans
for the coming months.

the coming months. THE LEVOY MEN'S CLASS. Laurence Breed Walker, leader of the LeVoy class, will address that body Sunday at 9 AM, in the vestry of the Essex Street Union Baptist church on "It Is Dark on Observa-tory Hill," giving a picture of the so-

church on "It Is Dark on Observatory Hill," giving a picture of the social and economic conditions faced at the opening of this new year.

In the question box Mr. Walker will discuss "Should Not the Separate States Have Identical Labor Legislation?," (Could Not the Federal Government Effact Laws Relative to Labor That Would Apply to All States and Not Give Advantage to Any Special Section of U. S. A.?" "Is Massachusetts Destined to Lose the Shoe and Textile Industry?" "What Do You Think of Governor Curiey's Massachusetts Destined to Lose the Shoe and Textile Industry?" "What Do You Think of Governor Curley's Address to the Legislature?" "Why the Opposition to Governor Byrd?" The membership of this class has increased to 142. It has no direct affiliation with any religious organization and is a purely independent body. John Powers will be in charge of the song service and musical program.

SUNDOWN STORIES By MARY GRAHAM BONNER

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square **BOSTON** 

> TELEGRAM-NEWS Lynn, Mass.

1935

# CURLEY BLOCKED BY COUNCIL IN NEW APPOINTMENTS

Republicans Aided by Coakley in Stopping Reinstatement of Goodwin on Fin. Com. -Sheehan Named to Court Bench

BOSTON, Jan. 5.—That the Republican members of the executive council intend to "show their teeth" to Gov. Curley was evidenced yesterday, when, at the first meeting of the governor and council the efforts of the governor of the governor and council, the efforts of the governor to reinstate Frank A. Goodwin as chairman of the Boston Finance Commission were blocked and his request for suspension of the rules to confirm E. Mark Sullivan as a member of the member of that commission was refused.

In the blocking of the Governor's move to put Goodwin back as chairman of the commission, four Republicans were aided by Councillor Daniel H. Coakley of Boston, Democrat, who served notice prior to the meeting that he would vote against confirmation of Goodwin,

It is understood that Frank A. It is understood that Frank A. Brooks, Republican councillor from Watertown, was ready to vote for Goodwin's confirmation, but the combination of the other Republican councillors and Councillor Coakley would have made rejection of such an appointment certain. certain.

After a consultation in the Governor's office, the Governor decided to substitute Sullivan's name. Councillor Coakley agreed to Mr. Sullivan at once and when to Mr. Sullivan at once and when the Governor requested confirma-tion for Sullivan at the regular meeting, Coakley moved suspen-sion of the rules for immediate confirmation. He was supported in the motion by Lleutenant Gov-ernor Hurley, Councillor William G. Hennessey of Lynn and Coun-cillor James J. Brennan of Somer-ville, all Democrats. ville, all Democrats.

cillor James J. Brennan of Somerville, all Democrats.

Councillors Brooks, Edmond Cote, Joseph B. Grossman, Winfield A. Schuster and J. Arthur Baker, all Republicans voted against immediate confirmation. Gov. Curley submitted to the Council for reappointment three persons who held places in the executive department under former Gov. Ely. They are William L. Reed of Boston, who has been executive secretary of the Council for many years: Miss Marie J. O'Leary of Melrose, stenographer, and Mrs. Mabel H. Hayes of Cambridge, who has been telephone operator in the executive department for a long time.

The Governor also submitted the names of members of his secretarial staff, previously announced, for confirmation by the Council. They are Richard D. Grant of Boston, Governor's secretary; Henry C. Rowland of Arlington and William A. Bodfish of Boston, assistant secretaries; Earl V. Schriveer of North Attleboro.

ington and William A. Bodish of Boston, assistant secretaries; Earl V. Schriveer of North Attleboro, chief stenographer; Frank T. Pedonti of Boston, executive mess-enger; Robert W. Gallagher of Newton, assistant executive mess-

The new Governor arrived at the State House for his first full day at 10:55. Conferences in his private office and the meeting of the Executive Council kept the Governor from his lunch until nearly 3 o'clock, when he accom-panied the Council to the Parker House for their regular weekly

He returned to the exe executive offices after the luncheon and stayed long enough fo administer the oath of office to William J. Foley as district attorney of Suf-folk for the new term for which he was re-elected last November.

**NEWS** Salem, Mass.

### Greater Sale

#### EVENING ALLIANCE PARTY

A party has been planned for the next meeting of the Second Churc Evening Alliance and will be held the Second church parish hou Monday evening, Jan. 7, with Mi Elizabeth Pearson in charge and Mi Sallie Reynolds as hostess.

#### MOTHERS' CLUB SPEAKER

Dr. M. Luise Diez will come Salem Wednesday afternoon, Jan. to speak to the members of the Salem Mothers' club in the Clevelan room of the First church.

#### ON OLD BALLADS

"Old English and Scotch ballade is the subject upon which Prof. Free erick Holmes of Northeastern un versity will lecture for the Ipswic Woman's club at its meeting in the Congregational parish house Monda evening, Jan. 7.

#### D. A. R. SPEAKER

D. A. R. SPEAKER

Mrs. Rufus K. Noyes, state chai man for filing and lending histor cal papers, will be the speaker at the meeting of the Col. Timothy Picket ing chapter, Daughters of the Amer can Revolution, in the Hotel Hawthorne Monday evening, Jan. 7. He subject will be "Islands of Bosto harbor." Hostesses for the evening are Miss Mary Freeto, chairman Miss Martha Jelly, Miss Louise Meser, Mrs. Hannah Hall, Mrs. Jenn Grant, Mrs. Rachel Craig, Miss Caroline Patch, Miss Mary Cole and Mr Elizabeth Newhall.

#### MONTANA TRAILS

a-51, b;

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An illustrated lecture, "Trail ric ing in Montana." has been planne for the entertainment of the members of the Lothrop club of Bewerl at its meeting Friday afternoon, Jai 11, with Mr. and Mrs. Robert Paimenter giving the lecture. The trathey followed leads into the Rock mountains 100 miles and up 10.00 feet and their trip will be illustrate with both motion pictures and Ian tern slides. tern slides.

TEACHERS AND MINISTERS
The Danvers Woman's associatio will meet at Masonic temple Jan. at 2 P. M. The usual hour of the meeting has been changed so that the members may hear Wallace F Williams of Danvers, who has been appointed by the federal government.

of Williams of Danvers, who has been Calannainted by the federal governmen a new Catholic church in town continuous members of this society to mention certain places in this vicinity. It is known that the local Catholic church authorities are considering the erection of a new church edifice.

The bids for the erection of the new post office will be closed at one o'clock on Jan. 29 and after the award is made, the contractor will be allowed 300 days or approximately ten months, to remove the building now located on the site and erect the new-structure. Acting Postmaster Arthur K. Bates has stated that unless a regular postmaster is appointed before work is commenced on the new building, he proposes to arrange for some kind of exercises for the laying of the corner stone.

#### AUTO SKIDS INTO POLE

As the result of the skidding of an automobile on the slippery roadway in front of the High school building on Conant street and crashing into a telegraph pole, two people were injured. Edith F. Varassovick of 10 Herrick street, Beverly, the operator, received an abrasion of the right knee, right hand and chin, and contusions of the abdomen. Mrs. Grace Hayding of 105 Ash. than Danvers, a physicist of 105 Ash. than Danvers, a physicist of the knee, insions on the right leg the knee, insions of the abdomen. The about 4.30 o'clock when their Ford at about 4.30 o'clock when their Ford coupe traveling on Conant street toward Danvers square skidded on coupe traveling on Conant st. toward Danvers square skidded

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A complaint has been made to the police from the Silver Ball Inn on the Newburyport turnpike, that the place has been broken into. While nothing was reported missing. an investigation is being made by Officer Alanson Burnham.

PAID B. & M. \$4000

### PAID B. & M. \$4000

It has been said that should Arthur It has been said that should Arthur E. Perkins, who has just taken over the full time position as treasurer of the Danvers Cooperative bank, after having commuted to Boston for a period of about 37 years, or over one-third of a century, stop to figure up how much he had paid the Boston & Maine railroad in fares for the time, he would find the figure to be over \$4000.

Further estimates along these lines are also interesting. In figuring the amount paid it is necessary to strike an average on the rate of fares as the prices of the tickets have steadily increased.

about two hours on the train per day and at this rate Mr. Perkins in the time he has been traveling back and time he has been traveling back and three years of his time on the train, both night and day. He has made over 22,000 trips over this 20 miles journey. There are a number of other citizens in town who have built and are building, a similar record. It is not known whether Mr. Perkins has ever made comparisons similar to these in figures but he did state that on wednesday morning while he was walking to his work train will contribute him and he while he was walking to his work here at the bank, he saw the 7.50 train pull out without him and he could not resist the temptation to wave his hand as he saw the cars

speed away.

Unlike many people who are always
missing or running for the train, this
man was always on time and during
man was always of travel he never
this 37 years of travel he never man was at the train was at the state of missed the train but once and on that occasion the fault was with the that occasion the fault was with the Maple Street church clock which was maple Street church clock which was made multiple of the train was at the state of the train Maple Street church clock which was slow, but as the train was at the station be believed that it would pull out for several minutes, and therefore took his time only to be left upon

took his time only to be left upon the platform.

In the future Mr. Perkins plans to give the time which he has formerly given to the Boston & Maine railroad to out-or-door exercise on shanks mare instead of riding behind an iron horse, in fact he said that when he saw the train pull out on Wednesday saw the train pull out on We and waved farewell to it, he feeling creep over him that playing "hooky" from school. had a to it, he ha

### LEGISLATURE ORGANIZATION

while the Curley inaugural and the senate fracas have claimed the attention of the metropolitan newspapers during the past week, local interest has been centered on the committee assignments of Speaker Salterest has been centered on the com-mittee assignments of Speaker Sal-tonstall of the lower house. A dis-tinct advantage to this town is seen in the placing of Representative Archibald L. Jones on the important committees on towns and water sup-ply. Since all legislation relating to these matters must be considered in the committee, a member is in a strategic position to serve his district. the committee, a member is in a strategic position to serve his district. There are some who say that the local representative sought a position on the water supply group with a view to eradicating the much discussed Putnamville reservoir option. At any

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

> NEWS Salem, Mass.

JAN 5

**EDITORIAL** 

Curley's Inaugural Gov.

The first impression that Gov. Curley's inaugural address makes on us is its very extended length, and the great number of suggestions which he makes for new legislation. There are many defects in the life of our state that should have been reformed many years ago, but they are still uncorrected. Somehow when there are movements for changes or improvement, there are usually so many people whose interests are affected that it proves impossible to get many of these things done. Gov. Curley will no doubt sible to get many of these things done. Gov. Curley will no doubt find it so, both as respects suggestions which are desirable, and those to which many of us feel opposed.

When the governor calls for vigorous action to put down banditry and gangsterism, drastic treatment of reckless and drunken automobile drivers, when he protests against the mingling in prisons of casual and juvenile offenders with confirmed criminals, when he advocates active work to develop the state's recreational advantages, the people will say Amen. His idea that the state legislature is much too large and should be reduced to half its number, with biennial sessions will strike many favorably, but it will hardly be popular in that body.

As to abolishing the governor's council, the board of tax appeals, the Boston finance commission, and allowing complete local control of police in all cities, our impression has been that the existing systems are working quite well and should not be substantially changed. The governor feels that the public works program for the state should call for a \$100,000,000 outlay, the federal government to furnish half the money. It does not seem to us that industrial revival is going to be produced by that kind of means.

The governor feels it is idle to talk of private capital furnishing work for the unemployed. Yet private capital provided excellent working opportunities for the people during former prosperous times, and could do so again, if it was encouraged and if some abuses were removed. The governor has given an interesting message, but we do not expect to see any larger part of it expressed in legislation during 1935.

# JEHAM, READING,

RV 5 1025

There will be a meeting of the police and fire chiefs of the state at the Parker House in Boston on Jan. 16th to take some action relative to the large number of false alarms which are being sounded all over the state. Last year in Winchester four false alarms were sounded which was an increase of two over the year before.

Among the invited guests at the luncheon tendered his staff by Governor James M. Curley at the Copley Plaza on Thursday was Sergeant John F. Dempsey of this town who is connected with the State Police with his headquarters at the State House.

> NEWS Quincy, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### Curley Calls His Council To Meet

Boston, (UP)-With his inauguration scarcely over, Governor Curley vigorously began his new duties today. He called a special meeting of the new executive council for this afternoon.

Reports were that Frank A. Goodwin, who ran against the chief executive in the gubernatorial election and was deposed as chairman of the Boston Finance Commission by for-mer Governor Ely, would be re elevated to the chairmanship by Curly.

This, according to reports at the state house, would involve demotion of Judge Jacob J. Kaplan, pres ent chairman, and one of Ely's ap-pointees during the closing days of his political reign.

Special Justice Joseph A. Sheehan will resign from the commission to make a place for Goodwin political observes believed, and in turn will be elevated to the superior court bench to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Superior Judge Elias B. Bishop.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

> ITEM Lynn, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### EAST LYNN

Boy Evangelist to Preach at Essex Street Union Baptist Church Sunday Evening

Arthur Robinson, "boy evangelist" and radio singer of spirituel songs, will be at Essex Street Union Baptist church Sunday evening, when he will preach, sing hymns, and several musical instruments



ARTHUR ROBINSON, "Boy Evangelist.

during the service. The young man's subject will be "The Old Time Religion."

ligion."

Mr. Robinson is probably one of the best known of the younger evangelists. He has conducted several successful revival campaigns throughout New England, and his appearance in churches has been welcomed by large congregations.

MISSIONARY MEETING

Sunday evening's meeting of the Christian Endeavor society of Bethany Congregational Christian church, will be in the form of a missionary meeting. Liembers participating will talk on the lives of missionaries. Rev. Mr. Withington will preach.

Rev. Mr. Withington will preach.

BETHANY K. O. K. A.

Plans for the new year's conclave
Wednesday evening Jan. 9, at 7.45
o'clock, were made last night at a
meeting of Bethany Castle Knights
of King Arthur. A social hour will
follow the meeting, and refreshments
will be served by the committee,
Richard Johnson, Frank Dushuttle,
and Louis Coates. Sir Pendragon,
Robert Corson will preside, and Harold J. Dunn, merlin will have
charge of arrangements.

PRESENTED WITH RING

PRESENTED WITH RING

Ernest Freeman, popular director the chorus at Essex Street Union or the chorus at Essex Street Union Baptist church, was presented with a ring during the week by his friends, the presentation being made by Miss Ruth Bishop. Rev. Herbert E. Levoy pastor of the church, in a brief address paid tribute to Mr. Freeman, expressing his appreciation of his work as director of the chorus for several years. several years.

GREATER LYNN CIRCLE
The entertainment committee of
Greater Lynn circle, C. F. of A. will
hold a public whist party Monday
night at the home of the chairman,
Mrs. Mildred Guerrero, 128 Jackson
street. The hostess will be assisted
by Mrs. Helen Davis, Mrs. Rose
Chase, Miss Catherine Coen, Mrs.
Alice Cleval, Miss Lillian Legassee,
Mrs. Louise Noonan, and Mrs. Hannah Flynn. nah Flynn.

LYNN C. E. UNION Missionary departm The Missionary department of Lynn Christian Endeavor Union will hold a sunshine service at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon at the home for Aged Women Breed street, in charge of Jean Surprise, missionary Aged Women Breed street, in charge of Jean Surprise, missionary chair-man. The song service will be in charge of Robert Goldthwait, advisor of the union, and Elber Potter of the First Baptist church C. E. society will be the speaker will be the speaker.

MISSIONARY SOCIETY

MISSIONARY SOCIETY
Mrs. Bertha Gosse was leader at
the meeting of the Women's Missionary society of the Church of the
Nazarene Friday evening. After receiving reports from committees relative to relief work during the holiday season, members discussed plans
for the coming months.

THE LEVOY MEN'S CLASS

Laurence Breed Walker, leader of the LeVoy class, will address that body Sunday at 9 AM. in the vestry of the Essex Street Union Baptist church on "It Is Dark on Observa-tory Hill," giving a picture of the so-

church on "It Is Dark on Observa-tory Hill," giving a picture of the so-cial and economic conditions faced at the opening of this new year. In the question box Mr. Walker will discuss "Should Not the Sepa-rate States Have Identical Labor Legislation?, "Could Not the Federal Government Enact Laws Relative to Labor That Would Apply to All Government Enact Laws Relative to Labor That Would Apply to All States and Not Give Advantage to Any Special Section of U. S. A.?" "Is Massachusetts Destined to Lose the Shoe and Textile Industry?" "What Do You Think of Governor Curley's Address to the Legislature?" "Why the Opposition to Governor Byrd?" The membership of this class has increased to 142. It has no direct affiliation with any religious organization and is a purely independent tion and is a purely independent body. John Powers will be in charge of the song service and musical pro-

SUNDOWN STORIES By MARY GRAHAM BONNER

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square **BOSTON** MASS.

**TELEGRAM-NEWS** Lynn, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

## CURLEY BLOCKED BY COUNCIL IN NEW APPOINTMENTS

Republicans Aided by Coakley in Stopping Reinstatement of Goodwin on Fin. Com. -Sheehan Named to Court Bench

BOSTON, Jan. 5.—That the Republican members of executive council in that the Republican teath" to Gov. the executive council intend to "show their teeth" to Gov. Curley was evidenced yesterday, when, at the first meeting of the governor and council in the governor of the governor and council, the efforts of the governor to reinstate Front A. Council, the efforts of the Roston to reinstate Frank A. Goodwin as chairman of the Boston Finance Commission were blocked and his request for suspension of the rules to confirm E. Mark Sullivan as a member of that commission was refused.

In the blocking of the Governor's move to put Good-Governor's move to put Good-win back as chairman of the commission, four Republicans were aided by Councillor Daniel H. Coakley of Boston, Democrat, who served notice prior to the meeting that he would vote against confirma-tion of Goodwin.

It is understood that Frank Brooks, Republican councillor from Watertown, was ready to vote for Goodwin's confirmation, but the combination of the other Republican councillors and Councillor Coakley would have made rejection of such an appointment certain.

After a consultation in the Governor's office, the Governor decided to substitute Sullivan's name. Councillor Coakley agreed to Mr. Sullivan at once and when the Governor to Mr. Sullivan at once and when the Governor requested confirmation for Sullivan at the regular meeting, Coakley moved suspension of the rules for immediate confirmation. He was supported in the motion by Lieutenant Governor Hurley, Councillor William G. Hennessey of Lynn and Councillor James J. Brennan of Somerville, all Democrats. ville, all Democrats.

Councillors Brooks, Edmond Cote, Joseph B. Grossman, Win-field A. Schuster and J. Arthur Baker, all Republicans voted

against immediate confirmation.
Gov. Curley submitted to the
Council for reappointment three
persons who held places in the
executive department under formexecutive department under former Gov. Ely. They are William L. Reed of Boston, who has been executive secretary of the Council for many years: Miss Marie J. O'Leary of Melrose, stenographer, and Mrs. Mabel H. Hayes of Cambridge, who has been telephone operator in the executive department for a long time.

The Governor also submitted

ment for a long time.

The Governor also submitted the names of members of his secretarial staff, previously announced, for confirmation by the Council. They are Richard D. Grant of Boston, Governor's secretary; Henry C. Rowland of Arlington and William A. Bodfish of Boston, assistant secretaries; Earl V. Schriveer of North Attleboro, chief stenographer; Frank T. Pedonti of Boston, executive messenger; Robert W. Gallagher of Newton, assistant executive messenger.

The new Governor arrived the State House for his first full day at 10:55. Conferences in his private office and the meeting of the Executive Council kept the Governor from his lunch nearly 3 o'clock, when he accom-panied the Council to the Parker House for their regular weekly

He returned to the executive offices after the luncheon and stayed long enough to administer the oath of office to William J. Foley as district attorney of Suf-folk for the new term for which he was re-elected last November

NEWS Salem, Mass.

1835 JAN 5

# DANVERS DOINGS

New Post Office Plans; Two Hurt When Auto Skidded; Commutor Perkins Paid Railroad \$4000 in 37 Years; Sunday Services; Dolgeville Won From Locals



## BLUEPRINT SKETCH OF PRIPOSED NEW POST OFFICE

Danvers, Jan. 5—Authorities state that the United States post office building which is to be built here on Conant street, will be finely constructed, that the specifications and structed, that the specifications are structed, that the specifications are structed, that the specifications are sent to the sent of material the specifications are sent to the sent of the se

this section is one of the best for residential purposes and most desirable.

There have been rumors that other pieces of property near the post office site, are being considered for certain public purposes. The need of a new Catholic church in town causes members of this society to mention certain places in this vicinity. It is known that the local Catholic church authorities are considering the erection of a new church edifice.

The bids for the erection of the octock on Jan. 29 and after the o'clock on Jan. 29 and after

AUTO SKIDS INTO POLE

As the result of the skidding of an automobile on the slippery roadway in front of the High school building on Conant street and crashing into a telegraph pole, two people were injured. Edith F. Varassovick of 10 Herrick street, Beverly, the operator, received an abrasion of the right knee, right hand and chin, and contusions of the abdomen. Mrs. Grace Hasting, 105 Ar. structures, a plassing to the forehead, nose, and juries to the forehead, nose, and juries to the forehead a nervous chest. She also suffered a nervous shock. Both were treated by Dr. Reyshock. Both were treated by Dr. Reyshock. Both were treated to Dr. Reyshock. Both were treated on a nervous at about 4.30 o'clock when their ford at about 4.30 o'clock when their street coupe traveling on Conant street toward Danvers square skidded on the ice.

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Service MASS.

#### EDITORIAL

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SUN Lowell, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

# Inducted as Massachusetts' New Governor



James M. Curley, popular former mayor of Boston, is pictured above as he reviewed the address he had prepared for delivery following his inauguration as governor of Massachusetts.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

COURIER-CITIZEN Lowell, Mass.

1760 and ask for Circulation depart-

ment.
Criticism of other advertisers or individuals will not be permitted in advertisements and the office reserves the right to revise or omit any copy that is objectionable.

Rumor also promptly got busy in suggesting ways and means for rewarding Hon. Frank A. Goodwin, who valiantly strove to divide the Republican party in the state election, although his services were hardly necessary, as it proved, for the election of Curley. His return to the Boston Finance commission chairmanship (the one membership that carries a salary) was immediately forecast; and perhaps with a Goodwin on the lid the governor might look upon this commission with a kindlier eye than his message indicated. It would be ungrateful surely to do nothing for Goodwin after his dog-in-the-manger campaign of last fall, and Mr. Curlev is usually mindful of favors.

> Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

COURIER-CITIZEN Lowell, Mass.

JAN9

#### CURLEY KEEPS SECRET TODAY'S NOMINATIONS

BOSTON, Jan. 8 (A)-Governo Jame M. Curley tonight shroudes in secrecy the list of nomination he will present tomorrow at the regular meeting of the Executiv Council. He said, however, he would not be the constitution of the transfer of the said ask the councillors if it would b convenient for them to meet on Fri day to confirm his appointment o Judge Joseph A. Sheehan to the Su perior court bench.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

> COURIER-CITIZEN Lowell, Mass.

> > JAN 5 1935

### SULLIVAN NAMED CURLEY FOR COMMISSION JOB

First Move by New Governor to Remove Officials Appoint-e ed by Ely During Last Fewd Weeks of Administration.

#### MAY REDUCE KAPLAN TO UNPAID POSITION

Goodwin, Tentatively Proposed for Former Post, Dropped Because of Opposition-Senate, Still Unorganized, Gets No Executive Co-operation.

BOSTON, Jan. 4 (P)—Governor James M. Curley set out today on his previously announced plan to upset some of the appointments for-mer Governor Joseph B. Ely made curing the latter's waning hours as chief executive.

Curley's first move was to pre-sent to the Executive Council the nomination of E. Mark Sullivan of Boston as a member of the Boston Finance Commission and State House circles saw in this move, a plan to make Sullivan the commission chairman, at \$5000 a year, re-placing Judge Joseph J. Kaplan, named only last week by Ely. Should Sullivan be approved by the Executive Council and take the chairmanship, Kaplan would be automatically reduced to an unpaid member of the commission.

Goodwin Opposed.

Sullivan's submitting Before name, Governor Curley had tentatively proposed the name of Frank A. Goodwin, former chairman of the commission, who was ousted from that post by former Governor Ely. Opposition to Goodwin, how-ever, caused Curley to name Sulli-

Sullivan is a former corporation counsel for the City of Boston and, up to the time he joined forces with Curley supporters in the recent elec-tion, had been a Republican.

Kaplan was appointed to fill the vacancy created when the former Finance Commission chairman, Joseph J. Leonaru, was appointed Boston rolling commissioner. ton police commissioner.

Governor Curley today nominated Joseph A. Sheehan, special justice of Boston Municipal court, to the Superior court bench to fill the va-

CONTINUED ON PAGE THEEE

minority 19 to 21, have refused to support the re-election of President Mansfield, Erland F. Fish (R). because Republicans would not promise them a

Although Governor Curley today declined to interfere in the Senate wrangie, Democratic leaders said they would attempt Monday to elect a member of their party to the presidency.

share in committee chairmanships.

Democratic floor leader, they would "try for the next best thing."

Asked if he meant the Democrats the governor.

The Democratic members, in the would seek to elect James G. Moran senior Republican member, Scanlan replied: seems to be the consensus of the Democratic members."

The Democrats carried troubles to their newly inaugurated chief, Governor James M. Curley, but got little satisfaction.

"I informed them," said the governor, "that I did not believe I should interfere with the affairs of Failing in that, said Senator a legislative branch and that I be James C. Scanlan of Somerville, lieved they could work out their own salvation." Senator Scanlan own salvation." headed the group which waited upon



COURIER-CITIZEN Lowell, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

on the lid. This city is the property of it, people, and not the private of the property of th ple thing of such few as happen or the moment to be sitting in the City Council.

Some of the new governor's ideas would clearly be a backward step if adopted-reviving old evils by obliterating the methods adopted to cure them. That seems to us to be especially true of his demand that such bodies as the Boston Finance commission, the State Board of Tax Appeals, and the pre-primary convention be done away. As remedies, these have their defects; but they are not such as to make us yearn to have the troubles back again which these expedients were intended to remove. Much that the governor said one may endorse cordially enough-but by no means all his recommendations appear sound. Biennal sessions would commend itself, for example, but there is much more doubt of his theory that would cut the number of legislators in half-possibly cinching the urban domination of the state.

It strikes us that some of the proposals of Governor Curley get at problems from the wrong end. stead of abolition of the pre-priconvention, we believe it would conduce to much better nominations to revert to the convention system outright and to forsake forever the direct primary which has given us nothing but increasingly worse tickets ever since it was instituted. It is also a tenable proposition that instead of abolishing the Finance commission of Boston, it should be given more power. If it is presently ineffective it is because its chief function is to scold, without power to do more than that. The former-mayor of Boston found it a hindrance and a source of constant criticism of his workso of course he'd like to abolish it. We are not so sure that his reason-ing is sound. Much that has been alleged against the Curley administration has never been answered, and firing the Fin. Com. certainly

wouldn't answer it. Similarly the new governor would like to abolish the Governor's Council, which he calls a heritage from colonial times, in part, we suspect, because he can see how its powers of withholding confirmation and ratification of his acts might be bothersome to him. Give Curley the power, seems to be the one outstanding plea; do away with whatever checks and balances he might find embarrassing. One expected all that. It's quite in character, and very human; and distinctly commonplace, one might add. In the course of a few months, a large majority of the people of this state may be looking on such things as the Governor's Council as the one bulwark left against gubernatorial recklessness.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

> SUN Lowell, Mass.

1935 JAN 5

Curley Women's Club to Meet **Next Tuesday** 

The Governor Curley Women's club of Lowell will hold its January meeting in Memorial hall of the city library building next Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Mrs. Theresa V. McDermott, president of the club, cordially invites every woman in Lowell to become a member of this organization and to attend Tuesday's meeting and get-together.

There will be a program of vaudeville on this occasion, and refreshments will be served. There will also be several prominent out-of-town speakers, including Charles H. Mc-Glue, chairman of the state Demo-Glue, chairman of the state Democratic committee; Mrs. Mary H. Ward, immigration commissioner at Boston; Mrs. Golda Walters, noted Boston woman attorney; Mrs. Margaret O'Riordan of Boston, Mayor Edward Kenney of Woburn, Edward J. Gilgun of Woburn, Joseph Lehane of Boston and J. Joseph Hennessy and Hubert McLaughlin of this city.

MASS.

COURIER-CITIZEN Lowell, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

individuals will not be permitted in advertisements and the office reserves the right to revise or omit any copy that is objectionable.

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COURIER-CITIZEN Lowell, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

opposed programs for national recovery or national advance.

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> EAGLE Lawrence, Mass.

JAN 5

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#### GAMBLE.

Statisticians rate the take the chairmans shares as the "comers" of 19 be automatically r place faith in the attitude of ments towards the purchase Before submitting planes—both for war and personal poses. It is generally concerned the name of most 1935 military budgets win former about propriets buggets. win, former chairr propriate huge sums for this mission, who was United Aircraft and Douglas post by former Gd are the issues regarded as promising speculations.

#### COMMODITIES.

Cotton traders say there's standing short interest in

JAN 5

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Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

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JAN 5 - 1935

### POPULAR STANDS

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Governor Curley's belief that the Governor's council is an unnecessary branch of the state government that has outlived the purpose for which it was created, and consequently should be abolished, is shared by many citizens. With a member of its own party in the Governor's chair, the council is likely to be little more than a rubber-stamp body. On the other hand, its attitude toward an opposition party chief executive is often either that of the obstructionist or small town political trader. Governor Curley's recommendation for the elimination of the council is especially timely in view of the widespread disapproval of

recent tactics of the body.

The Governor's declaration in favor of the abolition of county government is another suggestion that undoubtedly strikes an extremely popular chord. It is a survival of the days of the oxcart and stagecoach that represents a great duplication of effort and expense in the fourteen counties of Massachusetts that to a large extent is unnecessary and unwarranted. The elimination of county government would result in a big saving and little, if any, loss in efficiency with the transfer of activities under it to state control.

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COURIER-CITIZEN Lowell, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

see to It man on on the lid. This city is the property of its people, and not the private in plaything of such few as happen or the moment to be sitting in the City Council.

Some of the new governor's ideas would clearly be a backward step if adopted-reviving old evils by obliterating the methods adopted to cure them. That seems to us to be especially true of his demand that such bodies as the Boston Finance commission, the State Board of Tax Appeals, and the pre-primary convention be done away. As remedies, these have their defects; but they are not such as to make us yearn to have the troubles back again which these expedients were intended to remove. Much that the governor said one may endorse cordially enough-but by no means all his recommendations appear sound. Biennal sessions would commend itself, for example, but there is much more doubt of his theory that would cut the number of legislators in half-possibly cinching the urban domination of the state.

It strikes us that some of the proposals of Governor Curley get at problems from the wrong end. stead of abolition of the pre-pri-mary convention, we believe it would conduce to much better nominations to revert to the convention system outright and to forsake forever the direct primary which has given us nothing but increasingly worse tickets ever since it was instituted. It is also a tenable proposition that instead of abolishing the Finance commission of Boston, it should be given more power. If it is presently ineffective it is because its chief function is to scold, without power to do more than that. The former-mayor of Boston found it a hindrance and a source of constant criticism of his workso of course he'd like to abolish it. We are not so sure that his reasoning is sound. Much that has been alleged against the Curley administration has never been answered, and firing the Fin. Com. certainly

wouldn't answer it. Similarly the new governor would like to abolish the Governor's Council, which he calls a heritage from colonial times, in part, we suspect, because he can see how its powers of withholding confirmation and ratification of his acts might be bothersome to him. Give Curley the power, seems to be the one outstanding plea; do away with whatever checks and balances he might find embarrassing. expected all that. It's quite in character, and very human; and distinctly commonplace, one might add. In the course of a few months, a large majority of the people of this state may be looking on such things as the Governor's Council as the one bulwark left against gubernatorial recklessness.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

> SUN Lowell, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

Curley Women's Club to Meet **Next Tuesday** 

The Governor Curley Women's club of Lowell will hold its January meeting in Memorial hall of the city library building next Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Mrs. Theresa V. McDermott, president of the club, cordially invites every woman in Lowell to become a member of this organization and to attend Tuesday's meeting and get-together.

There will be a program of vaudeville on this occasion, and refresh-ments will be served. There will also be several prominent out-of-town speakers, including Charles H. Mc-Glue, chairman of the state Demo-Glue, chairman of the state Democratic committee; Mrs. Mary H. Ward, immigration commissioner at Boston; Mrs. Golda Walters, noted Boston woman attorney; Mrs. Margaret O'Riordan of Boston, Mayor Edward Kenney of Woburn, Edward J. Gilgun of Woburn, Joseph Lehane of Boston and J. Joseph Hennessy and Hubert McLaughlin of this city.

MASS.

COURIER-CITIZEN Lowell, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

individuals will not be permitted in advertisements and the office teserves the right to revise or omit any copy that is objectionable.

Rumor also promptly got busy in suggesting ways and means for rewarding Hon. Frank A. Goodwin, who valiantly strove to divide the Republican party in the state election, although his services were hardly necessary, as it proved, for the election of Curley. His return to the Boston Finance commission chairmanship (the one membership that carries a salary) was immediately forecast; and perhaps with a Goodwin on the lid the governor might look upon this commission with a kindlier eye than his message indicated. It would be ungrateful surely to do nothing for Goodwin after his dog-in-the-manger campaign of last fall, and Mr. Curtey is usually mindful of favors.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

COURIER-CITIZEN Lowell, Mass.

> 1935 JAN 5

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> EAGLE Lawrence, Mass.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> TRIBUNE Lawrence, Mass.

JAN 5

## E. MARK SULLIVAN NAND TO BOSTON FINANCE CM.

### JLAR STANDS

Governor Curley's Inaugural Recommendations Will Be Supported by the Public

Gov. Curley Expected to Make Him Cha. man if Confirmed-Tentative Proposal of Goodwin Arouses Opposition

James M. Curley set out today on his Curley supporters in the recent previously announced plan to upset some of the appointments former Governor Joseph B. Ely made during the latter's waning hours as chief executive.

Curley's first move was to present to the executive council the nomination of E. Mark Sullivan of Boston as a member of the Boston Finance commission and State House circles saw in this move, a plan to make Sullivan the commission chairman, at \$5000 a year, replacing Judge Joseph J. Kaplan, named only last week by Ely. Should Sullivan be approved by the executive council and take the chairmanship, Kaplan would be automatically reduced to an un-paid member of the commission. Before submitting Sullivan's name,

Governor Curley had tentatively proposed the name of Frank A. Goodwin, former chairman of the commission, who was ousted from that post by former Governor Ely. Op-Opposition to Goodwin, however, caused Curley to name Sullivan.

Sullivan is a former corporation counsel for the city of Boston and, election, had been a Republican.

Finance commission chairman Joseph police commissioner.

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B. Bishop.

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to be his first move in that direction. ose for which it was created, and con-Governor Curley today nominated ose for which it was created, and con-Joseph A. Sheehan, special justice of de abolished, is shared by many citizens. Boston municipal court, to the Super- f its own party in the Governor's chair, ior court bench to fill the vacancy created by the death of Judge Elias ly to be little more than a rubber-stamp Action on confirmation er hand, its attitude toward an opposiwas, under the rules, held over for a xecutive is often either that of the ob-At the same time the governor all town political trader. Governor Cursubmitted for confirmation the names tion for the elimination of the council is

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EAGLE Lawrence, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

# WATT COMMENT ON CURLEY'S ADDRESS

BOSTON, Jan. 4 (P)—Robert J. Watt, legislative agent of the Massachusetts State Federation of Labor, today said the inaugural address of Governor Curley should meet with the vigorous approval of the average citizen

"The organized wage earner," Watt declared, "greets with enthusiasm his specific proposals for legislation on the use of injunctions, a state recovery act, school leaving age and workmen's compensation as well as other recommendations which would protect the human values of even the sumblest workman."

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

EAGLE Lawrence, Mass.

AN 5 1938

combined with a shift in the direction of the wind, served to save several adjacent buildings.

### LIQUOR OMITTED BY MARY CURLEY

BOSTON, Jan. 4 (AP)—Mary Curley, daughter of Governor James M. Curley and as such the First Lady of the State, today won the commendation of Rev. Roland D. Sawyer, state representative from Ware, because she omitted intoxicants from her first official social function, a dinner to wives of high state officials.

"In these days when there is startling increase of drinking in the homes, at social functions and among women and the youth," said Rev. Sawyer, "we cannot praise too highly the attitude taken by Miss Curley in omitting cocktails and wines from the menu of her first state social function, the dinner to the wives of the members of the council."

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> TRIBUNE Lawrence, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

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> GAZETTE Haverhill, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### CURLEY INDUCTED



James M. Curley, popular former mayor of Boston, is pictured above as he reviewed the address he had prepared for delivery following his inauguration as governor of Massachusetts

TRIBUNE Lawrence, Mass. JAN 5 1935

## E. MARK TO BO

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Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> TELEGRAM Lawrence, Mass.

> > JAN 5

## S WE SEE IT

With Congress starting its doubtful-doubtful to the taxpayers-session, the Hauptmann trial-filled with its spectacular and dramatic incidentals-and the legislature opening with a battle for the control of the senate, the people of this state are having plenty of interesting reading matter for the coming weeks. No one can yet predict how deep Congress will dig into the pockets of the taxpayers, but it will be plenty. With the deficient mounting by billions every year, and no great progress toward prosperity, the situation at Washington is doubtful and decidedly dark. Having forced the people into a position where they are now divided into two classes—those who have acquired the habit of living without work, and those who pay the bills—the federal plans are now to pass the paying onto the states and communities.

It must be remembered by the people that, two weeks previous to the meeting of Congress, there were appropriation bills amounting to thirty billion dollars already in the hopper, and no one capable of predicting how much that amount will be increased before the deadline on bills has been reached. With the Townsend old age pension bill receiving much support from those who see an opportunity to forget the "rainy day" even when they are young, because the years above sixty are already provided for, the horizon for the ones who have to foot the bills is very, very dark.

And the elephant that will step on the pocketbook of the taxpayer does not come singly or from Washington alone. The Massachusetts legislature has plans of its own. does not, it will be a remarkable exception to all legislatures. New and higher taxes can be expected before the grinds have been completed and the good bills—those that will help the ordinary taxpayer—have been pitched out of the window to be replaced by those that will favor the interests and those who are not needing assistance. The people can look for very little from the line-up of the present legislature: the line-up is too strongly intrenched on the side of the interests and some of the members have been in the habit of looking over the heads of the people to the big interests that they will not be able to lower their eyes to the common herd.

The Hauptmann trial is producing considerable dramatics. It starts more as a stage play than a serious trial in an American court. Justice here has been in the habit of caution and delay, especially in murder trials, for the beginning of court proceedings in this country. Now, there appears be a sudden demand for speed. American conscience mands that the rights of the accused shall be protected the no one shall be falsely convicted of a crime. It makes v little difference of the circumstances of the case or those marily interested, justice demands that there shall be no ry-no exceptional hurry. Since there was no hurry solve the murder mystery, it now appears a little str there should be such desire for speed in convicting prisoner.

Andover is wondering whether there is any hope of re ceiving action upon the vote of the town at the last special meeting when it called for the appointment of a new administrator of ERA there. One impression the people of the town is receiving is that the will of the people does not appear to have much weight. The vote of the town was practically unanimous—three in opposition—to oust the precent administrator and have a new one appointed. That was months ago and the vote does not appear to have had any effect se far. The question will undoubtedly come up at the next town meeting and may result in more serious discussion at the hands of those most interested in where the money of the taxpayers of the town really goes.

Well, the legislature generally haggles along for several months, and without accomplishing anything, so the people of the commonwealth might as well have some fun out of the scrap in the senate to determine who will be its presiding officer. It makes very little difference to the average citizen, but it makes a whale of a difference to the interests. The house having organized and to the satisfaction of the interests, it now is an interesting problem as to who will take the helm in the senate. The battle appears to be between the interests and the pople. It is not hard to predict who will finally win.

Apparently the will of Congress is to move farther and farther from the people. The increase of the membership of the national house to petition a bill out of a pigeon hole and make real legislation possible indicates that Congress has found a way to push the public aside. In fact, if one follows the course of legislation, in all branches of government, and studies it, the fact becomes more and more apparent that the people are having less and less rights in managing the affairs of their own civic units. The new gag rule in Congress is a bar to good bills, while it leaves a too wide opening for bills that are most dangerous to the common people.

Now what will the legislature do with the constructive legislation suggested by Governor Curley.

> GAZETTE Haverhill, Mass.

JAN 5 1035

## THIS AND THAT

Reports of the first conference of the 1935 city council indicate aldermanic failure to learn the most important lesson of the city election. This lesson is the fact that Mayor Dalrymple was reclected and that two new aldermen were chosen because the people of Haverhill wanted cooperation with the mayor by the aldermen.

The purpose of this conference was to decide departmental assignments of members of the council and to select among the candidates for numerous municipal officers those on whom a majority of the council could agree. The result of the conference was disregard of certain of the mayor's recommendations. Indeed, so extensive was this disregard that the mayor was inspired to say that all he got was his secretary.

The result was not so bad as that, of course. Departmental assignments probably are satisfactory to the mayor. These assignments were wisely made. In the selection of candidates for other offices, notably those of city solicitor, assessor, member of the board of public welfare, and member of the board of health, the mayor's wishes were overruled. The men who have received the temporary endorsement of a majority of the council, for all I know, may be well qualified for municipal office; certainly one, James P. Cleary, the choice for the city solicitorship, is a competent lawyer with experience in the office. Their qualifications, however, are of secondary importance.

The strong probability is that they are no better than the choices of the mayor. Thus, the aldermen would have been serving the public just as effectually by heeding his wishes as by ignoring them, and would have been giving the kind of demonstration of cooperation by the aldermen with the mayor that the people demanded at the polls in December.

Most of you, I suppose, read Rodney Dutcher's daily column from Washington. If you don't, you should. If you don't, you are missing the hest Washington news column that I find in any newspaper. It is well-written, authoritative, and timely. During 1934 Dutcher's column had not less than 39 exclusive stories; that is, stories that you got no where else or that you got first by reading his reports of what goes on behind the scenes in the national capital. A smart New Year's resolution would be to read Dutcher's column daily.

Haverhill legislators undoubtedly are hoping that Mayor Dalrymple finally will decide not to ask the Legislature to pass a bill for the reorganization of the department of public welfare, because such a bill would compel them to face an issue that they are reluctant to confront.

A reader, for motives that are not clear, has sent me a clipping from a newspaper (Boston Post, I think) that contains the story of the sad experience of two men to whom a banker refused a loan because they didn't wear hats. The banker from whom they sought the loan thought, presumably because of their hatless state, that they were not sound, or conservative, or reliable.

This clipping may have been sent by a merchant who believes that, if I wore headgear, he could sell me a hat occasionally; it may be from a person who, with the banker, holds that hatless men are radical and unsound; or it may be from a person who is warning me that I should not try to borrow money. I don't know and I don't care. What I do know is that being hatless 365 days of the year is synonymous with being relieved from a responsibility that is nothing but a nuisance Ask Dr. Popoff, he knows.

The purpose of automatic machinery was adequately defined by Governor Curley in his inaugural address, thus: To increase production, lower costs, minimize drudgery, and displace human labor. The full implications of this definition, however, are too rarely realized, principally, I think, because undue emphasis is placed on the displacing of human labor.

Emphasis on displacement of human labor is excessive because the experience of displacement is tragic and because of the feeling that desirable displacement will provide a great amount of enjoyable leisure for millions of persons.

None questions the tragedy of displacement of labor by development of automatic machinery. Millions of persons are idle and in need today because machines are doing the work that they used to do and because the machines have not been used consistently to advance the common welfare. If machines were used as they should be, for the benefit of everybody, the distress of unemployment would not be anywhere near as severe as it is. Thus, a major task of our time is to direct machine energies toward advancement of the common good.

This, however, doesn't mean enabling millions of persons to spend their days in idleness. Bear in mind the first part of the governor's definition of the purpose of automatic machinery, to increase production. Having a few men tend many great automatic machines that turn out vast quantities of goods for use by all isn't taking full advantage of the power of automatic machinery to increase the wealth of society.

The human energies released by the development of the machine must be directed toward the production of new wealth if the full possibilities of automatic machinery are to be realized. To substitute machine labor for human labor and leave human labor idle, while it enjoys the products of the machine, is to cease economic and social advancement and to endeavor to entrench our society on the line that marks the progress toward civilization that we have attained. In other words, such substitution is almost synonymous with cessation of advancement.

Actually, however, such substitution would mark the beginning of retrogression rather than the acceleration of progression, because a people bent on leisure is a soft and softening people doomed to deterioration. The great virtue of the automatic machine, wisely used, is its power to free people from drudgery and release their energies for the increasing of their cultural wealth.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

TELEGRAM Lawrence, Mass. JAN 5 1935

# APPOINTMENTS BY GOVERNOR CURLEY

BOSTON, Jan. 5 (UP)—Governor Curley has appointed Joseph A. Sheehan of Boston as justice of the Superior court succeeding Judge Elias B. Bishop, deceased.

At the same time, the governor named E. Mark Sullivan, also of

At the same time, the governor named E. Mark Sullivan, also of Boston, a smember of the Boston finance commission to succeed Sheehan.

The appointments were submitted

to the executive council for confirmation.

Other appointments were sent to the Executive Committee as follows:

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EAGLE Lawrence, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

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TRIBUNE Lawrence, Mass. JAN 5 1935

TELEGRAM Lawrence, Mass.

JAN 5

# AS WE SEE IT

# E. MARK SULLIVAN NAMED TO BOSTON FINANCE COM.

### Gov. Curley Expected to Make Him Chairman if Confirmed—Tentative Proposal of Goodwin Arouses Opposition

James M. Curley set out oday on his previously announced plan to upset some of the appointments former Governor Joseph B. Ely made during the latter's waning hours as chief executive.

Curley's first move was to present to the executive council the no-mination of E. Mark Sullivan of Boston as a member of the Boston Finance commission and State House circles saw in this move, a plan to make Sullivan the commission chairman, at \$5000 a year, replacing Judge Joseph J. Kaplan, named only last week by Ely. Should Sullivan be approved by the executive council and take the chairmanship, Kaplan would be automatically reduced to an un-paid member of the commission.

Before submitting Sullivan's name, Governor Curley had tentatively pro-posed the name of Frank A. Goodwin, former chairman of the com-mission, who was ousted from that post by former Governor Ely. Opposition to Goodwin, however, caused Curley to name Sullivan.

Sullivan is a former corporation cil and Richard counsel for the city of Boston and, to the governor.

BOSTON, Jan. 4 (P)—Governor up to the time he joined forces with Curley supporters in the recelection, had been a Republican.

Kaplan was appointed to fill the vacancy created when the former Finance commission chairman Joseph J. Leonard was appointed Boston police commissioner.

Curley and Ely exchanged bitter words during the closing weeks of the latter's regime because of namerous appointments made by Ely. Curley said, however, he would, with the consent of the council, replace some of the Ely appointees. Today's action was taken in political circles to be his first move in that direction. Governor Curley today nominated Joseph A. Sheehan, special justice of Boston municipal court, to the Super-

ior court bench to fill the vacancy created by the death of Judge Elias B. Bishop. Action on confirmation was, under the rules, held over for a

At the same time the governor submitted for confirmation the names of nine members of his official family, including William L. Reed,

executive secretary governor's council and Richard D. Grant, secretary

ress starting its doubtful-doubtful to the Hauptmann trial—filled with its tic incidentals—and the legislature the or the control of the senate, the people ing plenty of interesting reading matter
No one can yet predict how deep Conockets of the taxpayers, but it will be to the pockets of the taxpayers, but it will be no deficient mounting by billions every year, ogress toward prosperity, the situation at oubtful and decidedly dark. Having forced position where they are now divided into se who have acquired the habit of living dibbse who pay the bills—the federal plans he paying onto the states and communities. nbered by the people that, two weeks meeting of Congress, there were appropriacapable of predicting how much that ed before the deadline on bills has With the Townsend old age pension bill report from those who see an opportunity to day even when they are young, because introduced for, the horizon have to foot the bills is very, very dark.

hant that will step on the pocketbook of the singly or from Washington alone. tts legislature has plans of its own. e a manarkable exception to all legislatures. can be expected before the grinds
nd the good bills—those that will help
have been pitched out of the window that will favor the interests and those istance. The people can look for very f the present legislature: the line-up ed on the side of the interests and ave been in the habit of looking over to the big interests that they will not yes to the common herd.

nore as a stage play than a serious trial in an American court. Justice here has been in the habit of caution and delay, especially in murder trials, for the beginning of court proceedings in this country. Now, there appears be a sudden demand for speed. American conscience d mands that the rights of the accused shall be protected t no one shall be falsely convicted of a crime. It makes v little difference of the circumstances of the case or those marily interested, justice demands that there shall be no ry-no exceptional hurry. Since there was no hurry solve the murder mystery, it now appears a little str there should be such desire for speed in convicting prisoner.

Andover is wondering whether there is any hope of re ceiving action upon the vote of the town at the last specia meeting when it called for the appointment of a new administrator of ERA there. One impression the people of the town is receiving is that the will of the people does not appear to have much weight. The vote of the town was practically unanimous—three in opposition—to oust the precent administrator and have a new one appointed. months ago and the vote does not appear to have had any effect se far. The question will undoubtedly come up at the next town meeting and may result in more serious discussion at the hands of those most interested in where the money of s of the town really goes.

Well, the legislature generally haggles along for several months, and without accomplishing anything, so the people of the commonwealth might as well have some fun out of the scrap in the senate to determine who will be its presiding officer. It makes very little difference to the average citizen, but it makes a whale of a difference to the interests. The house having organized and to the satisfaction of the interests, it now is an interesting problem as to who will take the helm in the senate. The battle appears to be between the interests and the pople. It is not hard to predict who will finally win.

Apparently the will of Congress is to move farther and farther from the people. The increase of the membership of the national house to petition a bill out of a pigeon hole and make real legislation possible indicates that Congress has found a way to push the public aside. In fact, if one follows the course of legislation, in all branches of government, and studies it, the fact becomes more and more apparent that the people are having less and less rights in managing the affairs of their own civic units. The new gag rule in Congress is a bar to good bills, while it leaves a too wide opening for bills that are most dangerous to the common people.

Now what will the legislature do with the constructive legislation suggested by Governor Curley.

> GAZETTE Haverhill, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

## THIS AND THAT By WILLIAM H. HEATH

Reports of the first conference of the 1935 city council indicate aldermanic failure to learn the most important lesson of the city election. This lesson is the fact that Mayor Dalrymple was reelected and that two new aldermen were chosen because the people of Haverhill wanted cooperation with the mayor by the aldermen.

The purpose of this conference was to decide departmental assignments of members of the council and to select among the candidates for numerous municipal officers those on whom a majority of the council could agree. The result of the conference was disregard of certain of the mayor's recommendations. Indeed, so extensive was this disregard that the mayor was inspired to say that all he got was his secretary.

The result was not so bad as that, of course. Departmental assignments probably are satisfactory to the mayor. These assignments were wisely made. In the selection of candidates for other offices, notably those of city solicitor, assessor, member of the board of public welfare, and member of the board of health, the mayor's wishes were overruled. The men who have received the temporary endorsement of a majority of the council, for all I know, may be well qualified for municipal office; certainly one, James P. Cleary, the choice for the city solicitorship, is a competent lawyer with experience in the office. Their qualifications, however, are of secondary importance.

The strong probability is that they are no better than the choices of the mayor. Thus, the aldermen would have been serving the public just as effectually by heeding his wishes as by ignoring them, and would have been giving the kind of demonstration of cooperation by the aldermen with the mayor that the people demanded at the polls in December.

Most of you, I suppose, read Rodney Dutcher's daily column from Washington. If you don't, you should. If you don't, you are missing the best Washington news column that I find in any newspaper. It is well-written, authoritative, and timely. During 1934 Dutcher's column had not less than 39 exclusive stories; that is, stories that you got no where else or that you got first by reading his reports of what goes on behind the scenes in the national capital. A smart New Year's resolution would be to read Dutcher's column daily.

Haverhill legislators undoubtedly are hoping that Mayor Dalrymple finally will decide not to ask the Legislature to pass a bill for the reorganization of the department of public welfare, because such a bill would compel them to face an issue that they are reluctant to confront.

A reader, for motives that are not clear, has sent me a clipping from a newspaper (Boston Post, I think) that contains the story of the sad experience of two men to whom a banker refused a loan because they didn't wear hats. The banker from whom they sought the loan thought, presumably because of their hatless state, that they were not sound, or conservative, or reliable.

This clipping may have been sent by a merchant who believes that, if I wore headgear, he could sell me a hat occasionally; it may be from a person who, with the banker, holds that hatless men are radical and unsound; or it may be from a person who is warning me that I should not try to borrow money. I don't know and I don't care. What I do know is that being hatless 365 days of the year is synonymous with being relieved from a responsibility that is nothing but a nuisance Ask Dr. Popoff, he knows.

The purpose of automatic machinery was adequately defined by Governor Curley in his inaugural address, thus: To increase production, lower costs, minimize drudgery, and displace human labor. The full implications of this definition, however, are too rarely realized, principally, I think, because undue emphasis is placed on the displacing of human labor.

Emphasis on displacement of human labor is excessive because the experience of displacement is tragic and because of the feeling that desirable displacement will provide a great amount of enjoyable leisure for millions of persons.

None questions the tragedy of displacement of labor by development of automatic machinery. Millions of persons are idle and in need today because machines are doing the work that they used to do and because the machines have not been used consistently to advance the common welfare. If machines were used as they should be, for the benefit of everybody, the distress of unemployment would not be anywhere near as severe as it is. Thus, a major task of our time is to direct machine energies toward advancement of the common good.

This, however, doesn't mean enabling millions of persons to spend their days in idleness. Bear in mind the first part of the governor's definition of the purpose of automatic machinery, to increase production. Having a few men tend many great automatic machines that turn out vast quantities of goods for use by all isn't taking full advantage of the power of automatic machinery to increase the wealth of society.

The human energies released by the development of the machine must be directed toward the production of new wealth if the full possibilities of automatic machinery are to be realized. To substitute machine labor for human labor and leave human labor idle, while it enjoys the products of the machine, is to cease economic and social advancement and to endeavor to entrench our society on the line that marks the progress toward civilization that we have attained. In other words, such substitution is almost synonymous with cessation of advancement.

Actually, however, such substitution would mark the beginning of retrogression rather than the acceleration of progression, because a people bent on leisure is a soft and softening people doomed to deterioration. The great virtue of the automatic machine, wisely used, is its power to free people from drudgery and release their energies for the increasing of their cultural wealth.

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> TELEGRAM Lawrence, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

# APPOINTMENTS BY GOVERNOR CURLEY

BOSTON, Jan. 5 (UP)—Governor Curley has appointed Joseph A. Sheehan of Boston as justice of the Superior court succeeding Judge Elias B. Bishop, deceased.

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At the same time, the governor named E. Mark Sullivan, also of Boston, a smember of the Boston finance commission to succeed Sheehan.

The appointments were submitted to the executive council for confirmation.

Other appointments were sent to the Executive Committee as follows:

William L. Reed, executive secretary of the Executive Council, (reappointment); Richard J. Grant, Boston, as the Governor's secretary; Henry C. Rowland, Arlington as assistant secretary to the Governor; William A. Bodfish, Boston, also as an assistant secretary to the Governor; Earl Earl V. Schrisver of North Attleboro as stenographer, Marie J. O'Leary, Melrose, stenographey, Robert W. Gallagher, Newton, as assistant executive messenger; Mabel H. Hayes, Cambridge, telephone operator in executive department; Frank T. Vedonti, Boston, as evecutive messenger.

EAGLE Lawrence, Mass.

JAN 5 1938

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Curley said he told a delegation of Democratic senators he did not believe he should interfere with the filibuster now going on in the Senate, adding: "I believe they can work out their own salvation."

> GAZETTE Taunton, Mass.

JAN 5 1835

### Inducted as Massachusetts' New Governor



Hon. James M. Curley, popular former mayor of Boston, is pictured above as he reviewed the address he had prepared for delivery following his inauguration as governor of Massachusetts.

> **ENTERPRISE** Brockton, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### **COUNCIL BALKS CURLEY'S MOVE**

#### Turns Down Goodwin; Sullivan Named.

BOSTON, Jan. 5.—(AP)—Politics was at a standstill on Beacon Hill to-day, that is, formally: But rumblings were heard beneath the sur-

Monday the Massachusetts Senate is scheduled to take up the fight again for the presidency of that body, election to that office having been thwarted since Wednesday by demo-

Lack of a quorum Friday prevented resumption of the battle opened Wednesday by a democratic filibuster in opposition to the re-election of President Erland F. Fish, republican. The 19 democratic senators have opposed Fish's re-election because the republicans, 21 in all, have refused to share committee chairmanships.

Failing to elect one of their own party as president Monday, Sen. James G. Scanlan, democrat, of Somerville, said his party might seek election of James G. Moran of Mansfield, senior republican member.

Meanwhile, Gov. James M. Curley, who said he would not enter the Senter Scrap began offerness.

ate scrap, began efforts to replace appointments made by his predecessor, former Gov. Ely.

Most important of his changes was his nomination of E. Mark Sullivan of Boston to the executive council as a member of the Boston finance commission. Political analysis saw this as a move to replace Judge Joseph J. as a move to replace Judge Joseph J. Kaplan, an Ely appointee, as chairman. Gov. Curley endeavored to return former Registrar Goodwin to the finance commission post, but it was reported the council opposed such a

The council also refused the governor's request for suspension of rules to enable immediate confirmaPress Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> SUN Attleboro, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### Echoes of Beacon Hill

STATE HOUSE-The first preprimary conventions of the major parties in Massachusetts and an election that brought the greatest overturn in a generation in favor of the Democrats were the outstanding pol :al developments of 1934 in the Bay State

The November election left the Republicans only one state office. the Democrats gaining the office of lieutenant governor and attorney-general.

The Republicans also were left with the smallest majority in both branches of the Legislature since the Civil War, except 43 years ago when there was a tie in the sen-

The Republican majority in the House was cut from 42 to six, and in the Senate from 12 to two. The House next year will have 123 Re-publicans and 117 Democrats and the Senate 21 Republicans and 19

Democrats.
The G. C. P. Congressional rep resentation was reduced from 10 t eight. The majority of eight to one in the Governor's council for the Republicans was reduced

The surprising change in political complextion was assigned to the current unrest due to the economic situation and the popularity of the New Deal.

The gains made in the Legislature, governor's council, and con-gressional delegation by the Democrats caused the most surprise, however. Although both branches of the Legislature will be or-ganized by the Republicans the margin is so small that Governor-elect Curley will not have as dif-ficult a time in dealing with this branch as his predecessor.

The Senate majority is not def. initely determined, as Sen. Joseph P. Clancy of Lynn, Democrat, who was defeated by Albert P. Cole. Lynn, Republican will take his fight to the floor.

The two Congressional seats gained by the Democrats were in the third district in Central Massachusetts where Joseph E. Casey of Clinton defeated Cong. Frank H. Foss of Fitchburg, and in the ninth where Mayor Rusell of Cambridge defeated the veteran Cong. Robert Luce of Waltham.

The gains in the council were through the election of the lieu-tenant-governor and the defeat of Eugene B. Fraser of Lynn and Eu-gene A. F. Burtnett of Somerville.

Sen Walsh with 852,776 votes received the highest number of votes ever given a candidate in Massachusetts.

Contrary to expectation, Frank E. Lyman, who was shifted from the chairmanship to an associate commissionership in the state department of public works is not chagrined. His now place pays chagrined. His new place pays \$1500 less than the chairmanship, but it has plenty of responsibilities. Mr. Lyman and the new commissioner. William F. Callahan have worked well together.

It is rumored Chairman Charles It is rumored Chairman Charles H McGlue of the Democratic state committee will retire at the organization meeting next month, and the post will probably go to Joseph McGrath, Boston City Council member and worker for Gov.-elect Curley.

The Mass. Republican club, of which Judson Hannigan has been head for the past few years, will have a new president next year. Robert T. Bushnell, former district attorney of Middlesex county and vigorous campaigner, will be at the helm.

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SENTINEL Fitchburg, Mass.

JAN 5 1935



Worcester, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### Adjt. Gen. Rose **Gives First Order**

Details 12 Officers to the Governor's Staff

The first general order, issued from the office of Brig. Gen. William I. Rose of Worcester, who took office as adjutant general of Massachusetts on Thursday, has been received by National Guard units here.

The order announces that Adjt.-Gen. Rose has been appointed chief of staff on Gov. Curley's staff, names four officers of the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia for duty on the Governor's staff, and details seven officers of the National Guard and one of the Volunteer Militia as acting aides on the personal staff of the Governor. Governor.

aides on the personal staff of the Governor.

The new detail to the Governor's personal staff is Maj. John J. Higgins, 104th Infantry, Springfield; Maj. James F. Hickey, M. V. M.; Maj. Stuart G. Hall and Capt. Francis J. Kelley, 26th Division Headquarters; Capt. John L. Pickett, 102d Field Artillery; Capt. Oscar A. Bohlin, 211th Coast Artillery; First Lieuts. Harvey E. Landers, 110th Cavalry, and Arthur V. Sullivan, 101st Infantry, of Boston. Officers of the M. V. M. to serve on the staff, when ordered, are Lieut. Col. Edward C. Donnelly, Jr., and Francis J. Rourke; Majs. Joseph E. Timility and Harold J. Duffin.

GAZETTE Taunton, Mass.

# Murphy Is Democratic Chairman

Curley Make-up Evident in Committee Election

The Taunton Democratic City committee organized Friday night with Joseph P. Murphy as chairman, Edward C. McMorrow as security and Vitaries H. Lincoln as treasurer. The Curley make-up of the organization was evidenced in the fact that the new chairman was district leader and organized for Curley forces during the campaign, the secretary was a Curley delegate at the convention and the treasurer was city leader for Curley.

A vote was taken to have the chairman appoint one member from each ward to comprise an executive committee, and the three officers were empowered to establish head-quarters. Among the speakers were Mayor Andrew J. McGraw, John E. Welch, C. H. Lincoln, John S. Conaty, Representative Joseph W. Dooley and James P. Lamont.

Councilman-elect O'Bov questioned the chair's rull of to allow Edward Morris the floor during the meeting. The chair was sustained by a vote of the committee.

Following the regular meeting, the group indulged in personalities, one of the members calling the chairman a Republican and declaring that with him in the chair the committee might as well be controlled by Willard A. Ormsbeel Both Murphy and C. H. Lincoln were referred to as Judases, and Murphy was accused of having been active in the campaigns of several Republicans.

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SUN Attleboro, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### SATURDAY MUSINGS

There is one sight at the state house inaugurations that few witness. It is the lonely figure of the ex-governor who, according to tradition, leaves his office suite and walks downstairs to his car at the rear entrance. At that moment, the guns on the common are heralding the new governor taking office, and the former chief executive is no longer hearing the plaudits of the crowd. Not a few governors have been visibly affected during that walk down those two flights of stairs and probably no one of them ever enjoyed the experience. But the precedent has been carefully preserved and probably will be. That final morning in office includes some necessary routine; always a few close friends appear for a final hand-shake and generally the personal staff of the governor calls on him for an official farewell. The new governor arrives amid the vocal uproar of his well-wishers; the necessary transfer of the office equipment and insignia is made and then the new governor goes out with the committee of notification sent by the legislature and headed by the sergeant-at-arms carrying the mace. As the procession starts for the house chamber, the old governor steps out by himself and takes himself out of the picture. Even if a governor has not been a candidate to succeed himself, the coming of the moment where he divests himself of the official importance to which he has become accustomed must have a strange significance. Probably he remembers most of all the day when the cheering and the guns were for him and he then was too busy to think of the figure that was walking down the rear stairway.

> POST Worcester, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

# Sheehan and Sullivan **Choices Outstanding**

First Day of Official Business for Gov. Curley Exciting-Council Registers Opposition to Giving Goodwin Consideration for a Job

> (Special to The Post)
>
> BOSTON, Jan. 5—The appointments of Joseph A. Sheehan of Boston to the judiciary and E. Mark Sullivan to the Boston Finance Committee, the refusal of the Executive Council to suspend the rules on the Sullivan appointment and the clear cut opposition shown by the council in refusing to pointment and the clear cut opposition shown by the council in refusing to give Frank A. Goodwin any consideration for a job, were the outstanding events in Gov. Curley's first day of official business on Beacon Hill. While all these tlings were taking place in the executive chambers, an attempt was being made to bring about the

the executive chambers, an attempt was being made to bring about the end of the filibuster in the Senate, which started on Wednesday.

On Monday the Senate will again take up the fight for the selection of a president of that body, which has been held up by the Democrats, who demand chairmanships of several of the committees. Gov. Curley has the committees. Gov. Curley has stated that he will not enter the Senate scrap, but friends believe that he will not stand idly by and let the filibuster continue and hold up state business.

#### Personal Poll

Personal Poll

Gov. Curley did not send in the appointment of Goodwin to the finance committee, but had a personal poll made of the members of the Governor's Council. He found that Lieut. Gov. Joseph L. Hurley and Councillors Frank Brooks, Republican, and William G. Hennessey and James J. Brennan, Democrats, were favorable to Goodwin, while Daniel H. Coakley, Democrat, and Winfield A. Schuster, J. Arthur Baker, Edmond Cote and Joseph B. Grossman, Republicans, were opposed.

The Governor then sent in Sulli-

The Governor then sent in Sullivan's name, but on motion of Councillor Coakley to suspend the rules so that Sullivan could be confirmed the

that Sullivan could be confirmed the council refused, holding to party lines. The vote was 5 to 4. Confirmation of Sheehan for a place on the Superior Court bench will come up for consideration next Wednesday.

The report was current about the State House that the council will refuse to give Goodwin any kind of a state job. The Republicans feel that Goodwin was in the race for Governor to defeat Gaspar G. Bacon, while

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> GAZETTE Worcester, Mass.

# **CURLEY AIMS OUSTER BLOW**

Orders Warner to Begin Proceedings in Courts Against Metropolitan Commission Head

#### ALLEGES OFFICIAL HELD TWO POSITIONS AT ONCE

BOSTON, Jan. 5 (AP)-Gov. James M. Curley today called on Attorney-General Joseph E. Warner to institute quo warranto proceedings in the courts to remove Eugene C. Hultman, former Boston police commissioner and bitter foe of Curley, as chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission.

The Governor said Hultman, who The Governor said Huitman, who was appointed to the commission by retiring Governor Ely, had served in two positions at one time when he was appointed to the chairmanship and at the same time chairmanship and at the same time held the position of Boston police commissioner.

Hultman, Governor Curley said, did not resign the police commis-sionership until he had been ap-pointed and had taken the oath as

chairman of the commission.
Governor Curley's letter to the attorney-general pointed out that under provisions of the Common-wealth's Constitution it is provided that the police commissioner of Boston cannot engage in any other business and must hold office until his successor is appointed

(Continued on Page Eleven)

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POST Worcester, Mass.

JAN 5

### **Governor Curley** Makes Move to **Oust Hultman**

Calls on Warner to Institute Quo Warranto Proceedings

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#### Two Jobs at Once

The Governor stated that Hultman, who was appointed to the commission by retiring Governor Ely, had served in two positions at one time when he was appointed to the chairmanship

and at the same time held the posi-tion of Boston police commissioner.

Hultman, Governor Curley declared, did not resign the police commission-

did not resign the police commission-ership until he had been appointed and taken the oath as chairman of the Metropolitan district commission. Governor Curley's letter to the at-torney-general pointed out that under provisions of the Commonwealth's constitution it is provided that the police commissioner of Boston cannot engage in any other business and must hold office until his successor is appointed and qualified. The Governor explained that Hultman had taken the oath of office for the Metropolitan district chairmanship on Dec. 27, tan district chairmanship on Dec. 27, but that Joseph J. Leonard, present police commissioner, had not been sworn in until Dec. 28, thus leaving Boston without a police commissioner for a short period.

Governor Curley said that since the earliest days of Massachusetts, officials were not permitted to do any other work until the end of their term of office and were forbidden

term of office and were forbidden from entering into one position until the completion of their term to the

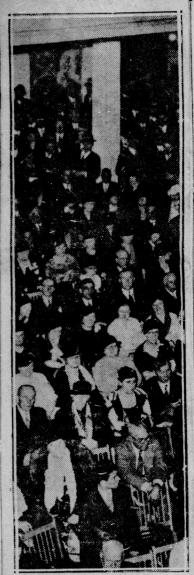
preceding one.

"The removal is based upon these grounds," the Governor asserted.

TELEGRAM Worcester, Mass. JAN 5

# What the People Think of Curley Address

Here's Collection of Opinions by Representatives of Various Vocations



JOHN C. MAHONEY, Mayor:

"I consider Governor Curley's message a splendid one, embodying all the traits of practical states manship to fit present-day needs. It further gives evidence of a desire to carry out his program of work and wages.' The new Governor is to be heartily commended and should be given unqualified support in his efforts to return to the men and women of the Commonwealth a decent wage instead of public charity. His program truly is in step with the able message delivered to Congress today by cur President." "I consider Governor Curley's

MRS. MARGARET X. O'BRIEN,
President Worcester Women's
Democratic Club: Women's

"I think Governor Curley's address was truly wonderful. He made himself clear on what he hoped to do, and I believe he will do his utmost to do it. If he does, he certainly will have accomplished something for the State of Massachusetts."

portion of the latter caught my ttention. I paid special attention attention. to his statement as he took the eath of office and swore 'faithfully and to administer the duties of his office. I was wondering a little how he reconciled that sincerity with his previous threats to get rid of the Republicans in office."

MRS. MABEL C. BATCHELDER, President Woman's Republican Club of Worcester County:

Club of Worcester County:

"I haven't read all of Governor Curley's speech but from what I have read, I would say that there were some good things in it and some things of which I do not approve. For instance: I think the pre-primary convention which Mr. Curley thinks should be abolished should really be given more of a trial before it is. Then some of the things he suggests are not quite things he suggests are not quite new, as for instance the biennial session and the proposed abolition of the Governor's Council. I would that he had set himself to some

MRS. FRANK R. HALL, President the Republican Business and Protral Massachusetts:

"I dislike to be quoted on Gov-ernor Curley's inaugural address ernor Curiey's inaugural address inaemuch as I plan to discuss it in a current events' lecture. There are some things he has said, however, with which I am entirely in accord and other things to which I am entirely opposed. I am most certainly ennoyed to his statement that opposed to his statement that a year's trial was sufficient to justify the wisdom of the pre-primary convention."

ARTHUR GUY, President, Worces-ter Mechanics Savings Bank:

"Governor Curley's inaugural was very interesting and contained many good suggestions. He shows his grasp of banking conditions his grasp of banking conditions by his handling of the much mooted question of a reduction in mort-gage interest rates. I don't doubt but what he appreciates that de-positors' interests can not be su-bordinated to those of borrowers. He feels that the rate of interest on loans is one that should be handled by hapkers and one only on loans is one that should handled by bankers and can be brought about reasonably economic conditions.

"I believe industrial banks, so-called, are doing a service to the public and have their field. How-ever, too many outlets for the use the savings of people might be detrimental to the public interest.

Massachuretts has some very well
managed industrial banks and if they accept money from the public they should be under some super-

Thursday Governor Michael J. Curley took oath as Governor I hursday Governor Michael J. Curley took oath as Governor of Massachusetts, delivering an inaugural address studded with proposals for changes in the executive, judicial, administrative and legislative systems and nethods. What is the people's reaction? What do representatives of various vocations and allegiances think? The collection of opinion below answers those questions in some massacrations.

questions in some measure.

dent, Board of Aldermen:

"His interest in reviving Net England railroads, thus broadening the field of employment for the working man; his advocacy of lower interest rates on mortgages for home owners; his earnest zeal to correct past abuses; his qualities of leadership, standing shoulder to shoulder with our great President, inspires me to believe that with his knowledge of the problems of government and his courageous character, he will restore happiness and prosperity to the state. His message was a masterpiece and will go down in history as such."

County Representative to State Sportsmen's Council:

"Governor Curley's recommendation in his inaugural address that an additional appropriation of \$100,000 be made for the 'Division of Fisheries and Game this year is, from the sportsmen's angle, a high-light of the address. The money will be expended not only to buy fish and game for sportsmen, but the construction of pools in which to rear the fish and pens to raise game birds and animals."

JAMES MULCAHY, Clerk:

"I find myself in accord with

"On the whole, I thought Governor Curley's address was excellent. Of course there were minor points I do not agree with, but most suggestions struck me as being very good. I thought that his outstanding ideas were those on the lower." good. I thought that his outstanding ideas were those on the lower courts; establishment of the District courts on a circuit basis; segregation of criminals; the appointment of judges, and the establishment of an appellate division in the Superior court to determine law questions, thus relieving the Supreme court."

PETER E. ANDREWS, Restaurant Manager:

"Governor Curley employed an old, worn out fact in his speech, when he started to compare this country's wealth and resources with other countries. Everyone knows this country is materially wealthier than others.

REV. DR. MORRIS PETERSON, Pastor, First Swedish Baptist:

"I heard the entire address. Personally. I am very much in favor of most of the points presented. I am pleased to see that the Governor is throwing to the winds. ner is throwing to the winds many of the old political ideas and bringing in real, genuine, necessary

WILLIAM C. BOWEN, Clerk of Courts:

"I thought the Governor vanced some very progressive ideas that if circumstances allow him to carry out will be of great benefit to large numbers of persons. I considered it a sound, progressive inaugural address."

RAOUL P. D'ARCHE, Painter:

MRS. WALTER H. FULLER, president the League of Women Voters:

"I have read only a little of Governor Curley's address, especially his references to labor, as I am a union-man. His plans for a state fund for workmen's compensation of the latter caught my attention. I naid special attention vor." gestions vor."

THOMAS F. FLEMING, Alderman,

Ward 4: "Progress is written large in the recommendations of Governor Curley as embodied in his inaugural message. They show a keen percep-tion of the problems ahead and their adoption will lead the way to widespread improvement in cona widespread improvement in conditions as well as to the eradication of many evils that have beset the path to true Democracy in the

HAROLD D. DONOHUE, dent, Board of Aldermen:

"His interest in reviving New PATRICK W. HEHIR, Worcester County Representative to State Sportsmen's Council:

C. VERNON INETT, Alderman-atlarge:

"I have not had the opportunity to study Governor Curley's inaugural message sufficiently to make public comment on it."

"AMES MULCARY, Clerk:

"I find myself in accord with Governor Curley's ideas in almost all instances. There is one I object to I do not believe in reducing the Legislature. I think it better to maintain it at its present numbers, keeping it, as it were, closer to the people."

PROF. GEORGE J. KEVILLE, NORBERT CARDINALE, Soda

JACOB REED, Investment Bank-

"One can always depend on Governor Curley for an able speech.

I've been a great admirer of his ability for many years and only hope he will be conservative in introducing changes which might be more for the purpose of building up a powerful political organization (a la Huey Long), and to the detriment of the best interests of the commonwealth."



> REPUBLICAN Springfield, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### **CURLEY WILL USE** RADIO BROADCASTS FOR WEEKLY TALKS

Governor to Discuss in Detail Recommendations Made in Inaugural on Air Tuesday Nights

From Our Special Reporter

Boston, Jan. 4-Gov James M. Curley arrived at the State House for his first day's work at 10.55 a. m. He found awaiting him a dilapidated chair and was told Gov Ely had taken with him the chair given to him while governor. Gov Curley announced he would have a chair made "of the type in keeping with the office."

He greeted newspaper reporters of the State House at the first press conference and announced he would conat noon—instead of two a day, as was customary with Gov Ely. He said he would not confine himself to seeking jobs for individuals, but with the consideration and development of major projects for employment of many men.

#### To Use Broadcasts

To Use Broadcasts

He said that each Tuesday night at 6.15 the radio will be used from his office to discuss in detail major recommendations contained in his inaugural address to the Legislature. In these talks, he and his secretary, "Dick" Grant, will urge the people to discuss the recommendations with their legislators, he said.

Arthur T. O'Leary of Winchester, former Boston newspaperman, has been named from the state police as bodyguard for Gov Curley. He succeeds Sergt Desmond T. Fitzgerald, who served in the capacity for Ely. O'Leary has been in state police service two years and has been stationed at the West Bridgewater barracks.

A lucky pocketpiece, a half-dollar, minted in 1835 and presented to Gov Curley last August by William A. Bodfish, now an assistant secretary to the governor, has been given by him to Mrs Lucille Fales, wife of Maj Raymond Fales. Bodfish gave it to the governor with the request he give it to the first needy person who approached him after his inauguration.

Read "Anthony Adverse"

#### Read "Anthony Adverse"

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Mrs Fales sat next to the governor at the inaugural ball last night and, despite the fact she could not qualify as under the terms of Mr Bodfish's gift, the governor gave her the coin when she told him she had just finished reading "Anthony Adverse."

"It was the intention of Mr Bodfish that I bestow the coin on the first person who "touched" me after my inauguration." Gov Curley explained. "When, however, Mrs Fales told me she had finished reading the book, one of 1400 pages, I think, I think, I thought she was entitled to the coin." Gov Curley confessed he has read the book himself.

Speaking before a women's club at Marshfield this afternoon, Rev Roland D. Sawyer of Ware, member of the Legislature, praised the attitude of Miss Mary Curley, the governor's daughter, because at her first social function, the dinner yesterday to wives of members of the executive council, she omitted cocktails and wines from the menu.

Sawyer said: "In these days where there is startling increase of drinking in the homes, at social functions and among women and the youth, we cannot praise too highly the attitude

among women and the youth, we can-not praise too highly the attitude taken by Miss Curley in omitting cocktails and wines from the menu cocktails and wines from the m of her first state social function, dinner to the wives of the members of the council." Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

UNION Springfield, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### Ware

### **CURLEY'S PLAN** MAY RULE DAVIS OFF WARE BENCH

Presiding Jurist of District Court Is 91 Years Old; Would Retire Judges at 70.

WARE, Jan. 4-Ware citizens expressed interest in two particular portions of Gov. James M. Curley's inaugural speech Thursday, those referrin; to the compulsory retirement of District Court judges when they reach the age of 70 and the other calling for legislation affecting the practise of lat by any member of a firm having direct court connections.

The first subject definitely involves local court since Judge Henry C. Davis, the incumbent, recently observed his 91st birthday and would necessarily be affected if such a law became effective. Judge Davis was appointed head of the local court 34 years ago and, despite his advanced years, still holds court on frequent occasions. Until the cold weather arrived, he occupied the bench on nearly all cases of a criminal nature. His defective hearing caused him to turn over civil cases to the two special justices more than a year ago. These two are Atty. George D. Storrs and Atty. John H. Schoonmaker. It is generally known neither special justice has charged the county a dollar for their judicial work, with the possible exception of the allotted vacation periods annually granted all District Court judges. Davis, the incumbent, recently ob-Court judges.

It is known the situation here has

It is known the situation here has frequently proved embarrassing when the special justices, two of the busiest attorneys in this section of the State, have been occupied with work elsewhere, and through disability or indisposition, the reteran Judge Davis has been unable to hold court. Recently special justices from outside the district were requested to sit on

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th district were requested to sit on
cases when this situation arose.

Despite the fact the health of the
veteran jurist has naturally brought
about much discussion during the past
year regarding his probable successor;
it is believed neither of the present
special justices are interested in getting the appointment for themselves.
Their extensive practise prevents them
from devoting much time to the work from devoting much time to the work involved, and their many business interests out of town would cause either Mr. Storrs or Mr. Schoonmaker to make heavy sacrifices to assume the judgeship.

The second matter referring to spe-

Judgeship.

The second matter, referring to special justices practising before local courts, will affect Ware little if any. Mr. Storrs will not occupy the bench when his nephew is trying a case, although the younger man is not a member of the firm of George D. Storrs. Mr. Schoonmaker, likewise, does not

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

UNION Springfield, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### **CURLEY WILL NOT** ATTEMPT TO END SENATE

Tells Democratic Senators He Believes They Can Work Out Their Own Salvation.

Special to The Springfield Union. BOSTON, Jan. 4-Gov. James M. Curley greeted the State House reporters at his first press conference and arranged for similar conferences for each day at noon. He declared that a delegation of Democratic Senators, headed by Senator James C. Scanlon of Somerville, minority floor leader, called upon him today in connection with the filibuster the Democrats are conducting in the upper branch to ob-tain an equal division of the legisla-tive committee chairmanships.

"I informed them that I did not be-lieve I should interfere with the af-fairs of the legislative branch," the Governor declared, "and believed that they could work out their own salva-tion. They are quite competent to do it."

The Governor indicated that he would not confine himself to finding jobs for individuals, but would concentrate on the consideration and development of major projects for the employment of many men. He left no doubt that he intends to carry through his campaign slogan of "Work and Wages." Every Tuesday night at 6.15 o'clock the radio will be used by the Governor's office to bring the Governor to the people. The broadcast will go out from station WBZ with Richard D. Grant, chief Curley secretary, as the prospective speaker. For the time being it is proposed to discuss in detail the major recommendations of the inaugural message to the Legislature. In these talks the people will be urged to discuss the recommendations with their senators and representatives, the Governor said.

#### Senate Recesses Until Next Monday.

BOSTON, Jan. 4—The Senate fili-buster which has been going on since Wednesday morning on the question of division of legislative committee chairmanships continued unabated to-day with the upper house recessing-until Monday afternoon after a brief informal session this morning.

informal session this morning.

It is the plan of the Democrats who organized the filibuster to attempt to elect James C. Moran of Mansfield temporary presiding officer and a Republican as president. The Republican choice for that office is Erland F. Fish of Brookline, who has held the office for the past two years. The Democrats are in militant opposition to the Republican determination not to grant them any committee chairmanships.

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them any committee chairmanships.

This morning a group of five senators, headed by Senator James C. Scanlon of Somerville, minority choice for president, conferred with Governor Curley. For the Senate delegation Mr. Scanlon said after the conference that the Democrats on Monday would attempt to secure the election of a Democrat. This they probably cannot do because the Republicans have a fair majority, provided all members are present.

He was asked what they would do if they could not elect a Democrat.

#### Will Try to Elect Moran.

"We will try for the next best thing," he replied.
"Does that mean you will try to elect Senator Moran if the first plan is not successful?" he asked.

That seems to be the consensus

That seems to be the consensate of the Democratic members," he replied.

Senator Scanlon declined to comment on the possible outcome of the plan to elect Moran as president. He further stated that he had received no further stated that he had received he information as to whether Senator Francis W. McKeown of Springfield would be able to attend Monday's session. McKeown is ill with the grip. It was in the hope that he might be present that the filibuster was recessed over until the first of next work. Senator

week.

Senator Moran, although a Republican, does not favor the reelection of Senator Fish as president. He is bidding for Democratic support for president and is willing to make a trade with them by granting them the committee chairmanships they demand whether the Democrats can be persuaded as a party is open to considerable question. They have 19 of the 40 Senate votes, A total of 20 are pledged to Fish. If Senator McKeown is present Senator Moran can hold up the ent Senator Moran can hold up the reelection of Senator Fish by casting the tie vote. There is some talk of asking for a secret ballot. This is understood to be able to control the whole for only the initial ballot. A ballot would make it easier for epublicans not too friendly to thing for the Republicans not too friendly Fish to vote for another candidate.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square

> TELEGRAM Worcester, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### **CURLEY MAY ACT** TO END FILIBUSTER

Senate Declares Truce Until Monday

By Telegram State House Reporter

BOSTON, Jan. 4.—The legislative machinery of the state, crippled since Wednesday when Senate Democrats began a filibuster in protest against the refusal of Sen. Erland F. Fish of Brookline, candidate for re-election to the presi-dency, to allow them some committee chairmanships, may be tinkered back into operation early next

While Governor Curley told a group of Democratic senators who conferred with him today regarding the situation that he could not, as an executive, interfere in a legisla-tive matter, it was said that the Governor would not be likely to sit idly by indefinitely with a deadlocked Legislature on his hands.

He has an extensive legislative program, as outlined in his inau-

Continued on Page Eighteen

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1935 IAN5

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MAY BE CHAIRMAN

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confirmation was rejected 5 to 4.

Prior to the meeting, according to reports, the governor sked councilors their attitude on rank A. Goodwin, ousted from the finance commission chairmanship by former Governor Ely, and found the majority of the council opposed.

Sullivan was appointed to the finance commission in place of Joseph A. Sheehan, also of Boston, whose name the Governor submitted for Superior court judge.

These and other appointments go over to the next meeting. The speed with which the Governor made the two important appointments was in strong contrast to his predecessors.

A battle is possible over the Boston finance board, for if Sullivan is made chairman it would remove Judge Jacob J. Kaplan of Boston. ort Judge Kaplan was appointed recently by Ely.

It was predicted that some opposition might meet the Sullivan appointment. The Governor advocated abolition of the Governor's council in his maugural address.

BOSTON, Jan. 5—The new State Racing Commission this afternoon re-ceived the backing and support of Gov. S James M. Curley—that is, as long as they conduct their affairs properly. This is the attitude of the Governor with regard to the petition of Atty.
Conrad W. Crooker of Boston and others asking the Governor and Council to remove the racing commission

members.

"There is no middle course to take,"
Gov. Curley said, "The people have
voted. As long as the commission conducts its affairs as they should be conducted, they should be permitted to go ahead." Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square **BOSTON** 

> NEWS Springfield, Mass.

### GUVERNOR GOES AFTER LEONARD AND HULTMAN IN **COURT REQUEST**

Asks Quo Warranto Proceedings to Drop Head of Met. Dist. Com.

Boston, Jan. 5-Gov Curley today called upon Atty-Gen Joseph E. Warner to begin quo warranto proceedings in the courts to remove Eugene C. Hultman as chairman of the Metropolitan district commission. Warner is in office as attorney general until January 16.

The governor said that Hultman was serving two positions at one time when he was appointed to the commission as he had not yet resigned from his office of police commissioner of Boston, Hultman did not resign from the police commissionership until he had been appointed and taken ti! he had been appointed and taken the oath as chairman of the Metro-

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It was indicated at the press conference with the governor that similar
proceedings would be instituted against
Joseph J. Leonard who resigned from
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Continued on Page Fig

qualified. It would appear, there-fore, that at the time of his appoint-ment to fill office of chairman of the Metropolitan district commission Mr Hultman was not eligible for such ap-pointment, and that he therefore held said office without legal right there-

"In these circumstances it is your manifest duty in accordance with the provisions of section 12 of chapter 249 of the General Laws to proceed in the Supreme Judicial court by way of an information in the nature of quo warranto to determine Mr Hult-man's right to hold the office of chairman of the Metropolitan district com-

mission, and I guest you to do so."

The governor declared that ince
the earliest day of colonial government, Massachusetts officials were not permitted to do any other work until the end of their term of office and were forbidden from entering into one position until the completion of their

"The removal is based upon these grounds," he said.

He added that it has been customary for officials given positions in the state service to have as their object not the receiving of a salary but the honor which would be derived in filling the position properly.

**NEWS** Springfield, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

#### PEPPER BOX

#### **NEW YEAR'S JINGLES**

#### ALL LOOK ALIKE TO HENRY

The banquet season's over, winning Democrats are seated;

Their appetites have not been proved the least bit overrated;

While good Republicans go fasting from this goodly fare

(Except, of course, our good friend, Henry Martens, who's the mayor.)

#### WRESTLING FANS LIKE IT

Jack Dempsey winds up wrestling bouts at which he referees By socking some big grappler, and

it's quite a funny wheeze; There's room for such a man as baseball umpire, is there not-How quaint to see Jack Dempsey socking Ruth around the lot.

#### ANOTHER KIND OF BLAST

"Oh, did you hear that blast last night?" you hear somebody say. Of course, you think he meant that

blast up Albany street way; But very soon you learn he's taking quite another slant,

And means the radio discourses of one Richard Grant.

#### NOSE DIVE, TAIL SPIN, ETC.

Horse racing at the Airport grows remoter, day by day,

And racing dogs in Hampden county will NOT have their day.

frigid welcome they've received, and here they must not stop-Twas quite in keeping at an airport they should do a flop.

#### OR BY CHARLIE BRAY, EITHER "Another county heard from!" an

expression was of yore, And never failed to set the good old table in a roar;

But now it soundeth sinister-and

county abolition

Will by Costello be accepted under no condition.

#### IN PRESS PARLANCE

"Winchell turned a ghastly white at what a juror said."

Declared one writer, while another said that he "turned red

Which to believe? Well, take your choice. The scroes mean well enough:

Perhaps what they were scribbling is what's known as "color stuff."

#### A MESSAGE THAT WAS READ

The Curley message you may favor, or you may oppose,

But just the same you read it from the first line to the close;

While messages of governors, in good old days of yore,

Failed to elicit anything except a gentle snore.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> UNION Springfield, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### **POLISH GROUP** VISITS CURLEY, ASKS REPRIEVE

#### Counsel to File Formal Plea for Kaminski; Parole Chairman Studies Case.

Coincident with the visit to Gov. James M. Curley's office yesterday of a group of Polish leaders with a request for a hearing on a petition for the commutation of the condemned man's death sentence, Chairman Rich-ard Olney of the State Parole Board interviewed Alexander Kaminski in his cell at the Hampelon County Ivil his cell at the Hampden County Jail.

The visit of the parole board chairman, Sheriff David J. Manning said, had no connection with the request for commutation of Kaminski's sentence. It is the prescribed procedure that in all capital eases the parole board chall interview the prisoner and obtain a history of the case from the district attorney. Mr. Olney also talked with Dist. Atty. Thomas F. Moriarty and Sheriff Manning.

To a secretary in the office of Gov. Curley, the Polish leaders, headed by Walter Matosky, went with a request that they be permitted to speak for Kaminski before the Governor and Executive Council prior to the formal hearing on the petition for commuta-

tion.

Atty. Edward L. Fenton, Kaminski's counsel, will go to Boston either today or tomorrow to file the petition, bearing several thousand names, asking that the death sentence be commuted to one of life imprisonment. Pending a hearing on the petition, Gov. Curley is expected to grant a reprieve, since there is so little time between now and Jan. 20, during the week of which Kaminski is scheduled to go to the electric chair.

Regardless of whether a reprieve is granted, Kaminski will be taken from the county jail to the State Prison at Charlestown sometime between Jan.

Charlestown sometime between Jan. 10 and Jan. 20, the law requiring that the prisoner be transferred to the scene of his execution during the 10day period prior to the date of execu-

tion,

Kaminski, in all probability, will be spirited away from the jail to Charlestown by Sheriff Manning and guards with as much secrecy as possible. The law directs that the sheriff "shall secretly remove the prisoner," Sheriff Manning said last night, and be intended to comply with it. he intends to comply with it.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

#### REPUBLICAN Springfield, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

#### The Curley Tax Relief Plan

Gov Curley's means of bringing relief to real estate and transferring a part of the load from those who are now unjustly burdened onto the shoulders of those who are escaping their share of taxation would be increased income taxes.

Gov Ely had advocated a sales tax, somewhat apologetically, as the only alternative left, and wholly unsuccessfully. Gov Curley has opposed the sales tax and it now remains to be seen what luck he will have in trying to get the income tax increased enough to do any

Mr Curley, who devoted a comparatively small part of his long message to taxation and state and local finance, might well have emphasized the fact that at the very time real estate is having its worst crisis and is being compelled to carry an abnormal load, revenues from other sources have shrunk. Thus municipalities not only fail to receive the benefit from statewide taxes which they badly need but they also have to help the state make up its increasing deficit. If the new governor should be able to accomplish even so little as getting the state government off the backs of cities and towns he would have done something worth while.

It is plain that a scheme of taxation devised in 1916 cannot properly meet the conditions of today. Gov Curley points out that the average tax rate has nearly doubled since 1916, whereas there has been no increase in the original income tax rates. His quotation, from the report of the special legislative tax commission of 1927-1929, regarding the great increase of intangible property as compared to real and tangible personal property and the fact it was paying a smaller and smaller proportion of the total tax, is pertinent, even though there has been a slump in both kinds of property since that report was made. Incomes from intangibles are now nothing like those of 1929 in amount.

Gov Curley, in asking for a juster balance of taxation, would appear to be thinking of a tax of 10 per cent or more on intangibles, with proportionate increases in taxes on income, profits and so on. How that would affect state and local government is not clearly indicated. Springfield last year received as its share of income and corporation taxes about \$968,000 and was called upon to pay \$420,000 and would have had to pay double that if gasoline tax revenue had not been diverted to reduce the state's deficit. This meant that real estate, and elsewhere, had small here enough assistance.

It may be taken for granted that Gov Curley will not find it easy to obtain from the Legislature an increase in income taxes of so substantial a character that it will meet the increased expenditures of the state government and overflow into the coffers of the cities and towns in sufficient quantities to revolutionize local finance. Indeed, it is difficult to believe that the Legislature by new tax measures could hope to effect a rescue of real estate, such as would come through a return of prosperity, the restoration of realty values and the practice of progressive economies in government.

tis was not telling the truth. to nave taken place network hours, hours, co. Lindbergh admits that he did testify at the trial of John F Curtis, the Norfolk boat builded who sent him on one of his man wild goose chases looking for he son, that he thought Curtis has contact with the kidnapers, but that this was before he knew Curtis has the man and the knew Curtis has the man had before the knew Curtis that this was before he knew Curtis had before the k that this was before he knew Cr

Then a country policeman name charles Williamson, from the tin town of Hopewell near the Linc bown of Hopewell near the Linc bergh norms, and the first office to arrive there when Colonel Linc kidnaping, swears that he say fidnaping, swears that he say crib to the window.

This scarcely strengthens Reilly theory that the baby might have been carried down the stairs. The Wasswith Betty Gow in a room ujustely widow swears that she was with Betty Gow in a room ujustely might betty the was with Betty Gow in a from ujustely widow swears that she was with Betty Gow in a room ujustely widow swears that she town in stein he was with Betty Gow in a room ujustely widow swears that the was with Betty Gow in a room ujustely widow swears that the stein shout such the kidnaping is suppose to have taken place between thospours, Lindbergh samits that the Col. Lindbergh samits that the

Polloeman's Story

### TO END FILIBUSTER

Continued from Page One

gural address, which he will try to have adopted in its entirety, and if have adopted in its entirety, and if that should fail, as much of it as he can get favorable action on. It is said he would like to get things rolling without delay. Thus, a dead-locked Senate and the resulting blockade of legislative work would not be pleasing to him, if it were continue indefinitely. It appeared likely tonight that he would unor-

likely tonight that he would unofficially advise in certain quarters that the snarl be untangled.

A temporary truce was declared between battling Democrats and Republicans of the Senate today. It will last over the weekend, with the fight renewing Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. When members assembled today, the point of no quorum was raised, sustained, and the weary Senators, who have had one all night session, hustled for home and quiet.

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Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

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**NEWS** Springfield, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### PEPPER BOX

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ALL LOOK ALIKE TO HENRY

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Their appetites have not been proved the least bit overrated;

While good Republicans go fasting from this goodly fare

(Except, of course, our good friend, Henry Martens, who's the mayor.)

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Jack Dempsey winds up wrestling bouts at which he referees By socking some big grappler, and

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> TELEGRAM Worcester, Mass.

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Appoints E. Mark Sullivan As Member of Boston Finance Board

MAY BE CHAIRMAN

Opposition Looms—Justice Nomination Goes to Joseph A. Sheehan

By Telegram State House Reporter BOSTON, Jan. 4.-Governor Curley's appointment of E. Mark Sullivan, former corporation counsel, as a member of the Eoston finance commission was interpreted today at the State House as indicating Mr. Sullivan would be designated chairman. In the Governor's council it was reported that an effort to suspend the rules for immediate

confirmation was rejected 5 to 4.

Prior to the meeting, according to reports, the governor sked councilors their attitude on rank A. Goodwin, ousted from the finance commission chairmanship by former Governor Ely, and found the majority of the council opposed.

Sullivan was appointed to the finance commission in place of Joseph A. Sheehan, also of Boston, whose name the Governor submitted for Superior court judge.
These and other appointments

go over to the next meeting. The speed with which the Governor made the two important appointments was in strong contrast to his predccessors.

A battle is possible over the Boston finance board, for if Sullivan is made chairman it would remove Judge Jacob J. Kaplan of Boston. Judge Kaplan was appointed recently by Ely.

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position might meet the Sullivan appointment. The Governor advocated abolition of the Governor's council in his maugural address.

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> **NEWS** Springfield, Mass.

1935 JAN 5

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**NEWS** Springfield, Mass.

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Milton

g Service

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Continued from Page One

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The Letter to Warner

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Mr Laltman prior to and at the time of such appointment was police commissioner of the city of Boston, which office he did not resign until after his appointment as chairman of the metropolitan district commission.

His successor as police commissioner, Joseph J. Leonard, was appointed to the office of police commissioner on December 27, 1934, but apparently did not qualify by taking the oath of office until December 28, 1934.

"Under the provisions of the Acts of 1906 chapter 291, section 7, is provided that the police commissioner of the city of Boston shall not engage in any other business and it is also provided that he shall hold his office until his successor is appointed and qualified. It would appear, therefore, that at the time of his appointment to fill office of chairman of the Metropolitan district commission Mr Hultman was not eligible for such appointment, and that he therefore held said office without legal right thereto.

"In these circumstances it is your manifest duty in accordance with the provisions of section 12 of chapter 249 of the General Laws to proceed in the Supreme Judicial count by way of an information in the nature of quo warranto to determine Mr Hultman's right to hold the office of chairman of the Metropolitan district commission, and I may be a colonial government, Massachusetts officials were not permitted to do any other work until the end of their term of office and were forbidden from entering into one position until the completion of their term to the preceding one.

"The removal is based upon these grounds," he said.

He added that it has been customary for officials given positions in the state s

NEWS Springfield, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

#### PEPPER BOX

### NEW YEAR'S JINGLES

ALL LOOK ALIKE TO HENRY

The banquet season's over, winning Democrats are seated:

Their appetites have not been proved the least bit overrated;

While good Republicans go fasting from this goodly fare

(Except, of course, our good friend, Henry Martens, who's the mayor.)

#### WRESTLING FANS LIKE IT

Jack Dempsey winds up wrestling bouts at which he referees By socking some big grappler, and

it's quite a funny wheeze;
There's room for such a man as
baseball umpire, is there not—
How quaint to see Jack Dempsey
socking Ruth around the lot.

#### ANOTHER KIND OF BLAST

"Oh, did you hear that blast last night?" you hear somebody say. Of course, you think he meant that blast up Albany street way;

But very soon you learn he's taking quite another slant,

And means the radio discourses of one Richard Grant.

NOSE DIVE, TAIL SPIN, ETC. Horse racing at the Airport grows remoter, day by day,

And racing dogs in Hampden county will NOT have their day.

A frigid welcome they've received, and here they must not stop— "Twas quite in keeping at an airport they should do a flop.

OR BY CHARLIE BRAY, EITHER "Another county heard from!" an expression was of yore,

And never failed to set the good old

table in a roar;
But now it soundeth sinister—and

county abolition

Will by Costello be accepted under no condition.

IN PRESS PARLANCE

"Winchell turned a ghastly white at what a juror said," Declared one writer, while another said

that he "turned red";
Which to believe? We i, take your choice. The screes mean well

enough; Perhaps what they were scribbling is what's known as "color stuff."

A MESSAGE THAT WAS READ The Curley message you may favor,

or you may oppose,
But just the same you read it from

the first line to the close;
While messages of governors, in good

While messages of governors, in good old days of yore,
Failed to elicit anything except a

gentle snore.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> UNION Springfield, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### POLISH GROUP VISITS CURLEY, ASKS REPRIEVE

Counsel to File Formal Plea for Kaminski; Parole Chairman Studies Case.

Coincident with the visit to Gov. James M. Curley's office yesterday of a group of Polish leaders with a request for a hearing on a petition for the commutation of the condemned man's death sentence, Chairman Richard Olney of the State Parole Board interviewed Alexander Kaminski in his cell at the Hampden County Jail.

The visit of the parole board chairman, Sheriff David J. Manning said, had no connection with the request for commutation of Kaminski's sentence. It is the prescribed procedure that in all capital cases the parole board chall interview the prisoner and obtain a history of the case from the district attorney. Mr. Olney also talked with Dist. Atty. Thomas F. Moriarty and Sheriff Manning.

To a secretary in the office of Gov. Curley, the Polish leaders, headed by Walter Matosky, went with a request that they be permitted to speak for Kaminski before the Governor and Executive Council prior to the formal hearing on the petition for commutation.

Atty. Edward L. Fenton, Kamin-ski's counsel, will go to Boston either today or tomorrow to file the petition, bearing several thousand names, asking that the death sentence be commuted to one of life imprisonment. Pending a hearing on the petition, Gov. Curley is expected to grant a reprieve, since there is so little time between now and Jan. 20, during the week of which Kaminski is scheduled to go to the electric chair.

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Regardless of whether a reprieve is granted, Kaminski will be taken from the county jail to the State Prison at Charlestown sometime between Jan. 10 and Jan. 20, the law requiring that the prisoner be transferred to the scene of his execution during the 10-day period prior to the date of execution.

Kaminski, in all probability, will be spirited away from the jail to Charlestown by Sheriff Manning and guards with as much secrecy as possible. The law directs that the sheriff "shall secretly remove the prisoner," Sheriff Manning said last night, and he intends to comply with it.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

REPUBLICAN
Springfield, Mass.

JAN 5

The Curley Tax Relief Plan

1935

Gov Curley's means of bringing relief to real estate and transferring a part of the load from those who are now unjustly burdened onto the shoulders of those who are escaping their share of taxation would be increased income taxes.

Gov Ely had advocated a sales tax, somewhat apologetically, as the only alternative left, and wholly unsuccessfully. Gov Curley has opposed the sales tax and it now remains to be seen what luck he will have in trying to get the income tax increased enough to do any good.

Mr Curley, who devoted a comparatively small part of his long message to taxation and state and local finance, might well have emphasized the fact that at the very time real estate is having its worst crisis and is being compelled to carry an abnormal load, revenues from other sources have shrunk. Thus municipalities not only fail to receive the benefit from statewide taxes which they badly need but they also have to help the state make up its increasing deficit. If the new governor should be able to accomplish even so little as getting the state government off the backs of cities and towns he would have done something worth while.

It is plain that a scheme of taxation devised in 1916 cannot properly meet the conditions of today. Gov Curley points out that the average tax rate has nearly doubled since 1916, whereas there has been no increase in the original income tax rates. His quotation, from the report of the special legislative tax commission of 1927-1929, regarding the great increase of intangible property as compared to real and tangible personal property and the fact it was paying a smaller and smaller proportion of the total tax, is pertinent, even though there has been a slump in both kinds of property since that report was made. Incomes from intangibles are now nothing like those of 1929 in amount.

Gov Curley, in asking for a juster balance of taxation, would appear to be thinking of a tax of 10 per cent or more on intangibles, with proportionate increases in taxes on income, profits and so on. How that would affect state and local government is not clearly indicated. Springfield last year received as its share of income and corporation taxes about \$968,000 and was called upon to pay \$420,000 and would have had to pay double that if gasoline tax revenue had not been diverted to reduce the state's deficit. This meant that real estate, here and elsewhere, had small enough assistance.

It may be taken for granted that Gov Curley will not find it easy to obtain from the Legislature an increase in income taxes of so substantial a character that it will meet the increased expenditures of the state government and overflow into the coffers of the cities and towns in sufficient quantities to revolutionize local finance. Indeed, it is difficult to believe that the Legislature by new tax measures could hope to effect a rescue of real estate, such as would come through a return of prosperity, the restoration of realty values and the practice of progressive economies in government.

> NEWS Springfield, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

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Among the latter is the recom-mendation of the governor for the enactment of legislation for the exemption of wages from attachment until a court judgment is secured. It is to be hoped that the initiative will be promptly taken by some enterprising member of the Legisla-ture to bring the governor's recommendation to fruition. Reform of the proposed nature is certainly advisable.

All that the governor asks is that the wages of the debtor be saved from attachment, with attendant additional costs for lawyers' services and the like until the creditor secures a regular judgment from the court. If the case of the "bad creditor" falls upon due court hearing it would become incumbent upon him to indemnify the debtor for loss.

The honest, fair-minded creditor ought not to fear legislation of the character proposed by the governor. If he has secured judgment the courts will protect him in his claims whatever they may be. Under existing circumstances it is possible to harass persons unreasonably and unjustly without a court judgment.

dorsement to the recommendations of Gov. Curley in his inaugural dealing with labor and with social and economic relationships. On behalf of the Federation Mr. Watt declared:
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"The major recommendations con-lained in the inaugural address should meet with the vigorous approval of the average citizen. Anyone whose imagination can visualize the sort of naugural which would have been mouthed had Gov. Curley been de-feated will now at last appreciate the wisdom of our State conventions' ac-tion in August and the double satis-faction which is ours today."

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The State Federation at its convention indorsed the Curley candidacy and he had the backing of labor both in the primaries and the election.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> REPUBLICAN Springfield, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### **CURLEY APPOINTS** MARK SULLIVAN TO FINANCE BOARD

Governor Told by Councilor Coakley That First Choice of Frank Goodwin Would Not Be Upheld

From Our Special Reporter

Boston, Jan. 4—Gov James M. Curley struck a snag at his first meeting of the executive council today. He wanted to appoint Frank A. Goodwin back on the Boston finance commisback on the Boston finance commission, intending to name him chairman, in place of Jacob J. Kaplan, soon afterward. Counciler Daniel H. Coakley of Boston frankly told Gov Curley he would not stand for Goodwin and he showed the governor there were enough other councilors against him to prevent confirmation of such an appointment.

Joseph A. Sheehan of Boston resigned from the finance commission and the resignation was accepted. Gov Curley submitted his name to the council as justice of the superior court succeeding the late Elias B. Bishop.

Sullivan is Chosen

Sullivan is Chosen

Then he picked a lifelong Republican for the Boston finance commission—Atty E. Mark Sullivan of Boston, formerly corporation counsel under Curley as mayor. The council refused, by vote of 5 to 4, to suspend rules to confirm Sullivan at today's meeting, but it is reported there will be enough votes to confirm at Wednesday's meeting:

william L. Reed of Boston was renamed executive set ary of the executive council the following nominations, whind o not require council approval, the disubmitted as a matter of form:

Richard D. Grant of Boston as governor's secretary; Henry C. Rowland of Arlington, assistant secretary to the governor; William A. Bodfish of Boston, assistant secretary to the governor; Earl V. Schriever of North Attleboro, stenographer in executive department; Harle J. O'Leary of Melrose, stenographer in executive department; Frank T. Pedonti of Boston, executive messenger; Robert W. Gallagher of Newton, assistant executive messenger; Mabel H. Hayes of Cambridge, telephone operator in executive department.

Foley is Sworn In

Foley is Sworn In

Foley is Sworn In

Gov Curiey unexpectedly appeared at the executive offices this afternoon and found awaiting him Dist-Atty William J. Foley of Suffolk county.

Without removing his overcoat, the governor administered the oath of office to the district-attorney, the first oat has administered as revernor. Foley had carefully refrained from taking the oath until Curley could give it, although reelected at the November election. The ceremony over, the governor picked up his hat and departed.

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All that the governor asks is that the wages of the debtor be saved from attachment, with attendant additional costs for lawyers' services and the like until the creditor secures a regular judgment from the court. If the case of the "bad creditor" falls upon due court hearing it would become incumbent upon him to indemnify the debtor for loss.

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Press Clipping Service 2 Park BOSTON

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JAN 5 1935

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The Governor stated that Hultman, who was appointed to the commission by retiring Gov. Ely, had served in two positions at one time when he was appointed to the chairmanship and at the same time held the position of Boston Police Commissioner.

Hultman, Gov. Curley declared, did not resign the Police Commissioner-ship until he had been appointed and taken the oath as chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission.

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Gov. Curley's letter to the Attorney General pointed out that under provisions of the Commonwealth's constitution it is provided that the Police Commissioner, of Boston cannot engage in any other business and must hold office until his successor is appointed and qualified. The Governor explained that Hultman had taken the oath of office for the Metropolitan District chairmanship on Dec. 27, but that Joseph J. Leonard, present police commissioner, had not been sworn in until Dec. 28, thus leaving Boston without a police commissioner for a short peviod.

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> TRANSCRIPT Holyoke, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### **Gov. Curley Sends** New Year Hopes To Local Friends

"It was the supreme thrill of my life to see Governor Curley sitting in his chair in his private office yesterday," said Miss Lucy Hickey, of this city, Western Massachusetts Democratic party leader. Miss Hickey visited the Governor in his private office yesterday after attending the inaugural ball Thursday.

The Holyoke party attending the ball included Mr. and Mrs. W. F. O'Brien and Mr. and Mrs. George Fitzgerald. Atty. Florence Woods, who was scheduled to go, was prevented by illness. Martin Dean, campaign manager for Western Massachusetts in the recent election, and Mrs. Dean were also in the Holyoke party.

Miss Hickey and Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien received a signal honor at the ball when a first cadet officer took them out of the line waiting to pay their respects o the governor and led them up for a personal presentation. Miss Hickey received an autographed state card on her visit to the governor's office yesterday, giving her entry to many official sanctums where she might not otherwise be permitted.

The governor "looked as fresh as a daisy," said Miss Hickey. She was particularly delighted by the fact that he opened the door of his private office to admit her.

Miss Mary Curley, daughter of the governor and "first lady" of the State, wore a white satin gown the night of the ball, adorned with a corsage of gardenias. Her wrap was a cape of shirred blue velvet.

Miss Hickey wore a black crepe gown, studded with rhinestones and with rhinestone bands bordering the neckline. Her corsage was of orchids. When she met Governor Curley, he said to her, "You look gorgeous, as you always do."

Mrs. O'Brien wore sky-blue taffeta and a corsage of orchids. Mrs. Dean wore a black crepe ornamented with a rhinestone clip. Her corsage was also of orchids.

Miss Hickey bade the governor goodbye on her visit to his office and his reply was, "I wish all my good friends in Holyoke a very happy New Year."

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON

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JAN 5 1935

### Curley Could Block Election Of Fish If He Wanted To Do Trading

BOSTON, Jan. 5-At the present in the Senate to take the rap for moment former President Fish of anything that goes wrong, the Senate has the best chance of new Governor, as all know, being elected this year's president, this despite the attacks being made on him by the Democrats and the unwillingness of Senator Moran, Republican, to come out for him. Fish.

The election of Fish could be blocked by Governor Curley if the Governor wished to do a little trading with one or two Republicans. Curley has many plums to scatter and one or two falling to Republicans might get the vote for president of the Senate which the Democrats desire.

Curley, however, may deem it best to have a Republican president

new Governor, as all know, is the slickest kind of a politician and he will play the game of politics, as he has always played it, to his utmost advantage.

His only comment on the senatorial situation at the present moment is that he is not interfering. states that he does not deem it the duty of the executive branch to interfere with the proceedings in the legislative branch and adds that he believes that the Democratic senators can work out their own salvation.

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[Continued on Page 21

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Washington, Jan. (A.A.)—The paste salpresent 5 per cent cut in basic salyork until July 1. He base sanounced to recommend then that full pay be restored, just concluded is 18.8 per cent of lust o IN FEDERAL WAGES Service 4SS. the end of the quarter or the end of the quarter or the end of the quarter or the end of the surfaced irreparable analyse and that much raw material analyse and that much raw material analyse and the irregular rush as been ruined by the irregular rush and in the complex of disciplinary measures, the from the congrit of the indicate their analy factories to prepare them on many factories to prepare them of the congrit without the congrit without the congrit without and with inadequate from the pupplies. The story of the story of the state control of the story of the story

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Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON

> IINION Springfield, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### **Labor Indorses** Curley Program

State Federation Announces Acceptance of Recommendations.

Special to The Springfield Union. BOSTON, Jan. 4-The State Branch of the American Federation of Labor, through its legislative agent, Robert J. Watt, this afternoon gave full indorsement to the recommendations of Gov. Curley in his inaugural dealing with labor and with social and economic relationships. On behalf of the Federation Mr. Watt declared:

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"The major recommendations contained in the inaugural address should meet with the vigorous approval of the average cifizen. Anyone whose magination can visualize the sort of naugural which would have been mouthed had Gov. Curley been defeated will now at last appreciate the wisdom of our State conventions' action in August and the double satisfaction which is ours today."

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Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON

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NEWS Springfield, Mass.

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SATURDAY, JANUARY 5, 1935

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UNION
Springfield, Mass.

JAN 5 1935 .

### Curley Takes First Step to Get Ely Appointee Out as Finance Board's Head

Sheehan, Commission Member, Resigns to Be Made Judge; Vacancy Is Filled by Sullivan, Who It Is Expected Will Be Confirmed as Chairman.

Special to The Springfield Union.

BOSTON, Jan. 4,—Gov. James Curley took the first step today to "fire" Jacob Kaplan, chairman of the Boston Finance Commission. Kaplan was appointed by former Gov. Ely in one of the last minute trades he made with the Executive Council.

The trades involved the appointment of Joseph J. Leonard, a political foe of Curley, to be police commissioner of Boston. Curley publicly charged then Gov. Ely with using his appointive power like a "pawnbroker" and declared that he would clean house of the Ely's final hour appointees.

Joseph A. Sheehan, a member of the finance commission, resigned today to be appointed by Gov. Curley as a judge of the Superior Court. The vacancy on the commission was filled by the Governor through the appointment of E. Mark Sullivan, former corporation counsel of Boston. If the executive council,

confirms the Sullivan appointment next week, it is expected that Gov. Curley will then designate him as chairman of the Finance Commis-

The other nominations sent in by the Governor at his first meeting with the executive council were all appointments to his official family. None of the nominations was confirmed to-

The other nominations were: William L. Reed, Boston, executive secretary of the executive council, reappointment; Richard D. Grant, Boston, as the Governor's secretary; Henry C. Rowland, Arlington, assistant secretary to the Governor; William A. Bodfish, Boston, also assistant secretary to the Governor; Earle V. Schriever of North Attleboro, stenographer; Marie J. O'Leary, Melrose, stenographer; Robert W. Gallagher, Newton, assistant executive messenger; Mabel H. Hayes, Cambridge, telephone operator in executive department; Frank T. Pedonti, Boston executive messenger.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

UNION Springfield, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

attery.

Governor Curley's proposal that the Legislature be reduced by one half would certainly be

in the interests of economy but it would be weak performance compared with that of ducing the rest of the state government by half. Unfortunately Governor Curley is proing new boards and bureaus.

# Curley Gives Woman Old Coin for Reading "Anthony Adverse"

Special to The Springfield Union.

BOSTON, Jan. 4-It was worth exactly a half dollar for her to read "Anthony Adverse," Mrs. Raymond Fales discovered to her surprise last night and a very special half dollar at that. Gov. James M. Curley, holding his first press conference today, disclosed that he had received an 1835 half dollar from William A. Bodfish of Boston, now one of his secretaries. at the time of the preprimary convention last June. Accompanying the coin was a note from Mr. Bodfish stating "This half dollar will be exactly 100 years old on the day you are inaugurated Governor in January."

Mr. Bodfish further requested that Gov. Curley give the half dollar to the first person who touched him for a loan after his inauguration.

"No one asked me for any money yesterday," his voice indicating that this was an unusual occurrence, "but last night," the Governor continued, "I was chatting with Mrs. Fales at the inaugural ball. She happened to mention that she had just finished 'Anthony Adverse.' I told her she had earned the half dollar."

The Governor paused a moment, chuckled, then said: "I read the darned thing myself." Another pause, then in an awed tone he added: "Fourteen hundred pages!"

> EAGLE Pittsfield, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

## The People's Forum

#### Curley's Message

To the Editor of THE EAGLE:-

One of the most significant passages of Governor Curley's inaugural address was that in which he said "The ills we suffer at the present hour are due almost wholly to our failure to make the machine our servant rather than our master." In saying this Governor Curley put the finger on the source of our economic difficulty. But nowhere in his address did he outline any adequate remedy.

The enormous development of marvelous labor displacing machinery driven by steam, electricity and water power has brought about a condition where every man, woman and child in the United States has at his or her disposal the equivalent of the labor of fifty unpaid slaves. Yet the labor of these slaves has not made us all comfortably rich. On the contrary, these slaves have put twenty million of our population on the government bread line, and taken away jobs of others who are not completely destitute. These slaves had made graduation day from the schools and colleges of our country the be-ginning of an almost hopeless quest for a job for half a million of our young people each year. These slaves, on the other hand, had made a tiny proportion of our population fabulously wealthy and powerful.

The reason for this is because we, the people of the country, do not own these slaves. Another man's slave does not make you rich. Our labor displacing machinery and un-equalled natural resources are owned by a comparatively small capitalist class and run for private profit. These slaves make their owners rich as a rule but not the people as a whole. In order to use our mechanical and electrical slaves for the good of the people, the people through Uncle Sam must own our industries so that they can be used to raise the standard of living and increase the leisure of the whole population instead of making a few owners gigantically rich.

Governor Curley sees the problem clearly. But the remedies he suggests, from improvement in the Workmen's Compensation laws to

the abolition of county government, are laughably beside the point. Until we can run our industries for the people because the people own them, we cannot expect any permanent improvement in our eco-

manent improvement in our economic condition. Yet nowhere in his message does Governor Curley propose this necessary and fundamental remedy for our ills.

ALFRED BAKER LEWIS.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> EAGLE Pittsfield, Mass.

# CURLEY NAMES A NEW JUDGE

#### Also Fills Vacancy on a Commission He Would Eliminate

BOSTON, Jan. 5. — Governor James Curley took the first step yesterday to "fire" Jacob Kaplan, chairman of the Boston Finance Commission. Kaplan was appointed by former Governor Ely in one of the last minute trades he made with the Executive Council.

The trades involved the appointment of Joseph J. Leonard, a political foe of Curley, to be police commissioner of Boston. Curley publicly charged then Governor Elike a "pawnbroker" and declared that he would clean house of the Ely's final hour appointees.

Joseph A. Sheehan, a member of the finance commission, resigned yesterday to be appointed by Governor Curley as a judge of the Superior Court. The vacancy on the commission was filled by the Governor through the appointment of E. Mark Sullivan, former corporation counsel of Boston. If the executive council confirms the Sullivan appointment next week, it is expected that Governor Curley will then designate him as chairman of the Finance Commission.

The other nominations sent in by the Governor at his first meetin with the executive council were a appointments to his official fami None of the nominations was confirmed yesterday.

The other nominations were: William L. Reed, Boston, executive secretary of the executive council, reappointment; Richard D. Grant, Boston, as the Governor's secretary; Henry C. Rowland, Arlington, assistant secretary to the Governor; William A. Bodfish, Boston, also assistant secretary to the Governor; Earle V. Schriever of North Attleboro, stenographer; Marie J. O'Leary, Melrose, stenographer; Robert W. Gallagher, Newton, assistant executive messenger; Mabel H. Hayes, Cambridge, telephone operator in executive department; Frank T. Pedonti, Boston, executive messenger.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> NEWS Gardner, Mass.

> > IAN 5 1935

#### EDITORIAL NOTES

The state of Georgia is not renewing more than \$6,000,000 in insurance on public buildings expfring this month. The Fitchburg school committee tried that and now asks the Federal government to help them recuperate to the tune of half a million.

The booming of the guns on Boston Common announcing the inauguration of a new governor was almost drowned out by the raucous tones of the Senate filibusterers. They might try bombs—in the Senate chamber.

While Governor Curley's message comprehends far more than he can expect to accomplish, even with the strange makeup of the legislature, the extremely verbose communication contains enough definitely good recommendations to give the legislature a real opportunity to do something worth while.

With Speaker and floor leader of the national legislature in full accord with the program of the President, even though the South is in the saddle as it never has been before, the occupant of the White House has little need for worry, because of sectional direction of his Congress.

Life will begin at 60, when and if we have the Townsend plan.—Lowell Courier Citizen.

(Continued on Page Four)

## Bodyguard Named for Governor; Hurley to Have State Chauffeur

Trooper Arthur T. O'Leary, stationed at the Wareham barracks of the State Police, has been named personal bodyguard for Governor James M. Curley.

The Governor, in discussing with the Executive Council plans for organization of his department said he intends to assign a State chauffeur to Lieut. Gov. Joseph L. Hurley. It is understood Raymond Barrett of this city, who has been acting as chauffeur for the Governor-elect, will continue and be placed on the State payroll.

**HERALD-NEWS** Fall River, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

## Hurley Attends **Council Meeting**

Supports Curley's Effort to Suspend Rules, Confirm Appointment.

Lieut. Gov. Joseph L. Hurley attended his first meeting of the Governor's Council yesterday and lent his support to Governor James M. Curley's endeavor to have that body suspend its rules and confirm an appointment.

The move was unsuccessful, Councillor Edmond Cote of this city leading the Republican bloc in op-

posing it. favored suspension Gov. Curley of the rules to approve his appointment of E. Mark Sullivan as chairman of the Boston Finance Com-mission. It must now await con-firmation at next Wednesday's meeting.

#### Goodwin's Return Blocked

Political circles understand Gov. Curley had hoped to name Frank A. Goodwin to the position. Mr. Goodwin was ousted recently by former Governor Joseph B. Ely and Democratic Councillor Daniel H. Coakley blocked his return.

A caucus showed there was great opposition to Mr. Goodwin, so the name of Mr. Sullivan was submitted. Mr. Coakley approved of this to the extent of supporting Governor Curley's request for suspension of the rules.

The G. O. P. unit would not yield, however, and the appointment, to-gether with that of Special Justice Joseph A. Sheehan of Boston as a Joseph A. Sneenan of Boston as a judge of the Superior court to succeed the late Elias B. Bishop, must await the next meeting for confirmation, if it is to be given.

#### Sullivan for Chairman

It is understood the Governor will complete his blow at the Boston Finance Commission by naming Mr. Sullivan to the chairmanship, the only berth to which there is a sal-ary attached. Judge Joseph Kaplan was recently named chairman by former Governor Ely.

As for Mr. Goodwin, it is believed the Councillors' attitude yesterday indicates he cannot be named to any position over which they have confirmation power.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

> MERCURY New Bedford, Mass.

> > JAN 5

# **CURLEY BEGINS** ON UPSET PLAN

## **Sullivan Nomination Seen** as First Move to Oust Kaplan

BOSTON, Jan. 4 (AP)—Governor James M. Curley set out today on his previously announced plan to upset some of the appointments former Governor Joseph B. Ely made during the latter's waning hours as chief executive.

Curley's first move was to present to the Executive Council the nomination of E. Mark Sullivan of Boston as a member of the Boston Finance Commission and State House circles saw in this move, a plan to make Sullivan the Commission chairman, at \$5,000 a year, replan to make Suhvan the Commission chairman, at \$5,000 a year, replacing Judge Joseph J. Kaplan, named only last week by Ely. Should Sullivan be approved by the Executive Council and take the

Should Sullivan be approved by the Executive Council and take the chairmanship, Kaplan would be automatically reduced to an unpaid member of the Commission.

Before submitting Sullivan's name, Governor Curley had tentatively proposed the name of Frank A. Goodwin, former chairman of the Commission, who was ousted from that post by former Governor Ely. Opposition to Goodwin, however, caused Curley to name Sul-Ely. Opposition to Goodwin, how-ever, caused Curley to name Sul-

Sullivan is a former corporation counsel for the City of Boston and up to the time he joined forces with Curley supporters in the recent election, had been a Republi-

with Curley supporters in the recent election, had been a Republican.

Curley and Ely exchanged bitter words during the closing weeks of the latter's regime because of numerous appointments made by Ely. Curley said, however, he would, with the consent of the Council, replace some of the Ely appointees. Today's action was taken in political circles to be his first move in that direction.

Governor Curley today nominated Joseph A. Sheehan, special justice of Boston Municipal Court, to the Superior Court bench to fill the vacancy created by the death of Judge Elias P. Bishop. Action on confirmation was, under the rules, held over for a week.

At the same time the Governor submitted for confirmation the names of nine members of his official family, including William L. Reed, Executive Secretary Governor's Council and Richard D. Grand, secretary to the Governor.

#### Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

INQUIRER Nantucket, Mass.

JAN 5

#### It is Now Governor Curley And a New Regime

Down the home stretch the would-be appointees pounded. The wire was in sight. There were as always, many also rans. Too many entries seemed to be Steward Ely's biggest trouble. Especially was this true when Junior Steward Bacon and all the other little stewards on the council had very definite ideas of their own. Of course a few got under the wire. The winners of the big stakes were Joe Leonard and 'Gene Hultman. But, as they say in tin-pan alley, "How long will it last?" Curley can be depended on for a scrappy try. It should be interesting to watch. Somehow or other, we have an idea that the new Governor will have an ace up his sleeve when it comes time to deal with the new Police Commissioner of Boston.

Joe Ely and his more or less recalcitrant council ironed things out a little, and, if not to their entire mutual satsifaction, at least they finished the job. The more fortunate hugged their belated Xmas presents with prodigious sighs of relief. Others, not quite so fortunate, are now thinking up ways and means to approach James with an olive branch. A rude awakening is in store for them, though, we fear. Jim, like the elephant, remembers both friend and foe.

We suppose the new Governor has his axe sharpened to a razor edge. The corridors up at the State House are buzzing with speculation. Who will be the first to feel its blade? And how many will follow? Well, one thing is sure: Jim Curley won't keep them keep them guessing long.

Pomp and ceremony featured the induction. When the oath of office was administered to the Governorelect, the background was colorful. The Justices of the Supreme and Superior Courts were there, robed in somber black, in contrast to the bright uniforms of the military and naval attendants of the new governor. After the induction ceremonies came the maiden speech of the new-termer, as Governor. Then to the Hall of Flags, where a reception was held, with the new First Lady, Miss Mary Curley, standing in the receiving line beside her dad. Not at all bad for the former grocer's clerk.

And how about Joe Ely? It seems that he wasn't a bit sorry to call it a political day. The bickerings and trading of his last few weeks in office made a tired man of him. Another year, another day, and the story man be different. As he walked down the steps and out of the State House, once more a private citizen, he held his head erect. Why not?

#### MASSACHUSETTS DEADLOCK

Now they have a deadlock on in Massachusetts and all over desires for positions. The state senate is close. 22 Republicans to 20 Democrats. The Democrats promised not to oppose the election of Republican officials if the officials would agree to hand over the big committee chairmanships to senators of the minority party. As the Republicans refused to make this concession, by some parliamentary tangle a deadlock was created. Because of it the inauguration of Governor James M. Curley, Democrat, had to be carried out in an irregular manner and contrary to the procedure in the Old Bay State since Bunker Hill was fought.

The Springfield Republican does not like the situation. While it doubts if anybody will test the validity of the inauguration, the Republican expresses the hope that when the senate at last organizes, Governor Curley will again take the oath of office and this time have the president of the senate in attendance, as he is supposed to be.

What strikes one in all these muddles, with a hint coming from Hartford of plans to cause one in Connecticut, is the widespread disposition to wander from orderly procedure. It began in Washington and

oo cupping Dervice 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> **EXPRESS** Portland, Me.

oo Legislature have agreed to call one another by their first names, not saying what the men will be calling, one another before they get through.

There are many propositions for abolishing government institutions in this State, but they are not a marker to Governor Curley's.

Perhaps they'll wait before Franklin bringing young Roosevelt into court until he graduates. Already he is a sophomore.

#### Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. **BOSTON**

UNION Manchester, N. H.

JAN 5

jobs should run them is inconsistent with the implied assumption of the new deal that business men cannot be trusted to run business. Is Stalin going tory while America is becoming headquarters for the "cult of the incompetent"?

One wonders how long Governor Curley of Masachusetts will retain his assumed political popularity if he continues to behave as he did on the opening day of the Legislature. Telling the legislators collectively to their faces that their number ought to be cut in half, that the executive council ought to be abolished, and that the county structure ought to be discarded just isn't done, you know.

While other nations are considering methods of taking their older men out of industry

reports from a half a dozen states re-veal even worse departures. problem from the other end. been ordered to supply lists veal even worse departures.

It would seem that respect for inder 25, who are to be taken and organized in labor service sides training in manual labor as an issue well worth presenting to the citizens. the citizens.

to males ---- for the younger ones, Herr Hit-

NEW YORK CITY Dun

JAN - 5 1935

Old-Fashioned Frugality.

When Governor JAMES M. CUR-LEY of Massachusetts took office his became an enviable position. He is Governor of a Commonwealth whose chief executives have included many of the most notable men of the land. He has triumphed over his enemies within and without the Democratic party and has proved the quality of exuberance. Governor CURLEY will be most envied beyond the borders of Massachusetts, however, because of the excellent credit which he has inherited. Massachusetts ended 1934 with \$651,000 in cash in the general fund and with \$175,000 in the highway fund, with no obligations to be set against these assets. The Commonwealth recently floated an issue of ten-year serial bonds at an interest rate of 2 per cent.

The Transcript proudly says that Massachusetts has a credit standing equal to that of the United States-possibly a little better; that Governor CURLEY has taken into his keeping "an almost priceless heritage." It would be odd if such an old-fashioned virtue as frugality had achieved all that!

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While other nations are considering methods of taking their older men out of industry to make room for the younger ones, Herr Hitler tackles the problem from the other end. Employers have been ordered to supply lists of all employes under 25, who are to be taken out of industry and organized in labor service camps, where besides training in manual labor of every kind, they will be taught Nazi ideas and ideals.

NEW YORK CITY

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# DRLD in REVIEW : Ne Bel of the Week

The Hauptmann trial at Flemington, N. J., leads the news of the week, as it may well lead the news stories of the year. The convening of the 74th Congress and the opening message of President Roosevelt promising public works to supplant all federal doles attracts world-wide interest.

Fuller reports of next summer's naval manoeuvres in the Pacific indicate an intention to "show Japan." Huey Long puts the Louisiana supreme court in his pocket, the Roosevelt boy has more car trouble, and Helen Wills returns to tennis.

France and Italy are getting together, and Abyssinia looks like a burnt offering, the Germans turn loose another American girl who sassed Hitler, and Soviet Russia is horrified by a Negro spiritual.

#### National

Congress\_The President addresses the 74th Congress, meeting in joint session in the hall of the House of Representatives, setting forth in broad Gutline his recovery plans.

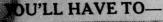
in broad cutline his recovery plans.

Recommends return of 1,500,000 unemployables to care of local relief agencies, and federal work of useful nature for the remaining 3,500,000 employables, at pay larger than present dole, but low enough to offer no competition to private employers. Condemns dole as "a narcotic, a subtle destroyer of human spirit," and says employment necessary to preserve self-respect.

The President's elevation earlier in

The President's elevation, earlier in the week, of Donald Richberg to the position of one-man "clearing house," to which all relief department heads must bring their programs, becomes clear as he states in his message that all present public works agencies shall be liquidated by the FERA, which in be liquidated by the FERA, which in turn will be superseded by a central agency to co-ordinate all relief job projects. As many as possible of new projects to be eventually self-liquidating. Definite program to be made clear in later presidential message will recommend appropriations to employ 3,500,000 until June 30, 1936, making allowance for tearing off to fit increases in private employment.

The President promises that the sum





see Richberg. That's what the President has told his aides, in making the Blue Eagle mogul his co-ordinator, with power to on the legislative programs brought forward by bureau heads.

recommended will be within the sound credit of the government, and names as projects to be undertaken; slum clearance; rural house building; rural electrification; reforestation; soil erosion prevention; highways; elimination of grade crossings; CCC; self-liquidating non-federal projects.

grade crossings; CCC; self-liquidating non-federal projects.

Says: "We have not weeded out the over-privileged, and we have not effectively lifted up the under-privileged"; that Americans must foreswear excessive profits which give them undue power over private and public affairs; promises later message recommending old age and unemployment insurance; upholds administration policy of reform along with recovery; promises wide social security program including "intelligent distribution of the means of liveligent distribution distribution of the means of liveligent distribution d

Recommends restoration of sound conditions in public utilities through abolition of holding companies; federal regulation of all forms of transportation, clarification of the NRA; continuance of the policies of the AAA, and drive on crime.

"Radical in publication of liveliance of the policies of the AAA, and drive on crime.

frive on crime.
"Radical in philosophy and conserva-

tive in program." is summary of H. V. Kaltenborn, who notes that many of the 20 burst of applause from Congress came after statements generally held to be radical.

came after tatements generally held to be radical.

New Senate has 69 Democrats; 25 Republicans; one Progressive; one Farmer-Laborite; one vacancy. Sixty-five-year-old six-foot-two Joseph Wellington Byrns of Tennessee is speaker of the House; William B. Bankhead of Alabama, father of Tallulah, is House Democratic leader; Snell of New York is Republican House leader; Robinson is Democratic leader in Senate. Twenty-nine-year-old Senator-Elect Rush Holt, who defeated Republican Hatfield of West Virginia, is advised to wait until his 30th birthday in June before presenting credentials because of constitutional age requirement.

Congressman Snell presents Republican program, including: balancing of budget; opposition to "extravagant, bureaucratic government, of the present edministration": any outlier of any of the present edministration.

reaucratic government of the present administration"; opposition of encroachment of federal government upon states' rights; opposition of government competition with private enterprise; liberal policy toward veterans of all wars; relief of needy and unemployed to be left to local communities.

House restores "gag rule" enabling leaders to stiffe unwanted bills in committee.

Bonus Bonus fight takes form as the President opposes immediate payment of the adjusted compensation certificates in letter to Texas legion commander. National comlegion commander. National com-mander of legion retorts hotly, calling for bonus payment as stimulus to busi-Representative Patman intro duces bill calling for bonus payments, to be accompanied by "controlled expansion of currency," and Speaker Byrns names bonus as first major issue, saying that he wants to "get the matter behind him."

mittee hearings.

Senator Hugo Black of Alabama will reintroduce his 30-hour-week bill, which has the approval of the A. F. of L. Claims it will put millions back to

Money—Taxes now paid annually in the United States total \$9,500,000,000, or one-fifth of the national income, it is estimated by the National Industrial Conference Board.

Nations public debt reached all-time high of \$28,478,685,924 on Dec. 31. Compares with war-time debt peak of 23-odd billions. Fecral spending for first six months of fiscal year ended bec. 31 reach \$3,55,017,194, compared with \$2,621,870,337 for the same period last year. Deficit for half-year ended bec. 31 also sets record with total of \$1,689,935,397. Deficit of \$2,500,000,000 is expected for the fiscal year ending next June 30.

Utilities—Light and power companies to the first of the carried with \$2,621,870,337 for the same period is expected for the fiscal year ending next June 30.

Utilities—Light and power companies to the first of the celeritity at reduced rates. Harvey C. Couch, head of the Arkanasa Hight & Power Co., offers plan to bring fulce to rural homes in Arkanasa Mississippi and Fennessee at prices and on terms which the consumers in purchase of equipment and to build transmission lines to their farms, and to aid farmers in paying monthly installments through assistance in marketing chickens, eggs, butter, and to give farmers work setting up light poles as down payment.

Near of the control of the Carriegie steel company in the hard of the carriegies and the marketing chickens, eggs, butter, and to give farmers work setting up light poles as down payment.

Near of the country a plane freshed mind rights of labor minorities as the mational income, it is estimated by the hard rights of labor minorities as the antional relations and the mark and the fight of majority ruid and rights of labor minorities as the antional relations and residue for the farma from the plane feet of the fight of the country as planes of the Carriegie steel company. The fight of majority ruid respect to the fight of the country as planes from Major spid to the exit of the carried with 17 sartace ships, 600 officers and the Midway Islands, 1100 miles were

ter, and to give farmers work setting up light poles as down payment.

New York electric companies, countering the city plan to build its own power plant, offers to put into effect the "Washington" plan of rate reduction, which resulted in that city in cutting light rates from 7.5 cents a kilowatt hour to 3.9 cents over an eight-year period. . Meanwhile, New York city continues to accept current from private companies at a rate still to be determined.

Dr. Hugh S. Magill, president of the



dustrial Democracy, summarizes advances of labor in 1934, naming increased support for unemployment insurance, health insurance, old-age pensions and the 30-hour week; beginning of fight against entrenched electrical monopoly; failure of fascism abroad to fulfil any foits promise to labor; increased demand in college and church groups for an industrial system based on production for use and not for profit. Lists as backward steps: Increased unemployment; advance in cost of living among industrial workers; small increase in production and resistance of big employers to enforcement of section 7-A.

The resett payel management in 1934, naming increased in 1934, naming indicted in 1935.

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plane tells position and many planes scour forests; drop parachutes with provisions. Ernest Dryer, pilot; his brother, Dale Dryer, co-pilot; J. H. Brown of Boston, co-pilot flying as "deadhead," and passenger, R. M. Hambrook of Washington, D. C., found exhausted under shelter they had made from plane

or clarified. Act provides for two-year moratorium on all private and public debts save those owed to the city, or federal government. . Long takes control of Lousiana's supreme court as John B. Fournet is sworn in, giving Long four-to-three control. Move is followed by dismissing two court attaches and putting in relatives of associate justices. . Editors of 37 college newspapers meeting in Washington, plan to form an organization to fight censorship; move directed at Long's interference with paper of Louisiana State University. . Standard Oil Company of Louisiana plans to shut down its refineries to escape paying the tax assessed by the Long law.

Farms—The AAA plans to spend parts. Contract for 35 training awarded by war department to Seversky Aircraft Corporation of New York at cost of \$754,738. Makes 347 new aircost of \$754.738. Makes 347 new air-craft ordered since June 29...TWA announces daily non-stop flight between Chicago and New York in four hours and five minutes, to start Jan. 28, clip-ping 25 minutes off previous regular time...United Airlines reports inven-tion for overcoming difficulty of ice coating on wings. "Rocking boot," op-erated by compressed air, knocks the

Farms\_The AAA plans to spend

\$476,00,000 next year in continuing its policy of crop control.

AAA estimats cash income of 3,000,000

taking oath as 53d

Suggests reducing present of legislature by one-half, biennial sessions, abolition

governor of Massachusetts, appears be-fore House as Senate fillibuster prevents

public utility rates.

New Hampshire Republicans lose control of the house as Amos N. Blandin, noted in Darimouth days for Frenchnoted in Dartmouth days for French-Canadian dialect stories, wins speaker-

ship by one vote.

Rhode Island Democrats, demanding Republicans

This and That \_\_ The National Stu-

dent Federation,

power by all electric companies United States jumped 7.6 per er 1933.

Secretary Ickes is directed by the White House to drop two chief aides, Ebert K. Burlew, with obstructing New Deal enand Louis R. Glavis, director igations, said to have been "too "in making an "Ogpu" of his Harry W. Laidler, executive director of the League for In-

ponents. Geoffrey Knox, head of international force, suppresses news of disorder. Word that a meeting of Catholics was broken up by Nazi. Windows smashed. It is charged that the Nazis have a secret concentration camp in the Saar, where anti-Nazi are im-prisoned. . . . Congressman Dickstein of New York introduces bill in Congress to cancel citizenship of German-Americans who have returned to vote in Scar, when evidence can be shown that they

POSIES-



-and peppermints, are being laid, so to speak, at the feet of Princess Helen, by high Rumanian officials who hope that she and her former husband, King Carol, will once more sip their matutinal java in unison. (AP Photo)

ave violated allegiance to the United States.

continuing it policy of crop control.

AAA estimate cash income of 3,000,000
American fainers in 1934 to be \$6,000,000,000 including federal payments, which is about \$1,000,000,000 more than in 1933 . John T. Ferris of the TVA outlines plar or the decentralization of industry, feating small plants in rural areas to provide part time employment for farmers and increasing purchasing porer of remote districts.

Twenty five thousand federal employes start out to ask 100 questions of every farmer in the United States in the mid-decental census authorized in 1929. . State-owned plant set up with federal relief funds in Mississippi is making white starch from sweet potatoes. First priect of its sort made in possible by the discovery of Dr. F. H. Thurber, soil chemist of the department of agriculture. . Claim that the 1935 of the department are some controlled to the department of agriculture. Franco-Italian - Foreign Minister Laval of France as at last gone to Rome to clinch with Mussolini the plan for French-Italian co-operation which has been simmering for weeks. One definite result expected to be a joint agreement among France, Italy, Austria and Hungary, guarantee-ing the present borders and offering potatoes. First of fect of its sort made nossible by the discovery of Dr. F. H. Thurber, soil chemist of the department of agriculture. Claim that the 1935 grasshoppers have been outwitted by poisoning the generation of 1934.

State Politics—James M. Curley, taking oath as 53d t long before leaving for Rome, presum-ably because he doubted if Mussolini would abandon his strategic position as holder of the balance of power between France and Germany, and abandon also of the Boston Finance Commission, home rule for the Boston police department, and a sliding scale reduction in public utility. whatever plans he may have for ex-pansion at the expense of Yugoslavia. Several dispatches have stated that France would offer Italy a free hand in Africa in exchange for co-operation in European affairs. The present situation in Abyssinia, where it is conceded that Italian troops cave battle on the home grounds, checks with the theory of the Italian troops rave battle on the home grounds, checks with the theory of the "horse-trade," and Count de Prorok, in Boston Thursday after recent conversations with the Emperor of Abyssinia, confirms the report, saying that Gen. Balbo's assignment in Libya was not a demotion, that Balbo will take charge of the forcible annexation of Abyssinia, the world's largest gold and platinum territory.

Balkans—More moves in Rumania to get rid of Mme. Lupescus and induce Princess Helen, former wife of King Carol, to return to him. Former Premier Jorga is expected to go to Florence to try to persuade her. Dowager Queen Marie scoffs at rumor that Carol and Mme. Lupescus are secretly married.

One hundred Austrian publications have been suppressed as a result of the Rhode Island Democrats, demanding recount of votes, oust two Republicans from State Senate and take control. . . . Demoratic Governor Brann of Maine tells Republican legislature he wants part of liquor taxes set aside for old-age pension. . Young Republicans of New York state meet and demand the removal of Renry P. Fletcher from the national chairmanship of the G. O. P.

introduce a resolution in the Senate calling for membership which will not obligate the United States to send troops to a foreign country.

Otto to the Hapsburg throne are damaged by his statement in the Petit Journal of Paris that he favors fascism and the corporative state.

Foreign

dent Federation, meeting in Biston, votes for abolition of compulsory military training, favors entrance into the League of Nations, and votes for the 30-hour week with real wages as at mesent. Alabama licks Stanford 20-13. Representative Tinkham thinks we should break off with Russia hecause of the recent killings. Troyanovski is coming back from Russia with rew plan for paying the Soviet debta. Quakes in Southern Calliornia. The Film Daily picks "The House of Rothschild" as the best film of 1934 with "It Happened One Night" second the results of Public build-Russia-The number of men executed for the plot resulting in the killing of Kiroff, high Soviet official, has now risen to 117, among them Leonid Nikolaieff, former member of the Communist party said to have she has taken 49,000 square miles of

press explains that the religious atmospress explains that the religious atmosphere of Robeson's songs must be interperted as a protest against the treatment of Negroes under a capitalistic regime. Robeson now in Moscow as guet of film producer Sergei Eeisen-Germany-World is bewildered as

Elsa Sittel, 28, New York stenographer who has gone to the Saar to vote, was annoyed at the baggage inspectors at annoyed at the baggage inspectors at the German frontier, made scathing remarks about the uniforms of storm troopers, said that Hitler was a Jew. Was thrown in jail for 10 days, where she was treated well, and then released, after American authorities had interpreted by the Associated after American authorities had interpreted by the Associated by the

pulsory labor service expected to start

in April.

Year ends with complete defeat of
Reichsbishop Mueller in his attempt to
rule the Protestant church in Germany. been forced to rescind decrees and reinstate opponents...Goebels, in New Year address, announces New Year Year address, announces New resolution of peace with France. Mexico\_Sixty-two Red Shirts are

arrested in Mexico for the killing of five Catholics in Coyoacan. rts arrived at time of noon mass, Red Shirts arrived at time of noon mass, taunted Catholics, shouted "Deatht to the priest!" One Red Shirt killed. Mass meeting held in Mexico City to demand resignation of Garrido, secretary of agriculture, who formed the Red Shirts.

Britain—Britain's deficit for the first nine months of the current financial year is £110,402388, compared with £98116,395 for the same percent with £98116,395 for the \$18116,395 for

rent financial year is £110,402338, compared with £98,116,395 for the same period last year...Germany hit as England makes treaty with Ireland to buy cattle in return for coal; Ireland has of any kind. been buying coal from Germany.

France\_The removal of Clement 2.085,815, which is 138,264 less than a 2,085,815, which is 136,207 less than a year ago....50,000,000 trees will be planted in England, Scotland and Wales to provide work for the unemployed....The London Times, long known as "The Thunderer," observes its 150th birthday.

driving under the influence of liquor.'
Is said to have told a New Year's crowd

the forcible annexation of Abstract the forcible annexation of the forcible

Poland-Eighty miners on a suicide strike at the bottom of a coal mine emulate the Hungarian miners at Pecs, who won pay rise by similar tactics. Have been underground 10 days, with little food and water

ouring in.

territory, or a piece of land the size of North Carolina, says a dispatch from Asuncion. Army said to be only 20 miles from Villa Montes, principal Bolivian base.

Here and There—Persia changes its official name to Iran, which is the origin of the word Aryan. Name Persia was derived from the old province of Pers, while Iran is native name for entire area...Type-writers are on the way out in Belgium, partly because good typists are hard to find...Report of renewed fighting between Italian and Ethiopian troops... French blue laws, which ruled that loin-clothed Tahitian girls had to put on clothes when they came to town, are rescinded by the French minister of colonies, who says they are no worse than the shorts of English and American girls...Cleveland firm will erect a big steel mill in Canton, China.... Dayton, Tenn., recalled as clergymen of Halifax demand withdrawal from high schools of books, "The Story of Civilization," and "Ancient Times."

ladder made partly from lumber in the attic of his home, took child, and fell from ladder when rung broke, that child was killed when he fell, that he removed sleeping garment, left it near the house, buried the child a few miles away, later responded to the newspaper appeal of "Jafsie" Condon, and received the ransom money when it was thrown over the cemetery wall by Col. Lindbergh is called, makes admirable witness, identifies Hauptmann by voice which he heard over cemetery wall, and later, repeating the same words, after he was arrested. Brush between prosecution and defence forces latter in cross-examination to ask Lindbergh if he thought Hauptmann was guilty. colonel replies firmly that he does. Case is adjourned Friday; will reopen to the nild was killed when need, that he removed sleeping garment, left it near the house, buried the child a few miles away, later responded to the newspaper appeal of "Jafsie" Condon, and received the child a few miles away, later responded to the newspaper appeal of "Jafsie" Condon, and respect to the newspaper appeal of "Jafsie" Co

#### Science and Invention

Celestial\_The new star, Nova Herculis, surprises observors by its daily variations in brightness . . by its daily variations in brightness...

Prof. Henry N. Russell of Princeton adds to the prevailing gloom with the announcement that the oxygen surrounding the earth is being slowly exhausted, and that in about 1,000,000,000 years everyone on earth will be dead from suffocation... Astronomers at the Mt. Wilson Observatory in California are trying to discover why the sun is shooting out hot clouds of gas at great speed, which sometimes reach a height of 577,000 miles. Unlike sunspots, these protuberances have no effect on the earth's weather ... Dr. Harlan P. Stetson of Harvard suggests

reflect on the earth's weather . . . Dr. Harlan P. Stetson of Harvard suggests to the American Association for Advancement of Science that the moon's pull may cause earthquakes.

Dr. Millikan says that he expects we may know what cosmic rays are made of within a year . . . 1935 will be a big solar eclipse year. Five of them will be seen, and there will be two lunar eclipses. Only two will be seen in the United States: a partial eclipse of the sun on Feb. 3, and a total eclipse of the moon on July 16 . . . Five-pound metorite is found buried two and a half feet in the ground near Fayetteville, that the ground near Fayetteville, the ground near Fayetteville, the ground near Fayetteville, that the ground near Fayetteville, the gr feet in the ground near Fayetteville, Ark., after many people had seen whizz through the sky at noonday of Dec. 23.

Fruit Fly—The story of how the fruit fly has furnished science with a new key to evolution is told before the A. A. A. of Science in Pittsburgh by Dr. Calvin B. Bridges. Chromosomes, which contain genes, minute units that control heredity, are Six prominent radio officials and announcers have been removed from their posts because of the broadcasting of a record made by the American Negro, Paul Robeson, of the spiritual, "Steal Away to Jesus." Chairman of broadcasting company issues an apology for such a "baneful item" on the air. Soviet press explains that the religious atmost as in other beings, thus presenting the investigator with a "microscope" enabling him actually to see the genes whose presence he had merely suspected. Method by which genes cause changes in species can now be studied directly for the first time...J. B. S. Haldane, British biologist, who came to this country to lecture last week, brought fruit flies with him... More work on the gene is being done in Moswork on the gene is being done in Moscow by Prof. H. J. Muller of the University of Texas, teaming with Prof. A. A.

Health—Chaulmoogra oil, which has been used for a decade to combat leprosy, is now reported to be helpful in treating arthritis... The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company that they pledged renewed loyalty to Der Feuhrer, and that meeting was called to show the world that Germany stands firm for Hitler. Many interpretations, among them an attempt to offset the rumor that there will be a revolt in Germany after the Saar plebiscite. a sign of physical weakness, but an indication that nature has overdone the job of providing defences, has set up a "hyper-immunity" which causes defences to go into action when there is no real danger.

Decree which took effect on Jan. 1, providing that all hiring of men under 25 shall be done only with the consent of the labor office, amounts to virtual conscription of all German labor below that age. Formal establishment of compulsory labor service expected to start in the comparison of the same time.

Press by which news photos may be transmitted by telegraph to 24 cities in the United States, with story and picture reaching the newspapers at the same time.

New electric motor-driven ice cream freezer is reported which fits into the ice-cube compartment of an automatic of the game for 18 months is beautiful.

a beater.

Crime

Hauptmann-The greatest news expeditionary force of all time captures Flemington, N. J., as news writers, feature writers sob-sisters, "big names", photographers, movie men, electricians and radio broadcasters diguitar. rect a steady and overwhelming fire of publicity on every aspect of the trial of Bruno Richard Hauptmann for the kidarino Richard Haupumann for the kid-naping and murder of Charles Augustus Lindbergh, Jr. Telegraph people say that the wire set-up is as large as that nor-mally employed to handle the business of a city of a million people, and that it is the largest system that has ever been installed to handle a news event

Newspaper workers from London, Paris, Berlin and Canada cover the event, and the telegraph company has France—The removal of Clement installed a teletype system to London, British unemployed now number so that "copy" typed in Flemington is automatically reproduced on a type-writer in London. Fannie Hurst, Alex-ander Woollcott, Arthur B. Reeve, Kathleen Norris, Arthur Brisbane, Adela St. John Rogers, Boake Carter and Lowell Thomas are among those reporting the trial by newspaper and radio.

Jury is picked with little delay. State that Hauptmann entered

house on night of March 1, 1932, on

Lynchings—Sixteen lynchings in

1934, compared with 28
in 1933. Mississippi leads with six;
other states, Louisiana, Florida, Alabama, Kentucky, Texas, Georgia and
Tennessee. Long list of prominent
men, including governors, college mealdents, editors and jurists, sign petition
asking the President to put the Costigan-Wagner anti-lynching bill on the
"must" program....Philip Jones,
Negro, being tried in Virginia for murder of two white girls, declares that
white man did it, that he was wounded
when trying to prevent act.

Holdung—Robber snatches two trays

Holdupsof jewelry values at \$20,-000 from window of Homer's jewelry store on Tremont street; makes get-

away.

Four bandits hold up train near
Bucoda, Wash.; look for mail; find they
have stopped the wrong train.

#### Persons.



they tell young Rush Holt, who defeated Republican Hatfield of West Virginia, but Holt will be 30 next

Owen-Ruth Bryan Owen has written

a book for spring publication, "Leaves from a Greenland Diary." Singer—John A. Lomax, collector of
American folk songs which
he records for the Library of Congress,
appears with big, knife-toting Negro
called Lead Belly, whom he rescued from
jail because of his talent at writing and
singing ballads and strumming the
cuitar

Quotations

"Casting about for a device to show the fallacy in the Townsend plan, I hit on this: Nobody thinks that in any hit on this: Nobody thinks that in any ordinary family the children could give \$4800 a year to the support of their parents. As a thing for inividual families the Townsend plan is readily recognized to be impossible. But advocates of the plan think that the aggregate of all the children in the country can support the aggregate of all the persons over 60 at the same rate, \$4800 a year. They will admit that no one family can do it—but they insist that all the families teachers can do it. together can do it.
—MARK SULLIVAN.

"WORLD IN REVIEW," a weekly radio broadcast dealing with men and events in the news, appears on the air every Saturday evening at 6:45 over Stations WBZ and WBZA.



-or they'll throw you, says Vice-President Garner, ring-master of the Senate, to Joe Byrns, speaker of the new House of Representatives. (AP Photo)



old and new, of 1935, with a new Congress which may or may not prove tractable to his

# Woman Seeking Jarm **Cultivates Voice and** Avoids Ugly Slang

Not Enough to Be Beautiful Nowadays; You Must Be More Than That.

the lovely looking maid who ruined everything when she opened her mouth. Nevertheless, women keep on creating the same havoc with the good impression their appearance makes. They commit grammatical errors that come as a shock after one has just got through feasting on their fine complexions, eyes, hair, and

There is the divinely tall, beautifully dressed young woman who reassailed her audience's ears with "If I was her I wouldn't say



Theater is pronounced "THE-a-ter"

Vaudeville is pronounced "vod-vil"

Environment is pronounced "en-

Don't say "here comes the boys."

Don't say "my sister, she is sick."

"Mrs. Brown, she said," or "Mr.

Brown, he did so and so." One sub-

ject is enough. The she or he is

Don't say "between you and I."

Don't say "he took she and I to the

show." "He took her and me to the

Such mistakes as "them things"

Voice Can Be Full of Charm

The quality of the speaking voice

a powerful element in creating

distinguished women were being class-

ified as to charm a well known artist

said of one of them, "Her voice alone

There is a deep emotional appeal in

a beautifully modulated voice. You

Sunday Herald

Quilt Pattern

500 Fifth avenue, New York, N. Y. Be sure to ask for Book No. 9.

would get all my votes."

instead of "those things" and "they of having a neglected wife suddenly

was," instead of "they were," and awaken to the need of beauty treat-

"I seen" instead of "I saw" are quite ments, a new wardrobe, a cheerier

(o as in go)-not "vaw-da-ville."

viron-ment"—not "en-vira-ment."

Say "here come the boys."

Say "between you and me.

superfluous.

-not "the-AY-ter."



Part of the great charm of Ann Harding, film actress, lies in her well dulated, cultured voice. True, she has the lovely face of a Grecian godbut mere beauty is not enough in the talkies or on the stage of life, that matter. Every woman should have a pleasant speaking voice.

nothing about it." The effect is like Recognize is pronounced nize"—not "rek-à-nize." Recognize is pronounced "rek-ogyour eyes. Secretary is pronounced "sek-reter-ry"-not "sek-a-ter-ry."

cause such faulty speech is a direct body blow at charm I am going to present here a list of common matical errors. But I suggest that there are excellent little books obtainable at reasonable prices which present in easy reading form the pitfalls in English that can be conuered with a little study.

Phrases Cast Ugly Shadows

Certain expressions are forceful. Say "he sat behind me." Some of the good slang words of the past have been included in the dic- Say "my sister is sick." Or don't say tionary. But there are phrases that are cheap and inelegant and, coming from the lips of a pretty girl, cast a dark shadow over her charm. These are the words: "By gosh," or "by golly," or "you've said a mouthful," or "give us the dope on," or "I'm gong to bawl her out," or "you said it," "I'll tell the world," "he's a swell "I'll say," "gink," "atta baby,"

ome people have the irritating it of attaching a "see" to the end every phrase, as "I went down-n today, see, and I ran into Marg. lee., I hadn't seen her for months,

A woman was telling of a hold-up charm. On a certain occasion when experience of the evening before. She said she was sure she was going to be "at-+ k-ted," instead of "at-takt," the proper pronunciation for at-tacked. Another tells that her husband is "ath-e-let-ic," instead of "ath-letic." A common error is heard in "bronikal" instead of "bron-ki-al." "Cimme" for "give me," and "Didje" or "Did ju" for "did you," and "I was goin" and "I kep the

hat" are unkempt, slovenly words and phrases, comparable in impression making to unkempt, slovenly, frayed dresses—a poor letter of introduction in either case.

"Lookut" for "look at" or "look" another common error. Also hth" for height. Also "give "heighth" for heighter" and "give 'im." Asked is pronounced "ahskt'-not

ise is pronounced "be-kaws"-

be-cuz."

ary is pronounced "sal-a-ry"

sel-e-ry."

ary pronounced "as-p ragus is pronounced "as-par

-not "as-par-a-grass." dren is pronounced "children" "chil-dern."

mn is pronounced "col-um" wned is pronounced "dround"-drown-dead."

not "Feb-u-a-ry."

is pronounced "film"—not

the Kleigs and the footlights. Her lity has helped her reach he top of her profession. So, too, has her appealing voice which serves as a perfect accompaniment to and expression of the varied motions she enacts on the screen. It responds to her will as do the strings of the violin to a great

ing voice are simply bad habits which | Schiaparelli's glass-cloth aprons,

Danger of Losing Husband

To Another Revives

Charm and Grooming.

By Doris Blake

One of the trite themes peculiar

to a certain school of fiction is that

disposition, with the proverbial happy

We've just been told of an experi-

ence which proves there's more to

the theme than its triteness as a fic-

tion plot, that it works, in other

Paris Stylists Toy with Idea Of Short Skirts

Formal Gowns by Rochas, Fashion's 'Bad Boy,' Are Abbreviated at Front.

By Bettina Bedwell

TEW YORK (Special)—The midseason Paris style shows pack bomb-shells that may blow our present evening fashions into oblivion. There has been unease in the secret ateliers of some of the live-wire youngsters of the Paris couture for quite a spell. They've been getting ready to break loose and give styles some real action. They got under way in the midseason collections. An attempt to rout fashions as-is has begun with the evening clothes snown by these youthful spirits.

The most dangerous attack on present styles is that of Marcel Rochas, youthful insurgent and bad boy of the French dressmakers. He is showing evening dresses with skirts half-way to the knees in front. He gives notice that this is just a start, and that there will be plenty more short evening skirts in his real spring show. Everybody in Paris is asking: "Are women going to go back to a freedom-of-the-knees program in evening clothes?" Are they?

If skirts rise the whole dress-scape is going to chance in a lot of ways. The entire picture has to be altered when a skirt is short

Another star change in the evening dress silhouette is the return of the bloused and baggy bodice, done by Molyneux, another young dressmaker. and already shown on this page. The bloused waist forces the rest of the dress to change, as does the short

Less gunpowder, but just as much annihilation, load the evening styles of Mainbocher and Schiaparelli. Mainbocher attacks the present do not realize how emotional is the school of "important" evening clothes voice appeal until you have to suffer in his striking supple, flowing evean hours listening to a harsh, shrill, ning ensembles of chiffon, garlanded nasal or flatly monotonous voice. It with flowers. They are spring song gets on the nerves. Consistently the in cloth, shy and maidenly, and conpleasant voice affects the emotions tinents away from impressive gold cloth gowns and stiff robes de style Most things wrong with the speak- that abound just now.

be your own severest critic. Speaking force new conceptions of dress. Girls among these are: day, listning hard for the full, reso- other single thing to make our modnant tore, and pronounce each word ern styles unlike any fashions of the revers and bibs that make enormous

Jeanne Lanvin's giant sparkling modern slim line.

head. Lead aloud a couple of lines a Fabrics are doing more than any side of the skirt to look like the name. at the waistline to a semblance of the Paris dressmakers when they make

At left-Schiaparelli makes the apron tunic on this evening dress entirely of glass, rose-colored glass woven into cloth.

The dress beneath is of deep purplish blue taffeta. The shoulder straps are covered with rose crystal flowers.

Second from the left and upper right-Mainbocher makes fashion history with this lilac chiffon dress and lilac tulle

cape. Lilacs are at the belt and ruffles are the decellete of the dress. Center-By tucking the skirt of this evening

Revolt Brewing on Rue de Laix

evening dresses—rose pink, tender Flowers are used on many evening lilac, cornflower blue, and masturtium or white wines. chestworks loom on evening dresses. dresses and in new ways. New flow- orange. Black is the leading color

black with white the first color sauces egg and fish dishes, certain spring French shows. Below, at the cessful.

black and white printed satin. The

of southern evening wraps-A two-"You hear," concludes Mrs. X, "a tiered cape made of lilac-colored tulle terrific lot of tommyrot about men from Mainbocher, with a simple, preferring their women dumb. Just rounded shoulder yoke from which try being dumb, as I did, and see the frilly tiers hang, and a lilac chifwhat they prefer. Certainly not a fon evening dress. The dress is exstodgy creature with only a lot of in-consequential movie gossip and bridge scores with which to regale them. cluster of lilacs at the belted waist-That's all right for flavoring, but not line. This is the real spring song for the whole course. However, it evening mode that the whole of isn't so much what the woman says Paris and the buyers went mad as the fact that she is doing some- about. You'll see it over here ere

Tunic of Rose-Colored Glass The Schiaparelli knockout at the

fact that when you are engaged in of rose-colored glass. The shoulder an interesting study, and I don't care straps are made of small flowers of what it is, you can't help but be more crystal that keep up the suggestion alive to a number of things beside the of fashion through rose-colored particular one you're studying. You glasses. The glass apron doesn't quite don't even have to be a whiz at what reach the top so that a bit of the you take up. I'm no Lily Pons. I'll deep purplish taffeta foundation never be rushed to sign any kind of dress shows above at the decollete, contrast. But I have something now and the whole lower skirt with its that I didn't have before and I know billowing train is in this color and it. Perhaps it is just a nice, decent, material. Schiaparelli calls this square at the back, just to the train. It's a simple trick to perform: In the center is pictured Lelong's

"Anyway, that's my story, and I new evening dress with a skirt that stick to my conviction that these is circled from top to bottom with of violet-colored silk crepe and the enormous loops across the back of the neck are part of a bow, the two ends of which make a pair of close set shoulder straps that are looped below the waistline belt.

Above, second from the right, is the bombshell of the Paris openings Add the meat, cut in thin slices.

## Sparkling Wine Secret of Tang In Many Dishes

Cooking with Spirits an Old Art American Housewives Should Re-Learn

By Mary Meade

WINE cookery is as old as civiliza-tion. For generations continentai chefs and wise home cooks have been teasing judicious touches of this and that out of sparkling wine bottlesadding tingling flavor to meals, complementing the natural goodness of foods, and often improving the texture of the dish itself.

In our own land wine cookery dates back to hospitable colonial kitchens, when an important part of the education of a gentlewoman was the proper use of wines and spirits in her meal making. Why is it, then, that today in America we who cook are having to start all over again to learn the secrets our great-grandmothers knew so weil?

Probably the biggest answer is found in the former cost of wine cookery. For many years most wines were imported and expensive. We had done little to develop our native vineyards. Then along came flavoring extracts, often with a basis of alcohol, and wines became still less of necessity for flavoring. National prohibition next entered the ring and the art of wine cookery had yet an-

Good News for Teetotalers Today, with the repeal of prohibition and the development of delicious

and reasonably priced native wines our tables may once more tempt lovers of good food with a whole new gamut of dishes made delectable by A jaunt through any wine cook-

book discloses an astounding array of possibilities. Meats and fish, sauces, vegetable dishes, hot and cold. and frozen desserts, cakes and beverages, even candies take on an added sparkle when flattered with wine and spirits. And-cheering news for the teetotalers—these foods may be eaten without the slightest prick of conscience, for in cooking, the alcohol is dissipated, leaving only the tantalizing wine flavor.

Even art has its rules-occasionally to be broken, but usually well worth following. Cookery rules for wines and spirits are simple and easily remembered.

Red wines should be used in cook ing dark fish and meats as well as in the sauce to accompany them.

cooked with white fish or meats.

Dry wines (unsweetened) are be in sheer or lustrous materials, and for the preparation of soups, piquant

white makes some of the most effec- deira, sauterne, common red or white tive evening gowns of the advance wine, or champagne are the most suc-In cooking with wines or spirits it bolero jacket of the same fabric, with is a mistake to attempt to substitute

cooking heat.

Chicken soup is a delectable something when prepared with one of the dry white wines.

CREAM OF CHICKEN SOUP (With dry white wine)

1 3-pound chicken 1 cup white dry wine 1½ quarts water

1 small onion, sliced 1 small carrot, sliced 2 stalks celery, cut up

12 peppercorns

1/2 bay leaf, crumbled 1 teaspoon salt

1 teaspoon beef extract 1 cup coffee cream, scalded Cut the chicken into sections and

place in a soup kettle with the wine, water and seasoning ingredients. Heat to the boiling point over a low fire. then simmer until the meat is tender Take out the chicken, remove the bones, and cut the meat in small pieces. Strain the soup stock. Cool the stock, skim off the fat, and then reheat it. Add the extract. Add the chicken to the stock. Just before serving stir in the scalded cream.

Left-Over Roast Beef

The end of yesterday's beef roast self-respect that inspires me now to shade "Chinese ink" and features it. turns itself into a temptation for epikeep my hair waved and dressed to The glass cloth apron dips down in a cures when given zest with claret. SAVORY BEEF

2 cups cold sliced beef 2 tablespoons butter

2 tablespoons flour 1 cup meat broth

1 tablespoon Worcestershire sauce

1½ teaspoons lemon juice ½ cup claret

Salt to season

Blend the flour and butter together over a low fire. When slightly browned, carefully stir in the broth and heat until smooth and thickened.

When this is hot, add the remaining ingredients and serve at once. CAULIFLOWER WITH CHEESE-WINE SAUCE

cup soft, nippy cheese, cut up 1 egg, well beaten 1 tablespoon butter

2 tablespoons flour 1½ teaspoon salt 1/4 teaspoon pepper teaspoon mustard 1 cup dry white wine

1 head cauliflower

Buttered toast

frock on the inside, Lucien Lelong creates an impression of bands and makes a style. The back of the bodice is just a big bow of the violet crepe-loops along the shoulders and ends making shoulder straps and loops below the belt. Above, second from the right-This is the first shortening of the evening skirt to occur in several years, and Marcel Rochas approaches the knees in length at the front of this black velvet skirt, while the back goes to the heels. The sash is striped lame. Below, at right-Gleaming black and white printed satin makes this Mainbocher evening dress, with a ruching of petals at the hem. The bolero jacket is a new southern evening wrap. Other changes that the Paris mid- | Mainbocher's glamorous printed ers are used-buttercups are massed can be prrected with sharp listening over trailing somber dresses that fly season collections announce for eve- satin evening ensembles with bolero below the throat on one dress, white and the desire to improve. Your best out at the back of the skirt, bring ning are less spectacular, but thril- jackets for wraps. camelias make a daisy-chain neckfriends vill never tell you. You must in the new era of materials which ling just the same. Important Alix's moven-age, nunlike dinner lace effect on another, great clusters dress-just like the loose from the of lilacs are attached to the waist of in too his tones is the common fault. who live in glass aprons throw stones Lucien Lelong's umbrella evening shoulders dress-with folds and folds another. Do not talk from the top of the at styles made of silks and satins. skirts that are tucked down the in- of material, and held by a silver belt. Flower colors are favorites with the

ricon-ment"—not "en-vira-ment."

Don't say "if I was you." Say "if Who Has Grown Dowdy, Careless

> creature that used to confront him its flowing sleeves, is a new style a wine for a spirit, or vice versa. And on his return evenings. I was doing spring wrap. The dress is a simple do not think to disguise a poor prosomething. That something gave me sheath softly draped along the shoul- duct by using it in wine cookery. It a little "flash," shall we call it? Per- ders, and all frou-frou at the hem, just won't work. Remember also that with a ruching made of petals cut both wines and spirits call for low sonally I think it a very good thing from the material. to call it because it was the thing of Second from he left and at the which I had none before I was jolted upper right are the most enchanting out of my smug complacency.

thing which entitles her to be heard long. as if she may have something interesting to say.

"More to he point, however, is the left has an apron tunic made entirely appear anywhere on a moment's no-

favorites' former husbands."

# Obviate Risk of Supper Mishaps

## As she tells it, she got into the habit into which women automatically fall when there isn't an atten-"I rehearsed some of the old songs Sardine Servers

and seam just right. Otherwise, the sharp corners which form the chief beauty of the quilt will be lost. This is a comparatively new pattern as a comparatively new pattern as and seam just right. Otherwise, the sharp corners which form the chief is a comparatively new pattern as and seam just right. Otherwise, the sharp corners which form the chief is a comparatively new pattern as a comparatively new pattern as and the ceneral lethers into which sharp could mand the ceneral lethers into well. I could mandered that question well. I could mandered that powerful lot of feeling into that song. It went over big with Jim. What any one else thought about it seen real efficiency until you've looked on money. There were horrible pounds to be shed, created by bridge feasts a comparatively new pattern as which form the chief in the country of the parts openings.

You Sunday supper lovers haven't seen real efficiency until you've looked on money. There were horrible pounds to be shed, created by bridge feasts and the ceneral lethers into the country of the parts openings.

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I put a powerful lot of feeling into that song. It went over big with Jim.

What any one else thought about it seen real efficiency until you've looked on money. There were horrible pounds to the beauty treatments easily and the country of the parts openings.

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You Sunday supper lovers haven't you've looked that song. It went over big with Jim.

I didn't put a powerful lot of feeli a comparatively new pattern as quilt patterns go and originated in Texas.

This patterns go and originated in this server. It wasn't hard to shout action the pattern as the girl I used to be. It wasn't hard to shout action the pattern as the girl I used to be. It wasn't the girl I used to be. It wasn't hard to shout action the pattern as the girl I used to be. It wasn't hard to shout action the pattern as the girl I used to be. It wasn't hard to shout action the pattern as the girl I used to be. It wasn't hard to shout action the pattern as the girl I used to be. It wasn't hard to shout action the pattern as the girl I used to be. It wasn't hard to shout action the pattern as the pattern Texas.

This pattern is from Quilt Book
No. 9. which contains six other patterns. For your copy send 10 cents in stamps or coin to Quilt Department of the Beston Herald-Traveler, ment of the Beston Herald-Traveler, ment of the Beston Herald-Traveler, 500 Fifth avenue, New York, N. Y.

Be sure to ask for Book No. 9.

This pattern is from Quilt Book this rim 1 over. It wasn't hard to about getting them off once I'd made about getting them off once I'd m d. The girl was an right, I'm not much of a joiner to any kind school, art school, interest decorating, is lost, just pull out the handle of the of evening styles in a big way by spring.

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words. We have the "heroine's" permission to print it, anonymously. Hers was the old tale of a woman whose husband was deeply immersed in business. It was his only interest. He wanted to make money and more

money, and he did. For quite a while Mrs. X, we'll call her, accepted her man's loss of interest in her and in his home as part of the game of marrying the kind of man to whom money and power means everything. Even when he began spending more and more evenings away from home her suspicions were not aroused. Her Jim, we shall call him, wasn't a chaser. He wasn't a night club man. She had her bridge cronies and she took in the movies regularly, and business women. She had a keen an old talent that used to get me matines. She never wanted for

STAR OF MANY POINTS

mind, too and a good sense of humor, more than faint praise from my hus-

tive man about. She became slumped rival. But I did see that she was saying a word to Jim. in appearance, didn't bother about clicking on all four, whereas I had become pretty much of a washout ignation enveloped her, until one day physically and mentally. I realized, I used to know, persuaded my teacher one of those good friends who love too, that my man, if he fell for any to let me sing one of these at an early

"This I wasn't willing to admit band in earlier days, I sang, I played

This is a very lovely pattern but one not to be attempted by the novice in quilt-making. It calls for extreme care in getting each corner extreme care in getting each corner in the control of the contr

HERALD Boston, Mass. JAN 6 1935

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HERALD Boston, Mass. 1935 JAN 6

## CURLEY STARTS OUSTER MOVE

Challenges Right of Hultman, Five Judges Named By Ely to Hold Office

By W. E. MULLINS

Gov. Curley yesterday challenged the legal right to hold their new offices of Eugene C. Hultman, chairman of the metropolitan district commission, the five district court judges qualified for the bench last week by Gov. Ely, and the clerk of the Westfield district court.

The Governor called on Atty.-Gen. Warner to institute quo warranto proceedings in the supreme court to determine Chairman Hultman's present status and said he would ask the attorney-general for an opinion on the district court judges and the clerk of courts because former Gov. Ely did not sign the executive council qualification book after having administered the oath of office to them.

The district court judges whom he has threatened to move are Judge John H. Sullivan of the fourth district court of Plymouth; Judge Ethel E. Mackiernan of the Nantucket district court; Special Justice Jennie Loitman Barron of the western Norfolk district Warner to institute quo warranto pro-

(Continued on Page Fourteen)

Atty.-Gen. Warner had left his onice for the day before Gov. Curley's communication was delivered to the state's law enforcement department. Accordingly he declined last night to make any comment on the situation.

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Under the provisions of the acts of 1906, chapter 291, section 7, it is provided that the police commissioner of the city of Boston "shall not engage in any other business," and it is also provided that he "shall hold his office until his successor is appointed and qualified." It would appear, therefore, that at the time of his appointment to the office of chairman of the metropolitan district commission Mr. Hultman was not eligible for such appointment and that he therefore holds such office without legal right thereto.

In these circumstances it is your thereto

In these circumstances it is your manifest duty in accordance with the provisions of section 12 of chapter 249 of the general laws to proceed in the supreme judicial court by way of an information in the nature of quo warranto to determine Mr. Hultman's right to hold the office of chairman of the metropolitan district commission and I request you to do so.

The Governor's procedure in raising these fine points of law was interesting to observers last night but they generally expressed the opinion that the status of each of those challenged will be upheld by the supreme court or the attorney-general.

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As far as the district court justices and the clerk of courts are concerned, each of them holds a commission propeach of them notes a commission properly certified and signed by former Gov. Ely and possession of the commission invariably has been regarded as adequate authority to hold an office. The neglect to sign the qualifications book was cited as nothing more important than a ministerial technicality employed only to aid in keeping the secretary of state's isterial technicality employed only to aid in keeping the secretary of state's

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OUSTER MOVE

Green XIII. AZIN- GYZIN

gires! Small waist

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(Continued from First Page)

court; Special Justice John C. Pappas of the Gloucester district court and Special Justice M. Fred O'Connell of the Fitchburg district court.

The clerk of courts is Richard C. Morrissey of the Westfield district

court.

The drive to remove Hultman was based on the charge that he did not resign his position as police commissioner of Boston prior to his appointment as metropolitan district commission chairman. This is sufficient to disqualify him, the Governor maintained, because of the statute which prohibits the police commissioner from engaging in any other business and the one that directs him to hold office until his successor is qualified for service.

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THE WEATHER

> HERALD Boston, Mass.

> > 1935 JAN 6

## CURLEY TO ADDRESS | SELECTMEN'S ASS'N EMERGENCY RALLY | ENDS SESSION HERE

Curley Is Not 'Town-Minded,' Says Retiring President

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HERALD

Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

BOSTON

Axel B. Zetterman of Ashland, retiring president of the Massachusetts Selectmen's Association, told members yesterday afternoon at the second and concluding day of the association's annual meeting in the Gardner auditorium at the State House that "our new Governor is not town-minded."

Although Gov. Curley had been invited to address the selectmen he was unable to appear because of the press of his new duties.

Zetterman made his comment regarding Curley when he told the selectmen that they could not predict with any degree of accuracy what the new Legislature would do for them in the way of legislation affecting the towns and that he did not know what to ex-

pect from the Governor's office.
At the annual election of officers,
Selectman John A. Haselton of Deerfield was elected president to succeed Zetterman. Other officers elected were Harry S. Torry, Rockland, vice-presi-dent; Dr. W. L. Shipman of Paxton, secretary; J. Clarence Thorne of Mil-ton treasurer and Zetterman ton, treasurer, and Zetterman, executive secretary.

Arthur G. Rotch, state ERA admin-Arthur G. Rotch, state ERA administrator, another speaker, told the gathering that it was impossible to predict the course of the ERA in this state because of developments in Washstate because of developments in Washington during the last few days. Rotch said the state ERA had decided sometime ago that the family unit was the most needy, although the single person was justly eligible for relief.

J. Fred Wheeler, Wayland selectman, in commenting on Rotch's explanation, said: "Families seem to be at a premium today. You have to go out and marry

day. You have to go out and marry against widow with some children in order ernment.

Boston, Mass.

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JAN 6 1935

### CURLEY MONKEY IS HOSPITALIZED

Pet Given to Governor's Son Tips Over Disinfectant and Swallows Some

A pet ringtail monkey which was presented to Francis X. Curley, younges! son of Gov. Curley, at Christmas, was under treatment last night at the Angell Memorial Hospital, suffering from burns caused when it tipped over a bottle of disinfectant.

The pet, in trying to rid its fur of the fluid, swallowed some. The monkey's condition was described last night by Dr. Erwin F. Schroeder, veterinarian, as comfortable.

Francis, much concerned over the condition of his pet, visited the hos◀ pital on Longwood avenue during the day, but was reassured that unless un-foreseen complications occur, the monkey would recover.

> HERALD Boston, Mass.

to gain any benefits from federal re-

Carl W. Buckler, director of the state ERA rural rehabilitation division, declared htat subsistence farms are desirable for Massachusetts.

Henry F. Long, state commissioner of clared that subsistence farms are deselectmen that a retail sales tax is the part logical step in figurely the cost.

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of government in this state.

The association went on record against the abolition of county govrecord

recommendation of Gov. Curley, who yesterday advised Fred Kimball, superintendent of buildings, to give the matter his attention.

Gov. Curley is particular

Colonial Theatre Meeting to Precede Church Appeals

A meeting in the Colonial Theatre, Saturday night, Jan. 12, at which Gov. Curley will be the principal speaker will precede the appeals for support of the emergency campaign of 1935 which will be made Jan. 13 from almost every church pulpit in Greater Boston and from local radio stations.

The campaign will be actively launched Jan. 14 at 9 A. M. when the opening of the drive will be heralded by the firing of guns on the Common. the blasts of whisales on harbor boats, sound trucks, and signs which will be displayed in store windows, atop police signal boxes and at the principal street intersections throughout Boston.

The goal of the campaign is \$4,000.-600,000, which is needed for the support of the 97 private charitable agencies which must have adequate finances to continue their relief work.

As a prelude to the Colonial Theatre meeting, a dozen debutantes will ride on horses through the Back Bay and downtown districts. They will carry lances to which campaign pennants will be attached.

Prior to 7:30 o'clock, when the meeting will be opened, the girl riders will meet at campaign headquarters at 70 Federal street and will escort "Father Boston" and his Town Crier to the

There will be 100 "ringside" seat tickets which will be released from balloons above the business district early this week. These will be the only reserved tickets.

In addition to a corps of speakers, the theatre program will include music by the Campaign Symphonic orchestra and entertainment by stage and yaude.

and entertainment by stage and vaudeville stars.

> HERALD Boston, Mass.

### Ad Men to Hear Curley In First Formal Talk

Gov. Curley has chosen the luncheon of the Advertising Club of Boston at the Hotel Statler, at 12:30 P. M. Tuesday, for his first formal address since his inauguration. His topic has not been announced.

# CURLEY BACKS

Would Acquire Total of 4796 Acres Near Fall River With U.S. Aid

Gov. Curley announced last night his support of a proposal to build 2000 homes on state-owned land near Fall River if the federal government would help in financing the construction under its

proposed subsistence homestead program.

A large section of the land is under the control of the state department of conservation. The Governor said he would recommend an appropriation cf \$15,000 to acquire a neighboring tract.

His statement said in part:

The commonwealth at the present The commonwealth at the present time is in possession of 1988 acres of land within 10 miles of Fall River. The preliminary steps have been taken to acquire 2808 acres additional, making a total of 4796 acres. In the event federal co-operation is obtained in a subsistence homestead program, arrangements can be made for the construction of some 2000

homes which would permit of one acre to a home and where gardens could be planted and the necessary produce raised for the sustenance of a family.

The remainder of the acreage could be developed as a park and the prospect for a more inviting development is such that it is my purpose to recommend the appropriation of the reommend the appropriation of the required sum of approximately \$15,000 for acquiring the necessary land so that in the event of federal participation it should be possible to start work in 60 days and a development of this character should employ some 2000 men during the years that would be required to complete the work.

# 2000-HOME PLAN

> HERALD Boston, Mass.

> > JAN 6 1935

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square

HERALD Boston, Mass.

Curley Is Not 'Town-Minded,'

Says Retiring President

ing president of the Massachusetts Selectmen's Association, told members

yesterday afternoon at the second and

concluding day of the association's an-

nual meeting in the Gardner audito-

rium at the State House that "our new

Although Gov. Curley had been in-

vited to address the selectmen he was

unable to appear because of the press

Zetterman made his comment re-

garding Curley when he told the select-

men that they could not predict with

men that they could not predict with any degree of accuracy what the new Legislature would do for them in the way of legislation affecting the towns and that he did not know what to expect from the Governor's office.

At the annual election of officers, Selectman John A. Haselton of Deerfield was elected president to succeed Zetterman. Other officers elected were Harry S. Torry, Rockland, vice-president; Dr. W. L. Shipman of Paxton, secretary; J. Clarence Thorne of Milton, treasurer, and Zetterman, executive secretary.

Arthur G. Rotch, state ERA administrator, another, and secretary another, and secretary.

Governor is not town-minded."

of his new duties.

Axel B. Zetterman of Ashland, retir-

JAN 6 1935

## CURLEY TO ADDRESS | SELECTMEN'S ASS'N EMERGENCY RALLY , ENDS SESSION HERE

Colonial Theatre Meeting to Precede Church Appeals

A meeting in the Colonial Theatre, Saturday night, Jan. 12, at which Gov. Curley will be the principal speaker will precede the appeals for support of the emergency campaign of 1935 which will be made Jan. 13 from almost every church pulpit in Greater Boston and from local radio stations.

The campaign will be actively launched Jun. 14 at 9 A. M. when the opening of the drive will be heralded by the firing of guns on the Common. the blasts of whisales on harbor boats, sound trucks, and signs which will be displayed in store windows, atop police signal boxes and at the principal street intersections throughout Boston.

The goal of the campaign is \$4,000.-000,000, which is needed for the support of the 97 private charitable agencies which must have adequate finances to continue their relief work.

As a prelude to the Colonial Theatre meeting, a dozen debutantes will ride on horses through the Back Bay and

on horses through the Back Bay and downtown districts. They will carry lances to which campaign pennants will be attached.

Prior to 7:30 o'clock, when the meeting will be opened, the girl riders will meet at campaign headquarters at 70 Federal street and will escort "Father Boston" and his Town Crier to the theatre.



2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

**Press Clipping Service** 

HERALD Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

### CURLEY MONKEY IS HOSPITALIZED

Pet Given to Governor's Son Tips Over Disinfectant and Swallows Some

A pet ringtail monkey which was presented to Francis X. Curley, younges son of Gov. Curley, at Christmas, was under treatment last night at the Angell Memorial Hospital, suffering from burns caused when it tipped over a bottle of disinfectant.

The pet, in trying to rid its fur of the fluid, swallowed some. The monkey's condition was described last night by Dr. Erwin F. Schroeder, veterinarian, as comfortable.

Francis, much concerned over the condition of his pet, visited the hospital on Longwood avenue during the day, but was reassured that unless unforeseen complications occur, the monkey would recover.

> HERALD Boston, Mass.

1935 JAN 6

#### CURLEY ORDERS ART RETOUCHED

Paintings of Former Governors Will Be Cared for-Changes in Office Furniture

Paintings of former Governors, which decorate the walls of the executive department at the State House, will be retouched and varnished upon the recommendation of Gov. Curley, who yesterday advised Fred Kimball, superintendent of buildings, to give the matter, his attention

yesterday advised rred Ambah. Superintendent of buildings, to give the matter his attention.

Gov. Curley is particularly concerned with the preservation of the large oil painting of Samuel Adams, fourth Governor of the commonwealth and noted revolutionary figure. The painting hangs directly over a radiator in the Governor's office. The heat is damaging the canvas, according to the Governor, and he has requested a reflecting hood for the radiator.

While on the subject of arts and interiors, yesterday, the Governor said he was changing some of the furniture in his office. He had ordered a new desk chair for himself.

Two of the present chairs, as well as a couch, were removed yesterday afternoon.

> **GLOBE** Boston, Mass.

# TICS AND POLITICIANS

By JOHN D. MERRILL

The inauguration of Gov Curley last Thursday was well worth seeing as a spectacle, if for no other reason. Gladsome is an old-fashioned word which might properly be applied to it. Never before in two generations, to go no further back, has there here on such an occasion says the says of the sa arter the ceremony which made him the Chief Executive of the Commonwealth. His personality and the two sweeping political victories he won last Fall have made him the most popular man in the State.

His inputural address ways fall as abandon those matters and, by so doing, gain strength for other issues which are more important in his program.

The state of the Commonwealth is personality and the two program.

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The state of the Common in the State of the Common is the Senate of the Senate in a tie. When that has gone on far enough they will try again to obtain some of the chair-manships, and it is quite possible they may succeed. His inaugural address was full of Filibustering in the Senate

direct and important recommendawill fall by the wayside, but some, in spite of what many people take to be their radicalism, will be adopted. As the months go by he cannot lail to rouse opposition, but in the near future he will probably have his way. For, although the Republicans have on paper a majority of six in the House of Representatives, two in the Senate, and one in the Executive Council. The Governor will spite the miner of the committee chairmanships. Senator Erland F. Fish, Republican, who was president in 1933 and 1934. tions for legislation. Some of them

familiar with methods and matters equally on Beacon Hill. That circumstance parties.

Daniel H. Coakley, the only Democrat in that body who is not new
this year. Gov Curley and Mr Coakley have not always been friends,
but they seemed to come together
during the recent political campaign; at least, Mr Coakley did not
oppose Mr Curley when the latter
was a candidate for the Democratic 

there been on such an occasion so much enthusiasm as Mr Curley's gestion that county government be triends showed before, during and abolished in the State, but he can about the state a

is by no means unimportant.

Gov Curley's success with the able to reelect Pres Fish if one of Gov Curley's success with the council may depend to some degree their number, Senator James G. Moon and the council may depend to some degree their number, Senator James G. Moon and the council or may be senator that the council or may be senator to the council or

number of Democrats at 18 last week, but his absence made no difference, since, as has been said, the election of a president has not yet come up.

For, although Mr Fish, with the backing of his fellow Republicans, has The delay in the election of a President of the Massachusetts Senate may dent of the Massachusetts Senate may continue indefinitely, but will probable that he may be willing conceivable that he may be willing that he may be willing conceivable that he may be willing that he may be will not conceivable the may be will not conceivable that he may be

two in the Senate, and one in the Executive Council. The Governor will find it by no means impossible to overcome those small margins when the matter is one in which he is particularly interested.

His office force contains members who are acquainted with the men and women in the Legislature and familiar with methods and matters.

Senator Erland F. Fish, Republican, who was president in 1933 and 1934, and has been renominated by his party for the current session, takes the attitude that in accordance with custom, the majority is entitled to all custom, the majority is entitled to all rice do not thoroughly approve of the dilatory tactics they have carticularly interested.

His office force contains members who are acquainted with the memberships; but he has stated that the membership of the committees will be divided as nearly equally as possible between the two equally as possible between the two some feeling among the older men, but no one has broken away from the caucus.

on his relations with Councilor ran of Mansfield, who as senior mem-ber-elect called the Senate to order solidly for Mr Moran if they cannot

the staid, conservative Republicans looked on him as a rather dangerous ber of committee reports will be overshowever, and Mr Saltonstall was House from Springfield. At that time the staid, conservative Republicans radical because he supported William J. Bryan for the Presidency. In subsequent years Mr Davenport became a Republican. He stands on his own feet, as he did 35 years ago, and as has been said, the Republicans seem to be a little fearful about him, although he has not yet given them cause for alarm. According to reports, he is greatly interested in taxation, and will probably be heard from on that subject when the Senate settles down to business.

The House of Representatives had no trouble in completing its organ ization last week and preparing itset ization. The Democrats of the Legislature after the two men were not very ago, when Mr Hays after a defect in 1930 ran again for the House, Mr Sallon in 1930 ran again for the House, Mr Sallon in 1930 ran again for the two men were not very ago, and it to each other, but two years ago, when Mr Hays after a defect in 1930 ran again for the two men were not very after a defect in 1930 ran again for the fouse, Mr Sallon in 1930 ran again for the fouse, Mr Sallon in 1930 ran again for the fouse, Mr Sallon in 1930 ran again for the fouse, Mr Sallon in 1930 ran again for the fouse, ago, when Mr Hays after a defect in 1930 ran again for the fouse, and

the total will be 20, and, as there are mote. The Republicans have that in 20 Republicans who presumably will vote for Mr Fish, a tie will result. As a matter of fact, the illness of Senator William A. Davenport at matter of fact, the illness of Senator William A. Davenport of Greenfield, especially since he voted ator-Elect Francis M. McKeown, Democrat, of Springfield, kept the number of Democrats at 18 last week. of Greenfield, especially since he voted with the Democrats, early Thursday morning, in asking for a recess. Mr Davenport, however, has not yet manifested any intention of deserting Mr Fish.

The Greenfield Senator is well known to older people at the State House. In 1899 4nd 1900 he served as a Democratic member of the House from Springfield. At that time the staid, conservative Republicans in grow the when the very with the organization of the House which deserves notice. Six years ago, when Leverett Saltonstall of Newton was for the first time a candidate for speaker, he was vigorously opposed by Representative Martin Hays of Brighton, one of the veteran member of the House from Springfield. At that time the staid, conservative Republicans thrown this year in the Legislature elected Speaker. For some time there-

The things for which the Demo- not try to make trouble for the Re-

still a member of the House. The latter becomes floor chairman of the Committee on Rules and thus the representative of the Speaker. Lawyrepresentative of the Speaker. Lawyers, it is well known, like to be on the Judiciary Committee, but Mr Cahill has had that experience, and most people who are familiar with the Legislature and its doings would prefer the post Mr Cahill now holds to the one he had last year.

There are five women in the House

There are five women in the House this year, the largest number that body he ever had. The three vet-erans are Mary Livermore Barrows of Melrose, Emma E. Brigham of Spring-field and Mollie A. Sweetser of Reading, all Republicans. The new members are Katherine A. Foley of Lawrence, Democrat, and Katherine V Parker of Lancaster, Republican.

> GLOBE Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

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Governor Says He Held Two State Offices

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Gov Curley challenges the Hultman appointment on the ground he was still Police Commissioner when he was sworn in as the M. D. C. chairman, which is contrary, the Governor says, to the law.

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The Governor also questions the appointment of five judges and one clerk of court. Ex-Gov Ely's failure to sign the book of qualifications in these six instances has caused Gov Curley to doubt if the incumbents are properly holding office.

The six are Mrs Jennie Loitman Barron of Brighton, special justice of the District Court of Western Norfolk; M. Fred O'Connell, special justice of the Fitchburg District Court; Ethel E. Mackiernan of Nantucket, special justice of the Nantucket District Court; John C. Pappas of Belmont, formerly secretary to Gov Ely, special justice of the Gloucester District Court; John H. Sullivan of Taunton, justice of the 4th District Court of Plymouth, and Richard Morrisey of Westfield, clerk of the Westfield District Court.

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Mr Warner said that on receipt of the letter he would give the problem his attention.

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The Governor went on to say that Joseph J. Leonard was appointed to succeed Commissioner Hultman on the same day—Dec 27—but did not take office until Dec 28.

"Since the earliest days of Massachusetts," the Governor said, "officials have not been permitted to do any other work until the end of their term of office and have been forbidden to enter into one position until the completion of their term preceding it."

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WORKNEY FIND CACOLINE

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON

> **GLOBE** Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

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Dr Erwin F. Schroeder, who is attending the sick pet, holds little hope for his recovery. Applying emergency treatment, the doctor administered a powerful antidote to offset the effects of the antiseptic swallowed by the monkey. The animal was taken to the hospital yesterday noon by an employe of the Governor. A victim of his own curiosity, and playfulness that had so endeared him to his master, the small monkey found a bottle of disinfectant and

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The pet monkey, which is quite small, is said to be of South American origin.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

> **GLOBE** Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

conversation of mothers will, to the extraordinary remarks of their off-

When young Mrs Gunthner, whose baby was all of 8 months old, told in great detail with what intelligence her progeny said "Ga-ga," the features of the hostess were seen to set in a grim line.

"My Lillian speaks French," she

said.

Conversation stopped.

"French?" asked Mrs Gunther.

"French," said Mrs V., "and as soon as Lillian returns from school, you shall hear her."

The women maden acoretenses ident Roosevelt to Congress and said that in the event of Federal cooperation arrangements can be made to build 2000 homes near Fall River.

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> JAN 6 1935

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Charles Mannion, chauffeur to the
Governor, was appointed to the grade

of special officer sergeant in the State

Sergt O'Leary, formerly a member of the Boston Globe staff, has been a member of the State police two years. His home is in Winchester.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

> POST Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

#### MISS CURLEY INVITED BY ITALIAN WOMEN

Miss Mary Curley, daughter of Governor Curley, and First Lady of the Commonwealth, heads the list of prominent persons invited to attend the presidents' day exercises of the Women's Italian Club of Boston at the Hotel Somerset Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 9. Invitations have also been extended to Mrs. Mansfield, wife of the Mayor of Boston; Mrs. Armao, wife of the Italian consul-general; Mrs. Robert J. Culbert, president of the Boston City Federation; Miss Mary D. Clare, sixth district director, and Miss Clara Forte, president of the Italian Junior League.

POST Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

## **CURLEY ORDERS** SOFA REMOVED

#### Gubernatorial Couch Is Put in Storage

Indicating that there would be no rest for the weary in the Governor's office during the next two years, Gov-

office during the next two years, Governor Curley yesterday ordered removed from the executive chamber a soft leather couch, which had been there for at least 31 years.

Superintendent of Buildings Fred H. Kimball had his staff carry the black couch away to storage, so that it will be available if called for by future Governors. The couch was in the Governor's office in 1904 when he first entered the State service, Mr. Kimball explained, in attempting to estimate its age.

POST Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

believes the man had in some way obtained knowledge of it.

#### **CURLEY TO ADDRESS** ADVERTISING CLUB

in his first public appearance since In his first public appearance since his inauguration, Governor James M. Curley will address members of the Advertising Club of Boston at a luncheon in the Georgian Room of the Hotel Statler next Tuesday at 12:30. Members of the Governor's family will sit at the head table with him. Press Chp<sub>1</sub> ag Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> POST Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

# **ABULITION** OF COUNTIES IS OPPOSED

### Selectmen of State Will Fight Any Such Move

Violent opposition to the elimination of county government was voted yesterday at the closing session of the Massachusetts Selectmen's Association at the State House.

Action on the proposal as advocated by Governor Curley followed an address by Frederick Butler, of Andover, president of the Massachusetts County Commissioners Association, who urged government by the people and the towns instead of by State commission and burocracy.

#### ASSAILS PROPOSAL

County Commissioner Butler assailed the proposal to abolish county government without mentioning the Governor. He said he did not know what was to be abolished, unless it was the county commissioners themselves. The rest of the county government,

he said, including jails, courts and the registry of deeds, must go on. Under the present form of government, he said, county government was controlled, by the State, while the county had to pay the bills.

Judges are appointed by the Gover-nor, he said, and probation officers by the judges and the county pays the

'If the county commissioners were to make appointments, it would be politics," he said, "but when the judges appoint, it is ethics."

He said that while county commis-sioners were blamed for extravagance, salaries of the clerks of courts, the assistant clerks of courts and the probation officers are fixed by law.

#### Takes All the Blame

As an instance of what he termed the inconsistency in the present setup, Commissioner Butler said that while fines went to municipalites, the county has to pay for the expense of a jail sentence.

"The county government at present takes all the blame for the laws set by the State," he said.

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Selectman John A. Heselton of Deerfield was elected president. Other officers elected were: Harry S. Torrey, Rockland, vice-president; Dr. W. L. Shipman, Paxton, secretary; J. Clarence Thorne, Milton, treasurer, and L. Zetterman, Ashland, retiring didney, executive secretary.

> **GLOBE** Boston, Mass.

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> **GLOBE** Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

> POST Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

## **CURLEY OUTLINES** HOUSING PROPOSAL

State and U.S. May Build 2000 Homes

Gov Curley issued a statement yesterday afternoon commenting on the housing program outlined by President Roosevelt to Congress and said that in the event of Federal cooperation arrangements can be made to build 2000 homes near Fall River.

The Governor also said he had asked Commissioner Samuel A. York of the State Department of Conservation to draft plans for more C. C. C. camps and that when that is done he will recommend a suitable program.

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Sergt O'Leary, formerly a member of the Boston Globe staff, has been a member of the State police two years. His home is in Winchester.

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POST Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

## **CURLEY ORDERS** SOFA REMOVED

Gubernatorial Couch Is Put in Storage

Indicating that there would be no rest for the weary in the Governor's office during the next two years, Gov-

office during the next two years, Governor Curley yesterday ordered removed from the executive chamber a soft leather couch, which had been there for at least 31 years.

Superintendent of Buildings Fred H. Kimbali had his staff carry the black couch away to storage, so that it will be available if called for by future Governors. The couch was in the Governor's office in 1904 when he first entered the State service, Mr. Kimball explained, in attempting to estimate its age.

POST Boston, Mass.

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believes the man had in some way obtained knowledge of it.

#### **CURLEY TO ADDRESS** ADVERTISING CLUB

in his first public appearance since In his first public appearance since his inauguration, Governor James M. Curley will address members of the Advertising Club of Boston at a luncheon in the Georgian Room of the Hotel Statler next Tuesday at 12:30. Members of the Governor's family will sit at the head table with him. Press Chp<sub>1</sub> ag Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> POST Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

# **ABULITION** OF COUNTIES IS OPPOSED

Selectmen of State Will Fight Any Such Move

Violent opposition to the elimination of county government was voted yesterday at the closing session of the Massachusetts Selectmen's Association at the State House.

Action on the proposal as advocated by Governor Curley followed an address by Frederick Butler, of Andover, president of the Massachusetts County Commissioners Association, who urged government by the people and the towns instead of by State commission and burocracy.

#### ASSAILS PROPOSAL

County Commissioner Butler assailed the proposal to abolish county government without mentioning the Governor. He said he did not know what was to be abolished, unless it was the county commissioners themselves. The rest of the county government,

The rest of the county government, he said, including jails, courts and the registry of deeds, must go on. Under the present form of government, he said, county government was controlled by the State, while the county had to pay the bills.

Judges are appointed by the County

ay the bills.

Judges are appointed by the Goveror, he said, and probation officers by
he judges and the county pays the

"If the county commissioners were to make appointments, it would be politics," he said, "but when the judges appoint, it is ethics."

He said that while county commis-

solutions were blamed for extravagance, salaries of the clerks of courts, the assistant clerks of courts and the probation officers are fixed by law.

#### Takes All the Blame

As an instance of what he termed the commissioner Butler said that while fines went to municipalites, the county has to pay for the expense of a jail tence

sentence.

"The county government at present takes all the blame for the laws set by the State," he said.

Selectman John A. Heselton of Deerfield was elected president. Other officers elected were: Harry S. Torrey, Rockland, vice-president; Dr. W. L. Shipman, Paxton, secretary; J. Clarence Thorne, Milton, treasurer, and E. Zetterman, Ashland, retiring fident, executive secretary.

> **GLOBE** Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

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Governor Says He Held Two State Offices

## Also Questions Appointment of Five Judges by Ely

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Gov Curley challenges the Hultman appointment on the ground he was still Police Commissioner when he was sworn in as the M. D. C. chairman, which is contrary, the Governor says, to the law.

Doubts Judges' Status

The Governor also questions the appointment of five judges and one clerk of court. Ex-Gov Ely's failure to sign the book of qualifications in these six instances has caused Gov Curley to doubt if the incumbents are properly holding office.

The six are Mrs Jennie Loitman Barron of Brighton, special justice of the District Court of Western Norfolk; M. Fred O'Connell, special justice of the Fitchburg District Court; Ethel E. Mackiernan of Nantucket, special justice of the Nantucket District Court; John C. Pappas of Belmont, formerly secretary to Gov Ely, special justice of the Gloucester District Court; John H. Sullivan of Taunton, justice of the 4th District Court of Plymouth, and Richard Morrisey of Westfield, clerk of the Westfield District Court.

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The Governor went on to say that Joseph J. Leonard was appointed to succeed Commissioner Hultman on the same day—Dec 27—but did not take office until Dec 28.

"Since the earliest days of Massachusetts," the Governor said, "officials have not been permitted to do any other work until the end of their term of office and have been forbidden to enter into one position until the completion of their term preceding it."

"The removal is based on these grounds," he concluded.

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This was the Governor's statement when asked what action would be taken upon the petition of Conrad W. Crooker and others that the commissioners be removed.

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WORKMEN FIND CACOLINE

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

> **GLOBE** Boston, Mass.

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Dr Erwin F. Schroeder, who is attending the sick pet, holds little hope for his recovery. Applying emergency treatment, the doctor administered a powerful antidote to offset the effects of the antiseptic swallowed by the monkey. The animal was taken to the hospital yesterday noon by an employe of the Governor.

A victim of his own curiosity, and playfulness that had so endeared him to his master, the small monkey found a bottle of disinfectant and

With his youthful master, Francis began a close inspection of his new-ly-found plaything. It is believed the receptacle was knocked over and the contents spilled over the animal's fur and the floor. He then apparently either licked the liquid from the hody. his body.

Dr Schroeder said last night that only immediate application of an antidote could possibly have offset the quick-acting poison. A delay of even five minutes often proves fatal, he said. Treatment intended to sooth and relieve the inflamed parts was continued throughout the night by Dr Schroeder.

Dr Schroeder.
Constant watch of the monkey was maintained by attendants at the

hospital.

The pet monkey, which is quite small, is said to be of South American origin.

POST Boston, Mass.

# CURLEY SEEKS TO OUST ELY JUDGES

## Claims Five Illegally Appointed---Asks More Land for Fall River Housing Project

In a drive to replace State officials who were granted 11th hour appoint- e ments by former Governor Ely as he'n was leaving office, the legal status of five judges and of a court clerk was questioned last night by Governor Curley, after he had earlier ordered o Curley, after he had earlier ordered of after swearing in Patrick A. O'Connell of Brookline as a member of the board of managers of the Massachusetts Eye Eugene C. Hultman as chairman of the Metropolitan District Commis-it

Continued on Page 6-First Col.

in alleged violation of law.

The Governor pointed out that the law creating the office of police commissioner provided that the commis-

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square

> POST Boston, Mass.

said, hinting that the last minute shifts made by his predecessor could be in-

after swearing in the five judges and the court clerk was discovered late yesterday by Governor Curley.

This was when he turned to the book and Ear Infirmary. Mr. O'Connell was appointed by former Governor Ely on Nov. 14, but he was not sworn in until late yesterday when Governor Curley administered the oath.

#### Curley for More Land

Would Extend Fall River Tract to Permit Building of 2000 Homes-Wants CCC Work Extended

Purchase of land by the State for the purpose of providing sites for 2000 houses and camps for the CCC was planned last night by Governor Curley, so that The remainder of the acreage could Massachusetts may be in a position to be developed as a park, and the prosco-operate with the federal government, pects for a more inviting development Governor Curley announced yesterday

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York, State commissioner of conservation, the new Governor ordered the commissioner to draft plans for securing sufficient forest lands to increase the Civilian Conservation Corps membership by 300 per cent here, and to double the State-owned acreage near Fall River as a site for a federal housing development.

He pointed out that the State could purchase the housing land at about \$5 an acre, and that he would recommend the appropriation of \$15,000 to obtain

a large tract of this land
From Federal Emergency Relief Commissioner Harry L. Hopkins the new Governor received notification that an additional allotment of \$425,000 had been granted to Massachusetts for relief pur poses. This, the Governor said, would be used for ERA work projects here. He announced that Miss Elisabeth M.

Herlihy, secretary of the Boston City Planning Board, had whipped into shape a programme for public works projects aggregating \$100,000,000, following conferences with officials of the cities and towns throughout the Commonwealth, That his predecessor had neglected in towns throughout the Commonwealth, the rush of his last full day in office to sign the qualification book six times

"The federal programme as announced by President Roosevelt," said Governor Curley, "contains, as was anticipated, the abandonment of the extension of federal cash relief to the States and substituting therefor a public works

"The State commissioner of conservation has submitted a recommendation, setting forth the following facts: The Commonwealth of Massachusetts at the present time is in possession of 1988 acres of land within 10 miles of Fall River. The preliminary steps have been taken to acquire 2808 acres additional, making a total of 4796 acres.

"In the event federal co-operation is secured in a subsistent homestead programme, arrangements can be made for the construction of some 2000 homes which would permit of one acre to a home and where gardens could be planted and the necessary produce raised for the austenance of a family.

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#### ELY UPHOLDS JUDGES

Says They Were Legally Appointed and Sworn In-Also Sees No Ground for Hultman's Removal

Former Governor Ely last night declared his belief that no proceedings can be maintained against the validity of his qualification of five district court judges last Wednesday.

He was equally certain in his own mind that the quo warranto proceedings for the ousting of Eugene C. Hultman as chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission, as suggested by Governor Curley, cannot be sustained.
"I administered the oaths of office

required by the Constitutions of the State and the United States to the five judges and the clerk of courts," he said. "The oaths were administered in the presence of the council and many other witnesses. I signed the commissions in due form.

"The fact that I did not affix my sig-nature to the book does not in any way affect the legality of the appointments or the qualifications of the appointees.

"Moreover, I do not believe for a minute that there is the slightest ques-tion of the qualification of Mr. Hultman as chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission."

#### Curley Will Not Oust Racing Commission

Members of the State Racing Commission will not be removed as long as they carry out their duties properly,

in response to a petition that they be The petition was filed with the Gov-

ernor by a group headed by Conrad W. Crooker, who led the protest against the appointments when they were made by former Governor Ely a few months

"There is no middle course to take, said Governor Curley when asked to comment on the petition. "The people have voted. As long as the commission conducts its affairs as they should be conducted, they should be permitted to go ahead," he said.

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chevrons of a patrol sergeant were ordered yesterday for Charles E. Man-ion, who will continue to drive Gov-ernor Curley's official car during the next two years.

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#### Action Against Hultman

Some time earlier he had sent a letter Attorney-General Joseph E. Warner, calling upon him to take quo warranto proceedings in the Supreme Court for the Metropolitan District Commission.

declared that Hultman did not hand in his resignation as police commissioner until after he had been appointed head of the Metropolitan Commission, so he was holding two jobs alleged violation of law.

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office until his successor is appointed

Police Commissioner Joseph J. Leonard was not sworn in until the day after Mr. Hultman had taken the oath.

#### May Seek to Remove Leonard

That Governor Curley is considering measures seeking the removal of Police Commissioner Leonard was indicated in with the crown laws.

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# News of the Week as Seen by Goldsmith



POST Boston, Mass.

# Paroled Women Convicts More Likely to Be Re-Sentenced to Prison Than Released Males

When Should a "Con's" Case Be Reheard? Should Lifers Get Paroles After 18 Years? Why Is Norfolk Colony "Post-Graduate" Record So Good and That of Concord So Bad? A Study of Story's Various Phases

BY CHARLES P. HAVEN

Not a restriction of parole, but an extension of the policy of letting Massachusetts prisoners serve at least a part of their sentences out in society is a need of the day, according to Chairman Richard Olney of the State Board of Parole. Parole is demanded for the "Forgotter Man" of the prisons, the lifer without influence, without friends on the outside, without means to help himself.

This came out the other day in a chat I had with Mr. Olney. He believes that legislation should be passed to allow the Board of Parole to review the cases of lifers after they have served 18

Parole is always a bone of contention. There are more opinions concerning parole and probation than there are on what kind of a Governor Mr. Curley is going to make. And you can prove anything about parole that you set out to prove.

For example, you can prove that 80 per cent of a certain group of prisoners were sent back to prison for some sort of infraction of the laws of ordinances after being paroled. And then you can prove that 19 out of every 20 persons paroled go

#### Some Real Tough Guys

You will prove the first part of your finding correct when you take a group of hard guys from the Concord Reformatory who were jugged during the war years. During those years no one was put in the jug who could be saved for industry or the army.

As a result, those who did go were real tough hombres. When it came time for their paroles, and they seemed to justify them, they were released and weren't long in falling into their old habits.

into their old habits.

Francis B. Sayre, now an assistant Secretary of State, when he was Commissioner of Correction here in 1933, reported to the Governor that Concord ex-inmates fell back into criminality at the appalling rate of 80 per cent. Then you can turn to Charlestown and find that only 8.6 per cent of those released from that institution, which Governor Curiey advocated abolished in his inaugural, by the way, were sent back.

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And not to bore you with figures, you turn to the report from the Nor-folk Prison Colony and find the per-centage of revoked paroles even smaller, 7.6.

That's for men.

### Women's Rate Is High

When you get into the woman problem you don't find the picture quite such a pleasant one. Women once they do a stretch in prison seem to get into trouble without much difficulty, though, of course, the trouble need not be serious from the point of view of society, no matter how serious it may become for the poor thing who doesn't seem to be able to readjust herself to freedom.

Among women you get the highest rate of revocations, except inmates of the State Farm, the latter
being mostly alcoholics, and likely

Mr. Sayre offered this as his opin-

to fall again and again. Twenty and five-tenths per cent of paroled wom-en found their way back to the Re-formatory for Women in 1933.

The theft of \$20,000 worth of loot from the summer home of the late William A. Gaston by a couple of lads on parole caused much comment during the week. It was pointed out as a breakdown of the system and an indication that it was an evil rather than a good-from the point of view of society.

There's one thing that should be kept in mind. There are more offenders serving time on the outside of prisons in Massachusetts than there are behind the bars. If you revoke their paroles, wonder where you're going to put them. Charlestown is crowded, Norfolk is filled to capacity, as are all the other State institutions.

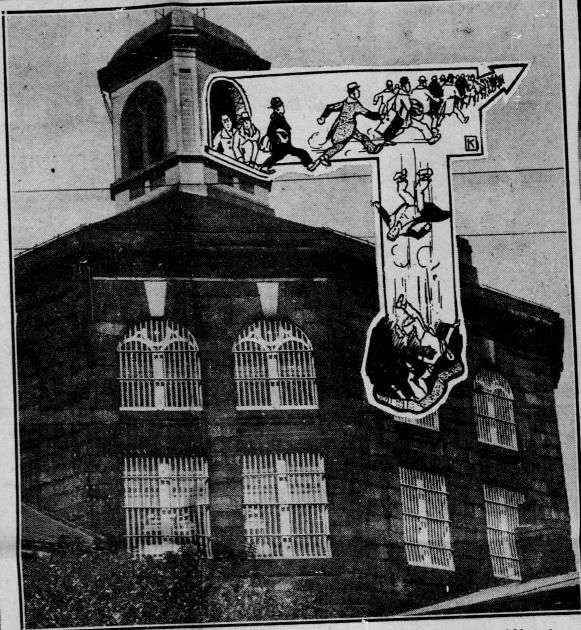
Concord's Bad Record

Prisons such as the Concord Reformatory really is—and not a re-formatory in any sense of the word -do not have much luck with their prisoners when they are released, though Charlestown's record would seem to belie this statement. Mr. Sayre said of the Concord institution:
"The Massachusetts Reformatory at Concord is a maximum constitution."

at Concord is a maximum security institution, built originally to serve the stitution, built originally to serve the purpose of a State prison. It contains maximum security cells and is very ill fitted and badly adapted for rehabilitative work of any kind."

He then tells of the 80 per cent revocations of parole and parole permits (granted those who have served their minimum sentences

tinues: "For this reason it seems extremely questionable whether youthful first offenders who can be rehabilitated



As the paroled man walks happily out of the Charlestown bastile to spend the latter par among his fellows, a comparatively free man, a few fall back in. Neither Frank Brooks, for long head of the Parole Board, nor Richard Olney, his successor, feel particularly discouraged at this. More prisoners are "serving their time" outside the prisons of Massachusetts than are behind the gray stone

Massachusetts prisoners:
"To the State Prison Colony at Norfolk should be transferred all the best rehabilitative prospects of the State, including the large number of such prisoners as are now sent to the Massachusetts Reformatory." Mr. Sayre saw a chance to cut down those 80 per cent of revocations of parole if this were done.

## Agrees With Governor

He went further than this. enunciated the same policy as did Governor Curley in his inaugural the other day. He advocated the abolition of Charlestown State Prison and the exection of a Receiving Station on the site for the distribution of prisoners, after study by psychiatrists, physicians, and other scientists allied criminal procedure these days,

Many there are who have advocated the elimination of the Charlestown bastile. Just the same, if you are going to concentrate the type of prisoner who may be concerned in prison breaks, the setting of fires in attempts at jail deliveries, assaults on guards, you've got to have your prison near enough to a first class police department so an effective bunch of cops can be thrown into the prison in a very few minutes.

At the present time, Deputy Super-intendent William W. Livingston of the Boston department has a flying corps of police he can place inside the walls of Charlestown in under 20 minutes. The last time a really serious at-

tempt was made to fire the prison, Deputy Livingston had his men inside the walls in 17 minutes. I don't know what you'd do if you had a serious riot so far out that it would take an hour, say, to mobilize a force of cops inside the walls.

Serious damage is always done there the small force of guards are left to handle such a situation. Death and destruction follow. Maybe it would be just as well to hurry slowly

### Laws Have Been Tightened

As a matter of fact, Massachusetts really has tightened up its parole laws recently. Two years ago a law was recently. Two years ago a law was passed giving the parole board the power to hold a prisoner beyond the expiration of his mison behavior if respective of his prison behavior, they deem such action to be to the best interest of the public.

This law applies to all prisoners sentenced subsequent to July 18, 1933. It was the Department of Correction, of which the parole board is a part, which had this law passed and which had advocated it for sevyears before getting it on the statute books.

### Many Never Go Back

Case after case could be quoted showing the the great majority of those placed on parole never get back into prison. But to expose them would do no good and a lot of harm. The average person is none too fair to the exconvict, no matter how little culpability attended his misdemeanor or felony, and no matter how good a citizen he has become since placed on parole.

Howard B. Gill, when he was super-Howard B, Gill, when he was super-intendent of Norfolk, gave his well be-haved prisoners as much leeway as possible within the walls. He estab-lished dormitories with rooms, rather than cells, for them. "Therefore, in-stead of having to wait for the distant reward of parole because of a good in-stitutional record, the reward was imstitutional record, the reward was im-

ion as to what should be done with mediate and had a more stimulating Massachusetts prisoners:

### A Grave Danger

Very few persons who have anything to do with the incarcerated man will advocate his being kept behind the bars, unless, of course, he has committed a heinous crime, as the Lindbergh such, for example, kidnapping and killing, or any kidnapping, for that matter.

You can't do very much to an extortioner, a kidnapper. He is pretty well shot before the police get hold

But in the case of the thief, especially the first offender, you will be told by Frank Brooks, for a score of years chairman of the Parole Board until he retired to run for the Executive Council last fall, Albert Bradley Carter, Statt Commissioner of Probation, and Albert J. Sargent, chief probation officer for the Boston Municipal Court, that the most dangerous phase of the case is the institutionalization of the prisoner. prisoner.
This institutionalization of a human

being renders him incapable to guiding his own life when he is released into the free world, these experts say.

## Lifers Need Care

They will tell you that a man kept in prison over a too long period comes depend upon every phase of his life depend upon every phase of his life being governed for him and loses the ability to govern it himself. That is why lifers sometimes apply for their old cells after they have been pardoned by

If they have been in prison too long someone must take care of them when they are pardoned. The institutionalization has rendered them in capable of caring for themselves. Mr. Olney's wish to reopen cases after lifers have been in prison 18 years, of course, takes this fact into considera-

There has been some criticism lately of the Parole Board, under Mr. Brooks

as well as the present chairman, or cism that declared the board to be i lenient. It may have been lenient, it it is far from playing any favorites the granting of paroles.

## Plays No Favorites

I have known Mr. Brooks for a high ber of years, pleasantly. I had casion to appear once before his bo casion to appear once before his bo in behalf of a first offender whor had known since he was a boy. He been implicated in a stickup, but done no shooting. In fact, he ran yards with a cop in pursuit and frained from shooting, although he armed.

Mr. Brooks turned us down cold.

next time I saw him I said, "Well, you didn't give us much of a break in the

"No, I didn't," he said. "No one who engages in a crime while armed will ever get a break from this board. Besides, my judgment was better than yours. You were prejudiced in the prisoner's favor, while I was unpreju-And, when put that way, maybe Mr. crooks was right at that!

## And So the Debate Continues

Mr. Olney, present head of the board, pointed out the other day that this is about the worst strain the parole system has had in its history. He said that there are plenty of persons without records who can't get jobs, as all the world knows, and it is particularly difficult for one who is known as an ex-convict to get employment. ex-convict to get employment.

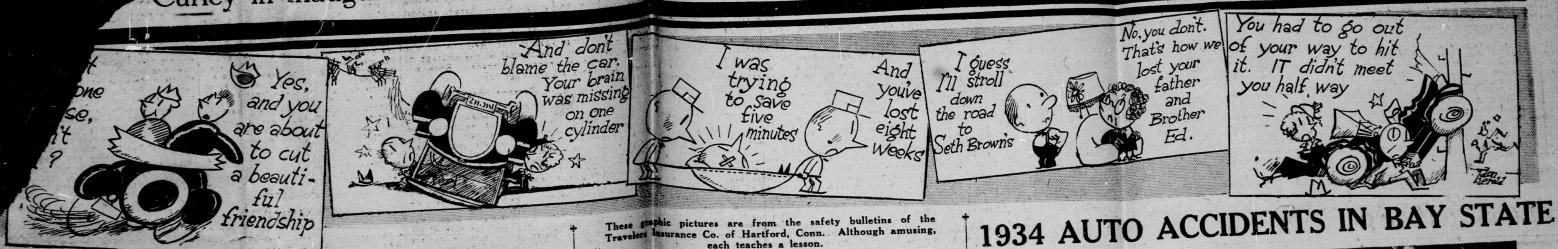
And so they debate the question, pa-

And so they depate the question, parole, pardon, probation. The three "P's." Most of the penalogists, the probation officers, the parole agents will tell you that the place not to have persons who haven't committed a heinous crime is behind hars. ous crime is behind bars.

While the irate citizen reading in a morning paper how a paroled Gerald Chapman or an antique thief goes back to his profession, sees red goes back to his profession, thieves and demands that all known thieves be put in jails. And where are going to get your jails?

# Ito Traffic Too Much for Polle Alone?

rts Offer Sensational New Plans to Curb "Legalized Motor Murder --- "Fixing," Exposed by Gov. Curley in Inaugural Address, One of Many Fast Growing Evils Endangering Public Safety



# WHAT'S WORSE THAN WAR ?



During the last 15 years—a period approximating the total duration of these six major wars—Americans killed in automobile accidents within the United States or who have died of such injuries have numbered 325,000.

Gr. Curley in his imangural last week, his the Iraffic noil on the head servered times. Naturally since then the tybole subject of right proof discussion.

By Daniel Davis

Tear off the page for 1934. It was cut by explicated gains. We want a server with the page for 1934. It was cut by explicated gains. We want a server with the page for 1934. It was cut by explored discussion. We want a server with the page for 1934. It was cut by explored of subject which are provided in the page for 1934. It was cut by explored gains. We want a server with the page for 1934. It was cut by explored gains. We want a server with the page for 1934. It was cut by explored gains. We want a server with the page for 1934. It was cut by explored gains. We want a server with the page for 1934. It was cut by explored gains. We want a server with the page for 1934. It was cut by explored gains and the page for 193

## New Page Is Clean

The new page for 1935 is still almost white. A few victims caused by the New Year's unholy marriage of the N gasolene and gin; a few more who . Applied to our traffic problem, that who learned no lesson of caution wonunurum and at least oner some sane from last year's appalling list of motor vehicle accidents. But for the tor vehicle accidents. But for the most part the record remains to be written by the 450,000 licensed operators of Bay State motor-cycles, trucks, school-busses and automobiles. While safety engineers puzzle over While safety engineers puzzle over last year's report and police departments issue new instructions to office the carry out.

Or some equally powerful group can more little tombstones for school children who would have fallen under the wheels of some reckless truck or pleasure car. We have branches of the National Safety Council, the Governments issue new instructions to officials, the traffic safety engineering branch with a recurring catastrophe which hitherto has failed to yield to all other treatments?

one or two of the problems about traffic control which touch each of us, that have not been widely recognized in the past.

For it is quite certain that we shall get nowhere in our attended.

For it is quite certain that we shall get nowhere in our attempts to save our families and ourselves from the full-time, full-power highway safety that threatens us all unless that the slightest minimized that their efforts, we must appreciate that they are individual stars when what some feel is needed is a ball team with some feel is needed is a ball team with the slightest minimized that their efforts, we must appreciate that they are individual stars when what some feel is needed is a ball team with some feel is needed is a ball team with the slightest minimized that their efforts, we must appreciate that they are individual stars when what some feel is needed is a ball team with the slightest minimized that their efforts, we must appreciate that they are individual stars when what some feel is needed is a ball team with the slightest minimized that their efforts, we must appreciate that they are individual stars when what some feel is needed is a ball team with the slightest minimized that their efforts, we must appreciate that they are individual stars when what some feel is needed is a ball team with the slightest minimized that their efforts, we must appreciate that they are individual stars when what some feel is needed is a ball team with the slightest minimized that their efforts, we must appreciate that they are individual stars when what some feel is needed is a ball team with the slightest minimized that the slightest minimized the slightest minimized that our families and ourselves from the plague that threatens us all unless threatens threatens us all unless threatens threatens us all unless threatens thre public-spirited people are willing to partment of Highway Safety to deal face a few facts. Mere criticism of with a modern problem as confusing as existing agencies isn't going to cut any of the great problem as confusing as down the death toll. However, the

A lot of rotten graph.

Those who see the matter. In this single year of the World war, not to single ye enough brains to give an ant a head-mention the vast army of the auto-in-ache. It's an old saying of New England cracker-barrel philosophers that folks usually are suspicious of "them what has something what they ain't what has something what they ain't got." And much of this scorn of the idea back of a brain trust comes from those are paupers in that compositive. The simple fact is that a performing useful functions, what the composition of the property of the simple fact is that a performing useful functions, what the composition of the simple fact is that a performing useful functions, what the composition of the property of the simple fact is that a performing useful functions, what the composition of the compositio

ligent specialists who can study, rec-

gasolene and gin; a tew more who . Applied to our traffic problem, that different times with no conductor to means a collection of specialists who bring melody out of madhouse. waxed streets, nature's ball-room have both the resources and the infloor for the Dance of Death; a few telligence to study this Bay State who learned no lesson of caution conundrum and at least offer some sane

following suggestions, the result of recent talks with recognized safety experts, might be stimulating food for discussion.

A lot of rotten grape-fruit is being hurled at the so-called Brain Trusts have there are the so-called Brain Trusts have the so-cal

For example they say: we take a small town is the sticks and without its consent we run through it a four-car highway winding about mountain curves. We now along that concrete river-bed a food of summer tour-ists, all hurrying to get somewhere so when they get there they can all hurry to get back.

We take the police cnief of this out-

#### Connecting Link Needed

Who says that? The engineers, who have studied accidents all over the land. They have discovered that each section has definite tendencies in acci-

he would give a free copy of the book to each officer of his small department. "Naw," commented the chief, "we ain't got no time to read that junk."

"Have we want seen the book."

fic problem in the congestion of experts on the traffic problem. We have a lot of excellent engineers

We have competant groups

recognize that there are three E's in the handling of the traffic problem:

E-for education; E-for engineer-

# "Have you ever seen the book?" asked the chizen.

want never to see it," replied the chief. It is wisely planned and intelligently executed over a long period, it has about traffic. I've given up long ago. All we can do is get the glass swept up after a wreck and phone the under-incomplete in the second of the second

the campaign for the more adequate protection of its in what we are pleased to call modern civilization. Some group whose sane recommendations would rally a public-spirited Legislature to enact sweeping legislation that would at a stroke solve many tion that would at a stroke solve many tof the problems now tangling up the unraveling of the motor vehicle problem. Moreover, safety experts insist that this type of Bourbon mind prevails in many police departments

we take the police cnief of this outof-way place and his farm-hand policeman and expect these two untrained, unequipped splendid fellows
to solve the motor vehicle problem.

suddenly swept on that hitherto quiet
community. As much as to expect a
medical, student on his first week in
the university to cure cancer.

What does he know about the type
of accident most likely to occur along
the particular type of roadway that
swells through his Main street? If he
has no means of knowing his section's
"danger sign," how can he be helpful
in warding off that particular kind of
accident? And yet if local records were
adequately kept, the peculiar accident
adequately kept, the peculiar accident
adequately kept, the peculiar accident
whether this straight. They re
raising hob with me, see? I want
you to go out and pick up a truckload of drivers. That will stuff
their yaps. Bring 'em in, see? If
you don't make this station look
like a subway train after a world
series ball game, I'm going to give
some of you muggs the midnight-todawn beat down by the gas-house
district, see?"

And out into the highways and the
hedges they go and bring them in.
Some timid mouse-like woman makes
one careless driving mistake of minor
importance. Instead of politely explaining her error and showing her how to
district, see?"

ing ner error and showing her how to drive properly, up runs a cop, "What the blankety-blank-blank-blanket do you think you're doing. Here you, I'm goin' ta ticket you for keeps.

#### Herding Victims In

The "law" may be so engrossed with

## So Many Hitches

Unless a local safety drive is in "Naw, afir't never seen it. Don't safety educational campaign or unless want never to see it," replied the chief. it is wisely planned and intelligently "There ain't nothing nobody can do

the mechanical engineer, the safety expert, the educator, the mental specialist, the authority on insurance, the teacher of ethics, and yet the

the teacher of ethics, and yet the has cigthe lion's share of the solution is dumped on the already overloaded back of the local police force, who for the most part, have had no adefor the most part, have had no adeficulty, for traffic control is entirely ficulty, for traffic control is entirely new and different from the traditionnew and different from the traditionnew and different from the traditional arguments.

lice officers per ward as there are life of our citizenship requires that the practice of fixing cases no longer be permitted."

we would have to assign a patrolman to every telephone post to stop some accidents. Many think this new movement to put governors on every engine is the right idea but the every find a venal official or witness to avoid entire in white so the avoid in a venal official or witness to avoid entire in white so the avoid on white so the save their missrable hides from a warm and ilittle children and happy vives we heave the war engine and little children and little children and little children and little children and ilittle childre

One person

nine hours

Killed every

Modern traffic problems are not merely police problems. They are the problems of the highway engineer, the mechanical engineer, the safety the ex-fence-viewer of that place and of course the ex-fence-viewer must be a local political big shot?" What is the opinion of American justice that an offender, without "influential friends", must have when he takes the rap and yet knows his neighbor got "fixed?"

#### Let's Be Honest

There is no State-wide law, socia creed, enforcement policy against "fix-ing." It is usually a small thing and We spend millions in this State on normal schools to educate teachers to normal schools to educate teachers to each our little tots, and we spend alteach our little tots, and we spend alteach our little tots, and we spend alteach our between to most nothing on specialized raining for homest, impartial law enforcement.

This state on yet, like a small germ, it is sapping the vitality of many a police department for many a

custom of "fixing" was recognized by Governor Curley in his inaugural And Even them.

Still if every beat-pounder knew as much about traffic as Einstein as much about traffic that wouldn't knows about arithmetic, we would solve the entire problem. We would solve the entire problem are many motorized pohave to have as many motorized pohave to have as many motorized pohave to have as centenarian's birthday are considered. Solve the practice of fixing cases no longer than the practice of the practi

Selfish drivers who have no m cern for the rights of others than a Nazi has for the right of free speech;

# Jump for Year 1934

from accidents in the United States increased 8.7 per cent last year, reaching 99,000, and almost reaching the high total of 99,300 reached in the year

Automobile accidents accounted for approximately 35,000, more than a third of the total. Home accidents were responsible for 33,000 more, while fatalities involving persons at work numbered 15,500. These were the three major classifications of acci-

were 13 per cent above those for 1933, and exceeded the previous high mark of 33,675 such deaths in 1931. Heavier automobile traffic accounted for only a part of the increase.

the previous year. A thou-sand more died of accidents while at work than in 1933. Despite the general increase,

San Francisco's accident toll dropped 15 per cent, Pittsburg's total was down 13 per cent, and there were decreases of 1 per cent in Milwaukee and New York city.

the only ones to reduce the number of accident deaths during 1934.



uto hits something going at the rate of 60 miles per hour sulting damage is the same as if a car fell off the State, dome to the ground, a distance of 120 feet, according to carefully compiled insurance statistics.

Deaths from traffic crashes

Three thousand more persons died from accidents in their homes last year than in

The States of Delaware, Kan-

sas, New Hampshire, New York and Oklahoma were listed as



fair lady on the annual job listing voters, have it easier this year.

Now they are empowered by peo"deepened."

Now they are empowered by peo-

Now they are empowered by peolike decision to find out exactly what
that "plus" means. And on the sile
that the "plus" means. And on the sile
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These are the actual autographs of famous movie stars who comment on women's ages. They were sent by the stars themselves to the Boston Sunday Post especially for publication with

#### BY JEAN PARKER

of time. It seems to me that it is largely up to the individual.

However, the most charming woman I have known have been matured women around 30 or over. That is because they are experienced.

charming. Everyone is at ease in their

presence.

My guardian is one of the most charm-

lives that what you might call an inner beauty finds expression in her outer looks and manner.

There is no age limit. The girl has it, the young woman, the matron, and, yes, the elderly lady.

Charming With Gray Hair

I have a friend, gray of hair, who is

## BY HELEN HAYES

the her are experienced.

To have charm, one must be educated. Not in the academic sense of the word, but from the standpoint of have and should create the impression that impression that is ean handle any situation.

I, for one, regret the handicap of being so young. I have so much to learn. A young girl is one of the most pitiful creatures in the world—in Hollywood, anyhow. No matter how sophisticated she may try to act, there are still so many things over her head.

By THELMA TODD

By THELMA TODD

It all depends on the woman. Fear is femininity's worst foe. I have known femininity's worst foe. I have known femininity's worst foe. I have known to lose every-really charming women to lose every-really cha

I have a friend, gray of hair, who is one of the most charming women in the Hollywood colony, or anywhere else.

I know young women who are losing I know young women who are losing their charm by overmuch striving to retain their beauty; and others who are becoming haggard through fear concerning their future.

Charm is un to the woman herself.

# Hub's TWO CENT Postal District How J. P. Morgan Dismissed



nes of all stations and branches in the Boston Postal District. The map shows at a glance all the cities and towns in the two-cent postal area.

m Heights

Newton Upper Falls Newtonville North Postal Annex North Ouincy North Weymouth Ouincy Roxbury Crossing Sears Roebuck Soldiers Field

-And That's How Perkins Became Partner in Noted Concern

How J. P. Morgan brusquely made a stranger his partner on very first Stillman. meeting. How Andrew Carnegie handed

oven ten millions while you would be snapping your fingers.

Here are some of the highlights

from the story, packed with fine anecdotes about the men behind the National City Bank, as told, under the title "From Farm Boy to Financier," by Frank A. Vanderlip to Boy-den Sparkes, in the current Saturday Evening Post.

It is one of a series of articles at of the crowding memories of that great American, who was reporter, financial editor, assistant secretary of the Treasury and president of the National City Bank

## Mr. Vanderbilt's Piquant Stone

One night at the Metropolitan Club, when Mr. Stillman was giving a dinner in honor of a visiting Russian banker, into his left ear the elder Morgan had rumbled: "Need some new blood in my

firm. Who is a likely man?"
"Do you know Perkins? A vice-president of the New York Life Insurance Company." As Mr. Stillman related the incident to me, I gathered the impression that not much was said; howpression that not much was said; however, I suppose Mr. Morgan made fur-ther inquiries

At all events, Perkins came into the

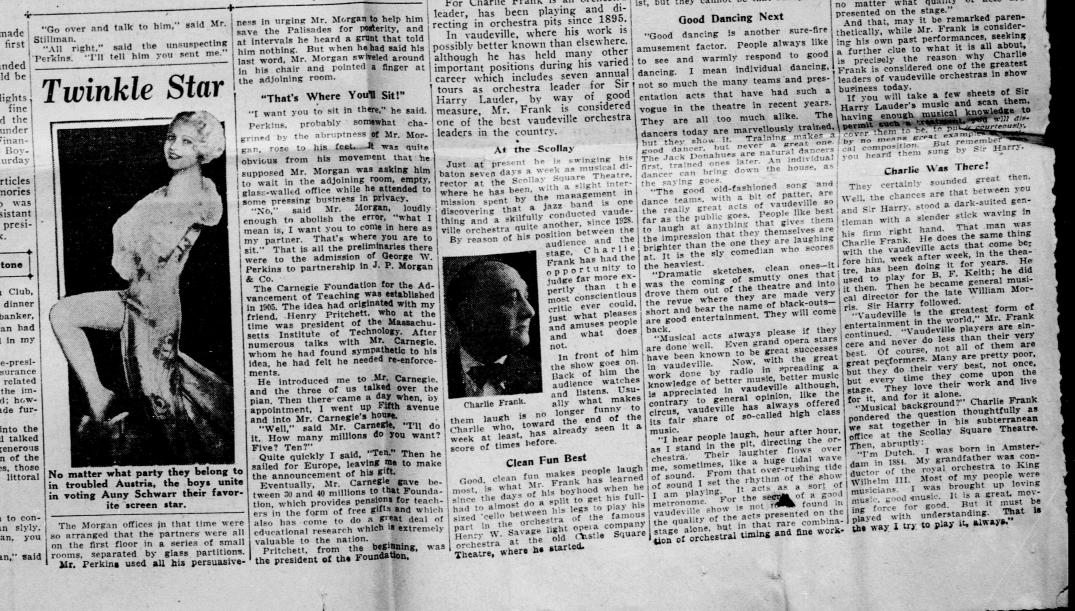
At all events, Perkins came into the City Bank a few days later and talked Mr. Stillman into making a generous contribution for the preservation of the natural beauties of the Palisades, those

## Asked Mr. Morgan?

"Have you asked Mr. Morgan to contribute?" inquired Mr. Stillman slyly.
"He is a very generous man, you "But I don't know Mr. Morgan," said

"Go over and talk to him," said Mr. ness in urging Mr. Morgan to help him

Stranger Seeking Contribution



natural beauties of the Palisades, those lovely cliffs along the western littoral of the Hudson below Nyack.

Ared Mr. Morgan?

ness in urging Mr. Morgan to neip nim save the Palisades for posterity, and at intervals he heard a grunt that told him nothing. But when he had said his last word, Mr. Morgan swiveled around

# Brown say 20 plus" or "over 40" and make themselves eligible for that pension bounty which is held on tike police in Boston and Cambridge have declared that "20 plus" and "50 plus" will no longer do. For the police of these cities who have held the police of the police of these cities who have held the police of the police People Are Always Laughing Behind Back of This Hub Man---He Thinks That's Swell---Here's Why!

## BY GEORGE BRINTON BEAL

Behind his back people have been "I Want You to Sit in There," He Grunted, Pointing to Empty Room Charles Frank doesn't mind.

In fact, Charlie, as he is known practically around the world, would

leader, has been playing and directing in orchestra pits since 1895. In vaudeville, where his work is

practically around the world, would begin to worry if they stopped, especially the laughing.

For Charlie Frank is an orchestra leader, has been playing and distributed by the stopped and distributed by the start and build until a grand climax is reached. And it must do that, if the public is to be kept laughter to be stopped, especially the laughing.

For Charlie Frank is an orchestra leader, has been playing and distributed by the start and build until a grand climax is reached. And it must do that, if the public is to be kept laughter to be stopped, especially the laughing.

The start and build until a grand climax is reached. And it must do that, if the public is to be kept laughter to be start and build until a grand climax is reached. And it must do that, if the public is to be kept laughter to be start and build until a grand climax is reached. And it must do that, if the public is to be kept laughter to be start and build until a grand climax is reached. And it must do that, if the public is to be kept laughter to be start and build until a grand climax is reached. And it must do that, if the public is to be kept laughter to be start and build until a grand climax is reached. And it must do that, if the public is to be kept laughter to be start and build until a grand climax is reached. And it must do that, if the public is to be kept laughter to be start and build until a grand climax is reached. And it must do that, if the public is to be kept laughter to be start and build until a grand climax is reached. And it must do that, if the public is to be kept laughter to be start and build until a grand climax is reached. And it must do that, if the public is to be kept laughter to be start and build until a grand climax is reached. And it must do that, if the public is to be kept laughter to be start and build until a grand climax is reached. And it must do that, if the public is to be kept laughter to be start an

"Clean fun will never fail," is the way Charlie puts it. "They may laugh at smut and double meaning stuff, but they get tired of it, and either stop laughing or stop coming, or both.

"Funny costumes are a help. But a funny costume will not do the trick without talent to help it across. Don't make that mistake, Take all the imita-

ing and amused and sent out with the idea that they have seen a good show, no matter what quality of acts are presented on the stage."

And that, may it be remarked parenthetically, while Mr. Frank is considering his own past performances, seeking ing his own past performances, seeking a further clue to what it is all about,

# Curley Opens Big Crime Campaign to Rid State of Gangsters and Racketeers LASHES POLICE JURY FIXING

Reveals Plans to Utilize Commonwealth Detective Forces for First Time in Boston; Aroused by "Nigger Pool" Magnitude

Second in scope only to the national conference held at Washington will be the State Crime Conference which Governor Curley will call, the Boston Sunday Advertiser was informed last night by the he finds that the prosecution bogs

chief executive. Even the presiding justice of the Supreme Judicial Court will be in-cluded among the conferees, and the aid of federal and state officials will be invoked to clean out crime and rackets which, he charged, have enjoyed police and official endorsement.

official endorsement.
Gov. Curley said:
"As soon as Attorney-General
Dever takes office, I shall request him to call a crime conference which will be the most inclusive of its kind ever undertaken by any state, second only to the national crime conference recently held at Washington.

"Appurent By POOLS

recently held at Washington.

AROUSED BY POOLS

"The plan calls for the presence of the chief justice of the supreme court, presiding justices of the superior and municipal courts, the United States marshal, representatives of the department of justice and the income tax division, district attoracts, chiefs of police and the state department of public safety including Commissioner Paul G. including Commissioner Paul G. Kirk and Detective Capt. John F. Stokes. In addition we will in-vite officials of all New England

The governor was particularly aroused over the continued unhampered existence of the number pool racket. He declared:

Tacket. He declared:

"The poor of the state, even people on the public welfare roles, are being cleaned out of their money by the pools which handle an amazing figure annually—literally millions of dollars.

"No business of such magnitude could possibly go on without an understanding with the law enforcement officials.

"It is a protected racket.

EEEKS RINGLEAUERS

SEEKS RINGLEADERS

"It has been said frequently that these bosses of illegal enterprise cannot be driven out or

jailed.

"That is ridiculous. They can be driven out and jailed and they will be driven out and jailed.

"If local enforcement units cannot accomplish it, state detectives under the direction of the attorney general will do it.

"I don't mean that the little man in the street who sells tickets should be the target of the police. I want the police to get the men at the top.

"These men conduct a menace, constantly increasing, which not only deprives the por and rich

only deprives the por and rich alike of their money but, directly or indirectly, is responsible for murders, robberies and other

and similar lotteries are breaking down the morale of the police departments and promoting in the public mind an increasing contempt of all law. CONFIDENT OF SUCCESS

"None of the crime bosses in Massachusetts are powerful enough to block prosecution by state detectives. There is evidence that they have been successful in blocking prosecution

"I feel confident that the plan to organize a State Department of Justice will be effective in the war to make Massachusetts unsafe for criminals of every de-

"There is evidence that conscientious officers of the law have frequenty done their duty in taking underworld leaders into court only to be defeated through the fixing system which is spreading so rapidly through the courts of the Commonwealth. "It will be a great thing for the police and for public confidence to jail the leaders of organized crime."

WANTS JURIES OF SIX

Discussing the jury system and fixed juries, the Governor said:
"I am in favor of reducing the number of jurors from 12 to 6 in all cases. I also avor locking up all juries and more rigid supervision of juries after they are impanelled.

"Jury-fixing has brought a lot of shame on the Commonwealth "It is difficult for a police offi-cer to devote his best energy to apprehension of criminals when picture of illigitimate business being placed under official protection while legitimate industry is forced to pay for protection to

racket organizations.

"So powerful have these groups become that in many instances persons doing lawful business fear to report the extortion demands of the underworld. The amount thus paid in tribute cannot be estimated but thousands. not be estimated, but thousands and thousands of which the law

never hears are paid.
"If I can obtain information of any specific cases where legiti-mate business men are being taxed by the racketeers under threat of violence to themselves or their property, I shall place it under investigation of state de-

tectives.
"I don't care about precedent "I don't care about precedent in the state detective bureau. There is no law which says that these men cannot go into any community in the Commonwealth to investigate crime. I shall insist that they exercise their full powers wherever and whenever 'the need arises.

"Local police in many cases are hampered in their work be-

cause of political pressure. Many conscientious officers have been prevented from doing their duty because of threats of removal or demotion in rank.
"All this is going to end."

Establishment of a State department of justice in accordance with James M. Curley will be the first business undertaken by Attorney-General-elect Paul A. Dever in a State-wide war on crime when he takes office on January 16, he told the Boston Sunday Advertiser yesterday.

DEVER TO ACT

Dever declared that establishment of the State Department of Justice will be his first business after he takes office, January 16. Outlining his proposed vigorous

warfare on crime, Dever said:
"I am heartily in accord with Governor Curley's recommenda-tion that a state department of justice be organized to bring about a speedler and more efficient enforcement of the laws of the commonwealth.

"My first purpose will be to

secure control of the state detective force, to make it a body which will function principally in major cases, where the facilities of local forces are inadequate.

"I have no intention of dis-turbing local police forces. My purpose is to co-operate with them.

"I plan to call a meeting of all the district attorneys and police chiefs in the state, principally to bring about a better feeling of understanding and co-operation with the state forces.

RACKET UNIONS HIT

"Racketeers, particularly the blackmailing labor racketeers, shall receive my earliest attention. I intend to drive from the state all racket unions."

To make possible his plans, Dever said he would seek to have a larger staff of assistants who would be able to take charge of

down in one way or another to permit their escape from justice. "I feel that the growth of pro-tection for rackets demands im-mediate and forcefu' attention. "Today we have the strange ADVERTISER Boston, Mass.

Will Recommend Purchase of Land Near Fall River: 300 P. C. CCC Increase Wanted

Plans for building 2000 subsistence homesteads and increasing the Massachusetts quota in the CCC were outlined by Gov. James M. Curley yesterday.

Gov. Curley said he would first

last Tuesday, in order to have his inaugural oath administered by the Senate president.

Senate president.

But the then govednor-elect swept aside obstructions and qualified through taking the oath from Secretary of State Frederic W. Cook.

The Democrats feel that the Republican cause in the Senate suffered almost a death blow when it failed to hold up the inaugural.

And the Cetermined front put up by the Republicans to retain control of the upper body, it has been charged freely on the floor of the chamber, is being dictated by interests which have held the whip hand on Beacon Hill for many years.

MORAN KEY MAN

In the event that Senator-elect Francis M. McKeown of Spring-field, who has been ill, is unable to be present tomorrow when the fillibuster is resumed at 2 p. m., the Democrats, with the help of Senator James G. Moran of Mansffeld, will have 20 votes, tieing and deadlocking the Fish forces. Moran, a Republican with more

than a dozen years service in the Senate, challenged the right of Senator Fish to be president of the Senate for a second term.

The election of Senator Moran as president would bring about a notable victory for the Democrats, for Moran, in bargaining for the Democratic support, has given definite promises of fair play.

rress Clipping Service 2 Park Square OSTON MASS. BOSTON

> ADVERTISER Boston, Mass.

Dances Into Heart of Peer

Retail Purchases Affected in

Mayors' Club of State

A proposal that the state borrow \$25,000,000 and distribute it to cities and towns for welfare work until an equal amount could be raised through a sales tax was voted yesterday by the Mayors'

W. Cameron Forbes, the distinguished Boston banker and merchant who went out into the Pacific to become one of the great governors-general of the Philippines, discussed the current problems of the islands yesterday in an exclusive and arresting interview with the Boston Sunday Advertiser. As much a diplomat as a business man and colonial administrator, he spoke without heat or passion. voted yesterday by the Mayors' spoke without heat or passion. Club of Massachusetts at its meeting in the Parker House.

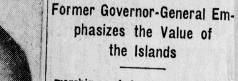
It was announced to the mem-

Forbes Suggests How America Keep Relations With Philippines

Hopes U. S. Will Maintain Trade With the Archipelago

After all, he has been ambassador to Japan, and recently entertained the Japanese ambassador here, and all talk of the islands bers by Mayor Mansfield, who headed a committee to consider "supervised commonwealth" is going to work out in the islands.

WOULD MAINTAIN RELATIONS Nor is he convinced that absolute



worship, and freedom to rise in industry and in the state."

When the provisional state to be when the provisional state to be known as "the supervised common-wealth" takes form a year or so from now, a high commissioner will represent the U. S. A. in the

The chief executive will be a president, presumably elective. And it is expected that Americans in the governmental bureaus will begin

Some of Mr. Forbes' ideas anent the Islands, shot forth at random:

"German statesmen said during the War with Spain that control of the Pacific would rest with the country controlling the Philip-

"It is too sweeping an assertion.

"It is too sweeping an assertion.
But there is food for thought.
"Eastern and southern shores
massicnated to block prosecution by
state detectives. There is evidence that they have been successful in blocking prosecution
in some communities.

"I feel confident that the plan
to organize a State Department

to organize a State Department of Justice will be effective in the war to make Massachusetts unsafe for criminals of every de-

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"Investigate has brought a lot."

"Jury-fixing has brought a lot of shame on the Commonwealth

and its court system.

"It is difficult for a police officer to devote his best energy to apprehension of criminals when

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square OSTON MASS. BOSTON

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Plans for building 2000 subsistence homesteads and increasing

tence homesteads and increasing the Massachusetts quota in the CCC were outlined by Gov. James M. Curley yesterday.

Gov. Curley said he would first recommend to the Legislature the purchase of 2808 acres of land adjoining a state-owned area of 1983 acres in the vicinity of Fall River.

On this land, Gov. Curley would build 2000 homes, providing the federal government would participate in the plan. Each home would have an acre of adjoining land for raising sufficient food.

This project would keep 2000 men employed several years until the project was completed, he said.

Gov. Curley said he had asked Samuel A. York, state commissioner of conservation, to make a sur-

the number of Massachusetts men in the CCC 300 per cent.

This plan, it was believed, would require the purchase of more forest land by the state.

**Press Clipping Service** 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> ADVERTISER Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

Failure of Republicans to Hold Up the Filibuster Is Now Regarded as a Death Blow

#### By BERNARD J. DOHERTY

Defeat of standpat Republicanism, through the election of a Senate leader other than the ultra-conservative, Erland F. Fish of Brookline, is hoped for early this week through the medium of the unprecedented filibuster being maintained by the Senate Democrats.

dained by the Senate Democrats.

Governor Curley is of course in sympathy with the movement to force recognition of the Democratic claims for equal representation on committees and a fair division of the important chairmanships.

But in accordance with the constitutional provisions which separate the executive, judicial and legislative branches of the government, he will of course take no part in the struggle.

in the struggle.

#### CURLEY DODGES FIGHT

It was the hope of the Republicans that Governor Curley would call off the fillibuster, which started last Tuesday, in order to have his inaugural oath administered by the Senate president.

But the then govednor-elect swept aside obstructions and qualified through taking the oath from Secretary of State Frederic W. Cook.
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The Democrats feel that the Republican cause in the Senate suffered almost a death blow when it failed to hold up the inaugural.

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Moran, a Republican with more than a dozen years service in the Senate, challenged the right of Senator Fish to be president of the Senate for a second term.

The election of Senator Moran as president would bring about a notable victory for the Democrats, for Moran, in bargaining for the Democratic support, has given definite promises of fair play.

ADVERTISER Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

## Gov. Curley's First Official Luncheon to the Governor's Council



HERE IS THE SCENE at the Parker House when Gov. Curley gave his first official luncheon to the Massachusetts Governor's Council. At the left, seated, is Frank A. Brooks

and then, from left to right: James J. Brennan, Lt. Gov. Joseph L. Hurley, Gov. James M. Curley, Dick Grant (the Governor's secretary), William G. Hennessy, Joseph B.

Grossman. And, standing left to right: J. Arthur Baker Daniel H. Cookley, Edmond B. Cote and Executive Secre tary William L. Reed. (Sunday Advertiser Photograph.)

ADVERTISER Boston, Mass.

## Nation Rallies in Crime War; Expose Lauded

Every section of the nation is conveying its enthusiastic approval of the expositions, in the Hearst newspapers, of the crime crisis which faces America, and which can be met adequately only by an aroused public indignation such as would inflame our citizens were we threatened by an enemy from without, even though the menace were not as sinister as that which confronts us in the war of the gangster and the racketeer on the home front.

Governors of many states are responding by pledging conferences to ratify the findings of the National Crime Conference in Washington.

The several Legislatures and Congress will echo ringingly the exposes of deplorable conditions revealed in Washington and followed up by intensive and comprehensive articles in the Hearst newspapers. The big job has been launched and shall not be permitted to lag; the fearsome facts must not be allowed to slumber again in the soft shelter of public interference.

Today's contributions are by J. Edgar Hoover, chief of the little body of Department of Justice men whose heroic work has been far beyond the proportions of its numerical strength; Governor C. D. Martin of Washington and State Senator W. M. Lester of Georgia. They talk plain United States. They realize the enormity of the emergency.

The campaign to end crime in America is imperative, and it will go on and go through.

Z rark oquar BOSTON MASS.

> ADVERTISER Boston, Mass.

Curley Moves to **Guard Painting** 

Steps to preserve the painting of Samuel Adams, fourth governor of Massachusetts, which hangs in the executive chamber at the State

House, were taken today by Governor Curley.

The governor directed Superintendent Fred H. Kimball to have a deflector placed over a wall radiator which was damaging the canvas. The governor also declared that he would see to it that the painting was refinished and placed in as good a condition as possible.

ADVERTISER Boston, Mass.

1935 JAN 6

## Elizabeth Herlihy to Aid in Job Plan

Gov. Curley has designated Miss Elizabeth Herlihy, for many years connected with the Boston Planning Board, to work with representatives of the cities and towns and the state departments in formulating their programs for the enployment of persons in public works projects.

lic works projects.

Massachusetts has already re-Massachusetts has already requested \$61,000,000 for this work and the total may be \$100,000,000 when all the propects are in, it was learned. The Governor expressed the hope that the major portion of the programs will be ready by next week. Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON

> ADVERTISER Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

# SALES TAX OF P. G. URGEUIN

Retail Purchases Affected in the Plan Sponsored by Mayors' Club of State

A bill imposing a two per cent sales tax on all retail purchases except food, drugs, medicines, gasolines, liquors and newspapers under five cents will soon be drafted and filed in the Legisla-

drafted and filed in the Legislature by a committee of the Mayor's Club of Massachusetts.

Members of the club in session yesterday afternoon at the Parker House unanimously adopted the recommendation of Mayor Mansfield's committee of the Massachusetts League of Municipalities, offered as a possible solution of the problem of mounting welfare costs with prospect of the abandonment by the federal government of the ERA projects.

Decreases through exemption of

Decreases through exemption of food and other articles, including gasoline and liquor—now taxed—will be met with imposition of an additional state income tax of .75 per cent. on 1934 and 1935 incomes, by further taxing interest and dividends at the rate of 3 per cent. dends at the rate of 3 per cent. and imposing a tax of 1½ per cent. on gains from sales of securities.

\$24,000,000 BOND ISSUE A bond issue of \$24,000,000 to cover immediate welfare needs of Bay State cities and towns as based Bay State cities and towns as based on increases between similar ex-penditures in 1928 and 1934 will be authorized in the bill. The bends will be retired by funds accruing from the new taxes proposed in the bill over a period of from 10 to 15

The mayors also adopted unani-The mayors also adopted unani-mously a resolution of Mayor Mans-field calling upon the federal gov-ernment to immediately substitute another plan to provide adequate welfare assistance to states and municipalities in the event of abandonment of ERA and PWA

The sales tax is limited to a five-

programs.

year period.

A two-year limit on the additional income tax and limitation also of the taxes on sales of securities is recommended in the bill to fore-stall the wholesale removals of resi-dents from this state to other commonwealths where income taxes are not imposed and to prevent large sales of local securities in favor of

sales of local securities in favor of non-taxable securities.

A precedent was seen by the committee in the increases of income taxes adopted for the years 1918 and 1919.

Mayor Mansfield prophesied a tax rate of \$40 for Boston if relief such as is planned in the sales tax measure is not adopted. Mayors Ashley of New Bedford, Bates of Salem, Irwin of Medford, McDonald of Waltham and others cited local financial emergencies of like nature. ture.

FAVORED SALES TAX Addressing the club, Mayor Mansfield stated that in his committee's study of the sales tax proposition, he and Corporation Counsel Henry E. Foley, called a meeting of prominent Bostonians—merchants, newspaper editors, educators, officials of the Chamber

cators, officials of

cators, officials of the Chamber of Commerce, representatives of labor, taxpayers and consumers. The meeting was practically un-animously in advocacy of the sales tax as the least burdensome method of raising vitally necessary funds for welfare costs and indebtedness growing out of welfare expendi-

the

tures. committee was appointed to wait upon Gov. James M. Curley to seek his co-operation in further-

to seek his co-operation in further-ance of the sales tax legislation.

Mayor Andrew A. Cassassa of
Revere will be re-elected president
of the club. The menbers refused to nominate successors for
the present officers. Mayor Charles
S. Ashley of New Bedford was
named head of a committee to named head scanning a consider advisability of creating a bureau of finance and statistics within the club, for collection and dissemination of information on municipal matters for city and own officials.

ADVERTISER Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

# Curley

#### The Weather

Boston and vicinity—Sunday increasing cleudiness and warmer, followed by light rains Sunday afternoon or night; Monday cloudy and colder, cain or snow; fresh to strong southerly winds.

n rises ...719 a. m. | High tide ... 11:44 a. m n sets ... 428 p. m. | High tide ... 12:20 a.m lost rises ... 822 a.m. | High tide ... 12:20 a.m lost rises ... 822 a.m. | Height of tide ... 11.3 ft light moon list night, Ob 20m., morning, W. First marter Jan. 11. ph. 55m., wening, E. Full moon. In 19. Oh, 44m., morning, E. Last quarter, Jan. 22. 2b. 59m., evening, W. Light auto lamps at 4:56 p. m.

FULL REPORT ON PAGE 12-5

VOL. 244-NO. 19

Lashes Police Condonement of Rackets, Jury Fixers and Other Criminal Abuses

Reveals Plans to Utilize State Detective Forces for First Time in Boston

#### ASK FORFEIT OF CRIME LOOT

As the states fell into battle line with the federal forces for the war on crime yesterday, Illinois' governor, Henry Horner, proposed an amazing offen-sive—forfeit to the government of the estates of all convicted criminals who cannot prove their possessions honestly possessions

(Details on Page 12)

By JAMES J. SMITH Copyright, 1935, by the Boston Sunday Advertiser.

Announcing plans for a State Crime Conference, Governor Curley last night declared his intention to utilize the state detective force in a crime war that will imprison the big leaders of the underworld.

He indicated to the Boston Sunday Advertiser that he would send the state's ace detectives into Boston, from which they have been barred for years by deferential cus-

Elaborating upon his inaugural recommendation for a State Department of Justice, the governor flayed police condonement of rackets, political interference with law enforcement, jury-fixing and other abuses. He promised:

"The leaders of crime can

and will be jailed."

At the same time, in a separate interview, Atty.-Gen.-elect Paul A. Dever dedicated his office to the Governor's proposal to "get" the underworld's untouchables.

be called by Governor Curley as soon as the new Attorney-General takes office on Jan. 16, will include representatives of every branch of law enforcement.

(Complete story of Gov. Curley's war on crime will be found on Page 13.)

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

> ADVERTISER Boston, Mass. JAN 6 1935

Failure of former Gov. Ely to affix his signature to the council's qualification book casts doubt on legality of appointments of five judges and a clerk of court, Gov. Curley said yesterday as he swore in Patrick A. O'Connell of Brook-line an Fly. line, an Ely appointee, as one of the managers of the Massachusetts Eye and Ear Infirmary.

O'Connell was re-appointed Nov. 14 by Governor Ely, but he omitted to administer the necessary oath. Discovery of this omission caused Governor Curley to scan the qualification book, and to question whether six of the retiring governor's appointees are now properly holding their positions.

They are Mrs. Jennie Loitman

ly holding their positions.

They are Mrs. Jennie Loitman Barron of Brighton, special justice of district court of western Norfolk; M. Fred O'Connell of Fitchburg. special justice of Fitchburg. special justice of Fitchburg District Court; Ethel E. MacKiernan, justice of the Nantucket District Court; John C. Pappas of Brighton, special justice of Gloucester District Court; John H. Sullivan of Taunton, justice of Plymouth District Court, and Richard Morrissey of Westfield, clerk of Westfield District Court. THE POIL

## Is Honor Guest

NOTED GUESTS will attend Women's Italian Club Wednesday afternoon at Hotel Somerset to observe its Presidents' Day.

Opening at 2 o'clock, the meeting will be in charge of Mrs. Felix Forte, president, and will feature a musical program by the ERA chorus under the di-

the ERA chorus under the direction of Frederick Lamb.

Miss Mary Curley heads the list of guests which includes Mrs. Frederick Mansfield, Mrs. Armao, wife of the Italian Consul-General, Mrs. Robert Culbert, president of the City Federation, Miss Mary Clare, sixth district director, and Miss Clara Forte, president of the Junior League of the club.

Mrs. Joseph Tomasello of Jamaica Plain, chairman of the reception committee and Mrs. Ralph Gangiano, of the hospitality committee will serve as hostesses.

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> ADVERTISER Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

Inaugural Draws Large Throng

MRS. LEVERETT SALTON-STALL occupied a front-row seat in the gallery of the House of Representatives on Thursday to view her distinguished husband . . . our Speaker of the House . . . do his bit in connection with inaugurating Governor Cur-lev into office.

ley into office.
Several times Mr. Saltonstall had to bang down his gavel with had to bang down his gavel with much determination . . . when the enthusiastic spectators cheered long and lustily for our brand new Governor.

Mrs. Richard Middlecott Saltonstall and her son, Richard, were also on hand to watch the politically-minded member of the family in action.

Mrs. Erland Fish . . in clive green with choker of heaver and

green with choker of beaver, and matching hat . . was also an interested observer. Her husband serves in the Senate . . . which was having its famous filibuster during the inaugural exercises. exercises

stilibuster during the inaugural exercises.

Mary Curley . . . the Commonwealth's new First Lady . . . received a most flattering ovation as she entered the gallery escorted by one of her father's military aides. Tall, slender, brunette with grayish blue eyes fringed with long dark lashes, Miss Curley was smartly costumed in black velvet with Elizabeth ruff of white lame . . . white and lavendar orchids pinned at the shoulder . . . a sort of tri-corne hat of black velvet topping her sleek coiffure . . . . Also viewing the impressive scene from the speaker's gallery were Miss Curley's house guests . . Loretta Bremner, of Chicago, wearing gold crepe with orchid corsage and brown hat; Jane Smyth, also of Chicago, in lime green with flat black velvet hat . . . and Anne Kileng, of New York, costumed in gold crepe and black velvet hat.

PRESS CLIPPING SERVICE
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

# TELEGRAM Lowell, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

Billerica. Temperature and Wilmington, is given a place on the committee in towns.

Many of the Republican members of both branches of the legislature have been expressing freely a wish that both branches could have been

Democratic so that full responsibility as well as full credit for all laws passed could be given to that party. There is no doubt at all that many matters which year after year have particularly the been defeated, called labor bills, will this year be enacted into law. The small margin of six votes which the Republicans have in the house is a paper margin only, as there are at least that number who will support measures of that nature as well as others, and in the senate the margin of two votes will be wiped out on many occasions. And with a man of such force as Governor Curley to advise there is small doubt that whatever legislation he sincerely desires he is likely to get.

One of the recommendations in Governor Curley's message that was received in silence was that recommending a reduction in the membership of the legislature and for biennial sessions. It is fairly safe to predict that neither of these propositions will be adopted by the legislature, the first because of its effect on future political aspirations of so many of the members, particularly the newer ones, and the latter judging by the reception accorded the proposition last year when Representative Achin's plea for it was met with derision by the Democrats who voted solidly against it, and the lack of support accorded it by Republican leaders.

Until the senate gets organized and committees are appointed from that branch, the work of the legislature will be at a standstill. Every measure, however insignificant it may appear, must be heard by a committee before any action can be taken, and of course if there are no committees there can be no hearings.

The legislature of 1935 bids fair to be one of the most strenuous of this generation. How the many new members will shape up is an open question. It is safe to assume that several of them will not be as conservative as those whom they succeeded

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TELEGRAM Lowell, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

# Governor Curley's Recommendations

From the standpoint of practical economy in state government, Governor James M. Curley made several constructive recommendations in his inaugural address last Thursday. Emanating from a Democratic leader, they are somewhat surprising because, in some instances at least, they embody programs to which Democratic legislators have been openly hostile in the past. However, they are none the less meritorious on that account. Still, ever, they are none the less meritorious on that account it would be rash to predict at this time that the large Democratic membership in either branch of the legislature will "stand behind Curley" in every instance; in fact, it's a reasonably safe hazard that some of His Excellency's best recommendations will meet a violent death in the General Court, largely as the result of Democratic votes.

Perhaps the most radical proposition of the entire lot is that which would reduce the membership of the legislature by 50 per. cent. Instead of having 240 representatives and 40 senators as at present, the governor would have bodies of 120 and 20 memater present, the governor would have bodies of 120 and 20 mematers respectively. That would be pruning the \$2000 plum tree bers respectively. That would effect a tremendous saving without with a vengeance, but it would effect a tremendous saving without in the least impairing the quality of service on Beacon Hill. In fact, our legislatures generally have been long on quantity and fact, our legislatures generally have been long on quantity and that the Massachusetts public easily could become reconciled to that the Massachusetts public easily could become reconciled to smaller legislative bodies, the suggested economy would be treading upon legislative toes, a circumstance that is calculated to prove fatal to its realization.

Biennial sessions of the legislature is not an entirely new issue at the statehouse. It materialized last year and, though eventually it assumed a rather modified form, providing for a general referendum on the matter, it encountered practically unanimous opendum on Democratic legislators. In fact, it is recalled that position from Democratic affirmative votes on the question a total of but two Democratic affirmative votes on the question were mustered in the two legislative bodies. That, of course, was were mustered in the two legislative bodies. That, of course, was would be to cut the legislative perquisites in two. Biennial sessions would be to cut the legislative perquisites in two. Biennial sessions naturally would mean biennial salaries, and this, apparently did not appeal to the legislators of 1934. However, a governor of Mr. Curley's persistence and resourcefulness might this year cut down very appreciably the Democratic barrier to this step in the direction of economical progress, if he is determined to do so.

The abolition of county government and of the executive council are two other gubernatorial recommendations that seem to be in line with progress, although not likely to be popular in political circles. Under modern conditions, county government is coming to be recognized as virtually the "fifth wheel of a coach" with its overlapping functions, while the executive council of late has not demonstrated a very strong excuse for its existence. Still, with the inroads that Democrats of Middlesex county are now making into these two bodies, they may be reluctant to have them eliminated just at the time they are in a fair way of making a killing.

But, regardless of other considerations, these recommendations of the new governor are based on common sense and good judgment, and well merit the careful consideration of all legislators, both Democratic and Republican.

There is a fly in His Excellency's economy ointment, however. His proposal of a 44-hour week for employes of state institutions and 40 hours for other state employes, it is estimated, would result in an increase of about \$5,000,000 in the state would result in an increase of about \$5,000,000 in the state budget. Hence, we see the possibility of the savings effected by budget. Hence, we see the possibility of the savings effected by budget. That would leave the ordinary citizen in in other directions. That would leave the ordinary citizen in about the same situation that he is today as regards the tax about the same situation that he is today as regards the tax out really getting anywhere in a financial way.

ADVERTISER Boston, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON

> ADVERTISER Boston, Mass.

# CURLEY-HULTMAN WA ove to Oust Governor Moves for His Ouster an From Job Governor Curley took the first step towards his promised removal of Eugene C. Hultman as chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission, yesterday, when he requested Attorney-General Joseph E. Warner to secure a ruling from the Massachusetts supreme Court on Hultmann's status. The Governor contends that Hultman, suddenly moved from the Hultman is to the district commission sioner to the district commission berth, in one of the last-minute berth, in one of the last-minute berth, in one of the last-minute shifts of the expiring administration, was not eligible for the appointment, under the law, and is now serving illegally. Hultman did not tender his residual.

# ASKS COURT RULE Hits Eligibility

Governor Curley took the first step towards his promised removal of Eugene C. Hultman as chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission, yesterday, when he requested Attorney-General Joseph E. Warner to obtain a ruling from the Massachusetts Supreme Court on Hultman's status.

The governor contends that Hultman, suddenly moved from the office of Boston police commissioner to the district commission berth, in one of the last-minute shifts of the expiring administration, was not eligible for the appointment, under the law, and is now serving illegally.

He said that Hultman did not tender his resignation as police commissioner until after he was sworn in as chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission and that Joseph J. Leonard was sworn in as police commissioner before Hultman legally relinquished that office.

## Curley Gives Stand

To the Sunday Advertiser last night Governor Curley said:

"In the event that the courts rule that Mr. Hultman left his position as police commissioner prematurely, it will be clearly my duty to reinstate him and to have the governor's council remove the present police commissioner in order that Mr. Hultman may return to his former position."

The Governor's letter to the attorney-gen-

eral follows, in part:

"On December 27, 1934, Eugene C. Hultman was appointed chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission and shortly thereafter undertook to qualify by taking the oath of office. Mr. Hultman, prior to, and at the time of such appointment, was police commissioner of the City of Boston, which office he did not resign until after his appointment as chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission.

## Law Is Cited

"Under the Acts of 1906, Chapter 291, Section 7, it is provided that the police commissioner of the City of Boston 'shall not engage in any other business' and it is also provided that he 'shall hold office until his

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"In these circumstances, it is your manifest duty in accordance with the provisions of Section 12 of Chapter 249 of the General Laws to proceed in the Supreme Judicial Court by way of an information in the nature of quo warranto to determine Mr. Hultman's right to hold the office of Chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission, and I request you to do so."

pointment, under the law, and is now serving illegally.

Hultman did not tender his resignation as police commissioner until after being sworn in as Metropolitan District Commissioner. The Governor contends that under the statutes he could not hold both offices, and was police commissioner until his successor was sworn.

## SILENT ABOUT LEONARD

Hultman's successor as Boston police commissioner, Joseph J. Leonard, was not sworn in until the day after Hultman accorded his new job, Curley pointed out to the attorney general. Although

the Governor did not disclose what action he contemplates concerning Leonard, it was believed he will move to eliminate him next.

The Governor's letter to the attorney-general follows, in part:

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Continued on Page 9, Column 4

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Atty. Gen. Warner declined to comment yesterday.

> **TELEGRAM-NEWS** Lynn, Mass.

JAN 6

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> ADVERTISER Boston, Mass.

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CURLEY-H Governor Mo



## ASKS COURT ROS Hits Eligibility

Governor Curley took the first step towards his promised removal of Eugene C. Hultman as chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission, yesterday, when he requested Attorney-General Joseph E. Warner to obtain a ruling from the Massachusetts Supreme Court on Hultman's status.

The governor contends that Hultman, suddenly moved from the office of Boston police commissioner to the district commission berth, in one of the last-minute shifts of the expiring administration, was not eligible for the appointment, under the law, and is now serving illegally.

He said that Hultman did not tender his nor's council remove the prest until after le missioner in order that Mr. Hultman may return to his former position."

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Continued From First Page

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CALLS FOR ACTION

"It would appear, therefore, that at the time of his appointment to the office of Chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission, Mr. Hultman was not eligible for such appointment and that he therefore holds that office

without legal right thereto.
"In these circumstances, it is your manifest duty in accordance with the provisions of Section 12 of Chapter 249 of the General Laws to proceed in the Supreme Judicial Court by way of an in-formation in the nature of quo warranto to determine Mr. Hultman's right to hold the office of Chairman of the Metro-politan District Commission, and

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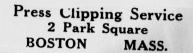
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# The Political Dial

### Lowell Members of the House Fare Well As Regards Committee Assignments.

from Lowell and vicinity fared rather well in their committee appointments, the older members receiving same committees as they had and the new menter

The members of the legislature tees. Representative Henry Achin, tinuous service, retains his chairmanship of the public safety committee and his membership in the committee on mercantile affairs of which he is the ranking member.

Representative Frank E. MacLean is the ranking member of the committee on cities, always an important one, but this year more so because of several matters in Governor Curley's inaugural address that undoubtedly will be referred to it. Representative Thomas A. Delmore is again a member of the committee on banks and banking. This has been a very important committee during the past two years during which our banking laws have been made comparable to the best to be found anywhere. This year there are several measures to be considered by this committee that are of major importance and widespread interest.

The legal affairs committee to Representative Albert L Bourgeois was again appointed, bids fair to be in the limelight because of the many proposed changes in the liquor laws which this committee will have to hear. Of the new members. Representative Albert Bergeron has two committees, Education and Transportation, while Representative George Ashe has been assigned to the committee on Public Health.

Representative John A. Valentine of Chelmsford is a member of the committee on Bills in Third Reading and on Constitutional Law, the latter more important than ever by reason of the several recommendations in Governor Curley's inaugural which will be referred to it, including biennial sessions which every Democrat voted against last year: reduction in the size of the legislative membership and the calling of a constitutional convention.

Repres : u e James E. Kendall of Dunstable retains his assignments of previous years, Pensions and Taxation, the latter one of the most important of the legislature. Representative Ralph Currier of Wilmington who represents the towns of Billerica. Burlington, Dracut, Tewksbury and Wilmington, is given a place on the committee on

Many of the Republican members of both branches of the legislature have been expressing freely a wish that both branches could have been

Democratic so that full responsibility as well as full credit for all laws passed could be given to that party. There is no doubt at all that many matters which year after year have been defeated, particularly the socalled labor bills, will this year be enacted into law. The small margin of six votes which the Republicans have in the house is a paper margin only, as there are at least that number who will support measures of that nature as well as others, and in the senate the margin of two votes will be wiped out on many occasions. And with a man of such force as Governor Curley to advise there is small doubt that whatever legislation he sincerely desires he is likely to get.

One of the recommendations in Governor Curley's message that was received in silence was that recommending a reduction in the membership of the legislature and for biennial sessions. It is fairly sufe to predict that neither of these propositions will be adopted by the legislature, the first because of its effect on future political aspirations of so many of the members, particularly the newer ones, and the latter judging by the reception accorded the proposition last year when Representative Achin's plea for it was met with derision by the Democrats. who voted solidly against it, and the lack of support accorded it by Republican leaders.

Until the senate gets organized and committees are appointed from that branch, the work of the legislature will be at a standstill. Every measure, however insignificant it may appear, must be heard by a committee before any action can be taken, and of course if there are no committees there can be no hear-

The legislature of 1935 bids fair to be one of the most strenuous of this generation. How the many new members will shape up is an open question. It is safe to assume that several of them will not be as conservative as those whom they succeeded.

Tax Rate.

Legislation which would prohibit any city or town from taxing more than \$51 per \$1000 on real estate is proposed in a bill filed in the legislature on petition of Francis

State Acquires Land in Greater Lowell

Many thousand acres of land some in Billerica and Carlisle, have been acquired by the Commonwealth and added to the State forests and parks since the Department of Conservation was given special legislative authority, last Summer, to increase its holdings in order to afford more opportunities for C. C. C. work in Massachusetts. The ong range objective is the creation f more outdoor recreational facilis for the public.

Mothers Aid and Old Age Assistance Beneficiaries Paid

Mothers Aid cases to the number of 162 received their cash payments hrough the mail from the Welfare department office yesterday, and on Monday those receiving old age assistance will receive their payments. Of the latter there are about 550 cases. The latter checks were sent out yesterday.

Planning Board Hold-Overs

At the present time, four of the celved from the following: Hon. even members of the Planning Cherles H. McGlue, chairman of Board are hold-overs. The term of the Democratic State committee, the Democratic State committee, was Mary Ward, Immigration Comone year ago, that of Albert W. Assioner, Boston; Mrs. Golda Wai-David expired at the beginning of the current year; the term of Clarnce M. Weed of the Park commission (ex-officio member of the

Planning board) expired about two years ago, while that of Superinendent of Buildings William J. Gargan (also an ex-officio member) expired last year.

Wants To Be Secretary Of Democratic City Committee

Sylvester J. O'Toole of 92 Crosby street is campaigning energetically for the office of secretary of the Democratic city committee and hopes to be elected at the meeting which may be held a week from Tuesday evening. He is a Boston College graduate and is secretary of the Ward 10 Improvement club.

Thomas McFadden and T. J. Cullinane are campaigning for the chairmanship of the Democratic city committee.

Civil Service Exam Next Saturday

A Civil Service examination will be held in the city council chamber at the city hall next Saturday forenoon at 10 o'clock for industrial instructor, weaver, in the Massachuetts Reformatory in the department of Correction.

Gala Night For Curley Women's Club

Next Tuesday evening is to be a red-letter night for the Governor Curley Women's club of Lowell, for on that evening at a meeting in Memorial hall, they are to stage a program that will embrace entertainment features, speeches by prominent party men and refreshments.

Mrs. Theresa McDermott, president of the local club invites any woman who desires to join the organization to be present at this meeting. Invitations have been sent James to many Democratic leaders and acceptance to speak have been reprominent Boston attorney,

Margaret O'Riordan, mmitteewoman; Hon. Edward enney, Mayor of Woburn; Mr. Edard Gilgun of Woburn, Mr. Joseph Lahane of the state committee, J. Joseph Hennessey and Hubert L. McLaughlin of this city, all of whom were prominent in the late Curley-

for-governor campaign. Several others who were always ready to fill in a gap in the speaking program or otherwise have been invited to be present as guests include David Burke and Joseph Queenan of this city. Joseph Murphy of Dracut, and John Gleason of this city who aided materially by furnishing interesting entertainment for many of the Curley rallies.

Republicans Peeved Over Two Recent Developments

City hall hummed yesterday with reactions from the political events of the past week. Regarding the appointment of Clerk Raymond P. Bourgeois of the district court, some Republicans are upset. One stated yesterday that he was given the impression that former Governor Ely promised local Democrats that none but George F. Haggerty would be named for the place, and if there were no chance to have him confirmed, the appointment would be left for the new governor.

Acting on that assurance, this Republican ascertained that if named and confirmed, Mr. Haggerty would not disturb the Republican women clerks in the clerk's office. He then sought out a Republican executive councillor from this district in behalf of the Haggerty appointment and confirmation. The councillor laughed when the Lowell man interceded for Haggerty's confirmation. He said he would listen to the Lowell man, but he knew Mr.

Haggerty would not be appointed.

That the Republicans are greatly disturbed over the attitude the past week of the Republican Election commissioners voting for the redistricting of the city was very apparent from what was heard yesterday. Staunch Republicans state that the Republican members of that party on the Election commission should never have voted the way they did. One outstanding member of the Republican party stated yesterday that the two Republican members would be read out of the party, and it is a question whether any Republican councillors will vote for their confirmation, if they are appointed by His Honor in succeeding years.

It is possible that at the next meeting of the Republican city committee some action will be taken in the matter. However, that remains to be seen.

For the present, at least, John Hi. Bruin may not take the oath of office as assessor, and that Assessor Thomas J. Corbett will remain in that office for a period. It is pointed out that Election Commissioner Leclair did not take the oath of office immediately upon his confirmation. He remained as secretary to the then Mayor Slowey, and not until the latter left office did Mr. Leclair qualify and took over the office vacated by John J. Townsend. The latter had been allowed to remain in office several weeks following Mr. Leclair's appointment and confirmation and in that way Mr. Townsend was enabled to draw several weeks' pay.

An impression prevails that a similar condition will continue in Mr. Bruin's case as he is employed as secretary to his brother, Mayor L Bruin.

TELEGRAM Worcester, Mass.

JAN 6

### **CURLEY MOVES** FOR REMOVAL F HULTMAN

Asks Attorney General to Act; Claims Foe Held Two Jobs at Once

CASE OF LEONARD?

Interest Also Centers on How Hub Police Head May Be Affected

By Telegram State House Reporter BOSTON, Jan. 5.—Basing his action on a statute enacted 28 years ago and reaching even into the misty past of colonial laws, Governor Curley today made his first effort as Governor to remove Eugene C. Hultman, whom he has long criticized bitterly, from his post as chairman of the Metropolitan district commission.

politan district commission.

The Governor, in a letter to the attorney general, asked him to institute proceedings in the Supreme Judicial court to remove Hultman from the post to which he was appointed in the closing days of the Ely administration. Governor Ely, in his letter, asserts that Hultman held two jobs at once in violation of the law—the post of police commissioner of the city of Boston and the Metropolitan District commission job.

Colonial Laws

In making his letter public today, Covernor Curley said that
in colonial times positions were
often given for the honor they
carried, an honor taken very seriously, and always with the understanding that the incumbent
could not hold other posts during
his tenure of office. The modern
laws, which he claims sustain his
point that Hultman held two jobs Colonial Laws

Continued on Page Fourteen

oath of office until Dec. 28,

"Under provisions of the acts of 1996, Chapter 291, Sec. 7, it is pro-vided that the police commissioner

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square

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BOSTON, Jan. 5.—Behind it a tempestuous beginning, which saw a Governor sworn to the performance of his duties under conditions without parallel in state history, the Legislature faces during the coming months measures which, if adopted, would work startling changes in governmental structure and in many laws directly affecting the welfare and conduct of the people.

The assumption is that the Legislature will eventually take up its duties with both branches functioning, although until tomorrow and perhaps longer, it is practically bereft of legislative machinery, despite liberal and verbose provision made for it in the Constitution.

Sensing the importance of speedily taking up its work, the Senate, although still in a deadlock through the Democratic filibuster, is expected to settle its extended wrangle over chairmanships for Democrats and tune up for action along with the House which has been ready for action since last Wednesday.

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Aside from what members have already presented in the way of proposed legislation, there is the Curley program which is so sweeping in its scope as to leave little uncovered. Since he delivered his inaugural on Thursday, several legislators have hastened to file bills covering some of his recommendations.

Beyond Expectations

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As a man of boundless energy and an alert mind which senses trends, social and political, with remarkable speed and often with extreme accuracy, it was expected the Governor would have an extended program, but in items and in length it went far beyond all calculations. It is certain that he will back it to the utmost. He has already announced he will use the radio weekly to place the issues directly before the people.

In taking this step he is emulating the man he has so frequently and fluently extolled — President Roosevelt. He went even beyond

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These are not the only things enumerated in Governor Curley's proscription list. The State Commission on Administration and Finance, designedly an institution to nance, designedly an institution to secure economy and sound practice and vested with wide powers that it might fullfill its mission, is not looked upon with favor. The Governor asks a levelling of its powers and practices and that it be made subordinate and subservient to a state auditor.

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This, of course, is not his entire program He has other measures in line with prospective bills and in line with other thought. He asks liberalization of the workmen's compensation law, a five per cent interest maximum on mortgages, if banks agree; a homestead project, liquor law reforms, barring drunken drivers permanently from the road, a battle on crime, organization of a Department of Justice comparable to that of the United States, a deadly tax against land speculators and other measures.

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Some of these probably will receive a sympathetic hearing by legislators. There will be several bills designed to liberalize old age pensions. During the week Senator Angier L. Goodwin, Republican Senate floor leader, said the Legislature probably would take some action toward liberalization.

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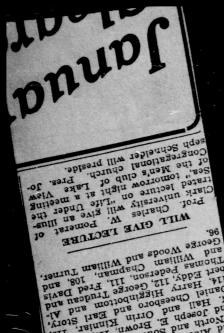
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It looks like one of those years when no legislator will need to pull out the tremolo stops in behalf of the vanishing heath hen merely as an excuse for talking. There will be plenty for them to talk about, and plenty to be recorded on, for this looks like the greatest debating and roll-calling session in the history of the state.

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By Odd Fellows Meekly Tournament Held LEAM BRIDGE VICTOR DUCETTE-HAMILTON

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in violation of statutes are based on colonial laws, he asserted.

The "quo warrant" proceedings which Governor Curiey asks simply mean he wants the attorney general to bring court action to compel Hultman to shew by what right he is holding office as chairman of the Metropolitan District commission. The Governor alleges that Hultman was appointed Dec. 27 and took the oath shortly thereafter while his successor as police commissioner, Joseph J. Leonard, appointed on the same day did not missioner, Joseph J. Leonard, appointed on the same day did not take the oath until Dec. 28. This, the Governor charges, caused Hultman to hold two jobs at the same time allegedly in violation of the law.

with Mr. Curley in office as Governor a renewal of his bitter battle with Hultman was expected, but it came sooner than anticipated, and the form which the attack would take was not known until Governor Curley announced it to newspapermen today and handed them a copy of his letter to the attorney general.

#### Leonard's Case?

The action of the Governor was primarily against Hultman, of course, but interest centered on how it might eventually affect Police Commissioner Leonard, another of the Governor's choice enemies whom he has criticised coverely. er of the Governor's choice enemies whom he has criticised severely. The Hultman and Leonard appointments were made during the final days of the Ely administration and were among the many acts hammered by Governor Curley in his criticism of the retiring Governor and council.

The Governor's letter to the at-

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torney general reads:
"On Dec. 27, 1934, Eugene C. Hultman was appointed chairman of the Metropolitan District commission and shortly thereafter undertook to qualify by taking the oath of office. Mr. Hultman prior to, and at the time of such appointment, was police commissioner of the City of Boston, which office he did not resign until after his appointment as chairman of the Metropolitan District commis-

"His successor as police commissioner, Joseph J. Leonard, was appointed to the office of police commissioner on Dec. 27, 1934, but apparently did not qualify by taking the oath of office until Dec. 28, 1934.

"Under provisions of the acts of 1906, Chapter 291, Sec. 7, it is provided that the police commissioner of the City of Boston shall not engage in any other business, and it is also provided that he shall hold office until his successor is any office until his successor is appointed and qualified. It would appear, therefore, that at the time of his appointment to the office of chairman of the Metropolitan District commission Mr. Hultman was not eligible for such appointment. not eligible for such appointment and that he, therefore, holds said office without legal right thereto. "In these circumstances it is your

manifest duty in accordance with the provisions of Sec. 12 of Chap-ter 249 of the General Laws to proceed in the Supreme Judicial court by way of an information in the nature of quo warranto to deter-mine Mr. Hultman's right to hold the office of Chairman of the Me-tropolitan District commission, and request you to do so.'

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON

> TELEGRAM Worcester, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

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JAN 6 1935

# A Send-Off for Ely

#### Retiring Governor Was Greeted by Precedent-Breaking Crowd—Curley in Inaugural Attacks Bodies Whose Support He Will Need

By BEACON HILL



BOSTON, Jan. 5.— While Frederic W. Cook was administering the official oath by which the new Governor started to function, on Thursday, various Republicans and Democrats at the Senate end of the State House offered other oaths, less effective. The Senate, any senate, is commonly understood to be in some degree a debating body, and to that extent the

state Senate got right down to business and went through. It certainly did debate.

Altogether, this was an amazing inauguration day. Quite without precedent, and insofar as the Senate was concerned, without president. The proceedings in the House chamber were unique; and so were those in the Senate chamber, bearing in mind the ancient free interpretation of the word "unique," being from the Latin, and meaning "unus" for "one" and "equus" for "horse."

It was a great day for the Republicans, at that. A good many had supposed that the Grand Old Party had gone into permanent Winter quarters, with nothing to do but sleep and grow long fur. With margins of majority so thin in both House and Senate that you can't depend on them, what with so resourceful and persuasive a Governor as is now in office, and with hardly any prospects ahead but political nudism, the Republican slant on the inauguration ceremonies was something less than enthusiastic.

Then came the dawn; for when they got into a jam, due to the Senate's dead batteries, who was it that saved the day? Why, Old Dr. Cook, Frederic W. Cook of Somerville, one-time Banner Republican City of the Commonwealth; the most amiable man in the State House, the man with a charmed political life, the music of whose voice charms and on Thursday again charmed, the savage beast of controversial politics.

The Democrats had to call on Fred Cook, surviving Republican, about the only Republican moving amid the rapidly fossilizing remains of what once was party life; and it was the gallant, forgiving, amiable and competent Cook who started the governmental pot boiling.

So this was a great day for the Republicans, after all.

#### Republican Future

Let's see what there was in the day carrying political significance for the future; for there is a future, even perhaps for the Republicans. The merits, defects, strength or what you will (according to your political and partisan inhibitions, prejudice, bias, complexes, etc.) of the new Governor's meaty address we shall not here discuss, for they have been and will be debated elsewhere with authority. Behind and beneath these and this we may seek out, perhaps, some hints along the line of political profit and loss, with a special eye for what betides the sagging Republican party in Massachusetts.

These hints for the future we may seek and possibly may find not only in the Governor's inaugural address but also in the affairs of the House and the Senate; and in that unusual march of the retiring Governor down the long stone steps before the State House; for there may be some political suggestion even in that departure, and the public attention given it.

Let us look at this exit for Mr. Ely first. There is always a touch of drama, for the impressionable, in the manner of the exit of a retiring Governor of Massachusetts. As the guns boom from the Common, in salute for the new Governor, the retiring executive, now a private citizen, must leave the executive offices unattended, or practically so-at least without display and ostentation, must walk down the carpeted private stairway—carefully avoiding the brass cuspidor which by long custom lurks at the head of those stairs—and so through or beside old Doric hall, out the front door-a door commonly dedicated to tourists—and so down those stone steps, through the gate, and into the wide world.

#### Drama of the Exit

There is drama in this, of course. It emphasizes the fact that when a Governor is through, he is through. Behind him are the sounds of acclaim; the booming guns are for his successor. The music, if any, is for him. The crowds are his.

Now, the Thursday affair differed somewhat

from custom; not by intent, for Mr. Ely set out on his journey according to ancient usage.

We cannot know exactly what was in his mind as he swung through that wide door at the head of the long stairs before the Bulfinch front, but it probably was tinged with surprise. Instead of the handful of people who sometimes gather about the State House front to see the departure of the retiring Governor, here was a vast assemblage. Maybe 3000. Maybe more. It was not a crowd left over from those who

departure of the retiring Governor, here was a vast assemblage. Maybe 3000. Maybe more. It was not a crowd left over from those who had come to see the new Governor enter. We reached the spot at noon; there was then a fairly large crowd, and it grew. By the time Mr. Ely came forth, nearly 12.30, it was a dense, eager, clese-packed, good-natured throng. As close to the gateway as the police would permit, they jostled. Across the street, before the Shaw

clese-packed, good-natured throng. As close to the gateway as the police would permit, they jostled. Across the street, before the Shaw monument, they were packed to the full width of the sidewalk, leaving only such room for passage as the police could keep clear.

The lower stone steps, outside the gate, were mounted by men and women, their eyes on the door at the top of the flight. Those long stairs were lined on each side, by many more.

So down the steps came the retiring Gov-

ernor, not into obscurity, but into a sudden ac-

cession of demonstrative friendliness. He walked

"alone" if by that we mean an area about six feet in diameter.

As close behind as possible thronged news photographers. Awaiting him at the curb stone were others of the same. Cameras snapped. Mr. Ely raised his silk hat, in his left hand, stood with it poised at the proper angle and elevation.

A photographer who had missed, asked him to repeat; he did so, with the same angle, the same elevation, and with the same smile. A pretty girl waved a blue handkerchief before him. There were handclappings; some cheers.

A really remarkable send-off. And what of that? Why, simply this, and perhaps it is important: It had been said that Mr. Ely had lost popularity in the closing months of his governorship.

The primary upset him. The outgoing and the incoming administrations did not appear to mesh. There was the matter of the 11th-hour appointments; the exchange with the Executive Council. It had been said that Mr. Ely was now all through with politics—"washed up" was the term we heard most.

Perhaps that is all wrong. It means something, that on his departure Thursday he received a farewell more exuberantly friendly than that of any preceding Governor.

This was the more significant from the fact that probably never before, certainly not before in many years, was there so much interest, justifiable interest, in the new administration. Yet despite the vibrant drama within the State House, here was an unprecedented farewell reception.

So what we gather is that there is a political future for Joseph B. Ely if he cares to pursue it.

The Inaugural Address

As for the inaugural address, and the political reverberations from it, one fact stands forth—to be variously interpreted. It is this: Leaving out of account the public interest in it, the public response to it, the rugged independence, if you will, of its meat and contents, the new Governor takes a swing at (1) the Legislature, which he would cut in half, and bisect its sessions; (2) the Executive Council, which he would abolish; (3) the county political organization, which he would destroy; (4) the judiciary, whose terms he would curtail.

As for the merit in his argument in each of these instances we have nothing to say; what may interest us in them, apart from their worth, is the thought that here at the outset the new Governor may have antagonized the legislative body on which he must depend for enactment of any or all of his program; the Council which must pass on his appointments; the counties whose political organization is the strongest in the state; and the judiciary, who are jealous of their ancient rights and privileges.

#### Remembering the Past

He would be a hardy and a foolhardy prophet who would undertake on this foundation of facts to forecast anything like disaster; for one finds in political history few items more mutually removed than Mr. Curley and disaster. No man has ever had a more accurate understanding of his own words and acts.

One cannot suppose that in preparing his inaugural address he failed to take due note of the potential antagonisms to be stirred by some of his recommendations.

Yet the facts are there, and not the least interesting pastime in the next few months will be watching to see (1) how the Legislature re-

acts and (2) how the Council behaves.

Another political slant on this address is this: That it makes its appeal quite as directly to Republicans as to Democrats; and that fact has significance in relation to possible reactions in the Legislature, where the Republicans hold their slight margin. One finds in this most unusual address countless items which might have been part and parcel of any Republican inaugural.

In pursuance of his legislative program, the new Governor is likely to find himself leaning quite solidly on Republican support; and Republicans in the Legislature will find it difficult, should they be so inclined, to oppose much of the Democratic Governor's program.

As for the occurrences in the Senate, we may take heed of them without undertaking the thankless task of weighing the respective claims of the two parties and the members involved. In the larger view it is of small consequence whether blame for failure rests on one party or on the other, on one individual or another.

What does stand out, and it is the enduringly

What does stand out, and it is the enduringly important fact, is that the Massachusetts state Senate during this imporant week has driven another spike into the legislative system of government. And that we regard as wholly evil.

### Legislative Authority It is our personal hobby to believe emphat-

ically in legislative authority. We fear less the frequent incompetence of legislative bodies than the efficiency of concentrated executive authority. The way towards suppression of individual liberties is through their restriction.

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The way towards their restriction is through concentration of authority in the executive branch of government, the logical development of which is into dictatorship and the death of democracy. That is our personal conviction

democracy. That is our personal conviction.

The first step towards suppression of legislative authority is to disparage and discredit legislative bodies. Those who would do this are being served now by the servility and futility of individual legislatures, and by their consider.

individual legislatures, and by their occasional assumption of arbitrary power, an abuse of their opportunities.

Louisiana, Rhode Island—these instances

stand out as warnings.

This past week the Massachusetts Senate has added to the ominous exhibit.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

TELEGRAM Worcester, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

Liquor Reform Governor Curley may be assured of overwhelming Is Necessary 33public support, if, in accord with his suggestion in his address to the Legislature, he insists that the Massachusetts liquor law be amended so as to restore at least the measure of decency which characterized the law which was operative before prohibition. When he remarks, "Under the licensing system which obtained prior to the adoption of the 18th amendment the custom of limiting the sale in public places, other than by innholders and licensed clubs, until 11 p. m., and with no sale permitted on Sundays and holidays and election ate organization was Senator Eddays, is in striking contrast with the system far C. Erickson of Worcester. He under which this business is permitted to operate today," the chief executive is but voicing a sentiment held generally throughout the commonwealth.

It is nothing less than a disgrace to Massachusetts that, when liquor was restored to a legal status after the 13 years of prohibition, it should have been given privileges far in excess of those permitted to it in the old days, the days in which the abuses of the traffic supplied effective cause for the adoption of the prohibition principle by the nation. As we have said on other occasions we have ever been at a loss to explain Governor Ely's complacency in face of the fact that the Legislature, in spite of his vigorous urging that it frame a liquor law which would be a model for the 47 other states and which would ban the saloon permanently, wrote upon the statute books legislation which in latitude must surpass even the wildest dreams of the most en husiastic liquoraddict.

There are many indications that the liquor trade itself is dissatisfied with present conditions. The loose regulations are an invitation to tions. The loose regulations are an invitation of the senate for the undesirable practices which cannot but react ster the oath makes Mr. to the detriment of the trade. Even persons who ey a de facto Governor or the it doesn't. pride themselves upon their "liberalism" are revolted by the existing situation. Liquor-selling on Sundays, on holidays, and long past midnight, women silly drunk in public drinking places, and the dubious, unpalatable quality of the beverages dispensed in most places are some of the reasons why ordinary, decent folk are demanding reform. In truth, the mere mention of these things is an effective demand that they be ended.

Strictly as a matter of logic, perhaps the liquor law cannot be blamed for the drunken driving and the drunkenness which have been ncreasing so conspicuously during the past ear, the first year of repeal. But the popular mind, when confronted with actuality, doesn't concern itself with anything so abstract as hat. And the public mind is right. It may be true that under any liquor law, under even the most stringent limitation of the hours of sale, people can get drunk and, while drunk, can undertake to drive automobiles. But it is impossible to deny that the loose and careless control which the state exercises over the liquor business can be taken as an encouragement to unwise indulgence in alcoholic beverages.

It is unthinkable that so self-respecting a state as Massachusetts should continue indefinitely to countenance the existing system of liquor-traffic regulation. Perhaps the first enthusiasm of the swingback from prohibition is an excuse for the inadequacy of the regulation now operative; but today, after more than a year has passed, that first enthusiasm should wearing off. It is more than time that we were settling down to a permanent basis of control of the liquor business.

Quite patently the system which obtains cannot be permanent. It ignores completely much that the race has learned from centuries of experience in handling liquor. It sets us back o where we were before the temperance movement began to make headway about 100 years go. Governor Curley will earn the gratitude of all decent-minded people if he succeeds in having the more flagrant evils eliminated from the 1933 liquor law.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

> TELEGRAM Worcester, Mass.

JAN 6

### **ECHOES**

FROM THE State House

By Telegram State House Reporter

About the most cheerful man during the Tuesday night Democratic filibuster which delayed Senwanted to get back to Worcester, out stuck with other Republicans. Tis smile never vanished, not even when he was making 'phone calls ome to explain every few minutes hat he might be delayed "a litle longer."

Among the veterans returning to the Senate, having weathered the Democratic blasts of the last election is Edward H. Nutting of Leominster. He used to be in the Heure and before that trained Edward H. Nutting of Leoningster. He used to be in the House and before that trained for political work as a selectman in Leoninster. He is still remembered as the man who settled the question of whether reporters could attend whether reporters could at the selectmen meetings by the simple expedient of inviting them in. And that wasn't all. He frequently asked and got their advice—however good it may have been.

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Republicans and Democrats frequently have paired for one legislative purpose or another, but it took the all night session of the Senate during the recent filibuster to pair two Senators for coffee and doughnuts. Senator Edgar C. Erickson, Republican, and Senator John S. Sullivan, Democrat, both of Worcester, conferred at 2 o'clock in the morning. Both admitted hunger, but disagreed as to which was the hungrier. But unanimously they agreed on walking out to eat. They did—only to be called back so that everybody could adjourn to eat. Republicans and Democrats

Edward J. Kelley of Worcester takes over a job he held several years ago in the course of his lengthy legislative career. He is again the Democratic floor leader of the House. Just before the caucus Wednesday morning he couldn't decide on his candidacy, but did in the causus and won handily. Then he ran for speakership of the House, but lost to the party strength of Leverett Saltonstall.

The doorkeepers and guards

rength of Leverett Saltonstall.

The doorkeepers and guards at the State House were an exhausted lot after the inauguration Thursday. They handled the greatest crowd that ever attended such an event, a crowd that gathered early and lingered long after the ceremonies were over. Owen J. English of Worcester, one ceremonies were over. Owen J. English of Worcester, one of the men on the door of the House lobby, smiled through it all, no matter how tough the going.

Rep. Joseph O'Kane of Dudley is a legislator who legislates when the House is not in session. Although the House adjourned the House is not in session. Although the House adjourned Thursday afternoon until Monday morning, Representative O'Kane was at the State House Thursday, full of session pep and energy.

There were so many precedents shattered at the Curley inaugural that "veteran attaches" are still trying to figure how many. The Senate taches" are still trying to figure how many. The Senate deadlock resulted in the oath being administered by Secretary of State Frederic W. Cook. And they are still talking about the Constitution and whether the absence of the president of the Senate to administer the oath makes Mr. Curley a de facto Governor or whether it doesn't.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

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1935 JAN 6

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Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

TELEGRAM Worcester, Mass. JAN 6 1935

### NEWS OF THE WEEK IN REVIEW



REPUBLICAN Springfield, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

### Beacon Hill---State and Local Topics-

Mr Ely, Private Citizen

One of the most prominent Republicans in the commonwealth writes privately, and sparingly in words: "Ely out, with a good rec-'ord." At about the same time a new Democratic senator at the State House was railing at Mr Ely as one of the best Republican governors Massachusetts has had. Praise for him, at this time, seems to come easily from Republican sources. The Worcester Telegram, classing him as one of the "good 'governors," goes so far as to affirm that "he just missed greatness 'in the governorship." All of which must be appreciated by Mr Ely, who does not see in himself or his record any Republicanism whatever.

Spectators who had background for comparisons say that the friendly crowd on Beacon street and on the State House walks waiting for the ex-governor to walk down the steps alone last Thursday, in accordance with a rather cruel Massachusetts custom, was the largest within memory. The Boston Transcript's estimate was a gathering of some 5000. The fact compels notice, because some ex-governors have taken that walk to the accompaniment of public indifference and inattention painful to behold. The administration of Mr Ely need not be reviewed here. It had its weak points and its failures, as well as its strong points and successes. But it "averaged up," instead of down. And that, too, in four years of a period not surpassed in difficulty since the Civil war.

Political observers are quick to note the fact that in private life Mr Ely will have powerful political influence, if he chooses to exercise it. In that section of the Democratic party not bound to Gov Curley he remains an outstanding figure. It is not believed that he nurses political ambition; all his energies are now concentrated in his law practice. Yet no one would venture to predict that, with conditions in this country what they are and are likely to be in the immediate future, this former Democratic governor has necessarily reached the end of his political trail.

The Senate contest between Republicans and Democrats over organization still leaves the public rather cold. If the contest should be prolonged unreasonably, however, a demand to stop such schoolboy foolishness would quickly arise. One gets the impression that the narrow Republican majority is not secure, that at least one Republican senator cannot be depended upon to remain within party lines. If the Republicans cannot show a majority and maintain it against all temptations or attacks, their argument that the majority must control the committee chairmanships loses in force. Usually, in legislative bodies, certainly in Congress, the party that has a majority sufficient to elect the presiding officer is recognized as fully entitled, as the responsible party, to control all the committees, at least all important committees, and to name all the important committee chairmen.

#### Business More Cheerful The annual business survey of

Springfield and Western Massachusetts published in this issue discloses an optimistic attitude that is the more convincing because it is not based on extravagant expectations. Comparative statistics indicate a general improvement in 1934 over 1933. The compilation of employes in metal-working industries shows a total higher even than that of 1931, and, when due allowance is made for different conditions of employment under NRA, the figures mean a net gain in production. In general, industrial output advanced the past year, although in many cases the profit ratio has not been comparable with the increase of production. Retail store executives are in a

happier frame of mind because of the gratifying volume of business toward the close of the year. Reordering in early 1935 to replenish depleted stocks is assured on an increased scale in comparison with the same period last year, and this should be reflected in increased manufacturing activity in the early months of 1935. In the real estate field rentals are

somewhat improved. Repair and modernization activity has been helped by title 1 of FHA, but there is little new building, the high level of taxes being still discouraging. New mortgage loans are not easy to obtain from financial institutions, but there is a plethora of loanable funds in commercial, cooperative and savings banks available for various activities which will promote prosperity and reduce unem-

ployment. Hotels, theaters and businesses found miscellaneous 1934 a better year than 1933. Much underlying uncertainty still lurks in the minds of business men because of the state and national

legislative outlook. This, however,

has diminished somewhat as im-

proved conditions have become ap-

Curley on Railroads Gov Curley's address allotted con-

sideration to the railroads. In dealing with the New England lines, he said: "Since the investment in rail-'read bonds and notes held by Massachusetts savings banks approximates the huge sum of \$265,000,000 it is clearly the duty of the hour for the Legislature to take such action as the needs of the situation demand for the protection of our banking institutions, our transportation system and the workers deriving a 'livelihood through the operation of 'New England railroads." There is likely to be no dissent from this principle, which is applicable to public utilities in general.

Gov Curley is not very clear as to measures that may be taken by the Legislature to assist in conservation of the railroads. Perhaps the best thing it could do would be to reduce taxes. Otherwise it is doubtful whether railroad financial betterment will come in Massachusetts independently of the rest of the nation. Gov Curley says that large sums of money are needed for equipment and improvement of roadbed. If this means larger sums for maintenance and replacements, the railroads will doubtless agree. Increased facilities, however, are not needed, and the removal of grade crossings is a program which the railroads are no longer able to finance, if, indeed, they can properly be asked to finance betterments that are chiefly for the benefit of users of the public high-

Gov Curley's views on railroad consolidation are rather ambiguously stated. He seemed to favor the trunk-line plan of mergers, "re-'gardless of sentimental objections," yet "with adequate provision for the 'retention of control that would 'safeguard the interests of New 'England." If this recommendation is somewhat negative, not to say contradictory, % is at least preferable to the definiteness of the Democrats' reported program in Rhode Island with regard to railroads. The Democrats of that state have

apparently taken over the old ballyhoo of certain Providence organizations for connecting Providence with the "trunk lines." The latest proposal, it seems, is to have the Boston & Albany and the Boston & Maine given entrance to Providence over the line of the Prodence & Worcester. If the Providence agitators will take the trouble to inform themselves they will find that Providence already Boston & Albany (that is, New York Central) freight service by way of Worcester. Gov Curley has promptly begun

making appointments quite to his own taste, as was to be expected. Getting Frank Goodwin back on the public pay roll, however, has struck a snag in the executive council, where Daniel J. Coakley is strongly intrenched. But the governor's unsuccessful effort to make Mr Goodwin again the chairman of the Boston finance commission will not end the Goodwin chapter. Mr Goodwin has a heavy political claim on the governor's gratitude and Mr Curley may be expected to liquidate it somehow in due season. Ousting the Appeals Board

#### The cause of Gov Curley's griev-

ance against the board of tax appeals is made clear by the figures given in his message showing that the appeals board and the assessors together had knocked off more than \$400,000,000 of Boston's assessed valuations, previously \$1,960,000,000, or more than 20 per cent, and that appeal cases amounting to more than \$500,000,000 were in process before the assessors or the appeals board. The continuance of a liberal pol-

icy that would reduce Boston's tax base 30 or 40 per cent would not only put a stout spoke in Boston's governmental wheel, but would, as Mr Curley points out, throw an unjust load on small taxpayers who cannot afford to fight appeal cases. The Boston figures afford an in-

teresting comparison with Spring-In this city the high peak of realty valuation was reached in 1929, the total then being \$282,799,-910. Last year this figure had been reduced to \$260,169,260, a loss of \$22,630,650, or almost exactly 8 per cent. This compares, on the other hand, with the much more radical deflation of the assessed valuations in the 1870s, when they were reduced from \$31,125,660 to \$22,211,-230, or 29 per cent, comparable to what Boston is experiencing. But there is this difference be-

tween the depressions of the seventies and the present time: Sixty years ago along with a radical reduction of values went as radical reduction in the tax rate, so that the actual amount of taxes paid analyzed here.

were hardly more than half what they were before. Now tax rates stay up or even rise, owing partly to the unemployment load and partly to causes that do not have to be

Why Gov Curley wants to abol-

intelligent government is not easily understood when he himself says that the board was created "for the purpose of establishing a more 'equitable system of tax values." This followed an era of go-as-youplease, uncontroled assessing policies in the cities and towns. Mr Curley is known to have favored making the boards of assessors the final authority and thus to make the policy of assessing subject to local political control.

This ignores the fact that if any state-wide policy in respect to the tax valuation was ever needed it is needed now. Otherwise, municipal boards of assessors would be like hundreds of small boards blown hither and thither on stormy seas.

Judge Sheehan of the Boston municipal court, whom Gov Curley has nominated to the superior court bench, is scarcely known in this part of the state. He was appointed to the Boston court by Gov Foss in 1913 and, consequently, has had a long experience in that jurisdiction. For more than a decade, also, an unpaid member of the Boston finance commission, he certainly managed wonderfully well not to antagonize Mayor Curley. Aside from his professional qualities, the most extraordinary fact remaining about Judge Sheehan is that in all his life, and he is 60 years old, he has attended but one professional basebail game. And Boston has had two big league teams for at least 40 years, with a population often regarded as baseball crazy.

#### Curley and the Automobile

Gov Curley does not express dissatisfaction with compulsory automobile liability insurance, as such, but with the failure properly to investigate accidents and prevent the piling up of fraudulent claims. Mr Curley is undoubtedly right in his declaration that the high rates of insurance not only put an unjust burden on most owners of cars but also constitute a "tremendous sales resistance in one of our greatest "industries."

But with Mr Curley's remarks on motor insurance and fraud should be read also his formula for reducing the number of highway accidents. He is for better enforcement, for keeping the reckless and drunken drivers off the road, for so increasing the number of officers responsible for the safety of the highways that they can reform the vicious practices that are now permitted. The merit and demerit rating

methods of insurance may have some value in driving some of the worst risks off the road, but it has seemed that the prime essential to any reform, whether for the abolishment of the barbaric practices of today or for the lightening of the insurance burden is to strike at the roots of the evil, that is to say, at the conduct of drivers on the highway, whether they are involved in accidents or not. The Lowell Courier-Citizen thinks

that the Democrats elected to state offices in Massachusetts and Rhode Island alike may "overplay their hands and disgust those who chose 'them." The Lowell paper admits that it will be pleased by "a con-'spicuous exhibition of Democratic 'excesses" because "the sooner will 'it bring sober-minded people back 'to their senses." The assumption that sober-minded people must invariably vote Republican will perhaps be characterized as rather oldfashioned political bigotry, but if Democrats in office deliberately alienate the good will of responsible citizens they can hardly blame their critics. On the other hand, it is doubtful whether some recent Republican exhibitions have shown due regard for the best public opinion. The Republican members of Gov Ely's council in the closing weeks of the past year gave offense in their own party. Knowing what was ahead, they should have been more than ever solicitous to give an impression of Republican integrity and sound judgment. Municipal Credit In view of the strength of the

credit of Springfield and numerous other Massachusetts municipalities, as revealed by satisfactory prices on bond issues and nominal interest rates on loans in anticipation of taxes, it is interesting to note that a New York firm that specializes in municipal securities estimates that less than 1 per cent of the cities and towns of the country are in default on their obligations and that the total debt of those communities represents less than 10 per cent of the \$19,500,000,000. This firm attaches considerable

importance to an improving tax and debt consciousness, to a trend toward the pay-as-you-go policy, and to economies. It estimates that the cost of state and local government has dropped a billion dollars a year since the peak of public spending. All of which is hopeful and probably true.

But the most important factor in ish the tax appeal board rather than to strengthen it as an instrument of the strength of municipal securities Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> TELEGRAM Worcester, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

### **CURLEY CONSIDERS** HOUSING' PROGRAM

#### Indicates State Will Take Advantage of Plan

BOSTON, Jan. 5 (AP)—Governor James M. Curley today indicated Massachusetts would take advantage of the federal housing program as outlined by President Roosevelt's address to Congress as soon as machinery for the plan is set up.

"The federal program as anunced by President Roosevelt,"
said a statement issued by the
Governor, "contains, as was anticipated, the abandonment of the extension of the federal cash relief
to the states and substituting
therefor a public works program.

"The state commissioner of conservation has submitted a recommendation setting forth the following facts:

"The Commonwealth of Massa-

lowing facts:

"The Commonwealth of Massachusetts at the present time is in possession of 1988 acres of land within 10 miles of Fall River. The preliminary steps have been taken to acquire 2808 acres additional, making a total of 4796 acres. In the event federal co-operation is secured in a subsistence homestead program, arrangements can be made for the construction of 2000 homes which would permit of one acre to a home and where garden could be planted and the necessary produce raised for the sustenance of a family.

"The remainder of the acreage

tenance of a family.

"The remainder of the acreage could be developed as a park and the prospects for a more inviting development is such that it is my purpose to recommend the appropriation of the required sum of approximately \$15,000 for acquiring the necessary land so that in the event of federal participation it should be possible to start work in 60 days and a development of this character should employ some 2000 men during the years that would be required to complete the work.

"In view of the recommendation for an extension of the CCC activities by 300 per cent, I have requested the commissioner of conservation to draft plans and to make inquiry as to possible sites for more CCC camps and upon receipt of that information I shall recommend such men as may be necessary to carry such a program into effect."

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

> TELEGRAM Worcester, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

### **CURLEY MAPS** ,WAR ON CRIME

Will Use State Detective Force to Drive Big Leaders Out

DEVER VOWS AID

#### Parley To Be Called When **New Attorney General** Takes Post Jan. 16

BOSTON, Jan. 5 (US)—Announcing plans for a state crime conference, Gov. James M. Curley tonight declared his intention to utilize the state detective force in a crime war designed to imprison the big leaders of the New England underworld.

He said he would send the state's ace detectives into Boston, from which they have been barred for years by deferential custom.

Elaborating upon his inaugural recommendation for a state department of justice, the Governor

ment of justice, the Governor rapped police condonement of rackets, political interference with law enforcement, jury-fixing and other abuses. He promised:

"The leaders of crime can and will be punished."

#### Dever's Pledge

At the same time, in another in-rview, Attorney General-elect

At the same time, in another interview, Attorney General-elect Paul A. Dever dedicated his office to the Governor's proposal to "get" the underworld's untouchables.

The state crime conference, to be called by Governor Curley as soon as the new attorney-general takes office Jan. 16 will include representatives of every branch of law enforcement. Officials of other New England states will be invited enforcement. Officials of other New England states will be invited

Governor Curley said:

Governor Curley said:

"Our conference plan calls for the presence of the Chief Justice of the Supreme court, presiding justices of the Superior and Municipal courts, the United States marshal, representatives of the Department of Justice and the income tax division, district attorneys, chiefs of police and the State Department of Public Safety."

The Governor was particularly aroused over the continued unhampered existence of race track gambling and the number-pool rackets. He declared:

"The poor of the state, even people on the public welfare rolls, are being cleaned out of their money by the pools which handle an amazing figure annually—literally millions of dollars.

"Increasing Menace'

#### 'Increasing Menace'

"Increasing Menace"

"These men conduct a menace, constantly increasing, which not only deprives the poor and rich alike of their money but, directly or indirectly, is responsible for murders, robberies and other crimes.

"In addition, the number-pools and similar lotteries are breaking down the morale of the police department and promoting in the public mind an increasing contempt of all law.

"None of the crime bosses in Massachusetts are powerful enough to block prosecution by state detectives. There is evidence that they have been successful in blocking prosecution in some communities.

"I feel confident that the plan to organize a state department of justice will be effective in the war to make Massachusetts unsafe for criminals of every description."

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

> **TELEGRAM** Worcester, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

#### **CURLEY CLUB STARTS** SEASON TOMORROW

The Curley club will hold its first meeting of the 1935 season tomorrow night at the Jeffersonian club. Plans will be made for a whist party to be held later in the month, The club was organized Nov. 7 by Mrs. Anna A. Sharry, with the sanction of Governor Curley. It meets bi-weekly at the Jeffersonian club.

Present officers are Mrs. Mary A. O'Toole, president; Mrs. Mary J. O'Neil, vice-president; Miss Catherine Mullry, secretary; Mrs. Mary Londergan, treasurer; Miss Mary Loughlin, Mrs. Mary Rice and Miss Marguerite Madaus, trustees. It was voted at the last meeting to admit male members.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

**TELEGRAM** Worcester, Mass. 1935 JAN 6

#### CURLEY CALLS FOR PWA PROJECT PLANS

By Telegram State House Reporter
BOSTON, Jan. 5.—In an avowed
effort to have Massachusetts the
first state organized for a monster
PWA construction program as a
"work and wage" move, Governor
Curley said today he would ask
mayors of cities and selectmen of
towns, who have not already submitted their programs to him, to
do so immediately.

The programs so far presented

The programs so far presented total about \$60,000,000, he said, and added that he had informed Washington authorities that at least \$100,000,000 should be allotted to Massachusetts.

**Press Clipping Service** 2 Park Square BOSTON MAS MASS.

> REPUBLICAN Springfield, Mass.

1935 JAN 6

rd Hauptmann.

### **GOVERNOR MOVES** FOR COURT ACTION **AGAINST HULTMANN**

Asks Atty-Gen Warner to Begin Proceedings for His Removal-To Act Against Leonard, Also

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It was indicated at the press conference with the governor that similar proceedings would be instituted against Joseph J. Leonard who resigned from a position of chairman of the Boston finance commission to become police commissioner.

The Letter in Warner

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"Under the provisions of the Acts of 1906 chapter 291, section 7, is provided that the police commissioner of the city of Boston shall not engage in any other business and it is also provided that he shall hold his office until his successor is appointed and qualified. It would appear, therefore, that at the time of his appointment to fill office of chairman of the Metropolitan district commission Mr Hultman was not eligible for such appointment, and that he therefore held said office without legal right thereto.

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"In these circumstances it is your manifest duty in accordance with the provisions of section 12 of chapter 249 of the General Laws to proceed in the supreme judicial court by way of an information in the nature of quo warranto to determine Mr Hultman's right to hold the office of chairmission, and I request you to do so."

The governor declared that since the earliest day of colonial government, Massachusetts officials were not permitted to do any other work until the end of their term of office and were forbidden from entering into one position until the completion of their term to the preceding one.

"The removal is based upon these grounds," he said.

He added that it has been customary for officials given positions in the state service to have as their object not the receiving of a salary but the honor which would be derived in filling the position properly.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

REPUBLICAN Springfield, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

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Richard Morrissey of Westfield Among Those on Book of Qualifications Which Ely Did Not Sign

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The governor pointed out that former Gov Ely had failed to affix his signature to the book after it had been signed by the appointees on the day they took the oath of office. The properly sworn into office, "Gov Curley said. "I may ask the attorney general for an opinion on the matter."

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REPUBLICAN Springfield, Mass.

JAN 6

#### CURLEY SENDS COUCH AWAY; NO USE TO HIM

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ment that is coming to Massachusetts with the new administration of James I' Curley occurred this afternoon when the state superintendent of buildings, Fred H. Kimball, was observed directing two husky workmen in the removal from the governor's office of the day couch that has always been a fixture there.

Gov Curley, after taking one look at the couch, allowed as how he wasn't going to have any time for lying down and ordered that it be taken out. Supt Kimball admitted to reporters that there had been a couch in the governor's office as long as he had been at the State House. That was fully two decades.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

REPUBLICAN Springfield, Mass.

1935 JAN 6

#### **CURLEY WILL BACK** THE RACING BOARD

Boston, Jan. 5—The new state racing commission this afternoon received the backing and support of Gov James M. Curley—that is, as long as they conduct their affairs properly. This is the attitude of the governor with regard to the petition of Atty. Conrad W. Crooker of Boston and others asking the Governor and Council to remove the racing commission members.

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"There is no middle course to take," Gov. Curley said. "The people have voted. As long as the commission conducts its affairs as they should be conducted, they should be permitted to go ahead."

REPUBLICAN Springfield, Mass.

1935 JAN 6

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REPUBLICAN Springfield, Mass.

#### **GOV CURLEY TO HAVE BRAND NEW AUTO**

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Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> TELEGRAM Worcester, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

### CURLEY CONSIDERS HOUSING' PROGRAM

#### Indicates State Will Take Advantage of Plan

BOSTON, Jan. 5 (AP)—Governor James M. Curley today indicated Massachusetts would take advantage of the federal housing program as outlined by President Rooseveit's address to Congress as soon as machinery for the plan is set up.

"The federal program as annunced by President Roosevelt," said a statement issued by the Governor, "contains, as was anticipated, the abandonment of the extension of the federal cash relief to the states and substituting therefor a public works program.

"The state commissioner of conservation has submitted a recommendation setting forth the following facts:

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"The Commonwealth of Massachusetts at the present time is in possession of 1988 acres of land within 10 miles of Fall River. The preliminary steps have been taken to acquire 2808 acres additional, making a total of 4796 acres. In the event federal co-operation is secured in a subsistence homestead program, arrangements can be made for the construction of 2000 homes which would permit of one acre to a home and where garden could be planted and the necessary produce raised for the sustenance of a family.

"The remainder of the acreage

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"The remainder of the acreage could be developed as a park and the prospects for a more inviting development is such that it is my purpose to recommend the appropriation of the required sum of approximately \$15,000 for acquiring the necessary land so that in the event of federal participation it should be possible to start work in 60 days and a development of this character should employ some 2000 men during the years that would be required to complete the work.

"In view of the recommendation for an extension of the CCC activities by 300 per cent, I have requested the commissioner of conservation to draft plans and to make inquiry as to possible sites for more CCC camps and upon receipt of that information I shall recommend such men as may be necessary to carry such a program into effect."

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> TELEGRAM Worcester, Mass.

JAN 5 1935

### **CURLEY MAPS** ,WAR ON CRIME

Will Use State Detective Force to Drive Big Leaders Out

DEVER VOWS AID

#### Parley To Be Called When New Attorney General Takes Post Jan. 16

BOSTON, Jan. 5 (US)—Announcing plans for a state crime conference, Gov. James M. Curley tonight declared his intention to utilize the state detective force in a crime war designed to imprison the big leaders of the New England underworld.

He said he would send the state's ace detectives into Boston, from which they have been barred for years by deferential custom.

Elaborating upon his inaugural

Elaborating upon his inaugural recommendation for a state department of justice, the Governor rapped police condonement of rackets, political interference with law ets, political interference with law enforcement, jury-fixing and other abuses. He promised: "The leaders of crime can and will be punished."

Dever's Pledge

At the same time, in another in-rview, Attorney General-elect

At the same time, in another interview, Attorney General-elect Paul A. Dever dedicated his office to the Governor's proposal to "get" the underworld's untouchables. The state crime conference, to be called by Governor Curley as soon as the new attorney-general takes office Jan. 16 will include representatives of every branch of law enforcement. Officials of other New England states will be invited. Governor Curley said:

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"Our conference plan calls for the presence of the Chief Justice of the Supreme court, presiding justices of the Superior and Municipal courts, the United States marshal, representatives of the Department of Justice and the income tax division, district attorneys, chiefs of police and the State Department of Public Safety."

The Governor was particularly aroused over the continued unhampered existence of race track gambling and the number-pool rackets. He declared:

"The poor of the state, even peo-

"The poor of the state, even people on the public welfare rolls, are being cleaned out of their money by the pools which handle an amazing figure annually—literally millions of dollars.

'Increasing Menace'

"These men conduct a menace, constantly increasing, which not only deprives the poor and rich alike of their money but, directly or indirectly, is responsible for murders, robberies and other crimes.

"In addition, the number-pools and similar lotteries are breaking down the morale of the police department and promoting in the public mind an increasing contempt of all law.

"None of the crime bosses in Massachusetts are powerful enough to block prosecution by state detectives. There is evidence that they have been successful in blocking prosecution in some communities.

"I feel confident that the plan to organize a state department of justice will be effective in the war to make Massachusetts unsafe for criminals of every description."

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

> **TELEGRAM** Worcester, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

male members.

#### **CURLEY CLUB STARTS SEASON TOMORROW**

The Curley club will hold its first meeting of the 1935 season tomorrow night at the Jeffersonian club. Plans will be made for a whist party to be held later in the month. The club was organized Nov. 7 by Mrz. Anna A. Sharry, with the sanction of Governor Curley. It meets bi-weekly at the Jeffersonian club.

club.

Present officers are Mrs. Mary
A. O'Toole, president; Mrs. Mary
J. O'Neil, vice-president; Miss Catherine Mullry, secretary; Mrs. Mary
Londergan, treasurer; Miss Mary
Loughlin, Mrs. Mary Rice and Miss
Marguerite Madaus, trustees. It was
voted at the last meeting to admit
male members.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

TELEGRAM Worcester, Mass. JAN 6 1935

#### CURLEY CALLS FOR PWA PROJECT PLANS

By Telegram State House Reporter
BOSTON, Jan. 5.—In an avowed
effort to have Massachusetts the
first state organized for a monster
PWA construction program as a
"work and wage" move, Governor
Curley said today he would ask
mayors of cities and selectmen of
towns, who have not already submitted their programs to him, to
do so immediately.

The programs so for presented

The programs so far presented total about \$60,000,000, he said, and added that he had informed Washington authorities that at least \$100,000,000 should be allotted to Massachusetts.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

REPUBLICAN Springfield, Mass.

1935 JAN 6

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Richard Morrissey of Westfield Among Those on Book of Qualifications Which Ely Did Not Sign

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The governor pointed out that former Gov Ely had failed to affix his signature to the book after it had been signed by the appointees on the day they took the oath of office. The omission was discovered when the governor administered the oath of office to Patrick A. O'Connell of Brooklii, appointed November 14 by Gov Ely as a member of the board of managers of the state eye and ear infirmary.

Ely as a member of the board of managers of the state eye and ear infirmary.

The others whose right to hold office was questioned by Gov Curley were: Jennie L. Barron of Brighton, special justice of the district court of western Norfolk; M. Mred O'Connell of Fitchburg, special justice of the district court of Fitchburg; Ethel E. MacKiernan of Nantucket; justice of the district court of Nantucket; John C. Pappas of Belmont, special justice of the Gloucester district court; John H. Sullivan of Taunton, justice of the 4th district court of Plymouth.

"There might be a question as to whether those appointees have been properly sworn into office," Gov Curley said. "I may ask the attorney-general for an opinion on the matter."

Custom requires that the governor sign his name to the book of qualifications following the name of the person he has sworn into office. Gov Ely failed to do this after the names of the six persons who were sworn in on the final day of his administration.

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JAN 6

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Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

**JOURNAL** Providence, R. I.

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GOVERNOR CURLEY

Governor James M. Curley, Democrat. of Massachusetts, who was successful in his candidacy over Lieutenant Governor Gaspar G. Bacon, Republican, last November by an extraordinary plurality, has just taken twelve newspaper columns of space to express his opinions in his first gubernatorial message.
As was to be expected from a man

of Mr. Curley's alert and eager mind, the new Governor has an extraordinary number and variety of recom-

mendations to make.

He proposes changes, for example, in the State labor laws; he would have a 44-hour week for State institutional employes and permanent payment of workmen's compensation to the permanently disabled. He would reduce mortgage interest rates from 6 to 5 per cent. He would place industrial banking under the supervision of the Bank Commissioner, He desires rigorous enforcement of the highway motor-car laws. He would reduce each branch of the Legislature 50 per cent. in numbers and replace annual with biennial sessions. He advocates the abolition of the Governor's Council and the Boston Finance Commission, the State Board of Tax Appeals and the county governments. He would like to get rid of the pre-primary party conventions. He favors the choice of municipal police heads by the municipalities themselves. He urges a return to the party system in city elections. He makes several recommendations for judicial changes, including the compulsory retirement of judges at 70. He would increase income taxes to an equality with real-estate taxes since 1916. He favors a continuation of the one-cent gasoline tax through 1936. He would substitute work and wages for welfare allotments. He would cooperate with Washington in Federal financing of relief and the housing problem. He would institute modernized methods of combatting criminals. He thinks that the liquor laws should forbid public selling after 11 p. m. and on Sundays. He says that Massachusetts should be prepared for Federal coördination of railroad systems and trunk lines. He thinks the Governor should appoint commissioners and department heads to serve during his term of He would advertise the State's recreational advantages. And in various other ways he would have the Legislature act for what he regards as desirable public ends.

Governor Curley has had a long record of service in public office. He was a member of Congress for four years and Mayor of Boston for 12 years. The Boston Herald regards the tone of his message as, on the whole, reasonably conservative. It goes on: "We found in the message a good deal with which we could agree, a number of points upon which we disagree, and several suggestions upon which we have no definite con victions one way or another." It adds that there is very little talk in the document about economy and that it is "essentially a spending message."

The Springfield Republican comments: "The capacity of Gov. Curley for state administration and leadership of a high order is undeniable. There is much in the inaugural address that arouses new hopes that a man so able will rise to his opportunities for public service."

The Worcester Telegram says: "It should be kept in mind, as regards this Democratic Governor's proposals, that he will have a far better chance of having his wishes enacted into law than had any of his Democratic predecessors. The Republicans control both branches of the Legislature by such narrow margins that a clever politician, such as Mr. Curley is, need encounter but li tle difficulty in wangling the necessary Republican votes for pet measures.'

One forecast is justified—the next few weeks are going to be strenuous and memorable under Boston's Gilded Dome.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

STANDARD-TIMES New Bedford, Mass.

1835 JAN 6

### **CURLEY STARTS COURT MOVE TO OUST HULTMAN**

Asks Warner to Institute Proceedings Against Ely Appointee

CLAIMS ACT ILLEGAL

May Declare MacKiernan and Sullivan Appointments Invalid

BOSTON, Jan. 5 (AP)-Proceedings. designed to remove Eugene C. Hultman, former police commissioner of Boston, from his new post as chairman of the Metropolitan District Commission were instituted today by his old foe, Governor Curley.

old foe, Governor Curley.

The Governor, in a letter to Attorney General Warner, requested that "quo warranto" proceedings be brought against Hultman in Supreme Court. The status of Hultman's successor as police commissioner, Joseph J. Leonard, may also be questioned in connection with the action.

Both Hultman and Leonard, the latter a former member of the Boston Finance Commission, gained their new positions in a series of swift moves just before Governor Ely left office. Hultman was appointed to the Metropolitan Commission and thereupon resigned the police commissionership which immediately was hestowed on Leonard. Curley assailed the moves as a "despicable deal" and promised that with his ascension to power he would do his best to "purge the public payroll."

Curley, in his letter to Warner, said that Hultman's acceptance of a new post before he had resigned the police commissionership was in violation of law and that he now

(Continued on Page 8) Westfield clerk of the

Democrats to Press Drive Against Fish

Drive Against Fish

BOSTON, Jan. 5 (AP)—The Senate chamber, scene of a two-day filibuster, was quiet tonight but there were indications that the Democratic wave of oratory would be continued Monday.

The attempt on the part of Republicans to reelect Erland F. Fish president of the Senate was held up by the filibuster the Democrats said they would continue until their Republican colleagues had agreed to give certain committee chairmanships to the Democrats. The Republicans hold a 21-19 margin in votes.

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State Senator William S. Conroy of Fall River said today that the Democrats did not intend to "give an inch."

"As long as it (the fillbuster) continues," Conroy said, "the Republicans cannot reelect Erland F. Fish against whom the Democrats are waging their battle."

Conroy charged Fish had broken faith with the Democrats, claiming the Senate president promised the Democrats some of the committee chairmanships when there was doubt about the Republicans having control and that he then backed down when the actual lineup was known.

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Meanwhile at his home in Mansfield, Senator James G. Moran, who had the support of many Democrats as a candidate for the presidency of the Senate, denied he had deserted the Republican Party.

Republicans of Moran's district, the First Bristol, had criticized him for accepting Democratic support. In answer he said:

"I have not deserted my party. I have made no promises or pledges. I am aspiring to an honorable position to which any senator can honorably aspire. I feel honored by the offer of votes from other senators. I am honored in that some of them are Democrats and it is a tribute to me that they are thus backing me and that I have so many friends in the Democratic Party."

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square MASS. BOSTON

STANDARD-TIMES New Bedford, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

### **CURLEY SEEKS HOUSING FUNDS**

To Ask State for \$15,000 to Aid Buying of Land Near Fall River

Near Fall River

BOSTON, Jan. 5 (AP)—Governor Curley today indicated that Massachusetts would take advantage of the Federal housing program as outlined by President Roosevelt's address to Congress as soon as machinery for the plan is set up, and that he would seek necesary state funds to aid the work.

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One forecast is justified—the next few weeks are going to be strenuous and memorable under Boston's Gilded Dome.

The women's clothes alone told a story—Anne's clothes alone told a with its touches of pink; the coal two women utrors left on, although the court room was former sold on, although mink wrap, the swelte beret of Mrs Jack Dempsey, a former showgirl; the bold print the large black amith's wife on the lury wore.

Another story was their coloring, their tsclai expressions. Annether the print the large black in the lury wore.

Incertain a story was their coloring. Annether story was their coloring. Annether story was their coloring. Only the large black in the large black in the large black of the large black. The large black in the large like Dresden Ching, but far stronger than the lases in those fixuringer than the Clothes Tell Story

"The sleeping suit was put, on "The sleeping suit was put, on y child the night of March I."

A girl in a lilac dress, with gent coronet braid, worked at a make ing, but she couldn't catch it slims, but she couldn't catch it slim finger with which Anner twisted her wedding ring, Mrs. Hauptmann's red-lidde dayes, the tapping loot of the No. 3 luror, tapping loot of the No. 3 luror.

The British cook selzed an unferantish cook selzed an unferanted moment and told the world from the witness stand that her husband was true to her. Annements in her hands and fingered she were judging its quality.

"That is the flance said many and this;"

"That is the flance shirt."

"An dthis;"

"An dthis;"

"An dthis;" Says Husband True

mi ther, whe, though across the sea, was caught in the net, whe, though across the sea, that her son was the accused man.

A raw-boned carpenter's wife and a little dark-haired woman, daughter of a late ambassador and wife and ylury, a blacksmith's hero; and on the widow who does bead work.

People who watched, who saf within arm's length, found it hard to believe.

### **COURT MOVE TO** OUST HULTMAN

(Continued from Page 1)

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Questioned as to whether he would take action on the petition for the removal of the state racing commission members which was filed yesterday, Curley indicated the present members would have his support as long as they conducted their duties properly.

"There is no middle course to take," he said. "The people have voted and as long as the commission conducts its affairs as they should be conducted, it should be permitted to go ahead."

The petition for removal of the members was filed by Conrad W. Crooker, counsel for the 8,000 original petitioners for a pari-mutuel law and an outspoken protestant against confirmation of the commission after its appointment by Ely.

In addition to instituting proceedings for the segment of the segment of the commission for the commission for the commission for the commission of the commission after its appointment by the control of the commission of the commission for the commission of the commission of the commission after its appointment by the control of the commission of the com

Ely.

In addition to instituting proceedings for the removal of Hultman, Governor Burley indicated tonight that he night find means to declare invalid six other appointments of his predecessor.

Curley pointed out that Ely had failed to affix his signature to the Executive Council's book of qualifications, and suggested that as a result the appointees might not have been sworn into office properly. MacKiernan Named

The appointees whose names Ely d not follow with his own sig-

The appointees whose names Ely did not follow with his own signature, were:

Assistant Attorney General Jeenie Loitman Barron of Brighton, special justice of the District Court of Western Norfolk.

W. Fred O'Connell of Fitchburg, special justice of the District Court of Fitchburg.

Ethel E. MacKiernan of Nantucket, justice of the District Court of Nantucket.

John C. Pappas, of Belmont, spe-

of Nantucket.

John C. Pappas, of Belmont, special justice of the Gloucester District Court.

John H. Sullivan of Taunton, justice of the Fourth District Court of Plymouth.
Richard Morrissey of Westfield,
clerk of the Westfield District

**Democrats to Press** 

Drive Against Fish

Drive Against Fish

BOSTON, Jan. 5 (AP)—The Senate chamber, scene of a two-day flibuster, was quiet tonight but there were indications that the Democratic wave of oratory would be continued Monday.

The attempt on the part of Republicans to reelect Erland F. Fish president of the Senate was held up by the flibuster the Democrats said they would continue until their Republican colleagues had agreed to give certain committee chairmanships to the Democrats. The Republicans hold a 21-19 margin in votes.

The Republicans hold a 21-19 margin in votes.

State Senator William S. Conroy of Fall River said today that the Democrats did not intend to "give an inch."

"As long as it (the filibuster) continues," Conroy said, "the Republicans cannot reelect Erland F. Fish against whom the Democrats are waging their battle."

Conroy charged Fish had broken faith with the Democrats, claiming the Senate president promised the Democrats some of the committee chairmanships when there was doubt about the Republicans having control and that he then backed down when the actual lineup was known.

Meanwhile at his home in Mansfield, Senator James G. Moran, who had the support of many Democrats.

Meanwhile at his home in Mansfield, Senator James G. Moran, who had the support of many Democrats as a candidate for the presidency of the Senate, denied he had deserted the Republican Party.

Republicans of Moran's district, the First Bristol, had criticized him for accepting Democratic support. In answer he said:

"I have not deserted my party. I have made no promises or pledges. I am aspiring to an honorable position to which any senator can honorably aspire. I feel honored by the offer of votes from other senators. I am honored in that some of them are Democrats and it is a tribute to me that they are thus backing me and that I have so many friends in the Democratic Party."

A St. Lawrence Waterway Treaty coursed to meet objections that coursed rejection of ratification 64 it will be inserted late on emergency Executive Council, but since it is still being studied by the schedule. been considered by the Prosident, Banking legislation has not yet Bank Legislation Talked BO

permanently, with some possible conne tayloring, with some possible conne tayloring, with some possible conne tayloring and the conne tayloring and the connection of redents and to control and to control.

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(Continued from Page 1)

the event Federal cooperation is secured in a subsistence homestead program, arrangements can be made for the construction of 2,000 homes which would permit of one acre to a home and where gardens could be planted.

"The remainder of the acreage could be developed as a park and the prospects for a more inviting development is such that it is my purpose to recommend the appropriation of the required sum of approximately \$15,000 for acquiring the necessary land so that in the event of Federal participation it should be possible to start work in 60 days and a development of this character should employ some 2,000 men during the years that would be required to complete the work.

"In view of the recommendation for an extension of the C. C. C. activities by 300 percent, I have requested the commissioner of conservation to draft plans and to make inquiry as to possible sites for more C. C. C. camps and upon receipt of that information I shall recommend such men as may be necessary to carry such a program into effect."

#### SUNDAY TELEGRAM

WORCESTER TELEGRAM-THE EVENING GAZETTE
Worcester Telegram Publishing Co., Inc.
H. G. STODDARD, President
GEORGE F. BOOTH, Editor and Publisher
20-22 Franklin St.

#### SUNDAY, JANUARY 6, 1935.

Liquor Reform Governor Curley may be assured of overwhelming Is Necessary public support, if, in accord with his suggestion in his address to the Legislature, he insists that the Massachusetts liquor law be amended so as to restore at least the measure of decency which characterized the law which was operative before prohibition. When he remarks, "Under the licensing system which obtained prior to the adoption of the 18th amendment the custom of limiting the sale in public places, other than by innholders and licensed clubs, until 11 p. m., and with no sale permitted on Sundays and holidays and election days, is in striking contrast with the system under which this business is permitted to operate today," the chief executive is but voicing a sentiment held generally throughout the common weaith.

It is nothing less than a disgrace to Massachusetts that, when liquor was restored to a legal status after the 13 years of prohibition, it should have been given privileges far in excess of those permitted to it in the old days, the days in which the abuses of the traffic and nave prohibition principle by the have ever beer said on other occasions we have ever been at a loss to explain Governor Ely's complacency in face of the fact that the Legislature, in spite of his vigorous urging that it frame a liquor law which would be a model for the 47 other states and which would ban the saloon permanently, wrote upon the statute books legislation which in latitude must surpass even the wildest dreams of the most enthusiastic liquor-

There are many indications that the liquor addict. trade itself is dissatisfied with present conditions. The loose regulations are an invitation to undesirable practices which cannot but react to the detriment of the trade. Even persons who pride themselves upon their "liberalism" are revolted by the existing situation. Liquor-selling on Sundays, on holidays, and long past midnight, women silly drunk in public drinking places, and the dubious, unpalatable quality of the beverages dispensed in most places are some of the reasons why ordinary, decent folk are demanding reform. In truth, the mere mention of these things is an effective demand that they cictly as a matter of logic, perhaps the be ended.

that. And the public mind is right. It may be true that under any liquor law, under even the most stringent limitation of the hours of sale, people can get drunk and, while drunk, can undertake to drive automobiles. But it is impossible to deny that the loose and careless control which the state exercises over the liquor business can be taken as an encouragement to unwise indulgence in alcoholic beverages.

It is unthinkable that so self-respecting a state as Massachusetts should continue indefinitely to countenance the existing system of liquor-traffic regulation. Perhaps the first enthusiasm of the swingback from prohibition is an excuse for the inadequacy of the regulation now operative; but today, after more than a year has passed, that first enthusiasm should be wearing off. It is more than time that we were settling down to a permanent basis of control of the liquor business.

Quite patently the system which obtains cannot be permanent. It ignores completely much that the race has learned from centuries of experience in handling liquor. It sets us back to where we were before the temperance movement began to make headway about 100 years ago. Governor Curley will earn the gratitude of all decent-minded people if he succeeds in having the more flagrant evils eliminated from the 1933 liquor law.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square BOSTON MASS.

STANDARD-TIMES
New Bedford, Mass.

JAN 6 1935

governments could be more cheaply got from the newspapers and other publications.

Curley on the Liquor Law

Summaries of Governor Curley's message listed as one of his recommendations the amendment of the liquor law to prohibit sales after 11 at night or on Sundays, except in hotels and clubs.

The text of the message reveals that this was proposed only by implication. The Governor referred to abuses of the existing law as at present enforced, and spoke in particular of the contrast between existing conditions and those which, under the old law, forbade sales on Sunday and after 11 in the evening; and then added: "Political expediency upon a question of this character suggests silence or negation; but that possible advantages may be conserved, the call of duty leaves no course open for me or the legislature other than the adoption of corrective measures essential to the welfare of the public."

It is significant that so soon after the adoption of the new liquor control act, the Governor of the state should be urging changes of a restrictive character. Mr. Curley's recommendation will probably prove to be the forerunner of other similar proposals curtailing the privileges licenses confer under the existing statute.

# **GOVERNOR ABANDONS**

murder stories."

### SEN. PARKMAN RAPS CURLEY

#### Says Governor Participates in Campaign of Misrepresentation

Gov. Curley stood today as the target of a bitter attack by Senator Henry Parkman, Jr., who charged that the Governor, "almost from the day he took office has tolerated and at times participated in a campaign of misrepresentation, slander and abuse which is without a parallel in the history of gubernatorial administration in this commonwealth.'

In his address, Parkman added that the Governor, viewing the governorship "merely as a stepping stone to high political aspirations, finds that he must build up a powerful personal machine.

"At all costs, whether by fair means or foul, he can brook no criticism and no

foul, he can brook no criticism and no interference in his plans. He must also wipe out the trails of the past, which to him must be a sorry nightmare."

Parkman further charged that thousands voted for him, "not because the people wanted Curley, but because many thousands of voters were beguiled into believing that a vote for Curley was a vote for Roosevelt and work and wages. The coming months will reweal how empty was that hope."

#### REAPPOINT HIM

If the object of the administration is to secure the most capable man for the postmastership of Boston, what is the idea of a Civil Service examina-tion? ??

ployees are barred. It makes no difference how many competent men there are in the service, not one of them can be considered for the post. The choice must fall on some outsider with no postal experience whatever.

This sounds as foolish as if an examination were held for the position of captain of the Leviathan from which any man who had previous experience at sea would be barred. The absurdity of this would be apparent. Yet it would be no more absurd than the idea of selecting a postmaster from a list of applicants who would be instantly disqualified if they were already in the service.

The postoffice service is a highly specialized business. The head of a large postoffice must know his business if efficient service is to be given. Yet, according to present Civil Service rules, actual experience in the postoffice is a disqualification.

We have in Boston one of the most efficient men in the entire postal service in the person of Postmaster Hurley. No business house would think of replacing a man as valuable as he is with some outsider. Certainly, few persons are in favor of political control of postoffices. Nor are they in favor of penalizing a career man, who has spent a lifetime in the service, just because there is a change in the administration.

We do not believe for a moment that President Roosevelt desires to see the postoffices controlled by politicians. At heart he must be in favor of the career men, those who have made postoffice work their sole business. Only the spoilsmen of the party can be in favor of turning honest, efficient, hard working men out in favor of hungry politicians. President Roosevelt should reap-

point Postmaster Hurley without delay. By so doing he will be true to the pledge to divorce the postoffice from politics.

#### Lauds Hoover for Trying To Guard National Honor

To the Editor of The Herald:

Three cheers for Mr., Hoover in demanding that we return to the gold standard! There is a man in whom I have faith because he puts honor be-fore everything else. I wish he might be prevailed upon to run for the presi-dency in 1936; with Mr. Theodore Roosevelt as his running mate what a splendid team the Republican party

splendid team the Republican party would have.

At the rate we are now going "honor" will soon be an unknown word. I've been so discouraged with the men in power at present. First, the President, then the Governor of this state. I had hoped for the supreme court to bolster up my weakening faith, but apparently I had hoped for too much.

I consider this country in a much worse condition now that during Mr. Hoover's last year of office. People in seneral are losing their self-respect. Now the thrifty suffer and the lazy flourish—which is all wrong and due, in my humble opinion, to Mr. Roosevelt's idea of governing us. The people are rapidly becoming vassals, which no ioubt suits Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Curey perfectly, but which gives an ordinary citizen much concern for the function.

Gov. Curley has a brain trust, too, and now Mayor Mansfield plans one. The idea takes anyway.

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#### **CURLEY vs. RYAN**

Governor Curley is spending fully as much time g fying personal hatreds and paying political debts as a spending on public business. He now seeks to dismiss the public service a capable, trusted, efficient public vant, Morgan T. Ryan registrar of motor vehicles. Mr. I has earned the confidence of the state in his constant unavailing effort to keep down the number of autom accidents. His position seemed unassailable, and if had anything to do with the case his situation would impregnable. But the Governor wishes him to give was make room for that nuisance in politics, Frank A. Good Once again we see the former mayor of Boston carryin to the gubernatorial chair the personal animosities cheap political methods which distinguished him as m

Frank A. Goodwin is enrolled as a Republican. procedure in the last campaign shows that his depolitical feeling is for his own interests. He ran for the Republican and Democratic nominations for govand when he was defeated in both attempts he ran as dependent. He persisted in this hopeless course because hated Gaspar G. Bacon. He was suspected of committed for the election that Mr. Curley was greatly ind to Mr. Goodwin and it was expected that he would passed by personal indebtedness by bestowing a public offithe man who had helped him by splitting the Repulvote. Governor Curley's first effort to pay Mr. Gowas an attempt to make him chairman of the Bost nance Commission! The Council thwatred him in this at

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#### Worse Than "Premature"

If the Fly Club's initiation tonight should include a news-reel of Boston's current events, President Roosevelt might find it mildly amusing, not to say disturbing. There is passing room for humor in the fact that Governor Curley chose last Thursday-of all days-to announce that the sum of \$40,000,000 has been "pledged by the Federal Government" to improve the Merrimack Valley. Not only is this report held premature, in an administrative sense, by high PWA officials at Washington, but also it came before any basic provision of law had been enacted by Congress to authorize either this appropriation or any other part of the new PWA program for the nation at large. On the contrary the Senate, on the very day of Governor Curley's announcement, voted an amendment hostile to the Administration's program, and quite certain to delay its passage though not, in the end, to defeat it.

ex so or your

The worthiness of the Merrimack Valley project is not the immediate issue at stake. Various phases of the project have had extensive study by mayors and city planning boards of the region concerned, long before Governor Curley took office. Comment in the lighter vein at Cambridge may well be directed chiefly at the characteristic political skill of the governor in taking the lead for the project now, even at the price of publicly announcing the Federal Government's pledge to spend the money on the very day when the Senate was bucking the President's bill, not adopting it.

Another not unjustified basis for news comment in Cambridge tonight would be Governor Curley's remark on Thursday evening to the Insurance Society of Massachusetts when he said: "There's only one political party in the Commonwealth at the present time—and that's the governor." In other words, "I'etat, c'est moi!" With Huey Long raising a similar cry in Louisiana, one wonders what must be the feelings of the President as he watches another personalized boss-ship develop in Massachusetts.

Gov. Curley will not view the State House family with favor, it seems, until not one friend or supporter of his predecessor, Mr. Ely, remains in the service. Charles Ward Johnson, justice of the peace of Worcester, married a couple yesterday in defiance of Governor Curley's edict that marriages by such officials must cease under penalty of losing their jobs. Mr. Johnson says the law empowers him to perform such ceremonies; that his term has four more years to run and that he will continue to help out cupid.

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